"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; Wednesday, cloudy, followed by snow or rain.
Temperature yesterday—Max. 44, Min. 27.
For full weather report see Page 25.

VOL. LXXII....No. 23,740. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS FOUR CENTS Within 200 Miles | Elsewhere

CHARGE OF HERESY TO FOLLOW GRANT'S REPLY TO BISHOP

Presbyters Prepared to Make a Formal Accusation, Dr. Carstensen Says.

"UPHEAVAL" IS PREDICTED

Coterie of Liberal Clergymen Expected to Support Rector of Ascension Church.

OTHERS MAY FACE CHARGES

Parishioners Tell of Hope to Retain Present Property in Split With Episcopal Church.

Two presbyters of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of New York stand ready to bring a charge of heresy against Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the Church of the Ascension, who has denied the divine power of Christ. They are only waiting. It was learned last night, for Dr. Grant to make formal reply to the letter in which Bishop Manning asked him to recant, resign or face trial for heresy.

In a letter to the Bishop last night Dr. Grant asked for a few days before mailing formal answer. His letter follows:

The Church of the Ascension,
5th Avenue and 10th Street,
Parish House 12 West 11th Street,
Jan. 22, 1923.

Rt. Rev. William T. Manning,
Synod House, New York, N. Y.

My Dear Bishop Manning:

I received Friday night your personal letter which you had also sent to the newspapers.

Saturday and Sunday were very busy days with matters that could not be postponed, and today, Monday, I have had to be away from my desk most of the day.

I shall have to ask you, therefore, to suffer a few days to pass before my formal reply is placed in your hands.

Sincerely yours,

PERCY S. GRANT.

Persons familiar with the Grant controversy thought they saw in the brief letter to the Bishop a note of surprise in the first sentence, where Dr. Grant refers to "your personal letter, which you had also sent to the newspapers."

Will Make His Reply Public.

Pressed as he was entering a motor car at the rectory in West Tenth Street near Fifth Avenue yesterday afternoon, Dr. Grant would give no indication as to when he planned to make answer.

"But you may be assured that my reply will be given to the newspapers as soon as I get time to make it," he said. Earlier in the day reporters who called at the parish house were informed that, Dr. Grant "begged to be excused"—that he was at home, but could see no one.

Bishop Manning would make no comment on the case yesterday. It is doubtful whether the Bishop will make any public statement before he receives Dr. Grant's reply.

The Grant episode is expected to precipitate a violent "upheaval" which will result in a general housecleaning in the New York diocese, according to the Rev. Gustav A. Carstensen, rector of the Church of the Holy Rood, in Fort Washington Avenue, who announced yesterday that the topic for his next Sunday's sermon would be "The Apostasy of Percy S. Grant."

"I don't care to tell you who are the presbyters of the church who are ready to bring a charge of heresy against Dr. Grant," Dr. Carstensen said yesterday, "but there are at least two, and probably more. Bishop Manning may have anticipated such an extreme as could and he may know of two or more already. In that case he will do nothing. But if he has not already heard from the matter, I am quite sure there will be others who will present the case to the Bishop, who then will be obliged to take cognizance of it.

"I do not think that Dr. Grant's sermon yesterday did anything to amplify his previous utterance. He did enlarge a little, and he repeated it is true, but he did not tell us any more. If it were a case of prosecution, the prosecution might well rest its case.

Coterie of Liberals.

"It seems to me that this is only the beginning of a great upheaval in the church. There is a coterie of so-called liberal clergymen who will support Dr. Grant. There are about fifteen or twenty of them who will most likely go to the extent of saying something like this: 'If we're going to have a housecleaning, let it be thorough.' Charges of irregularity will probably be brought against men in quarters where we least expect it, particularly in the more advanced high church quarters.

"I do not say that this is true, but it will probably be alleged that there are practices and doctrines which are distinctively Roman in their character and which are so inconsistent with the teachings of the Episcopal Church as anything for which Dr. Grant stands.

"I notice also that there seems to be a disposition to bring Dr. Fosdick to book. He is a Baptist serving a Presbyterian church, who has published a book entitled 'The Modern Use of the Fundamentals of the Christian religion and which all so-called orthodox Christians believe.

"In our Church, fortunately, the upheaval I expect it will be confined to a very limited circle. The publicity which is certain to be administered will put a stop to the wild vagaries which have attracted attention out of all proportion to their success. Dr. Grant is entirely entitled to be tried. In the words of the French proverb, we shall see what we shall see."

Meanwhile from within the congregation of the Church of the Ascension pro-

Continued on Page Seven.

THE LADY IS FICKLE.—Advertisement

FLORIDA-PENN-ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Advertisement

Will Turn Over $4,000,000 Plant to Old Employes

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Gustav Hettinger, President of the Northwestern Terra Cotta Company, said to be the largest concern of its kind in the world, today announced a plan to turn over his entire business, with assets estimated at more than $4,000,000, to his older employes.

Mr. Hettinger came to Chicago as an immigrant from Vienna. In 1878 he and two associates packed $2,000 cash and began the manufacture of terra cotta. A few months later increasing business demanded expansion, and the capacity of the plant was enlarged, a process that has been repeated frequently since.

Now, at the end of forty-five years, Mr. Hettinger has arranged to step aside for the employes who started with him as day laborers and thirty other executives, shop heads and foremen.

GIRL RADICAL KILLS HELPER OF DAUDET

Mlle. Berthon Shoots M. Plateau, Official of Royalist Paper in Paris.

SOUGHT HIS CHIEF'S LIFE

Police Find Evidence Linking Her With the Attempt on Ambassador Herrick.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—An anarchistic plot to kill Leon Daudet, leader of the French Royalist Party in the Chamber of Deputies and chief editor of the Royalist paper, L'Action Francaise, resulted in the death this afternoon of Marius Plateau, General Secretary of the paper and chief of the Royalist propaganda organization called "Camelots du Roi."

A young militant guerrilla, Germaine Berthon, shot him dead in the editorial office of the paper and then wounded herself with a shot in the breast. She had obtained an interview under the pretext of making interesting revelations concerning the anarchistic organization in Prussia. Mlle Berthon, better known as Germaine Berthe, is 22 years old and a well-known figure in Paris, where her red corsage and black velvet student's cap have been seen at anarchist meetings wherever trouble was likely to brew, for she belongs to the extreme militants preaching direct action. When arrested at a demonstration shortly after a bomb was sent to Ambassador Herrick, a letter was found in her possession from friends saying: "We know we are suspected but they cannot find evidence."

Mlle. Berthon called some days ago at the office of L'Action Francaise and demanded to see M. Daudet, saying that she had important revelations to make. When seen by a secretary she refused to talk to any one but Daudet and went away.

This afternoon she called again and asked to see Daudet. After an hour's wait M. Plateau received her and she remained in his office for some time. As M. Plateau was showing her out and opening the door she pulled a revolver and fired five shots one hitting Plateau. Then she fired a sixth bullet at herself, inflicting a slight wound in the region of the heart.

M. Plateau died in a few minutes. The girl was taken to a hospital.

Under cross examination Mlle. Berthon said that she wanted to kill Daudet because "He is one of those chiefly responsible for the war which is now causing shame and of also wanted to avenge Jaures." She went to a memorial mass for Louis XVI this morning, thinking that Daudet sure would be there, but the Royalist had been unable to attend. Having failed to reach Daudet, she decided to kill another prominent Royalist.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The mysterious attempt on the life of Ambassador Myron T. Herrick last year was, it all likelihood, cleared up by the Paris police today. At the home of Germaine Berthon, who this afternoon assassinated M. Plateau, the police found Communist records indicating that she was the author of the attempt.

Mlle. Berthon was confronted with documents, including letters from anarchist friends, referring to the Herrick bomb plot, but she refused to make a

Continued on Page Four.

CALLS ON HYLAN TO GIVE ASSEMBLY FULL TRANSIT DATA

Steinberg Asks Passage of Resolution to Uncover City's Financial Condition.

PROPOSES 22 QUESTIONS

Wants Information on Borrowing Capacity, Bond Issues and Investments in Rapid Transit.

SEEKS BUS LINE DETAILS

Assemblyman Declares Answers Would Show Mayor's Plan Would End Other Public Improvements.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg, Republican of New York, asked the Assembly tonight to adopt and pass on to Mayor Hylan a questionnaire embodying twenty-two queries relating to the ability of New York City to shoulder the financial burdens and responsibilities incidental to the carrying out of the so-called Hylan plan for the development of a municipally owned and operated transit system, as contrasted with the "unified and municipally owned" but privately operated system proposed by Governor Miller's Transit Commission.

The first seven questions call for information regarding the condition of the city's finances, with a view to determining its borrowing capacity. Then these questions are asked:

A schedule of authorizations for the issue of corporate stock made by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment up to the present date, not yet charged against the remaining borrowing capacity of Dec. 31, 1922, giving in each case the purposes of such authorization and the amount thereof.

A schedule of other expenditures for municipal enterprises made by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, not as yet represented by contracts charged against the debt limit, or by the specific authorization of corporate stock not yet so charged.

Idle for Reserve Credit.

The amount, or approximate amount, of credit the city will reserve for the issuance of assessment bonds or other temporary evidences of indebtedness chargeable at the time of their issue to the debt limit.

The total value of property within the city assessable for purposes of taxation at the present date.

A schedule showing the annual increases in the borrowing capacity of the city from the year 1909 to date.

The total investment of the city in rapid transit railways, showing the amount invested in the original subway (Contracts 1 and 2) classed as self-supporting and exempt from the debt limit; the amount invested under Contract 3; the amount invested under Contract 4.

The total investment in surface lines, either for acquisition, construction or equipment, represented by bond issues.

The total investment in municipal ferries, either for acquisition, construction or equipment, represented by bond issues.

Wants Data on Proposed Subways.

The schedule of the subway lines or extensions of lines proposed for construction during the next ensuing five years under the "Mayor's plan for rapid transit" presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment under date of Sept. 6 last.

The engineers' estimate of the cost of constructing and equipping each of said lines and of their equipment for operation, including engineering and other overhead interest during construction, and all charges incidental to the subway construction account.

The cost to the city of completing the subway lines built since 1913 and operated as parts of the dual subway system, through the reimbursement of private investors in such lines in the manner the dual subway contracts provide, and in accordance with the proposal for such completion embodied in the plan prepared by the Mayor to the Board of Estimate.

The amounts that will be required on account of the total of such subway construction program during each of the five years next to come.

A statement in detail of the plans for the construction, equipment and opera-

Continued on Page Six.

Sculptured Presidents Crushed by Coal, Declares Partridge, in $100,000 Suit

Charging that many tons of coal were dumped on 250 pieces of statuary and sculpture he had stored in the cellar of an apartment house at 706 Park Avenue, ruining them, William Ordway Partridge, noted sculptor, yesterday began suit for $100,000 damages against Evelyn B. Post, owner of the apartment house, in the Supreme Court of Westchester County at White Plains.

Mr. Partridge, who now has a home in White Plains, as well as a studio at the Hotel Belmont, described in his bill of complaint the havoc he said was wrought by the coal among his works of art. General Grant's head was smashed in, he declared, Abraham Lincoln's body was crushed and his mask was broken off, and other famous men whom he had immortalized in busts or full length figures were mutilated, while group figures of religious and patriotic scenes were hopelessly damaged.

According to figures described as damaged were those of Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Lincoln, Grant, Roosevelt, James Russell Lowell, William C. Whitney, Cyrus Townsend Brady, William McKinley, Thomas Nast and Joseph Jefferson, the actor.

Damages Denied. The bill of complaint sets forth that the articles destroyed and injured included the original plaster [illegible] some of them death masks of famous men of the last twenty years, from which Mr. Partridge has been filling orders for bronze statues and sculptures.

Mr. Partridge has received from $100, $1,000, and it says business as much as $100,000 or $200,000, the reproduction of articles in his collection, the bill of complaint said. According to his attorney, Edward T. Hogan of 522 Forty-second Street, the sculptor places the aesthetic value of the damaged works at $100,000, but limits the amount of damages asked for to the pecuniary value that articles have to his work as a sculptor.

Last June, Mr. Partridge said, he was asked if he would value the three tons remaining of his coal. He said he agreed to do so, when the owner of the house promptly had a man start shoveling it all in. In August, according to Mr. Partridge, an assortment of coal was dumped into the cellar and the damage done.

Mr. Partridge was born in Paris in 1861, and was educated in Rome, Florence and Paris. Among his works in and near New York are the Pulitzer Memorial at Woodlawn, bronze statues of Alexander Hamilton and Thomas Jefferson, and the Schermerhorn Memorial at Columbia University, and the equestrian statues of General Grant in Grant Square, Brooklyn.

FREE BEADS AND MASKS—8:30 P. M. Ball Dance from To-Night, Hotel Montmorency, 140 W. 42nd St.—Advt.

SOUTH SEAS and CARIBBEAN CRUISES by the Quebec Steamship Co. Ltd. Write for booklet and folder. 489 Fifth Ave. New York.—Advt.

Methodists Gave $22.40 Each To $84,793,582 Fund in 1922

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—The total apportioned benevolences of the Methodist Episcopal Church increased 6% per cent. from $3,320,625 in 1922 to $3,536,702 in 1923, according to a report read before 200 leading Methodists of the country in conference here today. Disciplinary benevolences increased 6% per cent. from $3,322,-625 in 1922 to $3,536,702 in 1923.

"The per capita giving of our membership last year for missionary purposes was $2.40; for all church purposes a grand total of $84,793,-582, a per capita of $22.40," the report said.

Secular press publicity has continued with unabated zeal and manifest results, according to the report. "The great press associations have been found fair, reasonable and cooperative. Metropolitan dailies express increased sympathy and a constant increase of editorials on religious subjects is to be noted."

RAIL UNION BUYS INTO EMPIRE TRUST

Grand Chief Stone and Secretary Prentar of Engineers to Become Directors.

OWN SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST

Others on Board Are Charles M. Schwab, T. Coleman du Pont and August Heckscher.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has purchased a substantial interest in the Empire Trust Company, according to an announcement made yesterday by Leroy W. Baldwin, President of the trust company. The affiliation of the fifty-year old railroad brotherhood, consisting of 70,000 members, with the banking institution is expected to give an impetus to other labor organizations which have undertaken banking enterprises. It is hoped by those interested that such affiliation between labor and financial organizations will promote a better understanding between labor and capital.

Warren S. Stone, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and William B. Prentar, Secretary and Treasurer and for 40 years financial adviser of the brotherhood, will represent the union on the directorate of the trust company. Other directors are Charles M. Schwab, T. Coleman du Pont, August Heckscher and Minor C. Keith.

The Empire Trust Company, organized 22 years ago, has a capital and surplus of more than $4,000,000 and resources of nearly $60,000,000. It is located at 120 Broadway. President Baldwin said yesterday:

"Negotiations whereby the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was about to enter the banking field in New York City, it occurred to me that an association with this powerful and far-reaching labor organization would be of great advantage to the Empire Trust Company. At the same time the Brotherhood was desirous of affiliating with a strong banking institution in the financial district so that it could more advantageously handle the large investments and its banking interests.

"Under arrangements that have been worked out the brotherhood has purchased a substantial interest in the Empire Trust Company. This arrangement, unquestionably, will add many millions to the deposits of the Empire Trust Company.

"In all of the negotiations that have taken place with Mr. Stone and his colleagues we have found them to be keen, capable, forward-looking business men. They think straight, talk straight and act straight. Throughout the negotiations our relations have been most pleasant. We will work together in close harmony under the present management and organization of the Empire Trust Company, which will remain intact."

ARREST GARY MAYOR AND JUDGE IN RUM PLOT

Sheriff, Prosecutor and Police Are Accused in Conspiracy Charges Involving 75.

GARY, Ind., Jan. 22.—Eight officials and three former officials of Gary and Lake County were arrested here today by Federal officers on warrants charging conspiracy to violate the prohibition law. Seventy-five persons in all, Federal officers said, would be arrested in Gary and Lake County on captions, issued by the Federal Court, at Indianapolis, charging violations of the liquor laws.

Among those arrested today were Mayor Raymond O. Johnson of this city, Deputy Sheriff Elmer Prescott, Prosecuting Attorney of Lake County, Sheriff William L. Olds, William Dunn, Judge of the Gary City Court; Pete Jovan, constable; Andy Wynn, Nathan Potts and John Mullen, police officers; Clyde Hinton, former Prosecuting Attorney of Lake County; Lewis Barnes, former Sheriff, and Charles I. Clements, former Justice of the Peace.

Fred Seabright, Blue Lucas and Bryan Kenwright, attorneys, also were arrested. Seventeen citizens who are said to have been engaged in the running and selling of liquor were likewise taken into custody.

The alleged conspiracy to violate the prohibition laws was revealed in a trial at Indianapolis, at which a number of indictments of the law were sent to prison by Judge A. B. Anderson. Development of the case resulted from information produced at this trial and Grand Jury investigations since.

Mayor Johnson, employed by the defendants, it is charged, whereby appointed Judges were appointed in City Court, so that attorneys for defendants could act as Judges in each other's cases in the event that no Judge qualified to act. Deputy Sheriffs were installed also, it is charged, to protect the defendants and, in preventing the release of prisoners by having jail sentences imposed instead of State prison sentences, so that the sentences could be served.

Other charges are that the defendants had been appointed to the police force and other agencies in charge of criminal law enforcement who were known to be engaged in the manufacture or selling of intoxicating liquor, and that they encouraged to encourage the bond, State and Federal officials engaged in enforcement of the prohibition law.

ARMANY SHOPS HAIR RESTORED helps to make thick old hair—Advt.

SOME RUHR MINES OPEN, BUT MEN LOAF; RAIL SERVICE LESSENED; PHONE WIRES CUT; BORAH FOR PROTEST ON FRENCH INVASION

SENATOR WANTS US TO ACT

Criticises Failure of Our Officials to Make Offer to France Plain.

SAYS THEY HAVE NO POLICY

And Silence Now Would Be Conniving in a Great Wrong That Will Injure Entire World.

SENATE DEBATE DELAYED

No Attack on Hughes Till He Sends Boyden Data—Harvey Denies Clash With Secretary.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The expected denunciation against Secretary Hughes did not take place in the Senate today. The proposed attack on the course of the Administration in retaining Roland W. Boyden in Europe as observer of the United States with the Reparation Commission was deferred pending the receipt by the Committee on Foreign Relations of Mr. Hughes's promised copies of reports from Mr. Boyden and other facts bearing on Mr. Boyden's activities.

But while the Senate was robbed of the expected outburst about the head of Mr. Boyden at President Harding and Secretary Hughes, Senator Borah issued a statement calling for a protest against the occupation of the Ruhr.

By implication he accused the Administration of lack of humanity in not seeking to prevent France from invading Germany. He also charged that the Administration failed to submit to France any plan of adjustment of the situation in a way to make France take notice of it. Silence now, he insisted, would be conniving in a wrong that will affect the world. A protest was the least thing we could do, he declared. He added: "And we should do very much more."

The Senate and the rest of polite Washington found plenty to talk about today despite the general lack of action. The smell of the rumor about differences between President Harding and Secretary Hughes lingered in the air, particularly in the Senate air. The first reaction from Saturday's reports came with the publication of Mr. Hughes's denial in this morning's newspapers. This subdued critics of Mr. Hughes, who had been hoping that the story about his coming resignation was true.

New Harvey Denies Clash.

Today came from Colonel Harvey, by radio from the steamship America, a repudiation of the story that had also persisted since Saturday that he had been on the outs with Secretary Hughes on foreign policies.

Colonel Harvey's denial, transmitted to Mr. Bowen, the editor of The North American Review, who had sent an inquiry about the rumor of differences, was made public by the State Department as follows:

"The Department is informed that Ambassador Harvey has sent the following message to Mr. Bowen of The North American Review:

"A radio dispatch conveys to me the information that reports have been published to the effect that sharp disagreement with respect to foreign policies exist between Secretary Hughes and myself and that I indicated such divergence of opinion while in the United States.

"I wish you to deny in my name any such statement to or intimations. They are absolutely false.

"I am in full and complete accord with Secretary Hughes and I have not uttered a word that could by the wildest stretch of the imagination be construed to the contrary. Give the above to press for immediate publication."

The rumor that Secretary Hughes contemplated resigning took him to the White House today. He had a cordial conversation with the President, who was still feeling the effects of the grip from which he has been suffering. No statement was forthcoming as to what the President and his Secretary said to each other. All that was learned today here out the statement that the reports about Mr. Hughes's intended resignation were baseless.

That some of President Harding's best friends in the Senate are worried over the drive against the Administration's course in regard to Europe is generally understood. They have been unable, however, to reach the President on account of his illness. Senator Lodge and Senator Watson were at the White House today in the hope of seeing him, but his physicians put a veto on any such move.

Want Suggestions That Will Help.

It is evident that President Harding and Secretary Hughes are standing pat on their policy toward Europe. Apparently they feel that the situation produced by the Ruhr invasion is fraught with danger to the world. To interfere with France at this juncture, however, would cause it to believed by the French, as they think, that Germany had succeeded in her purpose of splitting the Allies. Hence the Administration is desirous of receiving suggestions that will help it to solve the problem.

Continued on Page Two.

WEEK END TOURS OF WESTERN PARK of Washington.—Advt.

Thyssen Court Martial Will Start Today; Coal Barons Held as Political Prisoners

COBLENZ, Jan. 22 (Associated Press).—The court-martial of Fritz Thyssen and the six other industrialists brought here from the Ruhr Valley, where they were arrested for refusing to obey the orders of the French, will take place in the new court house in the centre of Mayence at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The accused men are being treated as political prisoners. They are allowed to have reading matter, except newspapers, and their meals and wines are being furnished by the nearby Guttenberg Casino. They are not permitted to see any one except their lawyer, Dr. Frederick Grimm, who, with several assistants and two French lawyers, will defend them.

Dr. Grimm declared this evening that no matter what sentence is passed on the seven men, resistance of the French would continue. It is expected that the trial will not take up more than one day.

BRITISH COAL SALES RAISE FRENCH DOUBT

Criticisms Already Voiced That Filling German Orders Obstructs Ruhr Plan.

PAY IN GOLD IS DEMANDED

It May Disclose Hidden Wealth of Industrialists—Anxiety Over Occupation.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—German coal magnates, it is reckoned, are already placing large orders for coal on the British export market, and some doubt has been expressed here as to the attitude which the French Government is likely to assume toward the matter. Some of the French newspapers have already criticised British coal exportations and suggested that they are anxious to make money even at the cost of endangering the success of the plans of their allies.

In responsible quarters here it is admitted that the supplying of British coal to Germany cannot help being a delicate business, liable to misconstruction, but no protests concerning it have come from Paris. Indeed, there is reason to believe that the French are likely to take a very philosophical attitude concerning it. They recognize that if the Germans cannot get coal from the Ruhr Valley they must buy it somewhere else, and it does not matter to the French whether it is purchased in Great Britain, the United States or some other country.

Moreover, it must be paid for, not in depreciated paper, but in gold, and thus every purchase will supply proof of the French contention that the German industrialists have plenty of gold credits abroad, if any means could be devised of getting hold of them. Some of these will now pass into the hands of British coal exporters, and the release of this money for other uses will, it is hoped, give another impetus to revive trade.

Must Pay on Sterling Basis.

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Associated Press).—It is stated that there will be some delay in filling coal orders for Germany, because the British exporters stipulate that payment must be deposited in sterling with London or Dutch banks.

The Daily Mail, reviving the story that Hugo Stinnes is trying to arrange a big deal here for steel and coal, says that three of his agents have already contracted for the delivery of coal worth £1,500,000 within the next six months. The newspaper says that Stinnes himself hopes to come here and arrange for further purchases.

The critical situation in the Ruhr is the subject of much anxious comment by the morning newspapers, which regard the outlook as so dangerous that it is imperative that some way of relieving the deadlock be found.

Fear is expressed in some quarters that Great Britain be forced into some form of action against her will. Some editors are also apprehensive that if France pursues the present line of her policy she will be obliged to increase her forces greatly in the occupied district, with the result that Germany may follow with military action, which would mean war.

Suggest Prance Seeks Way Out.

Some commentators entertain the belief that France is convinced she has miscalculated the German temper and, finding the results of the occupation not what she expected, seeks a means of withdrawing if possible without loss of prestige. To this end, it is stated here, France is re-examining the British and Italian proposals which she rejected at the Paris conference.

The reports from German occupied territory that a movement is under way for the establishment of a Rhenish Republic are regarded in some quarters as usual that a scheme of this sort was inaugurated and made some progress just after the allied forces occupied the Rhine region under the armistice that ended the war. This republic, once established, was to have applied for admission to the French Republic, according to reports current at the time, which would have given France her much-desired military buffer against Germany, and at the same time the natural wealth of the district. But it was alleged in well-informed circles that France was fostering the project.

Whatever might have been the truth in that regard, the other allied powers were much disinclined to let the republican scheme be launched. The project which the present trouble has brought to the front is the case did much to prick the Rhenish bubble, and little has been heard of it since. At the time of the German revolution there was a strong party in the Rhineland declaring complete severance from Berlin.

SEED AND SOIL SPECIALTY SHOP Exhibition.—Advt.

RUHR STRIKE FAILS, PARIS IS INFORMED

Less Than 40 Per Cent. of Workers Quit—France Will Feed Those Who Continue Work.

BUT NO CHARITY TO IDLERS

German Self-Ruination Is Hailed by La Liberte as a Gain for France.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—There is satisfaction in French Government quarters tonight because of the receipt of official advices from the Ruhr that the general strike order issued last night was less than half way compiled with today. French estimates are that no more than 40 per cent. of the workers obeyed, and special relief is felt because the occupying authorities reported that all the railroads had kept running.

It is the French belief that the Germans have played their best trump card without telling effect. They predict that the strike will be a failure.

An interesting feature of the situation is that the Communists appear to have refused to strike on the ground that they would not imperil their welfare and livelihood at the orders of Stinnes. Thus, the day after the Paris Government imprisoned Deputy Marcel Cachin because he took part in a Communist meeting at Essen two weeks ago, the Communists of the Ruhr take a stand which benefits the French Government's plans against Germany.

Today the French Cabinet held a long session to consider the situation brought about by the strike order. Marshal Foch attended and it was rumored that the possibility of extensive new military plans was discussed, but there was no announcement on this score.

However, it is learned that the French Cabinet decided in principle that France would see to the feeding of all workers who remained at their tasks, leaving to the strikers to get along as best they could. This action was taken on the supposition that a general strike would stop all the railroads and thus halt food supplies from Germany.

Hunger Will Be a Factor.

It appears to be the attitude of the French Government that if, in obedience to Berlin's orders, the workers all strike and their food supply stops, the French will not be called on to feed the Ruhr population. In fact, it is held here that hunger would convince the Ruhr workers that striking was not wise.

There appears to be no weakening in public opinion that the Ruhr undertaking must be carried through until the Germans give in, although there is growing doubt about it being directly productive. The French leaders believe it is a trial of nerves, and whichever side can best wait will win. Thus, such papers as the Temps and the Journal des Débats advise against brilliant actions against the Germans and advocate calm and waiting.

Not as the average opinion of Frenchmen, but as representing the point of view of the Nationalists, who control the French Chamber, the following may be cited from Jacques Bainville in the Liberté today: "Let the miners cross their arms, let the railroad workers halt the trains; without doubt we won't get any coal, but neither will the Germans. And if the workers don't work, how will they eat? Certainly we shan't be so naïve as to feed them. They tell us the population of the Ruhr will be pushed by misery to revolt. In that case they will meet the means capable of calming them. In 1920 the Reichswehr quelled the Spartacist movement in the Ruhr. Does any one mean to say our guns cannot do as well as the Reichswehr? In any event, the rage of the Germans will react against themselves.

"Don't let us save them from their fate. This program of resistance will render them still more feeble and rob them of material means by which their hate might become evil. And that will be our profit. That neighbors such as the Germans should doom themselves to ruin is a gain for us. All we could ask for is that Germany should fail so low that for a hundred years she wouldn't be able to breath us."

Wants No Mediation Now.

A careful canvas of the situation in the French capital today indicated that any effort by the United States or England at this time to mediate in an endeavor to persuade

Continued on Page Two.

Oxford Silver Dept. All Collodion is Out Here Musical Prizes. Maple Ch., Baltimore.—Adv.

ALL RUHR BANKS REOPEN

Paper Mark Crisis Averted by Flow of Funds From Germany.

FRENCH MAKE CONCESSION

End Rail Strike by Withdrawing Poilus and Agreeing Not to Show Bayonets.

PEOPLE TAKING TO DRINK

British Decline to Expel Coblenz Official, Invite French to Do It Themselves.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Jan. 22.—In this vast industrial area of the Ruhr, from which during three generations has been drawn the wealth of a great nation and an important part of the commerce of the world, all is confusion and muddle. It is such a muddle that from official sources it is absolutely impossible to get any accurate accounts of what is happening.

The French this evening announced at their headquarters that work in the mines was going on normally, in spite of the strike order given by the union leaders yesterday. From miners at several pitheads at Buer I had today, however, an entirely different account. Many of them had not even troubled to go down the mines and were sitting around the shafthead chatting and arguing about the situation. Those who had gone down were working just as they pleased, putting their diggings into shape against a stoppage and doing no more than they pleased.

Similar accounts have reached me from other sources, and even the French mining engineers who have charge of the operations admit that the output from the mines is far below normal.

Deny Strike Order Was Issued.

Another curious fact in the situation is the account issued late last night by the French authorities of the meeting at Essen in which they stated an order had been issued by the trade union leaders to begin a strike today. From every German source, including the trade union leaders themselves, I have received a denial that this order was ever given.

They admit that there is an understanding among the men, to which they have come of their own accord, that they will work just as they please. But they deny absolutely that either the union leaders or any one else has ordered strikes.

At the coke ovens the French say work is going on as usual, but again this is contradicted by German informants, who declare that only enough is being done to keep the ovens working and that supplies will fall away in a few days far below the needs of the firms in the district, even should the French abandon their policy of sending all coke on which they can lay their hands to Strasbourg in order to satisfy the needs of the French Comité des Forges, the real instigators and backers of this expedition.

To the threats of strikes which fill the air there was added today one by the workers of the great Thyssen Works. After having been sent from pillar to post by the French authorities they at last succeeded in interviewing General Simon. They told him that they had decided to strike unless their director, Fritz Thyssen, was released from prison at Mayence.

To this the French General replied that the question of the release of Herr Thyssen was no longer his affair but rested with the court-martial. As for the rest, if they wished to strike they were quite at liberty to do so. It was their own affair.

Arrests and Expulsions Continue.

Arrests and expulsions still go on. Today as yesterday one of the state functionaries at Wiesbaden and one at Speier were expelled from the district for having refused to carry out French orders. At Cologne, where the Provincial Treasurer Von Roeder was yesterday served with an expulsion order, the crowd this morning massed in such numbers round his house that the British military authorities, whose business it was in this case to execute the French orders, thought better of it and postponed putting the expulsion into effect. They preferred a clash with the French to a clash with the people.

They then wrote a polite request to the French commander telling him to come tomorrow and expel his man himself. With the certainty of having to an ally they would see to it that his policemen had all the protection they could give. The only thing they did not want to do was to expel Herr Von Roeder themselves.

Population Taken to Drink.

Apart from what is described as "some nervousness" at Bochum, the whole district is reported calm. Though it is not in the official communique it might be added that a large part of the population is also nightly drunk. To any one who knew Germany before the war and sees it now this characteristic is most striking. In all the occupied region the spirit of abandonment has gone so far that drunkenness has become a habit, just as it did in France after 1870.

Last night at the Palais Palace, which is the rendezvous of the young men of

[illegible] and especially a political [illegible] of any sort. [illegible] "What else [illegible] a moment's [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

CALLS MIHIEL DRIVE A TRICK OF POLAND

Moscow Soviet Organ Sees a Deep-Laid Scheme to Buy Lithuanian Neutrality.

EXPECTS ATTACK ON RUSSIA

France Believed to Have Given Pledges of Assistance if Poles Start a New War.

By WALTER DURANTY.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, Jan. 22.—That the Lithuanian occupation of Memel is the first move in the new Polish game against Russia is the conclusion drawn by Izvestia, the organ of the Soviet Foreign Office, from a remarkable document called "Poland and the Coming War," written originally for a Cracow newspaper by Dr. Dombrowski, one of the journalistic mouthpieces of Pilsudski and the Polish military party. How Izvestia obtained the document is not stated, but the fact that it was suppressed before publication by the Polish General Staff is its dangerous is held greatly to increase its importance.

Dr. Dombrowski's opinion is that Poland's unsatisfactory situation between Germany and Russia renders a new war inevitable if Poland is to remain independent. The writer's obvious purpose is to detach from the French and Rumanian Governments precise information as to the aid they are willing to give Poland in the event of war with the Russians and Germans.

The document bears evidence of military inspiration. The writer reviews the perils of Poland—Prussia, the Danzig Corridor and Upper Silesia—while he treats the Rus not as a Communist Dictatorship to which diplomacy is actually compelled to give recognition, but as a probability that Poland would be formed facing the "old" forces of the war to reclaim Volhynia and retire to the sub-Carpathian area—that is, Cracow—to await the arrival of Foch on the Dniester. Throughout the whole scheme the support of a Lithuanian outlet between Russia and Germany and supports it, concludes that "circumstances make it appear impossible for Poland to occupy Lithuania she should make an effort to neutralize her little neighbor, whose position gives her a greater potentiality for danger than for armed strength.

In other words, says Izvestia, Memel is a bone given to the Lithuanian dog to prevent it from biting. From the extract it was clear that the whole importance of the Memel incident lay in the motives beneath it. "All Lithuania's acts appear to be in full agreement with Poland—or Poland and France—Germany or Russia." The theory of spontaneous action may be dismissed. No any relatively prosperous agricultural nation could risk a counter movement by Poland, acting as the policeman of the Entente.

The parallel drawn, at this moment, with the Vilna affair is entirely false, for in that case the Poles had nothing to fear but the impotent protest of the League of Nations; the Lithuanians capture, Kovno, was only two days' march from the Polish frontier.

The theory of collusion with Germany is negatived by the bitter outcry the incident has aroused in Berlin.

"For the time that Pilsudski wanted to start something there is no apparent doubt in the minds of people abroad who have intimately studied the Soviet Government as a revolutionary movement, but who know nothing of the real mentality of the Bolshevist leaders or their extreme caution in the presence of the more serious something which the French started by invading the Ruhr.

But Poland with or without France's knowledge—that is another matter. Already Moscow is greatly surprised by the calm with which Warsaw has greeted the Memel affair. Were Dombrowski's suppressed document confirm their Russian suspicions. Not that Moscow is worried on that account. It is not believed here that the Memel "hole" will keep the Lithuanians quiet if they see a good chance of recovering Vilna.

For the Bolsheviki the moment has quite a different significance. It means, they feel, that Poland has almost certainly received the assurances from France, at which Dombrowski hinted with regard to the moment of French assistance, the result expected if French action against Germany brought on a conflict in Eastern Europe. And that, for the strength of some assurances, Poland has chosen the present moment, when Germany is apparently powerless under the heel of Marshal Foch, to open the game the Dombrowski document reveals for the rectification of our frontier weakness," to use the writer's own phrase.

OSCAR II. 36 HOURS LATE.

Liner Here With 648 Passengers After Tempestuous Voyage.

Severe weather delayed the Scandinavian-American liner Oscar II., which arrived here yesterday thirty-six hours late. The steamer was buffeted by a gale that maintained a velocity of 100 miles an hour for, almost the entire voyage, her officers said.

Among the 648 passengers on board was Victor Sjostrom, moving picture producer, of Stockholm, who said conditions of films in Sweden is far more severe than it is in the United States.

"Films in five reels that have passed in America," he said, "have been cut almost to three reels by the censor in Sweden. We are very careful with the cinema because we look upon it as a great medium of education for children." The members of the National Board of Censors include a doctor of philosophy, a school teacher, a merchant and a dancing master. Charles Chaplin, Mary Pickford and Douglas Fairbanks are the most popular film stars in Sweden, he said.

DR. REINSCH NEAR DEATH.

Ex-U. S. Minister to China Is Unconscious in Shanghai.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 22 (Associated Press).—Dr. Paul Reinsch, former United States Minister to China, is believed to be dying from bronchial pneumonia which set in as a complication to encephalitis. He is unconscious. Dr. Reinsch came here from the interior of China some time ago suffering from a complete breakdown.

Dr. Reinsch, who had been acting as counsellor to the Chinese Government at Peking, was taken from Hankow to Shanghai in October, and it was then reported he was critically ill.

Dr. Reinsch was born in Milwaukee in 1871. He was a graduate of the University of Wisconsin and he studied in Berlin, Paris and Rome. He was successively professor in the Universities of Berlin and Leipsic in 1901 and 1902.

ENGLISH DIVORCE REVERSED

Lady Wiltshire's Decree Is Revoked on Ground of Misconduct.

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LONDON, Jan. 22.—The King's Proctor, the official whose duty it is to look after the morals of people making a divorce, intervened today and obtained the setting aside of a divorce granted a few months ago on the petition of the Lady Maxwell Wiltshire, whose husband is a baronet.

The King's Proctor discovered that at the time she filed her petition Lady Wiltshire was living with a man other than her husband in London and therefore was not entitled to a divorce on grounds of her husband's misconduct.

FRENCH SPOKESMAN, ILL, QUITTING LAUSANNE

Jusserand's Temporary Retirement Will Not Affect the Allied Solidarity.

LAUSANNE, Jan. 22 (Associated Press).—The feature of the Near Eastern Conference today was the official announcement that M. Bailloy, chief of the French delegation, would be obliged to take several days' rest owing to an attack of influenza, but would resume his place in the conference at a later date. He will leave for Rome tomorrow.

The announcement gave rise to rumors that France had decided to change her policy at the conference. One of the French representatives explained tonight that M. Bailloy was overworked and that he was unable to regain his strength after the Ruhr occupation, which he had suffered for a week or more. His departure, it was declared, was not in any way due to "differences," and there would be no change in M. Poincaré's conciliatory policy in striving to obtain a just peace in the Near East—a policy carried forward and in full agreement with England.

This policy, it was declared, would be continued by M. Bompard, the second delegate, and the allied front would be maintained.

"The crisis is certain," concluded the French spokesman, "that there will be an agreement soon with Turkey. The Allies will make every sacrifice—I am not at all."

The Allies have decided to hasten the conclusion of the conference and to present the draft treaty to the Turks perhaps before the end of the week. If Turkey is not disposed to sign the conditions after brief reflection, the Allies may propose adjournment of the conference until the Turks appear more reasonable or to reassemble for a final settlement.

It now seems likely that representatives of the Irish subject the conclusion of the conference will be present at the Washington dinner last night to Colonel J. Leslie Kincaid, and from them, according to their statements, Mr. Richard Edwards was taken to the station, where they accepted a box draped with the Canadian and American flags. Looking at that box Will Rogers from the stage told the audience that the girls of the Follies had stood beneath before the flag.

"And if they wish to join us they will be welcome," he said.

It was then that the girls rose and bowed and the audience applauded them.

From the theatre the prize beauties were taken to the new studio of George Maillard Kessler, where there was a reception and dancing.

Miss Mazie Royal, the Canadian beauty, said that the main thing she had in New York was shopping. Both girls were wearing gowns purchased in New York, that of the Canadian beauty a blue charmeuse with ballerinas chiffon, while Miss America wore a pink chiffon frock with the exception of the shoes and carried a red ostrich feather fan. They will leave today for Montreal.

FIVE YEARS IN OFFICE, ENRIGHT HOLDS RECORD

Has Served Longer as Police Head Than Any Commissioner Since 1901.

Police Commissioner Enright yesterday completed his fifth year as head of the police force, a longer term of service than that of any of his predecessors since the Police Department was placed under a single Commissioner by act of the Legislature in 1901.

Enright was a lieutenant in the Bushwick Avenue Station in Brooklyn on Jan. 21, 1918, when Mayor Hylan summoned him to City Hall and appointed him head of the Police Department to succeed Frederick H. Bugler, who had been Commissioner for twenty-three days by appointment of the Mayor. Mr. Bugler resigned with the statement that underlings in the Hylan Administration were attempting to dictate his policies in the running of the department.

Enright in the capacity Commissioner to rule the Police Department since the old Police Board was abolished. Since then he has abolished two precincts, merging them with others. He also has reorganized two chief inspectorates, one of whom, John Dale, he promoted to a deputy commissionership, to make room for Lahey, the present head of the uniformed force. He has promoted five deputy chief inspectors, fourteen inspectors, seventeen deputy inspectors and forty-four captains from lower ranks.

TO SEEK RELATIVES HERE.

Cincinnati Authorities Want Friends of Addison Fisher, Who Died There.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 22.—Search throughout New York City and State will be made by County Coroner D. C. Handley of this county, and by the police for relatives of Addison Fisher, a man believed to be 65 years of age, who died recently in this city. He was found wandering about in a dazed condition by the police and taken to St. Mary's Hospital, four blocks away, dead at that place before he recovered sufficiently to give information about himself more than he had come from New York City and had several relatives there.

He had been struggling at the Columbia Hotel here for some time, having come to this city about a year ago.

IRISH REBEL STAFF CAPTURED IN SOUTH

National Troops Take Headquarters of First Division Without Resistance.

THREE MORE ARE EXECUTED

Alleged Irish-American Leaflet Circulated in Dublin Calls for Break With Rome.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Jan. 22.—National troops operating from Macroom have captured the entire staff of the First southern division of the Irregulars. They surrounded an unoccupied house at Kilnahack—the scene of the terrible ambush when 18 auxiliary police were killed—and surprised the staff within. Notwithstanding their distant manifestations, the staff do not appear to have realized arrest, for no reports of fighting are to hand from the district.

The troops seized documents relating to the rebel activities in the area for the past six months and a mass of papers. As Cork city was simply the headquarters of Headquarters Intelligence it is probable that the loss of the staff will not seriously affect the operations of "the First Southern Division."

Five Americans questioned in Macroom, which comprises more than 20,000 troops, it may be a surprise to learn that a dividend have frequently done not number more than 300 or 400, and while the broad outlines of activity may be settled by its staff, its execution is left largely to the local commanders.

Three More Rebels Are Executed.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Jan. 22.—Three more irregulars, two named Mulls and the other named Ferguson, were shot at Dundalk Gaol this morning. They were found guilty by military courts of being in possession of arms and ammunition.

Fourteen rebels have thus been executed in the past seven days within Civil Custody's announcement of still more severe measures being adopted to stamp out the rebellion.

The attitude and pronouncements of the hierarchy of the Catholic Church in Ireland since the signing of the treaty have given more offence to the rebels than all the activities of the British Government. In the latest pronouncement in the new Roman Bishops pastoral letter denouncing the new Government and reasserting the ideals of the rebels.

The attitude of the extremists here has evidently had an effect in America, and it is believed that the latest move to supply of weapons was sanctioning a series of resolutions supporting to have been unanimously adopted by the regular meeting of the Publicity Propaganda Committee of the American Association for Recognition of the Irish Republic in the Red Room, Hotel Sherman, Chicago. The resolutions purported to be an endorsement of others passed at a "meeting of the entire body on Oct. 16 commending the Irish Bishops for the patriotic attitude they have taken in their efforts to denounce unlawful acts," to denounce unlawful acts, to denounce unlawful acts, to denounce unlawful acts,

SECOND ANNUAL
PUBLIC HEALTH EXPOSITION

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Death Toll of Babies, 200,000
Every year in the United States 200,000 babies and MORE of their mothers die. Many of these valuable lives can be saved, and the Federal Government is asking the co-operation of the States in the work it is doing to that end. Grace Abbott, Chief of the Children's Bureau, U. S. Dept. of Labor, tells about it in February CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE.
Did Lloyd George Betray Greece?
A few have accused him of it. Paxton Hibben, formerly correspondent for The Associated Press at Athens, declares him to be responsible for the deaths of the five statesmen and three soldiers whom Greece executed.
Is the Volstead Act a Failure?
Those who hold with prohibition as well as those who oppose it will find interest in Senator-elect Edwards's stinging reply to Wayne B. Wheeler, leader of the Dry forces.
Some other articles are: The Fascisti Sweep Into Power—Italy's Man of Destiny—What the British Elections Mean—Lenin's Report of Five Years of Soviet Rule in Russia.
February Number
CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE
On news stands, 25 cents
By the year, $3
Published by The New York Times Co. Times Square New York

ATTACK BY WEEKS STIRS RESENTMENT

Caraway in Senate and Tincher in House Disclaim Inquit to General Harbord.

VETO OF BONUS RECALLED

General Harbord Receives No Worse Treatment Than Private Soldiers, Senator Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Secretary Weeks was arraigned in both Senate and House today for his criticism of the Honor's action in refusing the appropriation necessary to give to Major Gen. John F. Harbord the retired pay of his rank upon going on the army retired list, which would have given to him for the rest of his life two-thirds the pay of a Major General of the regular army. General Harbord left the army to become President of the Radio Corporation of America, and, in the opinion of a majority of the House of Representatives, by that action the Government was relieved of the obligation of voting the retired pay usually given to officers with long records of service similar to his.

Secretary Weeks denounced the action of the House as "shameful," adding that in his opinion General Harbord would think that a nation that would submit to such treatment of a soldier who served so long and well as General Harbord, was "hardly worth serving."

In the Senate today Senator Caraway and in the House Mr. Tincher of Kansas defended the utterances of the Secretary of War.

"I am not criticising Secretary Weeks," said Senator Caraway, "because I like him very much. However, I call the attention of the Senate to a remarkable interview which the Secretary gave to the press last night, in which he said that the House had insulted Major Gen. Harbord. It seems that the appropriation in the House to take care of General Harbord's retirement pay was eliminated. As I understand, General Harbord has retired from the army to accept the presidency of a very large corporation.

"In his statement, published in the newspapers of Sunday, the Secretary of War says he does not believe that the people who, their great defenders treated as the House has treated Harbord, and that he would think that General Harbord would feel that a country that would tamely submit to such treatment of one of its officers was hardly worth serving.

"I do not think Secretary Weeks did General Harbord justice when he intimated that General Harbord would not think he owed any duty to the country unless he was voted retirement pay. I think the Secretary rendered a very poor service to this distinguished officer and I also think it is a poor comment that the Secretary is ashamed of the army.

Cites Opposition to Bonus.

"This is the same Secretary who was so bitterly opposed to the ex-service men receiving a little retirement pay in the nature of adjusted compensation. He, among others, agreed with the President when the President intimated that this was a new commercializing of patriotism and that the country owed the ex-service men nothing, although in the next sentence of the message he suggested that the men had felt the sting of wounds. Yet they were called commercial patriots when they asked a little retirement pay in the way of compensation.

"I do not criticise General Harbord. I think he is a most excellent man, and I say he, and probably a few that the House calls a minority, is deserving him retirement pay. However, I do say that if denied this pay, General Harbord will be treated no worse than were the boys who served the country and were denied compensation.

"Mr. Weeks is also the Secretary who went over the country saying that Congress was an 'assembly of oafs,' that it was the lowest Congress in point of intelligence that had ever been elected. He ought to know. It is Republican, and he helped to elect it. I am not talking out with Secretary Weeks for what he said about Congress, because the people of the election that followed agreed with him.

"The time has come, and we may as well face it, and Secretary Weeks may as well know it, when the country does not care to continue to abuse its high army officers as it did at one time, not because they are not vain as intelligent and just as patriotic, but because war has changed. No longer do officers of high rank, like Stonewall Jackson and like the distinguished ancestor of the Senator from New York, Mr. Wadsworth, die at the front. Those times are gone. You may try to make a hero out of a man who never heard a bullet shot fired, but you cannot become enthusiastic. You cannot enthuse over yesterday's Colonel Admiral Sims, who served his country so faithfully in an sports box in London during the war. It is impossible, and Secretary Weeks should his years in vain.

"There is not going to be any resolution about this Harbord retirement matter, and nobody is going to feel very much outraged, although I may be wrong, for I have often noticed, man that way is all right, but its not in your hands as the sacred rights of an officer. A sense of humor would be helpful sometimes, even to the Secretary of War."

Weeks Says House Did Its Duty.

Representative Tincher of Kansas in the House denied that the House had done anything but its duty, and "every honest man will say that it did," he added.

"I don't believe that General Harbord would consider that a personal insult. I regard him as one of the leading citizens of the country, and I know that he cannot but agree with what the House did.

"And in the face of the House doing its duty by inserting the provision which prevents a retired officer doing business with the Government in the way of selling supplies, we have this statement from Secretary Weeks," he continued.

"What we did was merely good horse sense and good business. It has become a popular thing to jump on Congress, and as Secretary Weeks indulged in this popular pastime without due restraint I don't know whether Secretary Weeks ought to resign. I guess he has some business qualifications. Let him remember that the people sent this Congress here and it expects to do its duty. If he had given a little reason to these little things, like protecting the people's interests, he might be sitting now over in the Senate representing his great State of Massachusetts."

Representative Hicks of New York attempted to defend Secretary Weeks, saying that his record in Congress and in the Cabinet needed no defense.

TO HEAR MAX HART'S CASE.

Supreme Court Jockets His Complaint Against Vaudeville Agency.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A charge that the Vaudeville Collection Agency operates in violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust law, made by Max Hart and which the United States District Court at New York City declined to hear on the ground that the agency is not interstate in interstate commerce, will be considered by the Supreme Court, which has placed the case on the docket for April 23.

It is controlled by Hart that the agency is interfering with his business and, unless restrained, will destroy it.

Portugal Honors an American.

LISBON, Jan. 22.—The Portuguese Government has conferred the Order of Christ upon Henry Ross of Fall River, Mass., for services rendered in behalf of the country.

FORBES FOR OPEN METHODS

He Denounces "Secret" and "Star-chamber" Work in Veterans' Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Declaring that he did not like "this stealth stuff and this gum-shoe work," Colonel C. R. Forbes, Director of the Veterans Bureau, addressing a conference today of members of his staff and representatives of veterans' organizations, urged that when critics of the bureau want information concerning it, they should get it from him.

Representatives from all parts of organizations, he said, "attempt and do frequently and successfully have a liaison between employees of this bureau without regard to the Director," although "there is one place in this bureau where you can get facts of what is going on, and that is the Director's office."

"Don't go to Congress," Colonel Forbes said, "and make statements about a situation in this bureau until you have come to me and gotten the figures and the facts. We will give them to you on any matter or any point having to do with our work.

"If you will follow the good that has been done, the result of honest endeavor and application, I am sure you will find something to say other than the continual condemnation of the Veterans' Bureau."

In examining applicants for positions in the bureau, he said that though "one of the first questions I ask is whether or not the man by ex-service," he did not regard it as his duty to "ignore every ex-service man who applies for a position," and that he must obey certain civil service rules.

TO MODERNIZE WARSHIPS.

Derby, Asking Congress for $6,500,000, Denies Compact Violation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Modernization of older American warships to meet the work being done in the same direction by Japan and Great Britain should not be taken to mean a return of naval competition, Secretary Denby told the House Naval Committee today in urging for an immediate appropriation of $6,500,000 with which to begin improvements on twenty-three naval vessels.

The ships require much work, the Secretary said, to put them on a basis of equality with improved British and Japanese vessels of the older types. He declared there was no violation of the naval treaty agreement involved in the modernization work and insisted cooperation in the building of capital ships had been eliminated.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt also told the committee that the modernization program was necessary to guard the United States the naval strength authorized under the arms conference treaty.

The work ultimately contemplates an expenditure of $30,000,000, Mr. Denby said. The immediate task would be modernization of the big guns of the thirteen-inch ships so as to increase their range by 3,000 yards, but later aircraft and anti-aircraft protection will be necessary. When the work is completed, he said, the ships will be the equal of any of their except the more modern dreadnoughts.

Mr. Denby said the Japanese had begun their modernization before the terms of the treaty, while a similar program already had been completed by Great Britain.

EMPLOYMENT FIGURES RISE.

Increase of 2.4 Per Cent. Shown by Industries in December.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—An increase of 2.4 per cent. in the number of employes and 1 per cent. in total payrolls in December, as compared with November, 1922, was shown in a report today by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, covering 2,350 representative establishments in forty-three manufacturing industries. Ten of the industries showed a decrease in the number of employes.

Of those showing an increase the pottery industry led with a percentage of 10.3, while the agricultural implement industry showed an increase of 14.9 per cent., and the car building, foundry and machine shop, men's clothing and shipbuilding industries increased in ranging from 4 to 9 per cent. The Southern country showed a decrease in employment of 11.6 per cent., and the flour, brick and tobacco industries decreases ranging from 2 to 4 per cent.

Comparative figures for fourteen manufacturing industries for last December and the same month the year before showed employment increases in ten and decreases in three. The largest increases were in the automobile industry, 21.5 per cent.; car building, 9.7 per cent., and iron and steel, 3.8 per cent. Men's clothing showed the largest decrease, 12.3 per cent.

$428,000,000 FOR VETERANS.

Senate Refuses to Cut Appropriation for Shipping Board.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The Independent Offices Appropriation bill, carrying a total of $496,261,371 was passed today by the Senate without a record vote. It provides $253,800,000 for the Veterans' Bureau. The Senate added $200,000 for initial expenses of constructing a national archives building.

An amendment by Senator Fletcher of Florida to reduce the Shipping Board appropriation from $30,000,000 to $20,000,000 was defeated, 28 to 24, and an effort by Senator McClellan of Tennessee to limit salaries of Shipping Board employes to $10,000 a year was defeated, 31 to 21. Senator McClellan was also defeated in his attempt to strike out all provisions for passenger automobiles for Government officials.

The Senate refused to approve amendments by Senator Sutherland of Utah which would have eliminated provisions for examination by the Civil Service Commission of Presidential postmaster appointees and prohibited use of Government funds by the Shipping Board for payment of dues relating to maritime legislation, unless required by Congress.

BALKS ON GERMAN TRUSTS.

House Committee Would Return Only Those Under $10,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A proposal for legislation authorizing immediate return to their owners of all trusteeships held by the Alien Property Custodian was rejected today by the House Commerce Committee. The committee, which is considering a bill authorizing the relinquishment of the smaller trusts, set a limit of $10,000 on the value of the property to be returned and appointed a subcommittee to redraft the measure.

Opponents of unlimited return of the properties have argued that it would be advisable to hold a sufficient number to expedite the payment of claims of Americans against the German Government. Those urging immediate disposition of the trusts have declared that retention was a violation of international law.

The bill as originally drawn would not affect patents owned by the Government, including those in the hands of the Chemical Foundation, over which a suit for recovery has been filed by the Government.

URGE EXPULSION OF JEWS.

Action Advocated Openly at Demonstration in Vienna.

VIENNA, Jan. 22 (Associated Press).—Expulsion of the Jews was advocated openly at a demonstration held yesterday before the City Hall. Speakers asserted that efforts to regenerate the German people would not succeed until the Jews were ousted from the dominant conditions in economic life, art, the stage and the press.

A heavy police guard was present and only a few minor exhibitions occurred.

EXPECT THE BUDGET TO BALANCE IN 1923

Administration Officials Even Look for a Small National Surplus.

BUT CONGRESS MUST HELP

Demands for New and Heavy Expenditures Would Be Fatal to the President's Hopes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—There is every indication at the present time, according to a statement made at the Treasury Department today, that the national budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923, will be balanced, or, in other words, that the total Government receipts will equal expenditures spread over the twelve months' period. There may even be a small surplus.

A survey of recent developments in Government finances has satisfied Administration officials that adherence to a policy of strict economy will make this accomplishment possible if there are no demands for new and heavy expenditures made by Congress.

In view of the tangled condition of the finances of a number of the European countries, the Administration is especially anxious that those of this country shall be on a sound basis, and that no budget deficit shall be shown. Every effort is accordingly being put forth to bring this about.

There was considerable satisfaction shown here today over the hopeful outlook in regard to the nation's finances, because of the earlier fears which had been expressed that there might be a considerable budget deficit. At the beginning of the fiscal year, on July 1, 1922, the prospective deficit was placed as high as $600,000,000. In December, 1922, when President Harding transmitted the budget report to Congress, he said that, due to continued economy measures and a reduction of the expenditure program, it was hoped that the deficit would not be more than $300,000,000. He expressed the hope, also, that a balance would be possible by the end of the fiscal year.

Secretary Mellon now believes that even improved hope of the President has been realized.

Mr. Mellon has endeavored to shape the entire fiscal program for the year with a balanced budget as the goal, and has held to this policy in the face of pressure asking for the inauguration of new forms of taxation. As one step to obtain additional funds to meet a prospective deficit, however, the Treasury Department started in August to speed up the collection of taxes, and this has been especially successful. It is now estimated that these collections over a three months' period would average $55,000,000 a month. For the first three months after the campaign started the collections averaged $55,000,000 or $15,000,000 more than had been estimated.

It is estimated also that customs receipts will exceed estimates by a substantial amount, that payments in the form of outstanding bonds will be lessened by the absorption of outstanding bonded indebtedness, and that receipts from miscellaneous sources will continue somewhat larger than estimated. The British Government has also paid $10,000,000 in interest on its war-time obligations to the United States, which has assisted in putting down the amount of the deficit for the current year.

As the situation now shapes itself, the Treasury Department will be able to report at the end of the fiscal year on June 30, 1923, that not only the ordinary operations involving the Victory note issue have been carried out, without undue disturbance to the money market, but that the nation's finances have been brought to an absolutely solid foundation by balancing the budget.

APPEALS TO BRITISH TO SAVE FIRST FOLIOS

Sir Sidney Lee Says American Collectors Threaten England's Dwindling Shakespeariana.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—In his Presidential address to the Sunday Shakespeare Society yesterday Sir Sidney Lee pleaded for the retention in England of the remaining copies of Shakespeare First Folio of 1623. He showed how they were steadily going to America and declared that what was happening was scarcely to the credit of the rich men of this country.

Since 1905, when an English connoisseur gave £1,700 for a copy, no sale, American competition had stimulated the price, in 1905 an American paid £2,000 for a copy, and last May the Baroness Burdett-Coutts's copy fetched £3,600 and was taken to New York. All copies in private ownership in this country, he declared, were really safe.

Sir Sidney estimated that of the 179 copies of which he knew in 1906, 117 were then in the United Kingdom, 32 in America, 3 in the British colonies and 27 in Continental countries. Of the 117 there were 62 in private hands in this country and 45 in private hands in America. Now the proportions were reversed. There was one collector in America, who had developed a trust exclusively for purchase of the First Folios. This man, Mr. Folger, who acquired the Burdett-Coutts copy, had the distinction of possessing thirty-two copies.

"I wrote to him a few years ago," said Sir Sidney, "asking him particulars about one of his copies. He replied that he was not going to package cases in his cellar, and that there was not much likelihood of their being quickly released. He seemed to think First Folios ought to be put in bins in cellars, like fine vintages. I hope now that American has gone rich, other American collectors will not follow suit and their enmity turns with First Folios.

Sir Sidney remarked that English collectors who shared his views must hustle themselves, otherwise there was a likelihood of the British privately owned copies making tracks for America, and perhaps finding an asylum in an American cellar.

PORTUGAL'S TREASON TRIAL

Prosecution for Rebellions of 1919 and 1921 in Its Third Week.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MADRID, Jan. 22.—Sensational revelations continue to be made at the trial now proceeding in Lisbon of officers implicated in the revolutions of 1919 and 1921, which sought the overthrow of the existing republic.

According to Dr. Barbosa Viana, a Government functionary who gave evidence for the prosecution, the first introduction of the revolutionary plot was secretly given to the Republican authorities by a friendly foreign Government. It is said that one of the officers implicated was part of the activities of a monarchist secret society with branches in Paris, London and Madrid. Funds for carrying on an active campaign had been received from places abroad, according to Dr. Viana.

When the Republican Government became aware of the existence of a Monarchist conspiracy it organized a service of counter-espionage, the head of which was Dr. Barbosa, one of the founders of the Portuguese Republic after the overthrow of King Manuel. But the monarchists had their spies also, and they succeeded in stealing Dr. Barbosa Viana's identity card. President Grilla was the first victim of the tragic night of Oct. 5.

The trial has already lasted seventeen days.

WANTS NO POLITICS OR DEBT

London Paper Sees Danger of Arousing Feeling Here.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The Daily Telegraph in an editorial on the suggestion of the debt funding negotiations with the United States, says:

"Now that the negotiations have started, it would be most undesirable for the funding terms to be made the subject of a sharp controversy in American politics, for, if it were, opinion might harden but in our favor, but against us, and a new Congress might insist on reviewing any settlement arrived at by the Commissioners in a narrower party spirit. For Congress, be it remembered, is the final arbiter and it is in the habit of reviewing governmental decisions with far greater freedom and disregard of consequences than is the habit of the British Parliament.

"The terms of an international funding operation are peculiarly unsuited to be the subject of an acute political controversy, and while we gladly take note of the fact that the general tone of American comment has been in favor of easier terms, speeches have been made by certain Democratic Senators which show how easy it is to put the case considerably before the American public, so that it might seem entirely reasonable to them that the debt should be funded on the impossible conditions proscribed a few weeks ago.

"How far Congress will advance in the direction of our wishes Mr. Mellon and his colleagues should be the best judges, and it may be worth while to consider whether it is not better business for us to accept conditions slightly more onerous than we could have wished rather than let this matter drag on for months during which Britain will be paying 5 per cent. interest on the unfunded debt and during which those Americans who are unfriendly to the British cause may get what up popular prejudice against us."

The Daily Express says:

"In the controversy over the American debt the United States attaches much importance to the position of the Lloyd George Government that the liquidation incurred by Great Britain would be met in full. It does not appear to be equally widely known that the Harding Government in America also gave a pledge that no discussion with regard to the United States would profit out of the transaction, yet such is the case. Therefore, there were two pledges—Britain's to pay the debt, and America's not to make money out of the transaction.

"Two considerations instantly arise. At least two hundred millions of the money borrowed went to profits and wages to the American manufacturer and purchaser. The prices for war material were high and there was practically no competition. To this extent, therefore, America has already made money out of the debt. Ought not something to be deducted from our liability in view of this fact?

"In the second place, the United States herself is able, as a rule, to borrow money for her own needs at a very low rate of interest. Obviously we ought to have the advantage of her rate of interest and should not be asked to pay the funded debt at a higher rate. It is certain that the United States will be able to borrow money at 3 per cent. or less over the greater period covered by the thirty-two years agreed on for the British payment. Why, then, should we be asked to pay 5½ per cent.?

"The Daily Express is of the opinion that the United States Government is driving too hard a bargain, both from the point of view of past, present and future considerations. From the latter it is quite probable that in a short space of time Great Britain could borrow money to pay off the entire debt on better terms than Washington now offers."

HOPE FOR QUICK DEBT PLAN.

American Commissioners Expect Speedy Action in London.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Members of the American Debt Funding Commission, it was said at the Treasury Department today, had not given up hope that a tentative agreement would be reached in connection with the funding of the British debt in time for presentation to Congress before March 4.

It is believed here that a speedy decision as to what course Great Britain is willing to pursue will be reached after the arrival of the British commission anytime in London. They expect to reach home on Friday and will present the details of the negotiations held here to the British Cabinet within twenty-four hours afterwards. If a meeting can be arranged.

It is considered quite possible that important communications may be received from London next week.

LEAVES IRAK BY AIRPLANE.

High Commissioner Saves Twenty Days on Trip to London.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—News has been received in London that Sir Percy Cox, High Commissioner of the Irak, while on a homeward rush from Baghdad to consult the Government on affairs in the Middle East, has made a high speed passage by the desert airway from Baghdad to Cairo.

Leaving Baghdad on Friday morning in an aeroplane and exceeding 100 miles an hour on the trip, Sir Percy passed over five airways stages in time to get back on Saturday at Alexandria for Marseilles. It is calculated that by using this airway above the desert Sir Percy will save from fifteen to twenty days on the journey to London, as compared with those spent on the circuitous earth route going via Bombay.

GIVE ART DEMONSTRATION.

Four Artists Show How Lithographs Are Made.

Four prominent artists, George Bellows, Joseph Pennell, Albert Sterner and Bolton Brown gave a demonstration of the work of making lithographs at the Anderson Galleries last evening, under the auspices of the New Society of Artists, a new venture in art education. So many persons thronged to the place that at 9 o'clock 200 were turned away.

The interest the people in general by making them partners, the lithographs which were made were offered to the audience at $5 each, a fourth of their value. The demand exceeded the supply.

There will demonstration will be on wood engraving by Timothy Cole on Wednesday evening. Joseph Pennell on Friday night will show how etchings are made.

ADMITS HE, NOT SON, KILLED WOMAN

Father of J. W. Hudson Jr. Is Called as Witness in Young Man's Trial for Murder.

TELLS OF THE SHOOTING

Caught Mrs. Ferguson and His Son Together, and in Struggle for Pistol She Was Killed.

Special to The New York Times.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 22.—J. W. Hudson Sr. branded himself into the afternoon as the slayer of Mrs. Hattie B. Ferguson, for whose murder his son was on trial and facing the possibility of death in the electric chair. The younger Hudson had declared his father was the slayer in testimony in court immediately preceding that of his parent.

The declaration of the elder Hudson, as a witness for the defense, told with earnestness, apparently so impressed the jury that persons who had followed the trial of the case closely expressed the belief that young Hudson would promptly be acquitted.

"The shot that killed Mrs. Ferguson was fired accidentally as we three struggled over a gun she produced," the father declared. "It was late in the evening and John and I had started out in the automobile for a little trip when he stopped and picked up Mrs. Ferguson."

Mr. Hudson related how he had exposed the intimacy which he declared had existed between his son and Mrs. Ferguson.

"John drove along the road and suddenly turned off into the woods, and he and Mrs. Ferguson got out," the father declared. "A little while later I followed them and came upon them in a compromising situation. I rebuked them. I told them that if I had a gun I would shoot them both.

"Mrs. Ferguson drew from her pocket a pistol and she gave it to me, saying, 'Here, daddy, take this and kill us both.'

"I was surprised when she did that, and I also noticed she handed me the gun with the barrel pointing at me. I grabbed at it right quick, not knowing what she might do. Then it was discharged, the shot going wild.

"Then both of them clutched at it and fought for its possession. While the struggle was going on the second shot was fired, and, raising her hand, Mrs. Ferguson sank to the ground mortally wounded. I believe a third shot was fired."

The admission of the younger Hudson was made under the cross-examination by Attorney General Bates. It was not spontaneous, but was dragged forth.

Mr. Bates pressed the point when he obtained from the defendant the statement that his father had fired the shot which killed Mrs. Ferguson on Feb. 8, 1922.

"When and to whom did you first admit that your father killed Mrs. Ferguson?" the Attorney General asked.

"I did not say my father killed her," Hudson returned.

"Well, who did kill her, then?"

Young Hudson covered his face with his hands. He moved uneasily in the witness chair and did not reply until asked a second time. "Who killed her?"

"My father," he answered.

The defendant answered calmly the inquiries shot at him in rapid succession. Every eye of the hundreds of spectators in the court room was fixed on the man who had told his wife and his parents, and later had confessed to officers, that he had shot Mrs. Ferguson himself.

"I will take the blame," he said as told his father. "I have been a dog—low down like a dog. I'll take the blame."

HUGE DREDGE RAISES COPPER LOST 3 YEARS

Mud-Covered Ingots Lost When Lighter Was Sunk in the Bay Are Being Fished Up.

For more than a week one of the largest bucket dipping dredges of the Merritt & Chapman Derrick and Wrecking Company has been anchored in the main ship channel, between Governors and Ellis Islands, salving copper bars which have been lying under ninety-three feet of water for three years since a lighter was sunk by the United States transport Buford. The copper, which belongs to the Government, is worth about $150,000. Divers searched the channel bed for two years before they could locate it.

The bars are of two sizes, weighing 240 pounds and 250 pounds respectively. The first were brought up on Jan. 16. Since then nearly 400 have been recovered. Buckets holding up the ingots, covered with mud which is washed off at the depot of the wrecking company. They then are sent by motor truck to the Government warehouse.

It is expected that nearly all the lost copper will be recovered.

GAS KILLS 3 IN ROOM THOUGH LIGHT BURNED

Queens Family Is Found Dead in a Bedroom When Neighbors Call the Police.

A man believed to be Nicholas A. Weichsel, his wife, Anna B. Weichsel, and their child were found dead from gas in their bedroom at 8-72S 125th Street, Morris Park, Queens, last night.

The rooms were filled with gas, although the light in the bedroom was burning. The Medical Examiner of Queens, who began an investigation after neighbors had missed the family and called the police, learned that the three had not been seen for three days. The family occupied the six-room house alone. They had been living there but a short time.

GIRL RADICAL KILLS HELPER OF DAUDET

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

statement in order to protect her friends. The police are absolutely convinced that the girl played a leading part in the attack on Mr. Herriot's life, which only failed by an inch.

They have suggested that a woman sent the bomb, which was a hand grenade, because of the confused perfumery in the box and the address was in feminine handwriting. Her handwriting will be compared with that of the address on the bomb wrapping.

The police hesitated to give her a third degree because of her wound, and because she has tuberculosis.

All the suspected confederates of Mlle. Berthon are having holes in the Police Prefecture tonight to be photographed about the Herriot affair. The failure to clear up the matter was a cause of great chagrin to the Paris police.

M. Plateau was the chief of the French equivalent of the Ku Klux Klan. He directed the "camelots du roi," or "hawkers of the King." This militant organization was composed of rabid royalists, former officers and others, and was encouraged by L'Action Francaise. It took up the derisive word camelot, meaning cheap jack, peddler or hawker, to which it gave a virile new meaning.

The camelots were organized like the Fascisti. They broke up meetings of Communists and radicals. Their chief arms were tomatoes and eggs.

PARIS, Jan. 22 (Associated Press).—Youthful adherents of Leon Daudet this evening in reprisal against the shooting of Plateau attacked the radical newspaper L'Oeuvre. In a few minutes they wrecked eight linotype machines and did other damage estimated at 250,000 francs.

They afterwards started to wreck another radical sheet, Ere Nouvelle, but police reserves arrived and routed them. The police also repulsed an attack on the Communist newspaper L'Humanite.

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SINCLAIR SATISFIES SENATE COMMITTEE

Answers All Questions About Oil, Disappointing Sensation Seekers.

FRANK ABOUT INCOME TAX

He Admits That He Spins a Good Deal by Not Carrying All Mammoth Stock in His Name.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The lambasting which had been timed for explosion today, with the appearance of Harry F. Sinclair under subpoena before the Senate Oil Investigating Committee, turned out to be a dud.

Mr. Sinclair appeared before the committee at the hour the subpoena was returnable, accompanied by an army of counsel, including Martin W. Littleton of New York, who questioned at length by Gilbert E. Roe, the committee's attorney, as to the stock ownership of the Mammoth Oil Company and the affairs relating to all of the Hyva Corporation, and concluded his testimony with good humor prevailing on every hand.

The all morn during the three hours he spent on the stand complied to the satisfaction of the committee with the demands for information as to the Mammoth Company, the concern, capitalized by Mr. Sinclair to operate the Teapot Dome naval oil reserve lease, and as to the Hyva Corporation, a private investment company owned, controlled by Mr. Sinclair and his family. The request of the committee's attorney for the complete records of the Hyva Corporation, which Mr. Sinclair refused last week on the ground that the committee had no authority to investigate private affairs of that character, was complied with. All questions asked by Mr. Roe, with one or two minor exceptions, related to oil, and the witness, startling by his statement of last week as to the information in his possession, was willing to give.

Promptly, in an interview at his examination, Mr. Sinclair had expressed to Senator La Follette his regret that any impression had been given in the course of his appearance before the committee and the Senator smilingly accepted apology.

The testimony which Mr. Sinclair gave was for the most part a detailed account of the disposition of approximately 1,000,000 shares of Mammoth Company stock, which he received in exchange for that held by Harry Payne Whitney, elected last April from the Government. It failed to provide a single thrill for those who crowded the committee room expecting a further clash between the oil men and Mr. La Follette.

Even through questions asked by Senator Brookhart, Republican, of Iowa, a committee member, the testimony remained in Teapot Dome itself, and in that connection Mr. Sinclair presented a court of guarantees within the gave the Government a guarantee to the effect that, although he might turn the lease over to the Mammoth Company, he would hold himself personally obligated to carry out the terms of the lease.

Mr. Sinclair appeared at the Capitol this morning before the hour the subpoena was returnable. He was accompanied by Martin W. Littleton and three other attorneys.

Chairman La Follette, arriving at the committee room, just minutes after the hour set for meeting, interrupted Mr. Roe to remark: After Mr. Sinclair had been sworn to ask him to state under oath whether or not he was the owner of stock of the Mammoth Oil Company. The witness said recently he owned 1,000,000 shares of Mammoth stock, but it developed that he actually owned 1,000,000 Class A and 1,000 Class B shares. The two, he explained, were identical, but in W. Kenneth owned 1,000,000 shares, but in reality they were held by Mr. Kenneth for other persons, as is customary in the Street.

The witness said he had been in error in previous testimony that the Mammoth Corporation had paid $50,000 for the Mammoth stock. He presented a statement which showed that 1,000,000 Class A and 1,000 Class B shares of Hyva stock were exchanged for 50,000 shares of Mammoth Company for $1,000 shares of Hyva stock, etc. The statement added that at the same time the Hyva Corporation purchased for $1,250,000 a block of 30,000 shares of Mammoth stock which had been received from the Mammoth Company, but had given back to that company.

Does the statement given furnish an fully as you are able to give the entire ownership of the stock of the Mammoth Company?" asked Mr. Roe.

Speaking for myself and not for the Hyva Corporation, I do," replied Mr. Sinclair.

He then testified that the assets of the Hyva Corporation at the time of the exchange of the Mammoth stock were $1,250,000. The witness presented the articles of incorporation and by-laws of the Hyva Corporation, which were recently turned in to the subpoena and which Mr. Sinclair had said he would present.

Mr. Roe reviewed the testimony showing the ownership of Mammoth stock at the time Hyva Corporation and the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation held large blocks in addition to Mr. Sinclair, to all intents and purposes all the dividends were directly to Mr. Sinclair.

Did you or figure out how much difference there would be in incomes tax payments if this stock were held by you personally instead of through other corporations?" asked Mr. Roe.

Mr. Sinclair replied he had never figured it out.

It would make a difference, wouldn't it?" inquired the committee's attorney.

A great difference, yes, sir," said Mr. Sinclair.

The committee's hearing of subordinate officials of the Sinclair companies is scheduled without definite detail to continue here. It will begin tomorrow the hearing of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, with R. W. Stewart, Chairman of that company's Board of Directors, as the principal witness.

RADICALS TO ACCUSE BURNS

Counsel for 21 Reds Will Cite Him for Contempt of Court.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Counsel for the twenty-one alleged communists recently arrested at Bridgman, Mich., announced today that they would seek to have William J. Burns, Chief of the Department of Justice Investigation Bureau, cited for contempt of court because of his refusal to answer certain questions asked him today regarding the collection of evidence against the accused men.

The questions to which Mr. Burns refused to reply were those asked by Frank P. Walsh, attorney for the Labor Committee, in the course of the preparation of depositions here for use in the case in Michigan. Mr. Burns declared he had been advised by Attorney General Daugherty not to reply to questions of this character, and would do so only if compelled by the courts.

Mr. Walsh said his attempt to have the investigator answer questions would be made in the form of a motion before the Supreme Court of the District.

After an unsuccessful effort to examine R. M. Whitney of the American Defense Society, one of the witnesses he said he had been preparing to summon from the Committee, Mr. Walsh announced he would also institute contempt proceedings against Mr. Whitney. Immediately, John D. Nichols, Chief of the Division of Investigation of the Department of Justice, who refused to answer certain questions, will be cited similarly, Mr. Walsh added.

CITIZENSHIP TRAINING IS AIM OF NEW COUNCIL

Harding Joins All Federal Departments in a Single Co-operative Agency.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Under an executive order made public today the Federal Council of Citizenship Training is created by President Harding. All Government departments, as well as the Federal Bar Vocational Training and the Veterans' Bureau, will be represented in the new body, which will hold its first meeting in the War Department today.

The order directs that the council elect its own officers and determine its own procedure and that its reports be submitted to the various Government departments through their representatives on the council.

"The duties of the council," the order said, "are to make constructive suggestions as to how the Federal effort may be expanded to meet the needs of citizenship training and to co-operate with all other public and private agencies throughout the country. The facilities of all Federal offices shall be available as far as practicable to further the work of the council."

The Federal agencies to be represented are the Bureau of Education, Interior Department; Operations and Training Division, General Staff, War Department; Recruiting Service, Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department; Public Health Service, Treasury Department; Welfare Division, Post Office Department; Home Education Service, Department of Agriculture; Naturalization Bureau, Department of Labor; Board for Vocational Education and Veterans' Bureau. Representatives of the Departments of State, Justice and Commerce will be named by the departmental heads.

OFFERS NEWARK ARMY BASE.

War Department Will Open Bids for Property on March 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The War Department announced today that the army will offer for sale the Government-owned land and improvements located at Port Newark Terminal, Port Newark, N. J. Sealed bids for the purchase of this property will be received by the Quartermaster General until 11 A. M. March 1, when they will be opened publicly in the office of the Chief of Construction Division, Quartermaster Corps, at Washington.

This army depot is situated on Newark Bay within the limits of the City of Newark. It is connected directly with the Pennsylvania and Central Railroad of New Jersey systems, and indirectly with all of the railroads entering the port of New York by way of the Hudson River. Ocean shipment to and from all points west, the Great Lakes and the Pacific Coast, via the water side of Manhattan Island through a thirty-foot channel from upper New York Harbor and the Metropolitan district by water is about eight miles.

Paralleling the channel in front of the depot is a dock eighty feet wide, facing which are nine piers, each 1,000 feet long. The railroad yard layout includes spurs between warehouses and two classification yards. The total track mileage is 34.1, with a capacity of 782 cars.

The War Department announced recently the approximately 30,000 short tons of medium tonnage offered at the New York office of the Philadelphia Salvage Board, New York City, on Jan. 8. Forty-one separate bids were received, and twenty-one parcels, totaling 30,000 tons, were awarded. The largest amount, 2,500 tons, went to W. P. Grace & Co., New York, at $41.10 a ton. Other successful bidders were Grayton Chemical Company, New York, 1,000 tons at $40; American Agricultural Chemical Company, New York, 225 tons at $42.10; Grayton Chemical Company, New York, 300 tons at $42; Company, New York, 300 tons at $42, and 200 tons at $42.50; George F. Taylor & Co., Inc., New York, 600 tons at $42; American Chemical Company, New York, 200 tons at $42.10 and 450 tons at $42.50.

C. & O. CHANGE UNOPPOSED.

Witnesses Before I. C. C. Favor Transfer to Van Sweringens.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Plans of O. P. and M. J. Van Sweringen of Cleveland and his associates for taking control of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad were laid before the Interstate Commerce Commission today and no opposition was presented from any quarter.

Witnesses called in behalf of the Van Sweringen group, including J. J. Bernet, President of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis, declared the association of the Chesapeake & Ohio with the other lines, now controlled by the Van Sweringens, would lead to betterment of the public service and enlargement of traffic facilities, especially benefiting the five States in the territory south of the Ohio River to the Middle West and Eastern manufacturing centres.

Public interest would be advanced, all the witnesses declared, if the Cleveland group was allowed to take over control of the nine plans on the Board of Directors of the Chesapeake & Ohio.

The great difficulty and shortcoming which the Chesapeake & Ohio system has, if any, is its inability to get hold of the traffic originating on its own lines," Mr. Bernet said. There is hardly any limit to the amount of coal traffic which the road could develop along its lines if it could get rid of the shipments to its connections. The greatest competition it faces in this respect is in and about Cincinnati."

W. J. Harahan, President of the Chesapeake & Ohio, said:

We are unattached now in the development of our road because our connections will not take the full amount of business we can give. We know that Indiana and Iowa consumers a great amount of coal which comes from adjacent mines, and we know who are fully aware of this difficulties. Only last Saturday I met with operators of 600 coal mines to discuss possibilities of removing some of the obstacles."

Financial aspects of the proposed transfer of control of the Chesapeake & Ohio were discussed briefly by Mr. Van Sweringen, who said he thought the new interests would be able to secure adequate funds.

HARDING SIGNS NAVY BILL.

Silent as to Request to Call Armament Limitation Conference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The annual naval appropriation bill, which includes a request by Congress that President Harding negotiate with the other powers for further limitation of naval armament, was signed today by the President.

The President simply affixed his signature without making any public statement on the limitation subject, or indicating whether he would have anything to say to Congress later on the subject. It is felt that under the provisions in which he will comply with the request, and it has been indicated in Administration circles that he does not regard it as advisable to do so.

AGAIN ASSAILS SHIP BOARD.

Fletcher Resents Its "Threat" to Discontinue Certain Lines.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Calling attention to published reports that the Shipping Board is planning to discontinue certain Gulf and South Atlantic lines, Senator Fletcher of Florida declared in the Senate today that if such action was taken it would demand an investigation to determine whether it was designed as a punishment for those communities whose representatives have been opposed to the ship policy.

This explanation that the lines were operating heavy deficits "will not hold water," Mr. Fletcher remarked. "It's simply a threat, he added. "If it is the Shipping Board will not get away with it."

CROWELL CALLS FRAUD CHARGE FALSE

Ex-Assistant Secretary of War Enters Plea of Not Guilty in Government Case.

"NEVER PROFITED A CENT"

Stimson, His Counsel, Says Danger If Wartime Workers Are to Be Dishonored.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Benedict Crowell, ex-Assistant Secretary of War, pleaded not guilty in the District Supreme Court today of conspiracy to defraud the Government in the construction of army cantonments. He was indicted with six others. Thirty days in which to withdraw or change his plea was granted to him and he was released under $5,000 bond.

After entering his plea, Mr. Crowell gave out this statement:

"I am charged in this indictment with having joined a gigantic conspiracy to control and parcel out for corrupt personal profit the entire building program of the War Department during the late war. The gist of the charge is that I was engaged in such a plot to make money out of my position at the expense of the nation and that by so doing I obstructed the proper conduct of the war—even, as the indictment says, to the prolonging of the sickness and death of soldiers.

"The facts are that I never profited one cent by the trust imposed in me by the country. No such conspiracy did exist or could have existed. It is not in human nature, that a man given the opportunities for service that were given to me in the time of the country's need, could have devoted those two years in civil life to cheating and swindling the nation for his own miserable profit.

"The specification in the indictment against me is that a contract was awarded to the Cleveland Construction Company in May, 1918, and that at that time the stock of the Cleveland Construction Company was owned by a company in the profits of which I was interested.

"This charge is absolutely false. Further evidence of its falsity is on record and has always been available to the Department of Justice. Until I learned through the public press of the filing of this indictment, I had received no information that any such charges were under consideration. It was not due to me personally, but it was due to the office which I had held and to the good name of the nation to advise me of this charge and listen to the facts. The personal wrong is to compel a lengthy vindication of the wrong done to my great national achievement of 1918 is not unimportant, and to publish to the world the false charge that the United States in that critical year placed the direction of the supply of its army in the hands of a traitor and a thief, is a wrong to every citizen.

Harry L. Stimson, Mr. Crowell's counsel, who was Secretary of War under President Taft, supplemented his client's statement with this:

Mr. Benedict Crowell has asked me to become one of his counsel in his defense to the indictment found against him by the grand jury in the District of Columbia and I have accepted. No guilty mind, as he would, in other words, Mr. Crowell was one of those persons who, early seeing that we would become entangled in the great war, devoted himself to preparing for the crisis. Harvey Crom in 1916, and the Office of Chief of Staff, to which he was called in 1917, to assist in the work of preparation even before this country became involved in war. His efficiency in such part of trust, was so pronounced that he was promoted through successive grades to Assistant Secretary of War. In that position he stood out as one of a small group of conspicuous figures in our military establishment to whom it was due that America made its effort felt on the fields of France in time to prevent disaster.

"To those who knew him and his record in the department, the suggestion that he completed to use his public office for his personal profit is inconceivable. His denial will be implicitly believed by those who know him. It is to be hoped that the public generally will withhold judgment until Mr. Crowell has had his day in court. For it would be a sorry thing for the character of this country in any future war if the reward of service to it were to be the ruin of the reputation and fortune of those who did such service. Mr. Crowell in this war is to be worn by calumny and dishonor from their high-pre-dilemma."

DROPS CHIPS AND FLASKS.

House Puts Limit on "Stationery" Supplies for Members.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The miniature department store in the House office building, through which members of Congress were able to buy paper chips and almost anything they wanted out of the allotment for stationery, went on the rocks today.

Before passing the legislative Appropriation bill, the House adopted an amendment by Representative Wingo of Arkansas which stipulated that no member should get through the little store, only paper and envelopes for the proper conduct of his office. The bill also was changed under the Wingo amendment to prevent the Government money for paying a member's motor car out of the mail.

Mr. Wingo declared the activities of the store had been brought up in every campaign and often recalled the report that a member's wife had sent her husband's there to be packed out of her husband's stationery account, while another had secured a ton of coal.

In a recent row in the House it was charged that pocket liquor flasks were sold under the same roof that covers the offices of men who made the country dry.

DECORATED BY HUNGARY.

American Relief Administration Receives Star of Merit.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—In recognition of its work in Hungary after the war, Count Szechenyi, the Hungarian Minister, decorated the American Relief Administration today with the Star of Merit of the Hungarian Red Cross. The award, in presenting the decoration to Secretary Hoover, who is head of the organization, said:

The name of the American Relief Administration is deeply engraved on the hearts of all children who were saved by it, and on the hearts of all Hungarian families. Its name will go down to posterity."

A similar distinction recently was conferred on the American Red Cross.

HARDING STAYS INDOORS.

He Is Nearly Well, but Is Taking No Risks.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Bad weather prevented President Harding from venturing from the White House to the executive office today, after having been confined to his room nearly a week with the grip.

The President was said to have virtually recovered and was able to work on important papers, but his physician, Dr. Sawyer, thought it inadvisable to take any chances. This day was ideal for an afternoon's motor ride, and, of course, the President would have enjoyed it, but the attendant thought it best to remain indoors.

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CALLS PORTO RICO AFFAIRS "DEPLORABLE"

Representative Mahoney Proposes Congressional Investigation of Conditions on Island.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A general investigation of conditions in Porto Rico was proposed in a resolution introduced in the House today by Representative Mahoney of Massachusetts.

The resolution would authorize the appointment of a committee of three Senators and three Representatives to carry out the investigation, with special attention to the causes of "deplorable" economic and living conditions as reflected by what the resolution describes as "the gross violations of the organic act, land monopoly, absentee landlordism and corporation taxation, franchises, and the cruelty of officials in dealing with the hungry workers."

"It has been declared," the resolution set forth, that several officials of the government of the island, as such, have been guilty of repeated acts of discrimination and oppression and of unethical and cruelty in dealing with the workers.

"It has been charged during the last eight years a number of citizens have been committed by local authorities as a result of breaking strikes by forces of the sugar industry; hundreds of workers have been killed by bullets of the police and agents of employers; hundreds of workers have been sent to jail; many abuses have been committed by local magistrates, and many evictions of strikers have taken place without the payment of law suits. Rights of free speech has been denied in many instances, and hundreds of peaceful meetings and parades have been dispersed by force, and scores of men, women and children have been injured as a result of police and employers' brutality.

There was no recital in the resolution of the row between Governor E. Mont Reily and the Porto Rican Senate, backed by Felix Cordova Davila, Resident Commissioner of Porto Rico, who frequently has demanded in the House that the Governor be removed.

The resolution in the same form was introduced later in the Senate by Senator Brookhart of Iowa.

STILL IN DEADLOCK ON NEWCASTLE CASE

No Settlement in Sight of British-American Dispute Over Consular Officers' Conduct.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Diplomatic treatment of differences between Great Britain and the United States arising from the closing of the American Consulate at Newcastle, England, so far as present negotiations indicate, has failed to point a way to the reopening of that office or to any early agreement between the two Governments on that question.

The latest communication from London to the Washington Government, it was learned today, offered nothing acceptable to officials here, who maintain firmly the position that until a public exoneration of the consular officers against whom charges have been made is forthcoming from the London Government the Newcastle office will remain closed. Neither is there any sign that Great Britain is likely soon to admit that the officials in charge at Newcastle were without blame.

As the situation stands it is said, no approach has been made to a solution of the pending differences between the two Governments. The attitude of each is understood to be unyielding, the British insisting that the American officials discriminated against British subjects while examining documents at the Newcastle Consulate, and Washington officially contending that the conduct of the consular officers was blameless and strictly in keeping with principles prevailing throughout the consular service and having to do with American merchant marine interests.

A reply to this effect probably will be sent to the British Government this week or the early part of next week. By that time Ambassador Harvey will have arrived at his post in London and will be able to give his personal attention to the Newcastle case.

GIVES STATE RIGHT TO TAX BANK CAPITAL

Supreme Court Upholds Nebraska in Levying on Liberty Bonds Included in Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The right of a State to tax the capital of a bank, even though the capital include tax-exempt securities, was upheld today by the Supreme Court of the United States. The case was that of Douglas County, Neb., against the Peters Trust Company of Omaha, and the decision was a reaffirmation of that made by the court some time ago in an Oklahoma case.

In the present case the trust company had included in its $500,000 capital $40,000 of Liberty bonds and $25,000 of Joint Stock Land bonds, as well as real estate and the capital stock of a hotel company.

After a hearing the County Board of Equalization granted the right to deduct the value of the real estate and the hotel stock, but held that the rest of the capital was to be taxed. An appeal was taken to the District Court, which decided the trust company a right to deduct the value of the bonds and generally decreed that these should be included in the value of the property in determining the amount of the tax assessment. Further appeals were taken with the result that the State Supreme Court of Nebraska sustained the validity of a statute giving the right to impose the tax in question.

The Nebraska court took the ground that the amount of money that a State has on capital stock of the stockholders and not on the property of the corporation.

The United States Supreme Court rendered its opinion today as a "blend" of the Nebraska court, merely affirming the lower tribunal.

ASKS MORE FOR DEFENSE.

War Department Urges Appropriation for Hawaii and Panama Projects

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Restoration of items contained in the War Department's estimates for expenditures for the Oahu and Panama Canal defense projects during the coming fiscal year was asked of the subcommittee of the Senate Appropriations Committee today by General R. H. Wells, Assistant Chief of Staff of the War Plans Division.

In recommending that the appropriations be restored from $213,500 allowed by the House to $500,000 originally requested by the War Department, General Wells stated that, after items being considered were large amounts, the sums desired would, if continued in the same annual amounts, enable the completion of the Oahu project in about seven years, and the Panama project would be finished in about 10 years. Yet, he said, the items considered, and the Panama estimates in particular, nothing.

"As a matter of fact," said General Wells, "the War Department finds itself the opposite from the Treasury in that it has to spend 70 per cent. of the amount the Congress appropriates. General Wells asked for, and received, about 70 per cent. of what the Congress allowed. The estimates of General Wells in Panama asked for, although the estimates of both of these officers were conservative and included no item that had not been thoroughly examined and approved by the War Department.

The most widely-worn and the most exclusive Winter coats in New York

"PADDINGTON" London-Made *and*

Saks'-Tailored

Overcoats & Ulsters

IN LONDON the word "Paddington" is a synonym for *the best* there is in overcoats of distinction. In New York both "Paddingtons" and Saks'-tailored overcoats are STANDARD—establishing the style trend, and at all times enjoying the confidence of New York's smartest men.

"Paddington Models" . . 38.00 to 50.00
Saks'-Tailored Overcoats . 43.00 to 88.00

FIFTH FLOOR

BROADWAY **Saks & Company** at 34th STREET

ADVERTISEMENT.

A *Fine* Candy at a Carfare Price!

"FINE CANDY!" to most people means a handsome box, decorated, expensive . . . yet, here is Oh Henry!—a bar, at 10c—two nickels—carfare! . . . that IS a fine candy!

Your tongue will tell you so when you taste Oh Henry! . . . but you can prove it before that!

Take a pencil . . . let's figure . . . on the edge of this newspaper. Start with the price . . . 10c for 3½ ounces . . . figure what you pay for Oh Henry!

Then figure what you don't have to pay for in Oh Henry! . . . remembering that Oh Henry! isn't expensively boxed, is sold everywhere, and made, like Mr. Ford makes cars, in larger quantities than any other candy at its price.

When you finish, you'll find that Oh Henry! is about as fine a candy as there is on the market but with this difference: You can buy it in the quantity you want, and only pay for that much!

Try this new way of buying fine candy . . . this afternoon, try

Oh Henry!

A fine candy made in a handy size!
10c Everywhere!

ADVERTISEMENT.

A&F Co

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

Madison Avenue and 45th Street New York

Southern Beauties

Down where Dame Nature stages her great Mid-Winter Movie—on jade seas and coral sands.

Where the reel sings to the leaps of barracuda and amberjack.

Where polo and golf, motor boat and surf-board, stir the spirit of eternal youth and banish all thought of sleet and snow.

Thousands of our friends are there—thousands more are going—each glad that Abercrombie & Fitch so well understand the sudden Summer needs, from clothes to reel fishing tackle, of the passenger on the Florida Special.

For Florida, Cuba and the Bahamas

English style riding clothes for the tropical countries—for both men and women.

Polo outfits, with Summer helmets and Maxwell London-made boots.

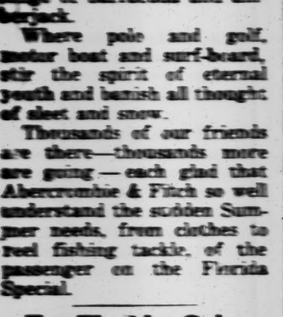
Tropical golf clothes—exclusive fabrics.

Southern and Spring sport suits, dresses, hats and shirts for women—the new Abercrombie & Fitch productions, already being pictured in the Southland.

New Summer sport shoes and hosiery—for all selections in the world.

Clothes, hats and footwear for the unusual deep-sea, surf and river fishing—in addition to the tackle itself.

For "Scooter" or Automobilist



New Abercrombie & Fitch bathing suits, for maid or matron—an interesting collection—picturesque and practical.

Bathing caps and shoes, beach umbrellas, surf-boards and chairs, water bicycles and beach balls.

Motor clothes and wraps of lightest weight, for Southern cross-country and seaside use.

Luncheon kits and motor camp outfits, from tent to cook kit.

Cameras, binoculars, barometers and compasses, for land and marine use.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

EZRA H. FITCH, President

Madison Avenue and 45th Street New York

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard"

WARNS SENATORS TO STAY AT POSTS

Walker Threatens Democratic Colleagues With Arrest If They Neglect Work.

READY TO INVADE COURTS

Leininger Wants Legislature to Ask Congress to Strengthen the Anti-Trust Laws.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—With the Democrats controlling the Senate by the slender margin of one vote, President Pro Tem Walker gathered members of his Democratic flock in conference tonight and served notice on them that failure to attend the sessions from now on would inevitably lead to arrest by the Sergeant-at-Arms, transport to Albany in custody, and arraignment at the bar of the Senate.

Some Democratic Senators who are lawyers told the party leader that Judges presiding over the courts in New York City habitually refuse to grant adjournment of cases to permit counsel who are lawmakers to attend legislative sessions.

Senator Walker replied that, to make a test, he was prepared to have the Sergeant-at-Arms invade the court rooms, if necessary, to establish whether the obligations of lawmakers to their legislative duties were not prior to attendance in court.

Owing to the fact that there are only twenty-six members of the Democratic majority, and as many standing committees, Senator Walker said after the conference that it probably would be necessary to distribute legislative hearings before committees over a wider range of days than has been the custom, and to make Thursdays and, perhaps, Fridays hearing days. This will make the work of the Democratic Senators this session very severe.

For the present there is a potential deadlock in the Senate. Senator Nathan Straus Jr. is ill, and the Senate now stands 25 Democrats to 25 Republicans.

The Republican Senators met in conference also after the session tonight and discussed their program in a legislative way.

Wants Stronger Anti-Trust Laws.

A resolution calling on Congress to strengthen the Federal anti-trust laws so as to make more prompt the prosecution and conviction of all persons connected with illegal building combinations was offered in the Assembly tonight by Peter A. Leininger of Queens, Vice Chairman of the Joint Legislative Housing Committee.

"I believe that all illegal trade combinations calculated to fix prices should be brought under the control of the Federal Government," said Mr. Leininger. "Some of these combinations which originated in this State are now nation-wide in scope, and the best way to cope with them is to strengthen the Federal anti-trust laws."

A similar resolution offered by Assemblyman Maurice Bloch of New York the Federal Secretary of State would be called upon to enter into an international agreement to control the importation and transportation of all narcotic drugs.

The death of Wallace Reid, movie star, was one of the reasons prompting Assemblyman Bloch to offer the resolution.

The Resolution Up Next Week.

Minority Leader Donohue gave notice in the Assembly that he would call up next Monday night his resolution memorializing Congress to modify the Volstead act. He had intended to have the resolution debated tonight, but forgot to give the customary week's notice.

Assemblyman Goodrich of Westchester gave notice that next Monday night he would call up his resolution asking Governor Smith if he had not prejudiced the case of Walter W. Law Jr., President of the State Tax Commission, against whom the Governor preferred charges of incompetency.

The Republicans, it is said, expect the Governor will announce his decision in the Law matter this week. Through the medium of the Goodrich resolution the Republicans in the Assembly will have an opportunity to turn their verbal guns on the Governor if Law is ousted.

There is a bill introduced tonight by Assemblyman Gray of Kings all New York City employees who resigned to enter the World War and who have since been restored to their former positions would receive from the city the difference in their civil and military compensation. Enactment of the measure, it is said, would mean hundreds of dollars for many employees now on the city payrolls.

Free Textbooks for Schools.

A free textbook commission would be created with an appropriation of $1,500,000 to supply the textbooks in all public schools under a bill introduced by Assemblyman Cuvillier of New York. A similar measure was introduced last year, but was killed in the committee.

Assemblyman Cuvillier also offered a bill to appropriate $1,000,000 to continue the work of the Veterans' Relief Commission. This is the second bill introduced this session to continue the work of the commission. Under a measure sponsored by Assemblyman Barnes of Otsego $1,500,000 would be appropriated for the work.

Senator Campbell of Lockport introduced a bill to appropriate $1,000,000 for the construction of an administration building on State-owned land just to the west of the State Capitol.

SUIT OVER BOTTLE.

Complains There Was Broken Glass in Bromo Seltzer—Asks $25,000.

Counsel for the Emerson Drug Company of Baltimore, Md., in the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, yesterday got an order compelling Benjamin Topfer of 1139 Herkimer Street to submit to a physical examination before trial of a suit brought by him to recover $25,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been caused by particles of broken glass in a bottle of bromo seltzer manufactured by the Emerson Company and sold by a Brooklyn druggist.

Topfer alleges that the glass caused an ulcer of the stomach, which may result in cancer, surgery, &c. In the answer counsel for the company asserts that if glass got into the bottle it was no fault of the company.

HURT IN BURGLAR HUNT.

Policeman Is Shot by His Own Pistol as He Trips and Falls.

Patrolman Jefferson Carver of the Newtown Precinct was taken to St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, yesterday in a serious condition from a bullet wound in his left side, caused by the accidental discharge of his own pistol. He was pursuing the house of Andrew Knudsen, 30 Whitney Avenue, Newtown, early yesterday morning when he tripped on the front door mat. Suspecting a burglary, he called Eugene Warwick, a relative of Knudsen, who lives near by. Together they entered the house.

Several persons were discharged and after Carver heard a noise upstairs. Carver drew his pistol and started to go upstairs and fell and the pistol went off. He called down reconstruction. No burglar was found. Knudsen is in Florida.

SLAIN MAN'S PARENTS SEEK TO SAVE WARDER

Governor Declines to Hear Them, Saying Attorneys Can Present the Facts Better.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Executive clemency for Rutger B. Warder, sentenced to die in the electric chair on Thursday night for the murder of Henry Werner near Ilion a year ago, was sought from Governor Smith this afternoon by Mr. and Mrs. Lillian Werner, parents of the slain man.

The Governor refused to hear them, saying he thought the attorneys in the case could present all the facts to him better than the parents.

Mrs. Werner, who was accused of the crime jointly with Warder, was acquitted on Warder's confession that he alone was responsible. Subsequently Warder denied the crime, and charged that Mrs. Werner had plotted the death of her husband and killed him in the cellar of their home. Warder said in his second statement that he simply dragged Werner's body from the cellar of the Werner home to the place where it was found.

A petition, asking for clemency, signed by nearly 2,000 residents of Ilion, including twelve jurors who convicted Warder, was presented to the Governor by William J. Gardner, counsel for the condemned man.

"The murder of the slain man," said Mr. Gardner, "was here to tell you, Governor, that her daughter-in-law confessed to her that she had killed Werner in the cellar of their home."

District Attorney Ward of Herkimer County opposed the application for executive clemency. Despite the fact, he told the Governor, that Warder was his brother-in-law, he declared he was satisfied that Warder was guilty.

Following the hearing Mrs. Werner, mother of the murdered man, returned to the Executive Chamber and asked to be granted an audience with the Governor. She was told he did not care to see her, as he believed all the facts in the case had been presented by counsel.

It is the contention of Mrs. Werner that her daughter-in-law plotted the crime and that Warder was simply a tool in her hands.

Warder's daughter, Gladys, 16, wrote another appeal from Warder prior to the case, was prepared for her father's life.

The Governor and his parden clerk, Owen L. Potter, intend to go over all the evidence in the case, and a decision is expected tomorrow.

OFF TO SUMMER WATERS.

First West Indian Cruise of Historic Royal Mail Starts Tomorrow.

The new 25,500-ton steamship Orca of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company will start on her first cruise to the West Indies, the Panama Canal and South America at 1 o'clock tomorrow with a long list of passengers, including a number of prominent persons from the United States and Canada. Her sailing will mark the Royal Mail's re-entry into the West Indian cruising service from this port.

The Orca's ports of call include Nassau, Bermuda, Kingston, Colon for the Panama Canal, La Guayra, for a visit to the capital of Venezuela; Trinidad, the richest and most tropical island in the West Indies; Barbadoes, Martinique, where the ruins of the picturesque town of St. Pierre, destroyed by the eruption of Mount Pelee in 1902, will be visited; St. Thomas, the chief city of the Virgin Island group, purchased by the United States from Denmark; San Juan, the capital of Porto Rico, and finally Bermuda, the whole making a trip of twenty-eight days.

The Orca, a triple-screw steamship of 25,500 gross tons, has been fitted with all the latest appliances for the safety and comfort of passengers, and has single and double staterooms with baths, suites de luxe, a palm garden and lounge, and is equipped with thermal heating and ventilating apparatus so that her rooms can be either hot or cold as the temperature outside demands.

Sufficient time is being allowed at each port for the passengers to see the sights, and special excursions ashore have been arranged by the Royal Mail through its agents. The Orca will return here on Feb. 21 and leave again for a second cruise on Feb. 28.

The Royal Mail is a historic organization in the West Indies. The company was established in 1839. Under its original charter, granted by King William IV in 1839, its officers have the right to carry side arms, and until quite recently each ship was equipped with rifles and cutlasses and a certain number of men enrolled. In 1806, when the Colonies were in revolt, while the French were trying to construct a Panama Canal some of the British residents were arrested by the revolutionists and put in prison. Captain Woodward, R. N. R. of the Royal Mail steamer Dove, which was then in Colon, armed his seamen with rifles and cutlasses, marched at their head to the prison and compelled the rebels to set free both the British prisoners and some American citizens who had been arrested at the same time.

FINDS QUACKS IN MAJORITY.

Outnumber Reputable Physicians Here, Says Dr. A. F. Chace.

A more active participation by physicians in matters of civic improvement was advocated last evening by Dr. Arthur Freeborn Chace, the new President of the Medical Society of the County of New York, in his inaugural address at the New York Academy of Medicine, 17 West Forty-third Street.

"Why are there more quacks than reputable physicians in New York?" asked Dr. Chace. "It is because the latter have shunned publicity, and in the rapid advance of medical knowledge have often more interested in laboratory methods than in the relief of suffering. We must remember that we are to treat the patient, not the disease.

"It is because the profession looks down upon mankind through that an army of entrepreneurs and interpreters, claiming to cure every imaginable ailment, has sprung up. With a well-directed publicity and a more liberal attitude on our part, the quacks would not be so numerous.

Other speakers who joined in a symposium on medical organization were Dr. Arthur W. Booth, President of the Medical Society of the State of New York; Dr. Winfield S. Pugsley, a Fellow of the American Medical Association, and Dr. George Edmund de Schweinitz, President-elect of the same body.

WOMEN DISCUSS DRUG EVIL.

Two Million Addicts in Country, Mostly Young, Says Mrs. Rooney.

The presence of the United States in the League of Nations would help to suppress the drug evil, said Mrs. Mary Hilly, Superintendent of the Correction Hospital at Welfare Island, speaking to the Women's Democratic Club last evening at the John S. Curry Headquarters, 422 West Fifty-seventh Street.

"Most of the opium coming into the United States," she said, "comes from poppies grown in India and Persia. I do not blame this on to the British, but I say that it is their problem as well as ours to fight the drug evil. I think that if the United States were in the League we would be in a better position to decide the suppression of the drug evil at its source."

Mrs. John Jerome Rooney, Chairman of the National Association for the Suppression of the Drug Evil, said that it was not that there were over 2,000,000 persons in the United States today using drugs where there had been only a few years ago, but that 1,000,000 three years ago. Mostly per cent. of the drug addicts, Mrs. Rooney said, were under 25 years of age and 75 per cent. under thirty.

"The hope is, we realize it, who realizes it and who wills it are questions that I intend to bring before the people," said Mrs. Rooney.

PROPOSES INQUIRY ON PETERS KILLING

Cuvillier Resolution Asks Investigation of Westchester's Prosecution of Ward.

CHARGES BY MRS. PETERS

In Papers Sent to Governor Smith She Accuses County Officials of Dereliction.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 22.—A resolution calling for a legislative investigation of the Ward-Peters murder case in Westchester County, was offered in the Legislature tonight by Assemblyman Cuvillier, Democrat, of New York. The committee would be composed of three Senators and four Assemblymen and would report its findings to the Legislature not later than March 15.

Two weeks ago Mrs. Mary O. Peters of Haverhill, mother of the youth slain by Walter S. Ward, came to Albany and asked Governor Smith to see that "justice was done" in the case. The Governor promised that he would look into the case, and all the papers and evidence were turned over to the Governor's office.

Today there was received at the Governor's office a blanket charge from Mrs. Peters of dereliction of duty on the part of Westchester County officials in the prosecution of the case. The officials mentioned in the charge are Frederick A. Wells, former District Attorney; Arthur H. Brainard, present District Attorney, and Harold Werner.

Governor Smith said this afternoon that he had seen the charges submitted on behalf of Mrs. Peters, but that he understood there was not in the communications any evidence to justify action on his part. He will consider any new evidence that may be brought out in the charge against the Westchester officials. The Governor further said that Assemblyman A. Perley Pattison, and his partner clerk, Owen L. Potter, are going over all of the evidence, and he may have an announcement to make within a few days.

In his resolution Assemblyman Cuvillier declares that "Ward has never established in any court that in the shooting of Peters he was justified in any way or acted in self-defense." It goes on:

"It has been intimated that the indictment against Ward was dismissed due to his social position and influence, which, if true, is entirely contrary to American ideas of the proper administration of justice."

According to reports of the Capitol there is not in the record of the Ward case any indication that Ward ever established having shot Peters, even in self-defense.

HOWAT TO KEEP UP FIGHT.

Freed Kansas Miners' Leader Says Industrial Court Must Go.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Jan. 22.—Alexander Howat, former President of District 14, United Mine Workers of America, told 1,000 miners this afternoon at Franklin that the fight against the Kansas Industrial Court law would continue until the law was "wiped off the statute books." It was the first appearance of the deposed miners' chief in nearly two years. The meeting revived that Howat and the five other former miners officials he reinstated to the positions they held prior to suspension of the district's autonomy on Oct. 31, 1921.

Another resolution thanked Judge D. H. Woolley of the District Court for freeing the men, demanded that Governor Jonathan M. Davis "immediately request the Industrial Court law and compel the Industrial Court to abide by the splendid fight they have made."

Speaking of A. J. Curran, former District Judge, who sentenced him and the five others to a year in jail for violating an injunction prohibiting strike, Howat said:

"The people of Crawford County, by their vote last Nov. 7, were able to take care of this so-called 'sturdy American.' They also repudiated the Industrial Court, former Governor Henry J. Allen and the steel-trust he had running the Governor's office. Curran can be buried as deep as they like but he will never be resurrected again."

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 22.—The defense of Alexander Howat and August Dorchy, former President and Vice President of the Kansas Miners' Union, that they are now under parole of the Crawford County District Court, and therefore not subject to any order of warrant from the Cherokee County District Court, in accordance with Attorney General Dan C. Griffith's ruling, was presented in a letter to County Attorney C. A. Burnett of Crawford County and County Attorney R. E. Rumsmith of Cherokee County, also to Phil Calloy, Howat's attorney, maintaining that the prosecution in Cherokee County, asking for a bench warrant for Howat and Dorchy, was in accordance with law.

Attorney General Griffith points out in their letters, citing various Supreme Court decisions, that evidence for contempt of court is not subject to parole with a view to keeping the case under jurisdiction of the Court, as is the case of prisoners who have been sentenced for violation of State statute. Howat and Dorchy were sentenced in Crawford County for contempt of court.

TO AID RURAL SCHOOLS.

Committee of 21 Proposes Radical Changes in Present System.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Recommendations for radical changes in the State program of financial aid for rural education and the present system of rural school administration were drafted by the Committee of Twenty-one, representing seven State organizations, at an all-day session here today.

The program as drafted will become the working basis for a bill to be introduced in the Legislature within two weeks by the Joint Committee, headed by Senator Seymour Lowman of Elmira. It is the result of three years of study on problems of rural education in the State.

The recommendations are grouped into two divisions—financial and administrative. The financial proposals are:

Increased financial aid for general rural education, distributed equitably according to respective wealth of the different communities.

Financial aid for repair of existing rural school buildings and for erection of new buildings in the poorer areas of the State, this distribution also to be effected on a basis of wealth of the local unit.

Special grant of $20 a month to teachers of experience and superior training who consent to go into the one-teacher rural schools. These schools at present, the report stated, serve merely as a training ground for inexperienced teachers, many of inferior ability, and naturally the rural school student suffers.

Administrative recommendations include:

Creation of a larger local unit of school administration in rural sections, elimination of the district, county or town line, and establishment of the rural school unit based on the Community.

Creation of a Board of Education for each of the new units to displace the School Trustee, who now is superintendent of the rural school district.

Repeal of the present statutes concerning the transportation of pupils, providing for a broader authority and substitution of a plan which will make transportation dependent on a philosophy of return concerned.

FOILS PLOT TO KILL DRUG DETECTIVES

Policeman's Premature Visit to Rendezvous Upsets Plan Laid by Vendors.

When Charles Ferraro, 19 years old, who said he lived at 208 Elizabeth Street, was locked up in the Mercer Street Station last night on a charge of having narcotics, the police made known that the night before they had foiled a plot of illicit narcotic vendors to slay detectives of the Narcotic Division. Ferraro was arrested by Detective Sergeant John Kelly of the Hudson Street Station after a struggle with the detective, and two gallowsers in front of 69 West Houston Street.

Policeman Stankowitz the night before learned that a band of narcotic vendors had a rendezvous in East Houston Street, and when he entered the place the lookout, Angelo Vecchio, a cocaine and heroin addict in the cellar, and two fully loaded pistols concealed in a closet. The occupants had fled. Stankowitz took the drugs and the pistols to the station.

Investigation by detectives under Deputy Commissioner Caulfield Simon developed that the day before an anonymous letter had been sent to the office of the Narcotic Division, informing Dr. Simon that 10 detectives called at the place they would capture a large quantity of drugs and the brothers of a band of Illicit purveyors who had been supplying actors and actresses in the White Light district.

Policeman Stankowitz, unaware of the letter, descended on the place before the time set in the communication, and the lookout, on duty, gave the signal which was indication of a plot to kill the detectives as they entered the place at the appointed time.

Ferraro denied all knowledge of the plot. Detective Sergeant Kelly found two "decks" of cocaine in his pockets.

CHARGE POLICY PLAYER TRIED TO BRIBE PRINTER

Herald Foreman Causes Arrest of Man After $5,000 Offer for Market Figures.

An attempt to bribe a newspaper employe to give out information gathered by the newspaper before press time and thus enable him to get thousands of dollars from policy game operators, the police allege, resulted last night in the arrest of Frank Moore, a negro, of 305 West 142d Street, charged with having policy slips in his possession.

Testimony negroes but on the first four figures of the total amount of stocks sold each day and the total amount of money represented by the stock turnover. Odds of 600 to 1 are given by the operators of the game, and bets as low as 1 cent are accepted.

Moore, according to the police, wrote to William W. Keller, foreman of the composing room of The Herald, offering big pay for the figures before the paper went to press. He wrote three letters, raising his offer each time, until he reached $5,000. Keller notified the chief and a letter was sent to Moore inviting him to meet Keller at The Herald office. Detectives August Mayer and Grover C. Brown were sent from Police Headquarters to wait for the negro. When he repeated his offer Moore was arrested.

JUDGE CRITICISES MOORE.

Awards Custody of Child to Dead Mother's Parents.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Life in a humble home in Westfield, Chautauqua County, is better for Edith Moore, 6 years old, than life in a Riverside Drive apartment in New York City, Justice Alonzo G. Hinkley decided today. He awarded custody of the child to her dead mother's parents, denying an application for custody made by William B. Moore, assistant manager of the Old Colony Club o fNew York. Moore told the Court that he wanted to place the child in the care of his own mother, Mrs. Edith Moore, wife of a banking engineer, who lives on Riverside Drive.

Stories of gay parties at the home of the Moores and the present Mrs. Moore, are when they live in North Shat, Pa., influenced the decision of the Court, Surrogate of Moore in his opinion, Judge Hinkley said:

"There are few men, unpunished by imprisonment, against whom so many serious charges have been made. All of them, although a few years old, involve grievous moral turpitude and naturally have great weight in determining his fitness as the custodian of an 8-year-old girl."

WOULD LICENSE BROKERS.

District Attorney Banton's Bill to Be Introduced in State Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 22.—A bill providing for the licensing of stock and bond brokers and placing them under the supervision of the State Superintendent of Banks was introduced tonight by Senator Thomas I. Sheridan on behalf of District Attorney Joab H. Banton of New York. If the bill is enacted corporations selling stocks and bonds to the public must file statements with the Banking Department giving the names of their officers and Directors and details showing their financial condition and the purpose of the issues.

The fee for licenses would be $5 per annum and licenses could be revoked for cause by the State Superintendent of Banks, subject to review by the courts. The bill would remove the immunity clause in the present law for brokers volunteering information to the authorities. This clause has given the authorities much trouble, and in the opinion of many rendered the law ineffective. It would also give public prosecutors the right to examine books of brokerage concerns where failure has been followed by criminal charges and prosecution.

KILLS TWO, WOUNDS THREE.

Denver Youth Then Dramatically Ends His Life in a Theatre.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 22.—While police were seeking Louis Cavelitti, former soldier and vocational training student of Fort Collins, Colo., for the slaying yesterday of two persons and the wounding of three others, one probably fatally, he entered a downtown motion picture theatre tonight, took a front seat in the balcony and shot himself to death. The audience in the theatre was thrown into an uproar by the dramatic act of the youth. Police identified the body.

Cavelitti was being sought as the result of the fatal shooting of Mrs. Christian Miller, 35 years old, and Silvio Pinoni and the wounding of Jimmy Farella, Mike Miller, husband of the slain woman, and John Dardigni, 6-year-old son of a restaurant keeper, in a lower downtown rooming house.

BRITISH SEEK LEAD IN AIR.

Plan to Build Many Machines of New Type.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—As the result of remarkable developments recently in aircraft construction, says The Central News today, Government experts are preparing an entirely new aviation policy, which is to be submitted to the Cabinet soon, so that the increased expenditure involved may be included in the next budget.

The plan contemplates the building of a large number of airplanes of a new type, which, according to the news agency, will place England ahead of all other nations "for military and naval purposes."

MAYOR DEFENDS HIS TRANSIT PLAN

Says Merchants' Association Is Propaganda Disseminator for "Interests."

SEES PEOPLE FOR HIS IDEA

Contends Vote at Last Election Was Against Commission's Proposal.

Mayor Hylan replied yesterday to the condemnation of his transit plan by the City Traffic Committee of the Merchants' Association by charging the association with being "propaganda disseminator for the traction interests." The Mayor declared that the people of the city voted last Fall in favor of his plan and against the Transit Commission's plan, which the report of the committee favored.

"Everybody is beginning to understand that the Merchants' Association, like the Citizens Union, is being run by two or three men," the Mayor said, "and that the Merchants' Association has been used for years by the traction interests as a propaganda disseminator.

"When the traction interests want anything put over they get the Merchants' Association and a few other so-called civic organizations with high-sounding names to start propaganda work, and then the newspapers that are in sympathy with the interests give a great deal of space in their papers to help behind the people. The best evidence in the world that the plan put forward by this Administration, called the Hylan plan for transit improvement, is beneficial to the people is that the Merchants' Association is against it. The Merchants' Association thinks that some people have forgotten the overwhelming rebuke given to the Transit Board and its plan at the last election.

"The plan called the Hylan plan presented by this Administration was submitted to the people of the city for their criticism. A hearing was given for the people of each borough, and many civic organizations approved of the plan and several offered suggestions which would improve the plan.

"The Transit Board plan with the approval of the Merchants' Association emanates from the traction interests. The city's plan, called Hylan's plan, emanates from the people. It might better be termed the people's plan.

At the office of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building it was said that no immediate reply would be made to the Mayor, but that the association would have something further to say about the transit situation later.

CALLS ON HYLAN FOR FULL TRANSIT DATA

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

tion of buses, at an estimated corporate stock outlay of $25,000,000, indicating the number of buses to be constructed or purchased and operated under the said plan, and within the said total appropriation: the passenger carrying capacity of each bus of the type or types in view; the daily carrying capacity of the full complement of such buses in service; the estimated cost of construction or purchase per bus; the estimated cost of the garage properties and of the equipment of garages and repair shops; all other estimated costs of such service.

The dates upon which each type of corporate stock or installment of such stock, within the said total of $25,000,000 will be required to cover the installation of bus operation.

Mayor Hylan, in his capacity as Chairman of the Board of Estimate, is asked to forward the information which the Steinberg resolution calls for within ten days following its adoption.

The resolution was laid over until tomorrow for debate under the rules of the Assembly.

Says Information Is Needed.

In preambles to his resolution, Mr. Steinberg said:

"The necessity for increasing the transit facilities of New York City as a means of relief of the intolerable conditions now prevailing is clear and imperative, irrespective of any determination by the Legislature affecting the future administrative or regulatory control of the city's transit system. It is important that full and accurate information be furnished the Legislature, at the earliest time practicable, with relation to the purpose of the city and its ability, under existing constitutional and statutory limitations, to provide prompt and adequate relief.

"An answer to the questions embodied in the resolution will, in my opinion, show:

"1. That Mayor Hylan has so well defined engineering plan in connection with his 'people's transit' plan.

"2. That the Mayor has not defined a plan of financing the proposed transit development and that he has not worked out a plan of operation.

"3. That even if the city were in a position to negotiate terms it would be at the cost of abandonment of public school program and many other imperatively needed public improvements.

"4. That it would mean that a five-cent fare on the proposed municipally owned and operated system under the Hylan plan might last through the present Mayor's Administration, but would not survive it."

HYLAN ASKED TO VETO GAS CUT-OFF MEASURE

Public Hearing Is Set for This Afternoon, Following Many Protests.

Representatives of civic associations, real estate bodies and property owners will have an opportunity this afternoon to appear before Mayor Hylan and protest against his signing of the gas cut-off ordinance recently passed by the Board of Aldermen which requires the installation of such a device upon all buildings of over five stories. The Mayor vetoed a similar ordinance last April, but it was declared he was in favor of the present one.

Many organizations and individuals have written the Mayor, protesting against the ordinance. The latest protest was received yesterday from Alderman George U. Harvey, Republican, of Flushing. In his letter the Alderman asked the Mayor to veto the measure. "I thus asserting to that you are still the people's friend and protector." Alderman Harvey said it was his firm belief that the Aldermen would revise many if the ordinance were signed, but he thought the Aldermen in passing it were "misled and unduly influenced against their better judgment." The public hearing will be held at 2:30 P. M.

TYPIST SUES LAWYER.

Baron Promised to Marry Her, Janet Behrens Charges.

Saul J. Baron, a lawyer at 32 Nassau Street, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday for $50,000 damages for breach of promise by Janet Behrens, who was employed as a stenographer in his office. Miss Behrens declares that the lawyer agreed to marry her in 1918, but was refused to set a date for the wedding.

Baron, who is unmarried, said yesterday that the suit left his hands and that he would "see it through."

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AUTOMOBILES KILL 3 GIRLS; 1 INJURED

City Bus Runs Over Child and Hits Her Companion in 26th Street.

TWO BROOKLYN VICTIMS

One Struck While at Play and Another as She Is Crossing the Street.

Olga Cannara, 6 years old, of 218 Ninth Avenue, was killed and Phyllis Gray, 7, her playmate, of the same address, was badly hurt by a municipal auto bus which ran them down at Ninth Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street last night. Clarence Hoile, 32 years old, of 838 East 134th Street, chauffeur of the bus, was arrested on a technical charge of homicide. The bus is owned by Walter Traxler and is operated under the supervision of the Department of Plant and Structures.

The girls were sent to a store on Ninth Avenue near Twenty-fourth Street, last night, one for a loaf of bread and the other for a bottle of milk. On their way home, with the bundles under their arms, they had to cross Ninth Avenue. As they were crossing the avenue the Gray girl noticed the bus coming east in Twenty-fourth Street from the Twenty-third Street ferry, on its way to Pennsylvania Station and Grand Central Terminal. She started back and tried to drag back her companion, but did not have time.

The bus struck the Cannara girl, knocking her down, and the front right wheel passed over her body, crushing her to death instantly. The negligent let the Gray girl a glancing blow and knocked her to the street. She was cut and bruised all over her body, and it is feared she is injured internally.

Patrolman Felix Ruggieri of the West Thirtieth Street Station, who saw the accident, stopped a taxicab and sent the Cannara girl to the French Hospital, where Dr. Kirk pronounced her dead. The officer then took Hoile, the chauffeur, to the West Thirtieth Street Station. Arthur Pedersen of 78 Mt. Pleasant Avenue, West Orange, N. J., the only passenger in the bus, took the Gray girl to the office of Dr. Fred Miller at 240 West Twenty-third Street.

Children who had seen the accident notified the mothers of the victims. Just as Mrs. Gray was rushing out to look at her daughter, her husband, Detective Sergeant Robert Gray of the Oak Street Station, came home from duty. Mr. and Mrs. Gray took their daughter home from the physician's office.

Two school girls were killed by automobiles in Brooklyn last night. They were Annie Schneider, 10 years old, of 685 Grand Street, Brooklyn, and Rose Mastromarino, 11, of 365 Union Street, Brooklyn.

The Schneider girl was struck by a touring car owned and operated by John Main, 21 years old, of 71 Cheltenham Street, while she was playing in the road at Grand Street and Humboldt Avenue. Main took her to St. Catherine's Hospital, where she died.

The Mastromarino girl was hit by an automobile driven by Charles Katz of 475 Woodward Avenue, Ridgewood, for the United Cigar Company, while she was crossing Third Avenue and Union Street. She died in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital.

ANDERSON IS READY TO FIGHT REPUBLICANS

Anti-Saloon Man Says He Would Trust Smith, Murphy or Walker to Enforce Law.

Addressing Protestant clergymen yesterday at a meeting in the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, who revealed, announced that if the Republican Party nominates another "wet" for Governor his organization probably would advise "dry" Republicans to vote the Democratic ticket, until the leaders of the other party were "put under the political and it realized that to 'wet' Republicans would be useless."

Mr. Anderson said that there was an element in the Republican Party which hoped to ride into control behind Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt, whom he termed "Theodore Roosevelt the Little." Another faction, he said, was grooming H. Edmund Machold, Speaker of the Assembly, for the Gubernatorial nomination two years hence. Dry enforcement would "fare better ultimately" with Al Smith, Charlie Murphy, or even Jimmy Walker, than Machold, for the consequences to the State in the long run would not be so bad and the clean-up would come sooner," he said.

Mr. Anderson prefaced his prepared address with the statement that his enemies, not content with accusing him with having "a collar and a silk collar," have now begun on his family.

The assemblage unanimously adopted a report recommending the adoption of prohibition, one of them commending Governor Smith for his "stand to recommend the repeal of the Mullan-Gage act."

Ernest H. Cherrington, General Secretary of the World League against Saloons, declared that the dry advocates faced the fact that it was practically impossible to secure absolute prohibition for a large nation without the co-operation of other nations.

"Never was there a better time for effort toward international prohibition than the present," Mr. Cherrington said. "The action of the United States has aroused the world. The benefits of nation-wide prohibition during the war are still fresh.

Banking up his argument that prohibition was not put over "between days" by the drys, but was the result of evolution covering a period of 200 years, Mr. Cherrington told of the beginnings of the movement in this country. He said the first anti-liquor law was passed in North Carolina in 1758. It provided that ministers should not drink to excess nor play games of chance.

The first temperance organization was the Billy Clark Temperance Society, founded in Saratoga in 1808, he said.

"The members promised not to drink to excess except at public dinners. If a member broke his promise he was fined 25 cents if he was carried home it cost him 50 cents."

The General Conference of the Methodist Church, held in this city in 1812, voted down a resolution forbidding the ministers to retail liquor. In 1832, when the resolution came up again, a majority complied, the elimination of beer and light wines from it."

Hitch in Belgian-Canadian Deal.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 22.—The negotiations for a treaty of commerce between Belgium and Canada have been suspended owing to the return home of W. S. Fielding, the Canadian Minister of Finance, to Canada for consultation. The negotiations probably will be accomplished until Belgium's customs tariff has been revised. The negotiations will be resumed when Parliament meets on Dec. 1923 next.

CURLEY SLUR ON SIMS APPEALED TO HARDING

Legal Coalition Declares Boston Mayor's Attack Is Injurious to the Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—The Legal Coalition, through its Secretary, Nesbit Mitchum, has appealed to President Harding and Secretary of the Navy Denby, asking that official action be taken on Mayor Curley's criticism of Rear Admiral Sims. The appeal is the result of Mayor Curley's caustic refusal to attend a meeting under the auspices of the Coalition at which Admiral Sims was to be the chief speaker.

In refusing the invitation, Mayor Curley said:

"I have no desire to sit on any platform with Admiral Sims, retired, whose last service to the American Navy was his retirement from it. I would suggest that when he is done showing off the only weapon he is expert at—his mouth—he be escorted to the Cunard or White Star dock and given an opportunity to follow the trail and example of his ambitious, Benedict Arnold."

Mr. Mitchum wrote to President Harding:

"The Legal Coalition, an American patriotic society of Boston, pledged to the promotion of American traditions and ideals by an educational campaign in Americanism, unqualified allegiance to the flag, Constitution and Government of the United States, non-interference in the domestic affairs of other nations, and including in its membership many prominent citizens of Boston and other cities of the United States, views with indignation and astonishment and unqualified attack upon the record and character of one of the most distinguished officers of the United States Navy, Rear Admiral, William Sowden Sims, United States Navy (retired), by the Mayor of the City of Boston. In the Democratic Massachusetts Hon. James M. Curley.

"We ask you, as the constitutional Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of these United States, to write the utterances of the Mayor of the City of Boston regarding the long career of the United States Navy to the last hundred distinguished services to the nation in time of war and in time of peace. This is a flagrant attack not only upon the character of the officer mentioned, but upon the spirit of our Navy. We, in the U. S. Navy, of official obligation as the Mayor of the City of Boston in his official capacity as such and over his own signature has maliciously insulted the people of these United States."

ELIZA WALKER DEAD, LEAVES $1,000,000

Lived Here Until 1914 and Dies in Native English City at Age of 80.

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By Wireless to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A romantic story of a girl's rise to riches and high position in New York society is recalled by the death at Lincoln at the age of 80 of Miss Eliza Walker of Pittsfield, Mass., leaving a fortune estimated at £200,000 (nearly $1,000,000).

Miss Walker was born at Hullington, Lincolnshire, in 1843, her parents being in rather poor circumstances. According to local correspondents, she was an exceptionally good-looking girl, and after leaving school obtained employment at a Lincoln hotel. Later she came to London and entered the service of a wealthy couple, who, having no family or near relatives, bequeathed all their possessions to her when they died.

She went to America, and after a spell of travelling about the United States settled down in New York as a manicurist in Fifth Avenue. Miss Walker did not forget her home surroundings in Lincoln and neighborhood, and she came from America on frequent visits to them.

She arrived in Lincoln for the last time early in 1914, and remained there until her death.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Jan. 22.—None of the older Pittsfield residents tonight could recall Eliza Walker.

FIREMAN DEMPSEY DIES.

Unconscious From Time He Was Hit on Head Last Saturday to End.

Fireman William J. Dempsey of Hook and Ladder Company No. 108, Wallis, L. I., who was taken to Bellevue Hospital at 4 o'clock Sunday morning with a fracture of the skull, which he received after attending a ball and entertainment of the uniformed firemen at Madison Square Garden Saturday night, died yesterday afternoon without having regained consciousness. On hearing of his death Chief Medical Examiner Charles Norris ordered the body removed to the morgue for an immediate autopsy.

Mr. Dempsey's bedside when he died were his wife, Mrs. Ellen Dempsey, with whom he lived at 915 Park Place, Brooklyn, and two brothers, the Rev. Thomas Dempsey of St. Leo's Rectory, Scranton, Pa., and Fireman Oliver Dempsey of Hook and Ladder Company No. 108.

The Police and Fire Commissioner Thomas Drennan are investigating a story to the effect that Dempsey received his injuries as the result of a fight when he objected to a brother fireman dancing with Mrs. Dempsey.

MEXICO CITY IS TIED UP.

Strike Halts All Street Cars—Aid Promised Here for New Body.

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Special Cable to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 22.—The second day of the tramway strike have has passed peacefully. The strikers have issued an appeal to the Federation of Mexican Labor to declare a general strike in sympathy, but this is unlikely to materialize, as public opinion is against the tramway strike at this time.

Large numbers of gendrmes are being used, but are unable to take care of the traffic. Federal troops are guarding the tramway buildings and car barns.

Reports from New York saying that Thomas Clifton Tinsley will take part in the formation of the Irish Republican bank of exchange has caused a favorable feeling among business men here, as it gives assurance that the bank idea when issued will have backing to maintain their value. Business men agree that the establishment of the bank will make for a betterment of conditions generally.

DIVIDE ON SOLDIER PLAN.

House Republicans Debate Farming Special Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The formation of a House committee of seventeen members to consider soldier legislation was discussed tonight at a conference of House Republicans, but there was no quorum and action was deferred.

The proposal, which was put forward by former service men in the House, was approved and adopted during nearly two hours of debate, but several dissatisfied members of the plan said they expect to bring it before another conference shortly and would insist upon action prior to the adjournment of Congress March 4.

SAYS RADIO CANNOT RIVAL NEWSPAPER

Patrons of Wireless Must Adapt Themselves to Its Time, Chester S. Lord Asserts.

TELLS NEED OF EDITORS

Country Requires Good Ones Now as Never Before Because of Great Problems of the Present.

The radio will not supplant the newspaper as a distributor of news, said Chester S. Lord, editor, author and chancellor of the University of the State of New York in answer to a question at the close of his address last evening at the Central Branch of the Brooklyn Y. M. C. A., Hanson Place, on journalism, as a profession. Mr. Lord said that the radio requires its patrons to adapt themselves to its time, instead of adapting itself to their time, as the newspaper does.

Mr. Lord, who was managing editor of The Sun under the late Charles A. Dana, eulogized Dana, as one of the greatest editors that this country ever had. Speaking of journalism as a career today, however, he said that there was more opportunity for a young man in the small towns than in the greater cities, especially New York.

"There are between 1,000 and 1,200 newspaper men now actively engaged in the work in New York City," Mr. Lord said. "Unfortunately, not all of these 1,200 can be editor-in-chief, and they must to a large extent work under direction. But in a village the conditions are reversed. The editor generally owns the sheet, and many works as his pleases. The editor in the village is one of its most influential citizens.

"Never have I seen such opportunity for newspaper editors as at present. Moreover, the honest editor is needed now as never before."

The country needs good editors, Mr. Lord said, because of the influences of the newspapers, and the pressure of present problems, political, social, industrial, artistic, and moral.

"The newspaper today," he said, "is the product that the newspaper of a few years ago. The making of newspapers is settling down to a strong and substantial basis."

WOULD HALT BOND INTEREST

New York Trust Opposes $301,000 Payment by Denver & Rio Grande.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 22.—An order directing the receiver of the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad not to pay $301,000 interest on the first consolidated mortgage bonds of the company, due April 1, is asked in a petition filed in the Federal District Court here this afternoon.

Attorneys representing the New York Trust Company, trustee under the adjustment mortgage of the company, and a joint plaintiff in the suit of the Bankers Trust Company as trustee against the road, filed the petition, which is said to have come as a surprise in connection with the extended litigation involving the company.

A date for hearing arguments on the petition is expected to be set within the next few days, it is said. The attitude of the petitioning trust companies, according to a statement issued by attorneys late today, "is in line with the policy of the Sutro committee, which is representing the refunding and adjustment bond holders, and is designed to protect the return to the Denver & Rio Grande Western of the equity in the Utah Fuel Company's stock, or the payment of the entire $16,000,000 consolidated mortgage out of that stock."

According to the statement, this would declare the railroad free of any actually fixed charges of about $800,000 and improve the financial structure of the system accordingly.

HELPS MAN BANDITS SHOT.

Detective Gives Blood to Former Officer Hurt Five Years Ago.

Five years ago Joseph Kenely, then a policeman, was shot by bandits and he received wounds which caused complications that have lingered with him since. Recently an operation was ordered and it was performed yesterday.

A blood transfusion also was necessary and Acting Detective Sergeant Joseph T. Shea, 35, of Manhattan Police Headquarters, volunteered to furnish the blood. The operations were performed at the Norwegian Hospital in Brooklyn. Kenely came out of the ether at 6:20 o'clock last night.

Shea was chosen from a large number who offered to give their blood to help Kenely. He received no payment for the gift of his blood as Kenely said he was his pastor to give remuneration for it.

After the transfusion, Shea put on his coat and walked to the subway. He suffered no pain but to give his act any distinction.

"I don't know Kenely," he said. "I was glad to have a chance to do him a favor."

The transfusion and operation were performed by Dr. Henry F. Graham, of 425 First Street, Brooklyn. The transfusion took a half hour, the other operation following.

FIGHT LABOR UNION CURB.

Organized Workers Asked to Oppose Lockwood Committee Bill.

An appeal to the labor unions of New York State to oppose the bill presented to the Legislature by the Lockwood Committee, at the request of Samuel Untermyer, calling for the licensing and supervision of trades unions by the State, was made yesterday by John M. O'Hanlon, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the State Federation of Labor.

Mr. O'Hanlon pointed out that Senator J. J. Dunnigan, the new Chairman of the Lockwood Committee, was opposed to the bill, and that the committee reported the bill without recommendation.

The bill provides that trades unions shall be prohibited from limiting membership, limiting the number of apprentices, expelling members, giving some employers preference in the employment of members, limiting the amount of days work, refusing to work in any shop installed by employers and requiring State supervision of union accounts.

PUEBLOS BRING APPEAL HERE

Indians Have Been in Washington Fighting Land Bill.

Ten Pueblo Indians, who have been appearing before the Senate Committee on Public Lands against the Bursum bill, are expected to arrive in New York this afternoon, to continue their appeal to the American public. They will be accompanied by Mrs. H. A. Atwood, of Riverside, Cal., and John Collier, formerly of New York, executive secretary, Chairman and Research Agent of the Indian Welfare Committee of the General Federation of Women's Clubs.

During the stay here of the delegation, New York friends of the Pueblos will hold a mass meeting in Town Hall, to which members of the public, at which members of the delegation will speak and sing their tribal songs.

SLOAN AND HENRI DID NOT RECANT DRY QUIPS

Meeting of Artists Eulogized by Hughes Over Recent Speeches.

John Sloan, President of the Society of Independent Artists, and Robert Henri, one of its Directors, were assailed yesterday at a meeting of the Directors of the society at the headquarters, 1947 Broadway, where they were criticised for speaking against the Eighteenth Amendment recently. Albert H. Munsell called for a vote of censure upon both men.

The President and the prominent Director of the society had not taken into consideration the prohibition members of the Society of Independent Artists when, at the dinner of the New Society of Artists the other day at the Anderson Galleries, they both said that making a speech was impossible under present Eighteenth Amendment conditions. Mr. Sloan added that an Eighteenth Amendment audience was too cold and critical to be talked to, and Mr. Henri said he would never make a speech as long as the United States Government held this restriction upon him.

"It is not dignified for officers of this society to speak of the Eighteenth Amendment in this way," said Mr. Munsell, "or to condone the breaking of the law, and I believe a motion should be passed to censure them."

"We should pass a motion to have the Directors of this society both refrain from criticising the Eighteenth Amendment," said James M. Daugherty, and refrain from drinking during the life of the Eighteenth Amendment."

"I have never heard anything as foolish as these remarks," said Troy de Hamme. "If they are passed I shall resign from the society."

"We didn't adopt any of the motions," said Mr. Sloan when asked about the discussion after the meeting. "I don't know if they were lying on the table or slipped under it. We don't believe Robert's Rules very carefully. They didn't want it to be said that artists couldn't paint or write or speak or do anything they had to do without drink."

"I did not speak the other night as President of the Independents, though I was introduced as the President and did speak later of the society. My reference to the Eighteenth Amendment was personal. I believe in independence in everything, and only in case of war would I not have everything. I would not, even the Ku Klux Klan. I would laugh at it. All this prohibition goes to show that our country lacks a sense of humor. I have heard Henri say that he objected to the Eighteenth Amendment because now you always had to take a drink when you were asked, and before prohibition you could refuse it if you wished."

There were fourteen of the twenty members of the Board of Directors present at the meeting, including one woman, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, who is on the board, was not present. The discussion was heated for a time.

TRAIN HITS FIRE LADDER.

Man Fighting Brooklyn Store Blaze Had Just Climbed Off It.

Five firemen narrowly escaped injury yesterday when a Bay Ridge train knocked down two ladders which had been propped against the elevated structure near Fifty-first Street and Third Avenue, Brooklyn, while the department was fighting a fire that burned out five stores at 5,103-5,109 Third Avenue. The men just had climbed down in time.

The fire started in the cellar of the Bone & Merritt Shoe Store at 5,103 and spread to adjoining premises in the two-story brick building. After an hour and a half the firemen were preparing to quit when the train struck. It was in the auditing of the American Bowling and Billiard Academy. It took two hours more to put it out.

ITALY TO ACT ON TREATIES.

Committee Is Called to Consider Washington Agreements.

ROME, Jan. 22.—Former Premier Orlando, as chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Chamber of Deputies, has summoned the committee for Wednesday to consider reports on the treaties concluded at the Washington arms conference.

The treaties are to be submitted to the Chamber at its February session.

WANTS DR. MANNING AS U. S. ARCHBISHOP

Office Not Yet Created, but Sure to Come, Says Canon Nelson at Dinner.

CELEBRATES 80TH YEAR

Clergymen Present a Cassock to Veteran Official of the New York Diocese.

Canon George Francis Nelson of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine was the guest of a dinner given last evening in the Plaza Hotel by the clergy of the Episcopal Diocese of New York, in honor of his eightieth birthday. His birthday was Dec. 11 last, and the dinner has been planned for that evening, but Dr. Nelson was stricken with pneumonia a few days before that and spent his birthday in St. Luke's Hospital.

Bishop William T. Manning was toastmaster and principal speaker. In the name of the clergy the Bishop presented to Dr. Nelson a Florentine cassock.

In accepting the cassock and thanking his brethren, Canon Nelson remonstrated Bishop Manning for the first Archbishop of the Episcopal Church of the United States of America. This brought great applause.

"Perhaps the greatest surprise of my life came when a newspaper called me the 'Archbishop of New York,'" said the Canon. "This was especially so inasmuch as that office has not yet been created in the Episcopal Church of America. But it is almost sure to come.

"Meanwhile our eyes are set on our own great metropolitan leader for this exalted office. Everything points to him as the choice just as the compass points to the North Star."

Bishop Manning in his address reviewed the life of Dr. Nelson. "We think of him first as the vicar of Grace Chapel, said the Bishop. "Then we think of him in succession as superintendent of our City Mission Society, as Secretary to the late Bishop Henry Codman Potter, as Secretary of the Diocese of New York, as Assistant Secretary and then Secretary of the House of Bishops. And I am happy to say that he is at present the only presbyter who has a life seat on the platform at meetings of the House of Bishops. And it rejoices me to remind you that Dr. Nelson is still registrar of our diocese.

Other speakers were Bishop Arthur S. Lloyd, Dean Robbins, the Rev. Dr. Henry M. Barbour and the Rev. Dr. George R. Van De Water, rector emeritus and rector, respectively, of the Church of the Beloved Disciple.

BLAMES BOSTON VOTERS.

Bay State Governor Says That They Get Government They Deserve.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 22.—"There is some justification for saying to the people of Boston that they are getting just the sort of Government they deserve," said Governor Cox today at a luncheon of the Republican Club of Massachusetts. He went on: "In the last city election 136,000 out of a total registered voters, that of about 220,000 failed to go to the polls. And you see a City Council voting to change the names of our historic squares, thereby overriding the expressed opinions of our voters.

"If we desire to have the best Government we must, as a rule, see to reach a larger percentage of the electorate. In the State election there were more than 200,000 registered voters who did not go to the polls and I believe firmly the greatest part of them could have voted the Republican ticket.

British Name Two New Battleships.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The Admiralty announced today the names selected for the two new battleships which were laid down in December. The one building at the Brikenhead yard of Cammell Laird & Co. will be called the Rodney, and the other, building at Armstrong, Whitworth & Co.'s yard at Walker-on-Tyne, will be called the Nelson.

CHARGE OF HERESY AFTER GRANT REPLY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

terday came the information that its influential members who are in sympathy with Dr. Grant are solidifying the movement which seeks to divorce the Church of the Ascension from the Episcopal Church with Dr. Grant as an independent pastor, the founder, perhaps, of a new sect or denomination of persons who profess "religious liberalism."

Want the Church Property.

Several members of the congregation, who used the editorial "we" in their discussions of conditions surrounding their church, have expressed a wish which, they say, is that of the majority of the members of the Ascension congregation, that Dr. Grant might have his own church, free and unshackled. Those persons, who will not permit their names to be published, not only want their rector to have his own church, but they want him to leave the Church of the Ascension, which is the property title to which is held by trustees for the Episcopal Church.

Should Dr. Grant be deposed as a priest, he would be automatically removed as rector of the Church of the Ascension, where he is rounding out his thirtieth year. Although each church under the laws of this State has trustees, its property is vested in the ecclesiastical body to which it adheres. In the case of the Church of the Ascension this is the Episcopal Church.

When a church is sold, for example, the funds accruing from the sale must be so disposed that either another Episcopal church shall be built or the property is turned over to the general ecclesiastical body.

Unless they succeeded through the courts, it was pointed out, they would be without a church. Dr. Grant and his followers would certainly not attend the Church of the Ascension should he be unfrocked as an Episcopal priest. The church would remain under the Archbishop, outwardly as well as spiritually, of the Diocese of New York.

In a letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday, Langdon Gilkey, whose great grandfather, the Rev. Dr. James Milnor, was the first rector of St. George's Church, declared that "the Bishop Okehr do well to remember the Bishops came, for just as surely as Dr. Grant leaves the diocese he will take the Church with him, and the Bishop will have lost not Dr. Grant, but Ascension Church."

Praises Dr. Grant.

Mr. Gilkey, whose home is at 34 Grove Street, has been a member of the Ascension congregation for seven years. He is a female member, he says, of Trinity Chapel of Trinity Parish, and adds: "I have put at Trinity Chapel and elsewhere and talked with the present Bishop of the Diocese and feel that I am qualified to say what I have to say regarding the Bishop's letter to Dr. Grant.

"Dr. Grant is the most thoroughly Christ-like man our church has ever known in this country," Mr. Gilkey says. "His Christianity is that unfettered by creeds and dogmas, free from all bluffing and evangelical shams, free, deep and most impressive. He is such a man as the lowly Nazarene's towering simplicity of purpose and ideal.

"All the world has advanced and progressed in all fields of endeavor, excepting the Church as personified in the present Bishop of the diocese. If you would have a Christ, fully-human, epic company, there by all means follow in his mincingly cruel footsteps—as the head of your diocese, but henceforth not mine. I do not think we desire a mid-Victorian Church of England of thirty years ago crammed down our throats, which even England has outgrown.

"Some one was shocked at the applause Dr. Grant received. Let me say at once that the applause was started by those in the church whose spiritual selves had got beyond the point where they would be contained—and a more stupendous tribute to man ever received in the world.

"The applause was started not by the regular congregation but by those who had come for light in their darkness and had seen, had lived and been lifted to a higher plane than ever before—perhaps, indeed, opposed to set tradition deny that Christ-like man has just reward of gratitude and praise.

"God's strength and power to such were to Dr. Grant. A puny whipper-snapper persecution of the finest and highest mind and spirit our Church in this country has produced in all it can be called. Woe betide him who thinks himself a David going after a Goliath only to find that he himself is not the head of Goliath and he that he would persecute, the David in truth."

No Action by the Vestry.

There was no meeting of the vestry of the Church of the Ascension yesterday, and for the present it is said, none will be held. Members of the congregation pointed out that the vestry is made up of men who are with few exceptions solidly behind the rector.

"I do not know how many Christians agree with Dr. Grant," wrote Dr. Joseph Krinsky, of Brooklyn yesterday. "I read in the morning papers that many ministers condemn him. That does not in the least detract from the truth of his preachment. I, as a Jew, and one who prays for the coming of the day when one religion based on truth and equal justice shall unite the families of the earth—I laud Dr. Grant and others of his cloth who, by their vision and courage, are helping to usher in that blessed day.

"Not so long ago a convention of Christian ministers passed the statement that murder is the history of missionary endeavor was the time to open eyes for the gathering in of the stray children of Israel. What a pity so flagrant that venerable congregation. Would that the history of the Jew has been up ripe to refute the false tenets that a religion stripped of all dogma and ceremony, the belief in one eternal God and in the teachings of His prophets.

"We, the Jews who are just emerging from the bitterness of persecution and race discrimination are here closer by so many years to our manifold belief and to the ethics of the fathers, and we will never abandon these truths, whether or not there be in this stirring of doubt because in the Christian world that augurs the fulfillment of the prophetic vision of truth uniting the world.

"The administration spoke of the prayer Jew discarding the faith of his fathers. Not so. He is but casting off the husk of form and traditions that were vital to our ambitions in other times, to other lands. The dead branches are dropping off, but the living roots are deep and firm in the Jewish soil."

John Wanamaker
Broadway at Ninth, New York

Only a week old! Yet Furniture from the February Sale has already gone into homes in 280 Communities and 20 Different States

The final test of any furniture sale is how largely do the people buy the furniture?

This is the proof of the Wanamaker Sale—in only one week it has sent furniture to the many states, cities, towns and communities listed here, in addition, of course, to New York, Brooklyn, The Bronx and Staten Island. Truly it is America's greatest sale.

New York

Utica, Corning, Larchmont Manor, Huguenot Park, Silver Lake, Hollis Park Gardens, Tuxedo Park, Briarcliff Manor, Greenport, Astoria, Port Jervis, Amityville, Massapequa, Port Chester, Riverdale, Dunkirk, Yonkers, Mt. Vernon, Southfield, Corona, St. George, Elmhurst Manor, Long Island City, Far Rockaway, Pleasantville, Carmel, New Brighton, Rye, Woodmere, Kew Gardens, New Rochelle, Poughkeepsie, Babylon, White Plains, Great Neck, Bronxville, Hastings-on-Hudson, Westerleigh, Lockport, Bloomfield, Huntington, Northport, Orient, Harrison, Flushing, Tompkinsville, Whitestone, Fulham Manor, Springfield, Crestwood, Hewlett, Elmsford, Woodhaven, Ellenville, Garden City, Albany, Cobleskill, Canton, Lawrence, Scarborough, Nyack, Hartsdale, Forest Hills, Rensselaer, Bronxville, Tuckahoe, Stapleton, Peekskill, Thorewood, West New Brighton, Jamaica, Ellingville, Hoosick Falls, Fowling, Riverhead, Monumouth, Clifton, Troy, Richmond Hill, Oakdale, Glen Head, Cedarhurst, Larchmont, Bayshore, Lynbrook, Kingston, Saratoga Springs, Cypress Hill, Williamsbridge, Long Beach, Congers, Kingsbridge, Watertown, Dover Plains, Tappan, Valley Stream, Dongan Hills, Bridgehampton, Bellrose, Rome, Tompkins Cove, Stony Point, Bayside, Douglaston, Chappaqua, Wading River, Dobbs Ferry, Newburgh, Annadale, Riverdale on Hudson, Spring Valley, Hollis, Rockaway Park, Prince Bay, Freeport, Theodore, Liberty, Pulaski, Rockville Center, Port Washington, Mineola, Amsterdam, Buffalo, Patchogue, Sayville, New Dorp, Great Kills, Arverne, Hempstead, Hilburn, Floral Park, Tarrytown, Port Jefferson.

New Jersey

Jersey City, Montclair, Fort Lee, Bloomfield, East Orange, West Orange, North Bergen, Newark, Dover, Glen Ridge, Roselle Park, Ridgewood, Union Hill, Plainfield, Verona, Weehawken, Elmora, Chatham, Hackensack, Rutherford, Westfield, Plainfield, East Rutherford, Madison, Maplewood, Summit, Passaic, West Englewood, Asbury Park, Bradley Beach, Woodcliff, Hasbrouck Heights, Hillsdale, Cranford, Wharton, Perth Amboy, Dumont, Leonia, Dunellen, Metuchen, Edgewater, Harrison, Kearny, New Brunswick, South River, Burlington, Ridgefield, Bridgefield Park, Ridgefield Park, Bound Brook, West New York, Glen Rock, Carteret, Linden, Pleasantville, Cedar Grove, Paterson, Rahelon, Upper Montclair, Belleville, Watsessing, Montclair Lakes, Arlington, Red Bank, Point Pleasant, Red Bank, Collingwood, Long Branch, Cliffwood, West Belvidere, Lakewood, Clifton, Bergenpt, Lower Penn Trenton, South Carolina, Aiken, Illinois, Chicago, West Virginia, Charlestown, Rhode Island, Providence, Pawtucket, Vermont, Springfield, Waterbury, District of Columbia, Washington, Colorado, Colorado Springs, Indiana, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Maine, Bar Harbor.

Connecticut

Crosby, Washington, Sharon, Bowerston, Cos Cob, New Haven, Greenwich, Stamford, Saint Brides, New London, Quinnebaug, Mystic, East Norwalk, North Stamford, Williamantic, Hartford, Bridgeport, Kent, Goshen.

Delaware

Dover.

Pennsylvania

Philadelphia, Ridley, Felton, Millville, Du Bois, Pittsburgh, Ridgeway, New Wilmington.

Virginia

Wytheville, Richmond, Hampton, University.

Florida

Jacksonville, Valdosta, Miami Beach, Ft. Myers, Kissi.

Texas

Ft. Worth, Wichita Falls.

Ohio

Canton, Lima.

Maryland

Pocomoke City, Baltimore, Cambridge.

North Carolina

Wilmington, Charlotte, Winston-Salem.

Massachusetts

Boston, Vahant, Turner's Falls, Thurvard Haven, Great Barrington, Williamstown, Edgartown, Falmouth, Lynn, Pittsfield, Southbridge.

INDIVIDUAL SHOPS FOR MEN

Added Wear for Less

Men's $60 and $65 Two-trousers Suits $46

An offering that is unusual because suits of this grade do not usually carry the extra pair of trousers.

There are two models for men, a conservative and semi-conservative, each with 3-button coats. For young men there are 3 and 4-button coats with straight back, short vent and small lapels.

Fine worsteds, unfinished worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots make up the fabric range. Hairline stripes in blue and white or black and white remain popular. But there are also many patterns in mixtures of grays, browns and heathers.

The size range is very wide, including regulars, shorts, stouts and longs in sizes 34 to 46.

Most important of all is the fact that every garment is tailored to the rigid Wanamaker standard.

Street Floor, New Building

Men's $1.75 Silk Socks, $1.25

Full-fashioned, medium weight socks with high spliced heels and double soles of lisle. Black and a few colors. Sizes 9½ to 11½.

Men's $1.25 Socks, 75c

All-wool socks in plain weave with fancy clocks or ribbed with contrasting clocking. Tan or wedge-wood. Sizes 10 and 10½.

Street Floor, New Building

SPECIALIZED SERVICE — STREET FLOOR

JUDGE MAKES PLEA FOR JEWISH REVIVAL

Religious Apathy Shows Present Deplorable Tendency, Says Justice Lehman.

GOLDEN JUBILEE BEGINS

Unfettered Jew Our Deadliest Enemy, Declares Rabbi Hillel Silver at Carnegie Hall.

Jewish leaders from all over the country attended the service at Carnegie Hall last night which began the observance of the Golden Jubilee of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations. An address was made by Supreme Court Justice Irving Lehman and a sermon was preached by Rabbi Hillel Silver of Cleveland. Services also were held at the Temple Beth Elohim in Brooklyn.

The fiftieth anniversary of the beginning of the American Progressive Reform movement in the Jewish religion was hailed by Justice Lehman as the fitting time for a great effort toward a religious awakening. He declared that religious indifference, as manifested among the peoples of many faiths, was a deplorable tendency of the present.

"The wave of irreligion," he said, "the wave of revolt against religious authority and tradition, which has suffered a setback, has affected us as well as our neighbors and we Jews have been a special difficulty which we must meet.

"Among the recent immigrants lack of understanding between parents educated abroad and children educated here has at times made the former accepting their authority and honoring their fathers' traditions in the old Jewish way.

Wide Indifference and Ignorance.

"Unfortunately, there are thousands of young Jews, both rich and poor, who either know that they are Jews only in the sense that they have not accepted any other religion. Indifference and ignorance exist where knowledge should give strength and joy. I have found them in the professions and in the colleges; I have found them in Jewish clubs and associations. I have found them in the sons of families long established and long honored here, and I have found them among the sons of recent immigrants.

"The attitude of some of these men cannot be explained away to save the very thing they are materialistic, or that they are opposing a religion that is strong only in adversity. For I know that many of these men are sincerely eager to serve their fellow-men and would be an asset to make sacrifices for their ideals as their fathers were. But we are eager to forget the past and their descendants, and such a loss would fall not only upon us, but upon our country. For the world today needs as never before men imbued with the spirit of justice, mercy and holiness, and through us can be brought the power of Jewish solidarity in this country there should be a solidarity founded upon knowledge and love of the Jewish religion, a solidarity so close that no force would be powerful enough to break it, but worthy of that name a solidarity so deep that no Jew should dare to stand aside from any work of service to country, to humanity or to God.

Funds for Solidarity.

"I have said that this solidarity should be founded upon knowledge and love of the Jewish religion, and the reason why many stand aside is because they have not learned to love their religion. They are discarding the heritage of their fathers because they do not realize the joy it can bring them. Ethical principles may be taught to a pupil of a cold moral philosophy, but they mold our characters as their effect upon direct, immediate attachment and when they are the precepts of a faith to which we cling with love and devotion. Not solely through teaching the eternal truths of our religion, but solely by recalling the splendid traditions of our fathers, but solely by urging the Jewish youth to cherish their proud heritage, can Judaism be preserved in this country. All those things we must do, but a religion will live only if it be loved, and it is loved only if it brings joy to those who follow it. The Jew of old left aside the troubles and the pettiness of his call; life in the Sabbath eve, and he welcomed the Sabbath with song as a bride bringing joy to the household.

"How long have we spoken of ourselves as the children of the martyred race, but often do we think of ourselves as a people of sorrow. Yet, we have been strangers in Egypt, and we shall remember that, but not as strangers, but as a people of the exodus, of the journey and of the goal. And a stranger shall then not wrong, neither shall they oppress him, for ye were strangers in the land of Egypt. Here we are not strangers, and we are not a people of sorrow. Citizens of a country which offers us equality of opportunities—working with our fellow-citizens for its advancement, free to worship the Lord according to our own faith, let us remember all our glorious traditions, let us hold to them as a source of strength for greater service to mankind, but let us observe and worship the Lord in joy as did our fathers."

Says Jewish Thought Has Come Here.

Rabbi Hillel Silver, who preached the sermon at Carnegie Hall, declared that America must become the centre of Jewish learning and Jewish thought, because of the breakdown of Jewish centres of higher education abroad.

"The great reservoirs of Jewish thought and learning in Eastern Europe," he said, "have either been destroyed, abandoned or for generations deprived any improvement. Schools and academies have been shattered, their students and teachers, their very books and literature have been scattered to the four corners of the earth.

"Without learning and study, Judaism cannot survive and Jewry must perish. This is one of the terrible lessons of our centuries and here is no escape from it. Wherever a Jewish community failed to kindle the lamp of learning and relied solely on worship, observance and philanthropy, it ultimately declined. Witness the history of the Hellenistic Jewish communities of Egypt after the destruction of the Temple. We are the people of the Book. We have life in the Book. It have given life to us.

"We must banish ignorance from our midst. Our deadliest enemy is the unlettered Jew, whose ignorance leads to indifference or to cynicism or to assimilation. Many schools and better schools! More high schools and better high schools! More educated Jewish laymen! The Torah was not given to the rabbis alone. If Judaism is to remain a democratic religion, if it is not to degenerate into an ecclesiastical hierarchy, it must be on the basis of Jewish learning broadly disseminated through all the ranks and classes of our people.

Calls Religious Schools Inadequate.

"Our religious schools are inadequate. Their curricula are rudimentary and faulty. The time allotted to the religious education of our children is all too short. We cannot transmit a heritage of 3,000 years, the learning and wisdom of thirty centuries, the folklore, religion, ethics and literature of a people, all in one or two hours a week. Much of the time in the years of the child's mental life. Two Jewish lessons must look to it." It is for this reason that the initiative in this extraordinarily urgent work. Our religious schools must do much more than they are doing, educating Jewish children in Jewish and general religious guidance. The school along with the home and the synagogue must inculcate the essential mental and spiritual qualities of self-reliance, the collective soul and mind, of the race, of our race, the Jewish people, and the invisible guidance of the eternal Jewish ideals, and of the eternal Jewish God, who is the God of history, for whom there is no victory. We have yet to give to the world. We have not yet given our best contribution. Our mission, therefore, for the sake of the world, demands the soul of our souls.

"And this will be our answer to anti-Semitism. This will be our reply to all the heathen religions of our days. We shall not be destroyed. We shall not make proselytes the material world of our life. In the midst of a world unmoved by hate, now seeking to spread through hate, in the midst of a world of confusion and the spiritual ideals of Jewish solidarity, we present to it those ideals, we present to it those ideals which our forefathers gave to the world of a world unspeakably confused, pleading above the din of battle and hatred, above the cries of the wounded and dying, above the groans of the oppressed and the lonely, sublimely and solemnly declaring that the golden chain of universal brotherhood.

"We hold no brief for our people. We do not condemn the faults our people. We do not condemn the faults our people possess. We will not manifest against our living body to discover what grave people lacks in. It would have been better if we were not driven to Egypt and there descendants, and such a loss would fall not only upon us, but upon our country. For the world today needs as never before men imbued with the spirit of justice, mercy and holiness, and through us can be brought the power of Jewish solidarity in this country there should be a solidarity founded upon knowledge and love of the Jewish religion, a solidarity so close that no force would be powerful enough to break it, but worthy of that name a solidarity so deep that no Jew should dare to stand aside from any work of service to country, to humanity or to God.

Funds for Solidarity.

"I have said that this solidarity should be founded upon knowledge and love of the Jewish religion, and the reason why many stand aside is because they have not learned to love their religion. They are discarding the heritage of their fathers because they do not realize the joy it can bring them. Ethical principles may be taught to a pupil of a cold moral philosophy, but they mold our characters as their effect upon direct, immediate attachment and when they are the precepts of a faith to which we cling with love and devotion. Not solely through teaching the eternal truths of our religion, but solely by recalling the splendid traditions of our fathers, but solely by urging the Jewish youth to cherish their proud heritage, can Judaism be preserved in this country. All those things we must do, but a religion will live only if it be loved, and it is loved only if it brings joy to those who follow it. The Jew of old left aside the troubles and the pettiness of his call; life in the Sabbath eve, and he welcomed the Sabbath with song as a bride bringing joy to the household.

"How long have we spoken of ourselves as the children of the martyred race, but often do we think of ourselves as a people of sorrow. Yet, we have been strangers in Egypt, and we shall remember that, but not as strangers, but as a people of the exodus, of the journey and of the goal. And a stranger shall then not wrong, neither shall they oppress him, for ye were strangers in the land of Egypt. Here we are not strangers, and we are not a people of sorrow. Citizens of a country which offers us equality of opportunities—working with our fellow-citizens for its advancement, free to worship the Lord according to our own faith, let us remember all our glorious traditions, let us hold to them as a source of strength for greater service to mankind, but let us observe and worship the Lord in joy as did our fathers."

Says Jewish Thought Has Come Here.

Rabbi Hillel Silver, who preached the sermon at Carnegie Hall, declared that America must become the centre of Jewish learning and Jewish thought, because of the breakdown of Jewish centres of higher education abroad.

"The great reservoirs of Jewish thought and learning in Eastern Europe," he said, "have either been destroyed, abandoned or for generations deprived any improvement. Schools and academies have been shattered, their students and teachers, their very books and literature have been scattered to the four corners of the earth.

"Without learning and study, Judaism cannot survive and Jewry must perish. This is one of the terrible lessons of our centuries and here is no escape from it. Wherever a Jewish community failed to kindle the lamp of learning and relied solely on worship, observance and philanthropy, it ultimately declined. Witness the history of the Hellenistic Jewish communities of Egypt after the destruction of the Temple. We are the people of the Book. We have life in the Book. It have given life to us.

"We must banish ignorance from our midst. Our deadliest enemy is the unlettered Jew, whose ignorance leads to indifference or to cynicism or to assimilation. Many schools and better schools! More high schools and better high schools! More educated Jewish laymen! The Torah was not given to the rabbis alone. If Judaism is to remain a democratic religion, if it is not to degenerate into an ecclesiastical hierarchy, it must be on the basis of Jewish learning broadly disseminated through all the ranks and classes of our people.

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**Fin

"Is Washington Wet?"

"I'LL say so," says William Slavens McNutt in this week's Collier's, and adds, "the story of Washington's wetness is a particularly significant scandal because the violations of the law are committed by men who make the laws and others who are supposed to enforce them.

"Can you expect common prohibition officers, local politicians, and other small-time officials throughout the country to take the matter seriously when the whole story is considered a great joke by high officials at headquarters?"

"Example: A wet dinner. Several senators and more than thirty congressmen present. A senator who has voted dry arose with a bottle of liquor in his hand and cried out: "With a case of this I could pass the bonus. Give me a dozen cases and I could hang up the tariff."

Mr. McNutt shows his healthy scorn for men in high office who talk dry, vote dry and act wet. He puts in his article about everything except actual names. And there is no law to prevent your guessing at those.

In this article you will find the thing Collier's has called "the raw material for thought and action." It is typical of Collier's method which is to go there, get the facts, write them clearly and hit hard—and always on the side of sincere and sane progress.

In more than a million homes every week men and women read Collier's with a warm, personal interest because it tells people not what to think but what to think about; because it seeks not to make up people's minds but to shake up people's minds.

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(This is the thirty-fourth in a series of advertisements.)

COUE, BACK IN CITY, RESUMES HIS CLINIC

Takes Luncheon With French Consul General and Lectures in New Jersey.

DR. LORENZ EXAMINES 66

Bandage Surgeon, at Board of Health Clinic, Sees Many Children.

Optimistic over the results of his trip through the country, Emile Coué yesterday resumed work here, holding a clinic at the MacDowell Club, at which fifty-five patients appeared. Almost at the same hour Dr. Adolf Lorenz, famous bloodless surgeon, was conducting a Board of Health clinic at which thirty-six cripples were examined.

Luncheon with Gaston Liebert, French Consul General, and a lecture and demonstration last night in the auditorium of the High School at Englewood, N. J., constituted the French pharmacist's day. This morning he will repeat his clinic and later will go to a New Rochelle motion picture studio, where he is to be filmed for a two-reel educational film at Coueism. Tonight he will go to a reception at a home in Greenwich, Conn., spending the night there.

In the semicircle facing Coué at the MacDowell Club clinic there were many who asserted that even while the apostle of autosuggestion had been absent in Philadelphia, Washington and Cleveland the improvement in their condition had gone forward steadily. This, they established, was due to constancy in reciting the Coué formula night and morning.

One of the first of the patients to receive Coué's methods was a young man, tall and extremely nervous. He was asked at times with nervous spasms and had to hold his hands pressed down to his lap because of the way they trembled. Coué insisted that the patient think to himself that the trembling were merely imaginative. Then he had the young man try the hand-clasping demonstration. In the course of following instructions the man's hands ceased to tremble and by the time that the clinic was over he was visibly much improved.

Persons afflicted with stammering were aided, while Coué, encountering two women who complained of severe headaches instead of easing at once the pain, said casually that they enjoyed the pains grew. Another patient was a man who said he was a physician and suffering from a nervous ailment. Coué gave him copious advice on how to overcome his trouble.

A woman who attended the clinic said that her nephew's school record had increased from an average of 30 to an average of 90 as a result of autosuggestion.

Dr. Lorenz, in his work at the Board of Health Building, 301 Pearl Street, was assisted by Dr. Franklin B. Van Ware, an orthopedic surgeon, attached to Kings County Hospital, and by Dr. Cohn and Dr. Kleiber of the Bureau of Child Hygiene of the Health Department. Three-fourths of the patients were children. It was announced that Dr. Lorenz would hold another clinic at the same place on Monday at 9 o'clock, and that citizens who desired treatment should address Health Commissioner Copeland, giving their name, age, address and the nature of their affliction. A high percentage of the child patients at the clinic were victims of infantile paralysis.

KARLIN TO BE CALLED IN ELECTION INQUIRY

Socialist Will Tell of Seeing 41 Invalidated Ballots at Lexington Avenue Polling Place.

When the Grand Jury begins its investigation into alleged frauds at the polling place in Lexington Avenue near 109th Street at the last election, William Karlin, Socialist candidate for Representative in Congress, will be one of the principal witnesses. Chief Assistant District Attorney Pecora said yesterday that Karlin informed him that when he visited the polling place at the close of balloting on Election Day a Socialist watcher told him forty-one ballots had been discovered to be invalidated through pencil markings on the backs.

Most of the ballots, the Assistant Prosecutor said, were cast for Henry Frank, Democratic nominee for Congress, who was defeated in a close race by Fiorello H. LaGuardia, the Republican candidate, who formerly was President of the Board of Aldermen.

"Karlin said that he demanded to be given the ballots," said Mr. Pecora, "and it was not until he threatened to call in some of the election officials that they were produced.

Asked if Louis Gilert, chairman of the election board, would be called as a witness, Mr. Pecora said: "Not unless he wishes immunity." He said he had intended to place the matter before the Grand Jury yesterday, but important developments caused him to hold the matter over until tomorrow.

LAUDS JAPAN'S GOOD FAITH.

Retiring Ambassador Warren Says Mistrust Is Gone.

TOKIO, Jan. 23.—Ambassador Warren, responding to a farewell banquet at a banquet given by the Japan-American society tonight, said: "When he came here relations between the two countries constituted a potential danger and that he was leaving "now that suspicion on the former had disappeared in both countries. I believe that, or I would not leave."

Mr. Warren praised the Japanese withdrawal of naval talk toward China and in marching out the peoples trade at Washington, but he said the Washington agreements could not be worked unless backed up by an honest desire by the various peoples.

The Ambassador said that afterward persons would accuse the politicians and say there is a "deadlock," but the sober and sensible people realized that, based on the fundamental truth that nations today are interdependent economically. They must live, and let live through mutual understandings.

CONTESTS $2,500 BEQUEST.

Joseph Goldman Fights Revocation of Codicil in Father's Will.

The will of Philip Goldman, who died at 1,450 Lexington Avenue, on Aug. 20 last, at the age of 80 years, was contested yesterday before Surrogate Foley and a jury. Mr. Goldman was known as the father of the window glass industry in New York.

Mr. Goldman left the bulk of his estate to his son, John, who had been in business with him, and his daughter, Belle, who remained unmarried in order to care for her parents. A codicil divided his business between his sons John and Joseph, of 125 Bradhurst Avenue, but he revoked the codicil and gave Joseph only $1,500, for which reason the latter filed a contest alleging undue influence by his brother and sister.

The estate is valued at $300,000. The trial will continue today.

GOVERNMENT SUES FOUR BIG OPTICAL COMPANIES

Kryptok Holding Firm and Makers Are Charged With Violation of Sherman Law

An equity action to stop an alleged violation of the Sherman law by four dealers in optical goods was begun yesterday in the Federal court by Major David A. L'Hommedieu and Roland W. Boyden, special assistants to the Attorney General. The four defendants are the Kryptok Company, 1 Maiden Lane, New York, with the principal office in Boston; the Bausch & Lomb Optical Company, whose principal office is in Rochester; the General Optical Company of Mount Vernon, N. Y., and the American Optical Company of Southbridge, Mass. The latter company is in the hands of Channing H. Albert and J. Chaney Wells as trustees, who also were named in the bill.

Among the many charges of conspiracy to fix prices and restrict sales to certain concerns which other trade appeal to the defendants, the complaint explained that the alleged violations were confined to the manufacture of and sale of the Kryptok bifocal optical lenses. The Kryptok concern holds the patents and collects royalties on the sale of these eyeglasses. The other defendants manufacture and market the glasses.

The complaint states that the prices fixed by the alleged combine range from $2.50 to $8 a pair for the various grades known as "blanks," "turns" and "finished," and that the fixed price for the "spherical and toric" glasses is $5.50 a pair.

BROKE INTO CITY HALL.

The Mayor, Sent on Sunday Work, Got Waiter to Smash Pane.

City Hall was forcibly entered Sunday afternoon by Mayor Hylan and Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures. The Mayor had important business to transact and quickly came over to the City Hall at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Tom McNamara, the custodian of the building, was making his cloth-guarding rounds and was in the cupola of the building when the Mayor rapped gently on the door. There was no response and the Mayor went to a near-by telephone and called up Commissioner Whalen, who was at his desk in the Municipal Building. Commissioner Whalen hurried over but got no answer when he banged on the door.

"I'll fix it," said Mr. Whalen. "This is an easy structure to get in."

He pushed his gloved fist through the pane of glass, reached in and undid the bolt. The door swung open and the two officials entered. Hearing the crash of glass Custodian McNamara hurried downstairs. A policeman on duty outside also came running up. Explanations were given, and accepted. The Mayor went into seclusion until 5 o'clock, then closed his desk and went home.

BOY HELD AS SLED PIRATE.

Took Them From Yonkers Lads, Police Say—Eight Recovered.

Anthony Lapchuck, 12 years old, of 449 Nepperhan Avenue, Yonkers, was arrested by Police Sergeant William Farmer yesterday and charged with stealing sleds owned by other boys.

According to the police, whenever the boy saw an attractive sled he would knock the owner down and run away with the sled. Sergeant Farmer says eight sleds have been recovered and the boys are on the trail of others. As the defendant is under 16 a technical charge of juvenile delinquency will be made.

MISSING PERSONS.

WILLIAM BOYLAT, 12 years old, of 522 West Forty-ninth Street, disappeared from home about 9 o'clock last Friday morning. His sister, Miss Lillie Boylat, reported the case to the Bureau of Missing Persons yesterday afternoon, but could give no reason for his disappearance. A description follows: Height, 5 feet; 78 inches; weight, 90 pounds; brown hair; blue-gray eyes. He wore a black overcoat, blue coat, dark striped trousers, brown suede shoes and black derby hat.

STELLA SACKOWSKI, fourteen-year-old schoolgirl, disappeared from her home at 28 North Seventh Street, Brooklyn, about 7:30 o'clock last Saturday morning. Her mother, Anna Sackowski, notified the police. A description follows: Height, 5 feet 2 inches; weight, 100 pounds; brown eyes, brown hair; complexion, fair. She wore a brown overcoat with a black collar and cuffs, black pumps, black stockings.

JOHN H. BOHR, 24 years old, of 1,102 Pitkin Street, Brooklyn, a carpenter, disappeared while going to his wife, Josephine Bohr. The man had gone at 301 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, at 8:30 Sunday afternoon. A description follows: Height, 5 feet 6 inches; weight, 130 pounds; black curly hair; brown eyes. He wore a brown overcoat with a black collar, brown suit, black shoes and a gray cap.

MARY GERDANA, 22, of Fifty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, disappeared from home at 7 o'clock on the morning of Jan. 21. Antonio Gerdana, husband of the missing woman, who reported the matter to the police, lives with her at 6,468 in each. A description follows: Height, 5 feet 4 inches; weight, 120 pounds; dress worn, dark blue; overcoat, dark blue; hat, black velvet; shoes and stockings.

HARRY WAGGOTT, 32, of 122 East Twenty-third Street, Manhattan, reported missing by his wife, Leslie, Disappeared on 1 foot; 6 inches in height, weight 150 pounds; dark eyes, dark hair; complexion. The man's dress was a dark gray overcoat, dark gray suit, black shoes and a gray Fedora hat.

JOHN TUBINO, 34, of 1,247 Thirty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, tradesman, reported missing by his wife, Clara. The man disappeared on June 2 last. He is 5 feet 7 inches in height, weight 135 pounds. He wore a brown overcoat, brown suit with white stripes, black soft hat, tan shoes and gray stockings. He had $2,000 when he disappeared.

ELIZABETH KELLY, 28, of 240 Tenth Street, Brooklyn, disappeared yesterday morning from the home of a neighbor where she had gone at 7:30 o'clock. She walked with a limp, due to a leg which was injured in a motor accident. She had $40 with her when she left the home. A description of the woman and her dress follows: Height, 5 feet 4 inches; weight, 140 pounds; brown hair; brown eyes; complexion, dark. She wore a black coat, black hat, black shoes and a purple fur boa.

JAMES LA ROCCO, a fifteen-year-old schoolboy, is reported by his sister, Theresa La Rocco, as missing from his home at 1,442 Forty-third Street, Brooklyn, since last Friday morning. He left home at 8:30 o'clock. A description follows: Height, 5 feet 2 inches; weight, 110 pounds; brown eyes, brown hair; dark complexion. He wore a black overcoat, black suit, black shoes, tan shoes, black stockings.

JEANETTE KAHN, 20 years old, a milliner, living at 221 West Fifth Street, disappeared from home at 9 o'clock on the morning of Jan. 21. The description given by her mother follows: Height, 5 feet; 3 inches; weight, 125 pounds; brown eyes, brown hair; dark complexion. She wore a black overcoat, black suit, black shoes, tan shoes, black stockings.

GEORGE SCHEER, 28 years old, of 208 Eastern Parkway, disappeared from the Kingsbrook Jewish Hospital about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. The description furnished to the police by Dr. James Peart, Superintendent of the institution, follows: Height, 5 feet 9 inches; weight, 150 pounds; brown eyes, brown hair. Under the doctor's examination he wore a dark green suit, a brown and white striped shirt, black shoes and no underwear.

JAMES BALLARD, negro, 17 years old, living at 1 West 127th Street, disappeared from home about 4 o'clock last Friday morning. The description given by his mother, Elnora Ballard, follows: Height, 5 feet; 5 feet 6 inches; weight, 120 pounds; brown eyes, brown hair. Under examination, Ballard is said to wear on the back of his head. He wore a gray overcoat, black suit, black-and-white striped shirt, black lace shoes, gray silk pajamas and a gray hat.

HEINRICH HUWELL, negro, a thirteen-year-old schoolgirl, disappeared from home at 209 East 128th Street last Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock. She was said to be wearing a dark blue coat with a black collar, a dark blue dress, black stockings, brown shoes and a black hat. Her mother, Mrs. Ida Huwell, reported the case to the police. Height, 5 feet; weight, 140 pounds; black eyes, black hair and light complexion.

ALBERT EDWARDS, 38, of 1,705 Third Avenue, negro laborer, reported missing by his wife, Isabel. Described as 5 feet 6 inches in height, weight 220 pounds. He wore a light overcoat, dark suit, black shoes and derby.

HARRY WAGGOTT, 32, of 122 East Twenty-third Street, tradesman, reported missing by his wife, Leslie. Disappeared on 1 foot; 6 inches in height, weight 150 pounds; dark eyes, dark hair; complexion. The man's dress was a dark gray overcoat, dark gray suit, black shoes and a gray Fedora hat.

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Vast Hordes of Insects

From ancient days, generation after generation, hosts of insects in India have infested twigs of certain trees in various parts of the country, exuding a resinous secretion which has proved of great value to the world.

These insects are called "Lac," securing their name from the Sanskrit Lakshu (Hindi Lakh), meaning an hundred thousand, and from the time they are born to the end of their short lives nature has a continuous program of work mapped out for them.

Upon leaving their mother, the Lac larvae fasten themselves in myriads on tree twigs, and in the process of sucking up the sap immediately begin to exude from their bodies an amber-colored resinous substance, known as Lac, which is the raw material from which shellac comes.

Lac incrusting the twigs, as gathered, is labelled in commerce as "Stick Lac," while the resin, crushed to small fragments and washed in hot water to free it from coloring matter, constitutes "Seed Lac."

And Seed Lac, when melted, strained through cloth bags and stretched into thin layers, becomes shellac, this name originating from the stretching of Lac in the form of sheets or shells.

Used exclusively as dye a few generations ago, Lac in the form of shellac is now employed in the products of practically every industry in the United States.

About fifty per cent. of the total importation of shellac is used in the manufacture of phonograph records, the balance being divided among other industries.

In 1921, the resinous incrustation from the hordes of Lac insects was responsible for the shipment from Calcutta, India, of 38,258,576 pounds of shellac to all ports of the world, while shipments to America alone aggregated 26,256,236 pounds, or approximately two-thirds of the entire production.

So the United States is the best customer of the minute Lac insect, just as it is the best customer for hundreds of other raw materials produced at home and abroad; and, as the world's greatest producer and consumer of all raw materials, this country necessarily has to have tremendous banking facilities.

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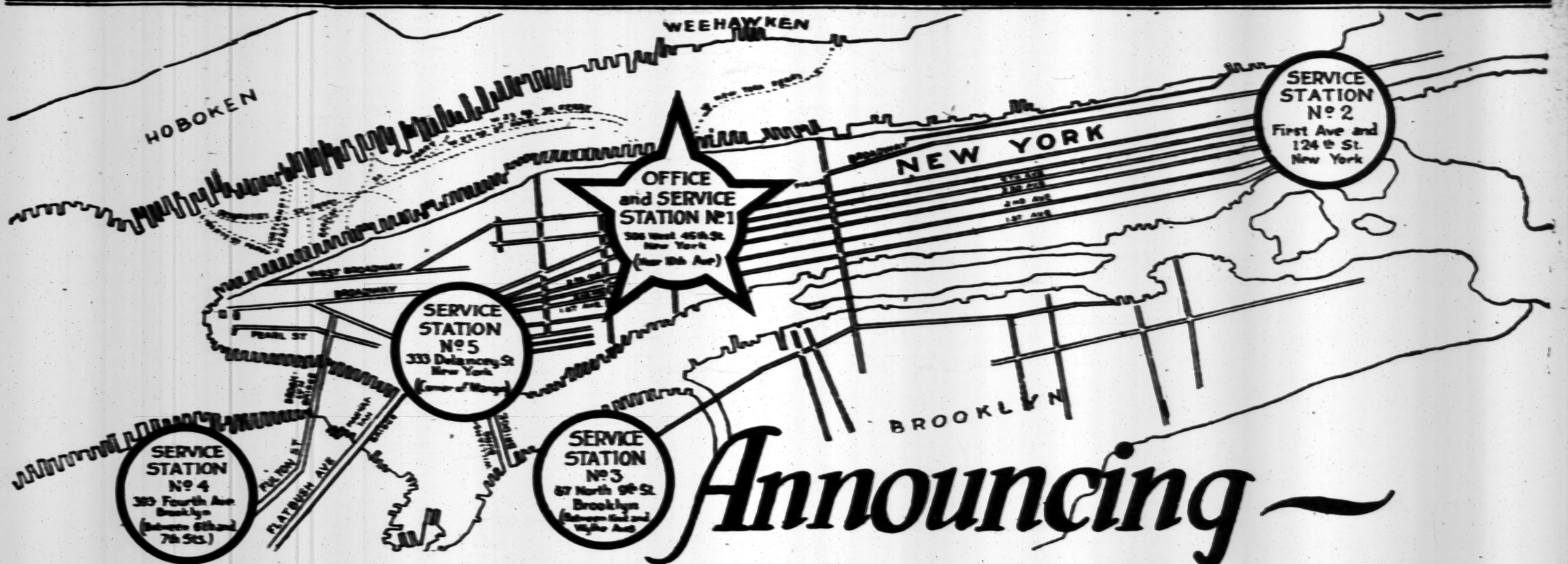
18,000 Square Feet—Will Divide to Suit
Bruton, Blyerstock: Harris, Bought & Co., Inc.
14 Wall Street — Rector 9040
20 East 49th Street — Vanderbilt 0091

All Over New York



Announcing—

Mathey Service and Firestone Truck Tires

This is the most important announcement ever made to the 75,000 truck owners and operators of Greater New York.

The only complete Truck Tire Sales and Service available Day and Night is now furnished by Mathey Brothers, Inc., from five conveniently located service stations.

Each of these five great service stations is equipped with the most efficient and powerful hydraulic tire presses built for the application of all types and sizes of truck tires. There is a staff of mechanics of proven experience and skill—every one a master craftsman—at each of these five great service stations, ready to give immediate attention to your work. There is no waiting at a Mathey Service Station.

Day and Night Service

Mathey Brothers Truck Tire Service works twenty-four hours every day. Day and Night are the same to us. You will get the same high quality of service from skilled men no matter when your trucks are sent in to us. Our night and day crews are equally competent and experieced in every phase of the work.

There is a definite and understandable reason for this unmatched quality of Mathey Night Service. Your truck equipment should be kept busy hauling during the daytime; our night service absolutely prevents you from losing a single minute of the time you should be making your truck earn money during its normal working hours. You may leave a truck at our garage at night. It will be ready at any time you want it—in thirty minutes if you wish—or, you may leave it all night.

Our "Emergency Squads"

There is an "Emergency Squad" at every one of the five Mathey Service Stations, ready for immediate action. A telephone call to Longacre 1787 starts out an "Emergency Squad" in a service truck fitted with a powerful hoist that can give instant emergency road or street service.

We Are Specialists

Our sole business is that of tire equipping and tire servicing of motor trucks in Greater New York. We have no "side-lines." We are specialists on truck tire service, a great and unequalled Day and Night Service for Greater New York.

The Product

We are the exclusive distributors of Firestone Truck Tires in Greater New York. "Firestones" are without equal. Firestone is worthy of the service we give, and we, therefore, are proud to associate our name and our future with such a splendid product, which, with our service, gives an unmatched combination.

We make no charge for this unusual service—with Firestone Truck Tires.

CALL LONGACRE 1787

Reaches all Stations

Mathey Bros., Inc.

The Exclusive Distributors in Greater New York

FOR

Firestone

TRUCK TIRES

STRIKERS SAY FEAR SENT THEM TO JAIL

Two Arkansans Who Admitted Arson Say Judge Would Not Guarantee Their Safety.

NOW DENY THEY ARE GUILTY

Legislative Investigators to Question Citizens' Committee—Labor Inquiry Instituted.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 22.—Luther Wise and Earl Orr, striking employes of the Missouri & North Arkansas Railroad, testified today before a Joint Legislative Committee that they had pleaded guilty to charges of arson at Harrison last week to "save their necks." The men are under sentence of from seven to ten years each.

Both men declared under oath that their pleas of guilty were made solely because they felt they would not be safe in the jail at Harrison. They testified that they asked Judge Shinn for a trial and were told that while the trial would be granted, it could not be guaranteed that they would be safe.

Wise testified that union officials had repeatedly warned members of the unions that depredations would not be tolerated. He said the men were told that if they did not keep away from the property of the railroad, strike benefits would be withdrawn and they would be expelled from the union.

At the beginning of the investigation Representative McKennon of Clarksville moved that the hearings be conducted in executive session. This was opposed and the motion was withdrawn.

Orr was questioned first. He denied any connection with the burning of the Boston bridge, which was the specific burning mentioned in the charge of arson made against him. He said he confessed to the crime only to escape lynching and to get out of Harrison, which he said his attorneys advised him was the best and wisest course to pursue.

Says Judge Warned of Danger.

"Wise and I were brought to the courtroom last Wednesday morning, and Judge Shinn asked us if we did not want to change our stories," Orr testified.

"I told the Court that I wanted a trial and the Judge said: 'All right, you will be tried tomorrow morning, but I warn you that your lives are in danger.'

"We then held a conference with our attorneys and they both advised us to plead guilty and go to the penitentiary. They said they would get us out. We then half promised to plead guilty.

"We said they went back to the courtroom and one of the lawyers asked the Court whether the lives of their clients would be properly protected pending the trial. In reply, according to Orr, the Court advised that he would not guarantee their lives.

"I had been a crowd of armed men on the county square," Orr said, "so I got it strong to my attorneys that I would plead guilty to anything to get out of Harrison. When he said, 'Will you, refusing to plead guilty until later?' I knew they could not stick me if we stood firm," Orr testified, "because all the witnesses by whom I could prove my innocence had been run out of the town, including my wife."

Under questions from committee members, Orr told how striking grand lodge members of the brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen were run out of town last April. He testified that grand lodge officials were waited upon by a mob recruited among the Missouri & North Arkansas Railroad employes, brought to Harrison on special trains, he said, were run without charge by the railroad. He said these men were assembled at the general offices where high powered rifles were issued to them.

To Summon Citizens' Committee.

The members of the "Citizens' Committee of 22" at Harrison who conducted the investigation into the burning of bridges, the placing of every dust in engines and dynamite bombs in locomotive fireboxes, have been summoned to appear before the Legislative Investigation Committee.

Members of the Joint Legislative Committee indicated that residents of Boone County and of cities and towns invaded by strikers would be called to testify. It also was said that labor leaders and striking railroad workers would be called before the Joint Committee. It is expected that more than thirty witnesses will be examined and that the hearings will last a week or more.

The Arkansas Supreme Court today confirmed the decision handed down in the Boone County Circuit Court imposing a fine of $500 against J. P. Venable, alleged leader of the striking rail men at Harrison, convicted of a charge of conspiracy to commit murder. The fine was imposed at an adjourned term of the Boone County Court last October.

Venable and two other men were alleged to have imported firearms and ammunition from Springfield, Mo., as part of a conspiracy to kill non-union workmen.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—An inquiry has been instituted by the American Federation of Labor into the alleged maltreatment of Missouri & North Arkansas Railroad strikers at Harrison, Ark.

Local organizations of labor in the State have been asked to report upon the facts, Samuel Gompers, President of the Federation, who is in the West, is expected on his return here to take up the question of whether any action can or should be taken.

ALLEGED COMMUNIST HELD.

Haverhill Mechanic Is Charged With Attempt at Dynamiting.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 22.—John E. Merrick, owner of an automobile repair shop, was arrested late today on a charge of complicity in an attempt to dynamite Knipe Brothers' shoe factory here on Jan. 6. At that time a suitcase containing thirty-nine pounds of dynamite and a clockwork contrivance for detonating it was found outside the factory.

The arrest was made after a raid on the repair shop during which police claim they found the back of a clock that had been a mutilated timepiece, connected with the machine found with the dynamite. Merrick, who, the police said, is an avowed Communist, admitted purchasing wire coils corresponding to those discovered in the suitcase.

Efforts to connect Merrick with any of several threatening letters discovered hidden in the shop, police said, Merrick, according to the police, was formerly financial secretary of the Communist Party in this city and was questioned concerning his activities during the round-up of radicals in 1919.

Merrick will be arraigned in the District Court here tomorrow. Other arrests are expected to be made in connection with the alleged dynamiting plot, police said tonight.

The Supreme Court has found two days after the State Supreme Court in Boston sustained an injunction forbidding the Shoe Workers' Protective Union to interfere with the activities of the Knipe factory.

Markin Sentence Postponed.

County Judge Gibbs yesterday postponed until Jan. 30 sentence upon Benjamin Markin, convicted last week of murder in the first degree in connection with the death of Mrs. Abraham Rudnick. Justice Thomas I. Sheridan, counsel for Markin, said he required time to obtain the record of the trial in order to make a motion in behalf of his client.

A. W. CLATZMAYER GETS $10,000 LICENSE JOB

Secretary of the Bronx Is Chosen Commissioner by Mayor Hylan.

August W. Clatzmayer, Secretary of the Borough of the Bronx for the last four years, will be appointed Commissioner of Licenses, according to an announcement made yesterday by Mayor Hylan. He will succeed John F. Gilchrist, who resigned from the office to accept an appointment by Governor Smith on the State Tax Commission. The Mayor did not say when he would swear in Mr. Clatzmayer.

Before serving as Secretary of the Bronx, Mr. Clatzmayer practiced law for about four years, and prior to that time he had charge of the law department of the State Banking Department for fifteen years. He lives at 45 West Tremont Avenue, the Bronx, and is a member of the North Bel Democratic Club of the Eighth Assembly District, that borough. The salary of the Commissioner of Licenses will be $12,000 a year, the Board of Estimate having established the annual figure at $12,000. The Aldermen have not yet concurred in the resolution, but are expected to do so at their next meeting. Increases have already been voted to the assistant to Health Commissioner Dr. Royal S. Copeland, and to Frederick A. Wallis, Commissioner of Correction.

ASHES OF 2 HUSBANDS IMPERILLED, SHE SAYS

Woman, 80, Separated From Her Third, Sues Cremation Company for $10,000.

Mrs. Alwine Pache Altmeyer, 80, of 259 East 203d Street, the Bronx, has begun suit for $10,000 damages against the United States Cremation Company, alleging that the ashes of her two husbands were in danger of being scattered while in the custody of the company. The suit will come up tomorrow in Supreme Court.

In her complaint Mrs. Altmeyer, who is separated from her third husband, said that on Sept. 25, 1908, her first husband, Wilhelm Gerbrich, died, and his body was cremated; that on April 30, 1909, her second husband, George Pache, died and his body was also cremated. She charges that on Nov. 28, 1916, she deposited an urn containing the ashes of both bodies with the company, and that on July 25, 1918, she asked that arrangements be made to the niche, containing the urns and to the urns themselves.

"The defendant," Mrs. Altmeyer alleges, "carelessly and negligently and with wanton disregard for the rights and feelings of the plaintiff refused and neglected to deliver the urns and caused them to be transported from place to place, and further, when said urns were returned to the defendant, it carelessly and negligently failed to restore them to their niche, but for a long time allowed them to remain on the floor in the way of passers-by and unprotected so that the ashes were exposed to view and in danger of being scattered and lost."

TELLS OF FATHER'S SUICIDE.

Merchant, Sued for Alimony, Cites Resultant Business Troubles.

Affidavits opposing the application of Mrs. Henrietta Gastinger for $100 a week alimony and $1,000 counsel fees pending trial of her suit of separation were filed yesterday in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn by John Godfrey Gastinger, a grain merchant living at 20 East Nineteenth Street, Flatbush, with an office at 120 Nassau Street, Manhattan.

Gastinger denied that he had been attentive to another woman or that his income was $15,000 a year. He said that his father, who was associated with him in business, committed suicide last May because of financial worries and that he has been struggling since to carry the burdens of the business.

Mrs. Rose Gastinger, mother of the defendant, stated that the father of the complainant, Joseph Schaefer, had told her that he intended to cause his son John to commit suicide the same as his father did, and that he intended to put him in jail if possible and to wreck his business.

Decision on the application for alimony was reserved.

QUICK WIT PREVENTS PANIC.

"Movie" Fans Unaware of Film Fire as Operator Continues Program.

The quick wit of George Mauro, film operator in Loew's Metropolitan Theater, Brooklyn, prevented a panic among the 2,500 persons in the theater yesterday afternoon when a reel of film he was adjusting in the projecting room caught fire.

Mauro threw the blazing film into a sink of water near at hand and continued operating his machine, while an assistant slipped quickly out and turned in an alarm. The arrival of the fire apparatus attracted a large crowd in front of the theater, but the excitement ended there and did not penetrate inside. The apparatus departed after the firemen learned that was to tend for their services. The picture that held the audience breathless while what was transpiring in the projecting room, was a comedy.

JAIL FOR GUILTY DOCTOR.

Leniency Refused to Dr. Knerr, Who Drove While Intoxicated.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—Despite arguments by two lawyers, the pathetic appeals of patients and a plea by a clergyman, Dr. Bayard Knerr, a well-known physician, was sentenced today to sixty days in jail and fined $250 for driving an automobile while intoxicated. Dr. Knerr was convicted first on Feb. 2, but Judge James Gay Gordon Jr. permitted him to arrange for the care of his patients, some of whom had undergone operations.

The Court said the physician should have thought of his responsibilities before getting into trouble, and added:

"I am bound to say a proposition cannot plead the necessity of his patients to escape justice. There are many other good physicians in the city. This sort of appeal is calculated to rend the heart but not the judgment."

Beat Horse With Hatchet, Fined $25

Because he beat his horse with a hatchet, Samuel Feder, 23 years old, of 125 East Nineteenth Street, a peddler, was yesterday fined $25 by Magistrate William A. Sweetser in Yorkville Court. The complaint was made by Harry Howard, an agent for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, on information furnished by Mrs. Lilly Grant, of 222 East Twenty-first street, who said she saw Feder beat his horse with the hammer end of a hatchet on Jan. 12 in Twenty-first Street. Feder pleaded guilty.

Dr. Jacob Released in Mann Case.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Jan. 22.—Dr. Louis L. Jacob, Camp Kearny physician, who was arrested several days ago after the mysterious death of Pribble Mann, a divorcee, was released on a writ of habeas corpus today. No effort to fight the writ was made by the police, because no evidence had developed to connect Dr. Jacob with the death of the girl.

FIVE ROB A GARAGE; WATCHMAN IS HELD

Negro Who Says He Was Overpowered in $118 Raid Is Arrested on Suspicion.

USE BLACKJACK, GET $425

Two Held Up Sheepshead Bay Man —"Lone Bandit" Is Held in $40,000 Bail.

Five armed robbers broke into the Sea And Garage, 728-732 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, early yesterday and stole $118 from the cash register. They escaped in an automobile. Matthew Thomas, night watchman, said the robbers overpowered him and held him while they broke down the office door and opened the till. Thomas was arrested after the police learned that he did not usually work on Sunday nights, but had volunteered to work last Sunday. Arraigned on a short affidavit charging complicity in burglary, the negro was held in $1,500 bail by Magistrate Hatting in Morrisania Court for examination tomorrow.

Harry Kramer of 1,115 Avenue P, Sheepshead Bay, was held up by two men at Avenue P and Bast Thirteenth Street early yesterday. They hit him on the head with a blackjack and robbed him of a $200 diamond ring, a $100 stickpin, an $85 watch and $60 in cash. He was unable to give a good description of the robbers.

Robbers broke into a house at 240 Newark Avenue, Jersey City, and stole furs and other goods from two apartments. They entered by sawing four iron bars on the rear window of the dental office of Dr. C. B. Salmon on the second floor. After taking Mrs. Salmon's furs from her trunks and a small phial of white powder from the dentist's closet, the robbers took furs valued at $600 and $200 from the safe in Hurr Brothers' fur store. The police believe the robbers were drug addicts and took the dentist's white powder for heroin, although it was a harmless preparation used for the teeth.

Charged with holding up and robbing a cripple, Edward Fay of 2,328 Third Avenue was arrested and held in $10,000 bail by Magistrate Smith in Harlem Court for examination tomorrow. Fay denied the charge. The victim, Harry Andrews, a taxi cab dealer of 60 West 103d Street, said that while on his way home on the night of Nov. 28, he was dragged into a hallway and beaten and robbed of $40 and his overcoat by three men.

Louis Cuppolo, 38, of 265 North Eighth Street, Brooklyn, known to the police as "Lone Bandit," was held in $50,000 bail by Magistrate Goodman in Essex Market Court for examination on Thursday. Bail of $50,000 was set for the robbery charge and $10,000 for having a pistol. Cuppolo was arrested at Delancey Murphy yesterday afternoon at Sixth Street and the Bowery, after a chase. According to the detectives, Cuppolo had a pistol, which he attempted to draw as he was arrested. The police said they would have several persons to confront Cuppolo on the robbery charge. He has been identified, according to the police as the man who held up Michael Wellman's grocery last Saturday night, at 97 East Seventh Street, and robbed Wellman of $25.

Fifteen arrests were considered from New York County to Sing Sing yesterday, making the largest number to be sent there in one lot for some months. They were taken first to Police Headquarters to be finger printed and photographed. Then they were sent to Sing Sing in charge of six Deputy Sheriffs.

SKIPS JAIL BY BAD CHECKS.

Bondsman and Lawyer Atlantic City Man's Victims.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 22.—After three days in jail, Martin Silvers, 23-year-old amusement man of Atlantic City and Philadelphia, who was held under $5,000 bail for the Grand Jury on charges of misrepresenting two Boardwalk stores in advertising, gained his release from his cell by giving two worthless checks of $250 each, one to his bondsman and one to his attorney.

Silvers was approached in jail yesterday by Abe Garland, professional bondsman and Arctic Avenue merchant, who offered to go his bail for a commission of 5 per cent. of the bond. The attorney was also present, and Silvers paid both with checks. This afternoon the checks were returned marked "no account." Police in five States have been notified to be on the lookout for Silvers.

EDWARD KRENN ARRESTED.

Swiss Reported Engaged to Mrs. McCormick Ignored Summons.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Edward Krenn, a young Swiss architect whose reported engagement to Mrs. Edith Rockefeller McCormick never has been confirmed, was arrested today for failure to appear to answer a charge of violating the automobile parking ordinance. To escape a battery of photographers, Krenn purchased upon a policeman to take him out a rear door of his hotel.

Krenn was summoned after he and Mrs. McCormick had entered a jewelry store the afternoon before. Mrs. McCormick had entered a jewelry store the afternoon before. She failed to appear and the arrest followed. He was later released on a $25 bond.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Try This

Raisin Pie

Neighborhood bake shops and large modern bakeries in your town are baking raisin pies for you that will delight your men folks and save baking at home.

Your grocer or a bake shop will deliver a delicious one.

Try one. They are making them with—

Sun-Maid Raisins

Had Your Iron Today?

MAISON BERNARD
22 East 57th Street
Between Fifth and Madison Avenues

For Tuesday

In Our Great

LIQUIDATION SALE

Our Entire Stock of

EVENING GOWNS

In Three Groups, Regardless of Cost Or Former Selling Prices

$35 (Model Sizes Only) *Regularly $95 to $110*

$50 *Regularly $110 to $150*

$75 *Regularly $150 to $195*

Gowns of true Maison Bernard distinction, fashioned of chiffons, taffetas and other fine silks, Salome velvets, etc. Sizes 16 to 42.

ALSO—

EVENING WRAPS

$95 *Regularly $175 to $225*

$125 *Regularly $225 to $275*

$145 *Regularly $275 to $350*

Sumptuous garments of imported Salome velvets, metallic brocades and other rich silks, combined with costly furs of the prevailing mode.

The February Vanity Fair contains

"THE WINTER OF THE GERMAN CONSCIENCE"

By Maximilian Harden

THIS is the first of two articles by the courageous German publicist—the most outspoken word on German conditions that has yet come from a leader of German thought.

OF similar interest is the discussion of ***Clemenceau,*** by ***Walter Lippmann,*** the only writer to whom he gave an authorized interview on his recent visit; and ***Marcel Prevost's*** paper dealing with the new generation in France.

THOMAS BURKE contributes a story of strange psychological adventures; ***John V. A. Weaver*** two new poems in dialect; ***Aldous Huxley*** an essay on centenaries; and ***Patrick Kearny*** a study of the philosophy of the comic strip.

GERTRUDE STEIN has written a prose portrait of Jo Davidson; ***Clive Bell,*** the English critic, a discussion of Cubism; there is the first showing in America of the works of ***Jacovleff,*** the Russian artist; seven drawings by the Frenchman ***Guy Arnoux;*** a satirical picture of New York ***by Frans Masereel*** (who has never seen it); and humorous sketches by ***George Luks, Joseph Platt*** and several European artists, including ***George Belcher, Benito, Martin*** and ***Fish.***

ERIK SATIE, the French composer, writes about ***Stravinsky;*** and there is a page of portraits of the leading American orchestra conductors.

KENNETH MacGOWAN gives an account of forthcoming plays; ***Rebecca Drucher*** writes of the ***Moscow Art Theatre,*** just come to New York; ***Evangeline Adams*** analyzes the horoscopes of a number of well-known actors and actresses; ***Walter Prichard Eaton*** parodies the styles of the leading New York dramatic critics; ***Stark Young*** writes an imaginary letter from David Garrick to ***John Barrymore,*** on the acting of Hamlet; and there are 10 pages of stage pictures, including new photographs of ***Alla Nazimova*** and ***Rodolph Valentino*** and his wife.

THERE is a new portrait of ***Jack Dempsey,*** specially posed as "Le Penseur," and an article on him by ***Heywood Broun;*** ***Bernard Darwin,*** the English golf captain, compares American and British golf; with sculpture—books—play reviews—bridge—clothes—and motors.

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STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS
Exclusive, But Not Expensive

Don't Mark Yourself Down

The World Has No Way Of Judging Character Or Conscience On Sight. It Simply Has To Take A Man Entirely At His Face Value—His Appearance. Therefore, Don't Mark Yourself Down.

John David

Women Purchase Almost Three-Quarters Of All The Hosiery And Undersuits That Men Wear. They Would Please A Man Even More If They Always Bought Such Merchandise At A Man's Favorite Trading Place Like The John David Shops

Half-Yearly Clearance

Heaping Values Such As Those Quoted Below Often Do Not Outlast A Few Days' Selling. Hence, Promptitude Is Urged If You Would Profit By These Extraordinary Price Concessions

John David—Stein-Bloch Winter Overcoats; Were $55, $50, $45, Now $38.50

John David—Stein-Bloch Fancy-Mixture Suits; Were $75, $65, $60, Now $47.50

John David—Stein-Bloch Fancy-Mixture Suits; Were $45, $40, Now . . $33.50

John David Winter Sport Suits (Coat And Knickers) Values Up To $60 . . $25.00

John David White And Fancy Heavy Silk Shirts; Were $12.50, $10, $8.50, Now . . $7.45

John David Imported And Domestic Madras Shirts; Were $4.50, $3.50, Now . . $2.45

John David Imported And Domestic Madras Shirts; Were $3, $2.50, $2, Now . . $1.45

John David Imported All-Wool Socks, Silk-Clocked, Plain, Values To $2, Now . . . 95c

John David Silk-And-Wool Socks, Assorted Colors, Now 69c

John David Silk Four-In-Hand Neckwear; Were $1.50, $1, Now 69c

Town-Famous, Form-Fitting, Custom-Constructed

John David Excello White Oxford Shirt $1.95

Collar Attached Or Collarless

This Remarkable Shirt Has Never Been Equaled In Popularity, Because It Has Never Been Equaled In Value

The Talk Of The Town

$50

The Nonchalant

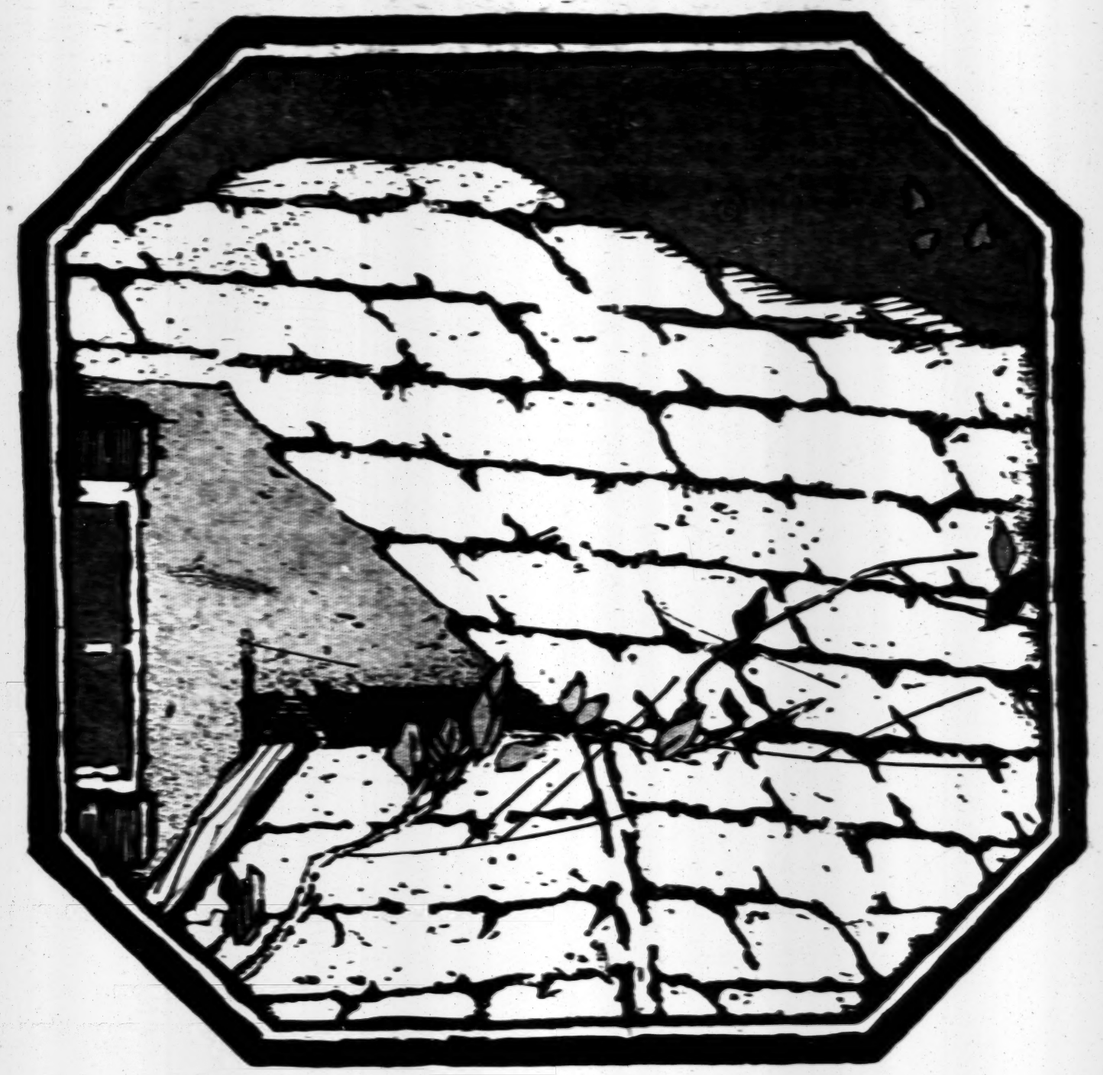
A New John David TUXEDO SUIT (COAT AND TROUSERS)

For Dining, Dancing And The Theatre

ALL The Elegance Of An Evening Suit With All The Ease And Comfort Of A Lounge Suit. Remarkable Value. *Compare!*

The Easily Reached **JOHN DAVID SHOPS** Rhumbaline New York

BROADWAY, AT 32nd STREET
125 AND 127 WEST 42nd STREET
62 BROADWAY, BELOW WALL STREET
COURT STREET, AT MONTAGUE, BROOKLYN



How Johns-Manville Inc. Can Win a Great Market

AGGRESSIVE manufacturers of building materials today are analyzing markets and selling by zones. They know that much of their competition comes from local companies operating in heavily populated territories. Therefore they give the utmost localized support to their branch houses.

SEVERAL OF THE GREAT COMPANIES are using The Chicago Sunday Tribune with its 850,000 circulation because they can actually reach more homes in Zone 7 than can be reached by using the two, leading, weekly, national publications.

And at only one-third of the cost.

Consider the following Milline rates in—

The Chicago Sunday Tribune	$ 1.35
Kansas City Sunday Star	1.56
Chicago Daily News	1.75
The Saturday Evening Post	4.67
Literary Digest	6.31
Good Housekeeping	8.96
Harpers Magazine	13.87

(From Dec., 1922 issue of Standard Rate and Data Service.)

This localized selling, claim the great manufacturers of building materials, is the best way to win distributor and dealer support, as well as interest the man or woman who is building or remodeling a house or factory.

In this territory are 31% of the Paint dealers; 36% of the Building Supply dealers; 30% of all the Hardware dealers in the United States.

A TYPICAL EXAMPLE of the vast influence of The Tribune in scores of cities and towns outside Chicago, is Rockford, Ill. Here are 13,130 families, with 6,351 Sunday Tribunes received each week.

An investigator recently had occasion to interview 16 hardware dealers in Beloit, Janesville, Madison, Fon du Lac, and Green Bay, Wis. He asked each what papers he read and was amazed to find that 13 of the 16 were regular readers of The Chicago Tribune.

A similar condition would have been found among any line of retailers in hundreds of other towns and cities of The Chicago Territory.

IT IS THIS KIND OF CIRCULATION in each dealer's immediate neighborhood in his own town that has made The Chicago Tribune the powerful sales medium it is.

zone 7

THE CHICAGO TERRITORY

The Chicago Tribune is organized to help you win this peerless market. With the right amount of advertising and selling pressure thrown against this 13,000,000 population area you are certain to obtain PROFITABLE SALES.

Sales Managers in the entire building industry are eager to widen their distribution—to sell in hundreds of towns and cities where they are not now represented. Consider how well this can be accomplished by consistent and persistent advertising in The Chicago Tribune.

THE INFLUENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE is powerful in Centralia and Elgin, Ill., in Logansport, Ind., in Clinton, Ia., and in Oshkosh, Wis., as well as in Chicago. Think of it!—a newspaper to reach and sell thousands of towns and cities in a five-state area.

In each of 137 cities of more than 5,000 population The Tribune reaches one-fifth to one-half of all the families. It reaches an equal proportion in hundreds of smaller towns—it reaches a smaller proportion in thousands of cities and towns.

Is it small wonder great companies consider Zone 7 and The Chicago Tribune, when intensive sales and advertising policies are being laid down—when advertising results must be assured!

WE WILL WORK WITH YOUR SALES MANAGER to co-ordinate your sales and advertising effort in this great market. The Tribune has thirty men trained not only in advertising, but also in merchandising. Every one of them has directed sales campaigns in the Chicago Territory and knows by repeated contacts with jobbers and retailers what can be done and how to do it.

Remember, The Chicago Tribune dominates and influences and directs this tremendous, five-state market. Write for a Tribune man to call.

The Chicago Tribune

The World's Greatest Newspaper

Eastern Advertising Office, 512 Fifth Avenue, New York

LOST AND FOUND

Rate 40 words or under $1.00; each additional word 2c. Initials or numbers count as words. Deduction for insertions ordered for several issues. Telephone Regent 7100.

LOST.

ADAMS—Lost, in Pullman, Mount Vernon to New York, Monday, Jan. 15, Gerald Adams, Jr., 3d, Mount Vernon, N. Y. Finder will please return to 20 West Fourth St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

ALLEN—Lost, Portable Add Machine, Jan. 12, between Broadway and Fifth Ave. and 34th and 42d Sts. Reward. Harry E. C. Allen, 1547 Lexington Ave., N. Y. C.

BARRETT—Pocketbook, containing valuable papers, Saturday, Jan. 20, between 42d St. and Grand Central Terminal. Reward. Return to Mrs. Gertrude Whitney, 1 West 54th St.

BRACELET—Platinum chain, with heart-shaped pendant; $100 reward. Room 2309, 30 Broadway, N. Y. C.

BROOCH—Lost, last Wednesday, onyx and diamond. Liberal reward. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av.

BROOCH—Square, covered gold top, Monday, Regent. Reward. Schuyler 10000.

CHARITY CASE, poor, Monday, Jan. 8, with medallion lost and engraved with French motto; generous reward. Phone 2200 Columbus.

CHECKS, along shore, with diamond set in center; $50 reward. Reilly & Chisholm, 512 5th Av.

CLOTHING—Many silverware and other articles lost Jan. 7, between East 40th and Broadway, Vicinity, 227 West 38th.

EARRING—Diamond pendant, Club Gallery, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, Feb. 8. Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, 5th Av.

EYEGLASSES—Pair, with gold rim, between 45th and West 50th, Central Park. Reward. Phone Plaza 2000.

FOUNTAIN PEN—Lost Thursday, eight small diamonds set in platinum, Sunday afternoon, between the Capitol Theatre and 103d St. or Broadway. Liberal reward. 103 West 103d St. Waldorf 1200. Apt. 12.

FUR—Mink scarf, or ermine, lost, or stolen, between 42d and 43d Sts., Madison and Park Aves., Wednesday, Jan. 17. Reward offered if returned to Peck & Co., 46 Broad St., New York City.

GOGGLES, tan, containing logs, probably Friday P. M., in taxicab at Pennsylvania Terminal. Reward. Communicate Gerdan & Co., 20 Broadway.

HAIR—Brown leather, Saturday afternoon, Baby hair, return parcel and obtain reward; no questions asked. Bowling Green 1000.

HORSE—Belgian, steel gray, name unknown, 7 yrs. high. Phone phone Lexington 1000.

KEYS—Lost, 3 pair chain station, 2d Av. bus, Saturday morning. Return 7 F 20 Clinton, 120 Broadway.

LOCKET, enameled, C. C., lost on 3d Av. car or Bloomingdale's store Saturday; reward. Carroll, 247 East 18th.

PENCIL—Black, lady's, engraved, Saturday, 4:30 P. M., near Atlantic Av. L. I. R. R. sta. Liberal reward. 8 E. 72d St. Trinity 2000-Private.

PIN—Gold, with diamond, Monday, Jan. 15, between Lexington Ave. and Park Ave. and 42d and 45th Sts. Reward. Return to 1 Park Ave., Room 1000.

PURSE—Black, lady's, opened, Saturday, 4:30 P. M., near Atlantic Av. L. I. R. R. sta. Liberal reward. 8 E. 72d St. Trinity 2000-Private.

PURSE—Gold, with silver monogram, Monday, Jan. 15, between 34th and 42d Sts., Madison and Park Aves. Finder please return to 30 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Sterling 7000.

PURSE—On Saturday afternoon, either Broadway, Irving Place and 23d St. and 9th Av. and Broadway, or Seventh Ave. cars, northbound, a wallet containing valuable papers. Reward. Oliver Hall, 120 East 39th St.

Jewelry

RAZOR PIN—Gold and platinum, with 3 small diamonds, Wednesday, Jan. 17, in uptown Manhattan subway. Joseph Billings 6329.

RING—3 WAVE diamond, gold, with red stone, circular; also Opera necklace, pearls. Gertrude Whitney, 1 West 54th St.

RING—Platinum chain, with heart-shaped pendant; $100 reward. Room 2309, 30 Broadway, N. Y. C.

RING—Lost last Wednesday, onyx and diamond. Liberal reward. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av.

RING—Topaz, engraved gold top, Monday, Regent. Reward. Schuyler 10000.

SCARF PIN—Gold, with diamond set, Monday, Jan. 8, between East 40th and Broadway, or Pennsylvania Terminal. Reward. Communicate Gerdan & Co., 20 Broadway.

SHOES—Brown leather, Saturday afternoon, Baby hair, return parcel and obtain reward; no questions asked. Bowling Green 1000.

STONE—Amber, set, with pearls and diamonds, in platinum, Sunday afternoon, between the Capitol Theatre and 103d St. or Broadway. Liberal reward. 103 West 103d St. Waldorf 1200. Apt. 12.

STONE—Green emerald, surrounded by diamonds, lost Monday, in Saturday evening Sun before closing; sentimental value. Liberal reward. C 420 Times.

STONE, very large, in Pullman sleeper Broadway 7 P. M. from Pittsburgh, N. C., on way. C 422 Times.

WATCH—Gold, in 103d St. Saturday. Reward. 206.

WATCH—Wrist, gold, was with chauffeur, engraved E. F. P., Jersey Pike, engraved "New York and Schenectady, 1922 9th Av.

WATCH—Diamond platinum, lost on train C. East 7th or 59 East 68th. Liberal reward. Plaza 8000.

WRIST WATCH, gentleman's, between 179th and 184th St. Bronx. Lost. Columbus 4000.

WRIST WATCH—Blue enamel face, initials R. E. C., lost, in Harriet Hubbard Ayer, 1 East 57th St.

$100 REWARD

For return of diamond ring, lost Friday afternoon, Jan. 19, between 5th Av. and 34th St. and Wall St. and 42d St. Thomas & Co., 5th Av. and 42d St.

$100 REWARD

For return of diamond and sapphire brooch, lost Jan. 18, between West 74th and 86th Sts. A. C. Bennett, 11 William St., Broad 1000.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

PEKINESE dog, in neighborhood of 96th St. and Riverside Drive, Monday, 11 A. M. Suitable reward. Finder return to 82 Riverside Drive.

SPANIEL, brown, male name Tim Tim, last seen Broadway vicinity. Audubon 1000.

Pets.

RAT, brown and white, found. Telephone Morningside 1000.

RAT—Diamond solitaire, found Broadway and 42d, corner 2d subscription. 7 BC Times Downtown.

RAT WATCH—Lady's, found Friday, between 42d and 43d Sts., Madison and Park Aves. Call Murray Hill 2000, after 7 P. M.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE—I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. Ida Rosenberg, after this date. Harry H. Rosenberg, 4th Floor West St., Bronx.

NOTICE TO PERSONS DOING BUSINESS with Federal Novelty Shoe Co., Inc., that Edward Perlman has no authority or connection with said firm.

NOTICE—ANNA SCHNEIDER, NEE CHRIST-MANN, formerly with Amalgamated Lithographing Co., 220 5th Av., Brooklyn, please communicate with Amalgamated Lithographing Co., 220 5th Av., Brooklyn.

N. Y.—NO MAIL. NOTIFY UNDERHAND R. R. outfit. C 30 Times.

LIGHT HEATH AND METAL-TURNING LOCATING, 128 Gilbert Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.

KILLS MAN, BLAMES LIQUOR.

Slayer Says He Doesn't Even Know Why He Shot His Friend.

Special to The New York Times.

YONKERS, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Coroner Fred A. Stevenson of Peekskill was called to Yonkers Heights today to investigate the killing of Joseph Cosmo, 30 years old, who was shot yesterday in his home by William Warren, a friend and neighbor. The police say Warren confessed and said he was drunk and did not know why he did it. He was overcome with grief when he learned his friend was dead. "I didn't mean to do it," was all he could say.

After killing the man with a rifle, Warren ran and locked a member of the New York City squadron police who arrested him.

FIERY PUPIL BITES TEACHER.

John Smith, 11 and Spanish, Taken in Charge by Police.

John Smith, 11 years old and Spanish despite his name, was in custody in the office of Public School 187, 104th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, yesterday that his teacher, Miss Ida Wells, remonstrated with him. John then bit her on the left hand and arm and 2nd time this week, Miss Wells telephoned to the 103d St. Police Station.

Patrolman Wall and Lieut. Brand, who is known in the school institutions and took him to the station as a juvenile delinquent. He said that he lived with his grandma, Joaquin Ramos, at 438 E. 104th Street. Miss Wells reported that another pupil, a Mexican lad, attacked her. The boy will be arraigned in the Children's Court today.

TWO TELL OF TRIP BY MRS. CROMWELL

Had Talking Machine in Pullman Stateroom With Young Man, Says One Witness.

COHEN'S MOTHER ON STAND

She Admits Defendant Called Her "Mother," but Says Others Used Same Title.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 22.—A talking machine aboard their train provided entertainment for Mrs. Enid Bagley Cromwell, 32, and a young man who accompanied her on a trip across the continent, according to testimony presented here today at the trial of the divorce action of John Howard Cromwell, 45-year-old lawyer. The case was heard by Justice Seeger and a jury.

The witness who told of the trip was J. Harry Devine, 101 Claremont Avenue, a clerk in the law office of Harry Hilden of counsel for Mr. Cromwell. He testified that he followed Mrs. Cromwell and a young man on the Twentieth Century Limited on July 21, 1922, and that the defendant and her companion occupied a drawing room. Devine was corroborated by E. L. Wade, a Pullman porter, who said he received $5 to take a good look at Mrs. Cromwell and the young man and remember the incident.

For several hours Mrs. Genevieve Hufford, housekeeper for Mr. Cromwell, was under cross-examination by Max D. Steuer, counsel for Mrs. Cromwell. From her testimony it was shown that Mr. Cromwell on Sept. 1, 1921, the day following his marriage, put up a bond of $20,000 to guarantee to Mrs. Hufford the yearly payment of $800 for her services as long as she remained single and remained in Mr. Cromwell's household." The bond was cancelled in court at Mr. Steuer's request.

Mrs. Hufford testified that she had called Mrs. Cromwell on the long-distance telephone in California to warn her that the divorce action had been started and the papers forwarded to California. She advised Mrs. Cromwell to move away.

"And you called her to her interest and against the interest of Mr. Cromwell, although you were living in his house?" she was asked.

"Yes."

"And you told her not to defend the action after that?"

"I told her that it would be very foolish for her to defend, because the evidence I knew about was very convincing."

Evidence showing that Mrs. Cromwell had left her husband's home at Larchmont to go to California, where she was introduced by Humphrey J. Lyons of counsel for Mr. Cromwell after Mrs. Hufford had testified she tried to induce the young wife to return to her husband.

Mrs. Bella Cohen, 1,436 Hammels Avenue, Bronx, mother of Harry Cohen, one of those named in the action, admitted that Mrs. Cromwell, following her arrival in California, had called her "mother," but she asserted that others were in the habit of calling her "mother" and even "grandmother."

Cromwell's side of the case was finished at noon, and the hearing suddenly adjourned until tomorrow morning by Justice Seeger because of another engagement.

BLIND BOY MAY SEE THROUGH EYE OF PIG

Surgeons Will Operate Today in Effort to Restore Sight Lost in Explosion.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 22.—An effort will be made here tomorrow to substitute the lens of a pig's eye for the destroyed cornea of a youth who was blinded seven years ago in a fireworks explosion. The subject of the experiment is Alfred Lamoureux, of Lyndhurst. The operation, which, although dangerous, is to be performed by Dr. Edward Morgan of Paterson, who will be assisted by Drs. Rauchfuss, Hallman and Cooper, all of Paterson.

The attempt to restore sight will be watched by nine other persons, the oldest member of the group Dr. Morgan believes that within ten days the outcome will be determined. He expects success. Part of the scientific, the white of the eye, will be transferred along with the cornea.

Both the young man and the pig have been prepared for the operation which is to be performed at the Manhattan Hotel here. The pig was selected with great care. Dr. Morgan promises that if the operation succeeds the porker shall be given to spend the days in peace and plenty on a Connecticut farm.

Lamoureux is suing the township for $50,000, the injury having been sustained while he was playing with fireworks purchased by it for a Fourth of July celebration. His lawyers are to watch the operation.

CROWDS FLOCK TO LUXOR.

Tourists and Archaeologists Stream In to See Tutankhamen's Tomb.

LUXOR, Egypt, Jan. 22.—Never, at least in modern times, has the Valley of the Kings presented the scene of animation it does today. Howard Carter's discovery of King Tutankhamen's tomb has converted the desolate ravine into a veritable mecca for travelers, historians and archaeological students.

Dozens of visitors are arriving here in anticipation of the coming next week of the Earl of Carnarvon, and all are clamoring to see the tomb. The mysterious unsealing of the inner chamber, in which the Pharaoh's body is believed to lie.

The hotels are filled nightly to capacity; there are frantic efforts being made to secure rooms. Villas all those wishing to visit the scene, and extravagant prices are being charged for any sort of conveyance from Luxor to the tomb.

The American, British and French archaeological authorities, which hitherto have enjoyed undisturbed quiet, are inundated with tourists seeking permits to enter the royal treasure house. No permits are being granted, however, and even the newspaper correspondents are barred from the place, nothing formal to satisfy themselves with glimpses of the rare objects brought from it.

REJECTS OTRANTO CLAIM.

British Court Rules Suit Over American's Death Is Related.

LONDON, Jan. 22 (Associated Press).—In proceedings originally instituted by the American Government against the Peninsula and Oriental Steamship Company, the Appeal Court today dismissed an appeal of Mrs. Prince, the mother of an American soldier drowned in October, 1918, when the Steamer Otranto, carrying a large number of Americans returning from the battle front, collided off the coast of Scotland in a collision with the Steamer Kashmir.

The appellant had asked for an extension of time for the bringing of her claim against the steamship company, which, it was contended, had lost the right to appeal through lapse of time. The plea was rejected with great care. Dr. Morgan promises that if the operation succeeds the porker shall be given to spend the days in peace and plenty on a Connecticut farm.

Lamoureux is suing the township for $50,000, the injury having been sustained while he was playing with fireworks purchased by it for a Fourth of July celebration. His lawyers are to watch the operation.

The Otranto and the Kashmir were in collision early in October, 1918. Nearly 400 American soldiers were drowned. Many of the bodies were washed ashore on the shores of the island of Islay, where they were buried.

A Wedding Present for Your Daughter

What more enduring wedding gift could you make your daughter than a fund placed in trust, where the income will be paid regularly throughout her entire life?

Regardless of her husband's finances, the regular, unfailing income you provide will be a lasting joy, a constant reminder of your love and, perhaps, a help in need.

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And a million well dressed men look *better* dressed because of well combed hair.

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Stacomb supplies natural, beneficial oils which the scalp absorbs. Dry and brittle hair is unknown to Stacomb users.

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Men, women, children—all find that Stacomb makes their hair stay combed—even after the hair has just been washed, because it replaces the natural oils washed out.

Ask your barber for a Stacomb Rub.

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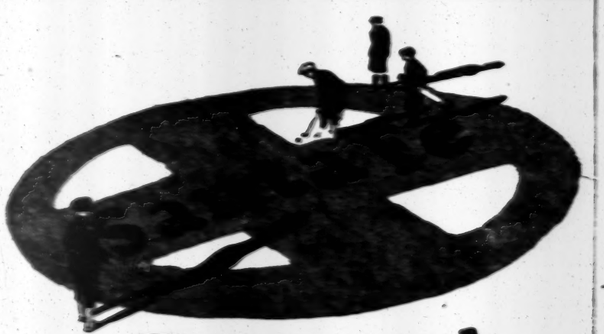

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GREB OUTPOINTS SHADE WITH EASE

Pittsburgh Boxer Has Better of Californian in 12-Round Bout in Jersey City.

TITLE NEVER IN DANGER

American Light-Heavyweight Champion Floors Opponent in Seventh Session.

Harry Greb, Pittsburgh's human windmill, still is American light-heavyweight champion, despite the aspirations of Billy Shade, clever California lightheavyweight. Greb and Shade clashed last night in the main bout of twelve rounds before a crowd of 4,000 persons at the Arena A. C. in the Fourth Regiment Armory, Jersey City, and at the final bell Greb had an advantage in points which could have been enhanced only by a knockout victory. Lacking the strength back of his punches, and, as a consequence of his long absence from serious ring contest, a little off in timing and distance, Greb failed to score a knockout. But he did about everything else that could be done to Shade and still observe the basic rules of the ring. Shade never threatened Greb nor the latter's title.

Greb carried off the twelve rounds honors question. Practically every man and woman in the crowd which packed the Armory City scarcely recognized Greb as the fighter whom the fans had clamped on the contest, despite the lack of an official decision in the commonwealth across the Hudson.

From first to last, Greb kept up a steady shower of punches on unprotected spots of Shade's anatomy. Occasionally Shade was at a loss. Confronted a fast, clever and shifty boxer under ordinary circumstances or against the younger ring rivals, Shade is wont to look ridiculous at times and repeatedly missed with the awkwardness of a novice. But to his credit, Shade never ceased trying until the final bell ended the bout.

Shade Fights Desperately.

Through the final round Shade fought desperately as he had all through the bout. In an effort to overcome Greb's perpetual-motion style, he, the lad from the Coast found the task of discouraging Greb's tireless, two-fisted assault impossible of achievement.

At times during the bout, Greb was not particular as to which punches he delivered in his steady efforts to attack. The champion's favorite trick was a gratuitous practice of extending his left arm with the gloved fist open and the thumb pointing at Shade's eyes. Referee Harry Ertle was heard to caution Greb repeatedly through the twelve rounds for disregarding the laws of boxing etiquette and consequently the crowd burst forth in expressions of disapproval as Greb held Shade's head with his left hand at close quarters while he pumped rapid-fire rights to the face between. Referee Ertle paid the penalty on this, too, Greb's record. Even without those battles, however, Greb far outclassed his rival in every ring essential, and accumulated points steadily as the battle progressed.

In the seventh round, Greb scored a clean knockdown. He extended his left arm rapidly most after the session started and caught Shade crashing in with a jab to the face which sent the California boxer to nearly an even a knockdown, when a second blow followed by the experience that he was hurt and so jumped to his feet immediately.

In the second chapter, Greb himself slipped to the glove-strewn floor, missing a revolving left hook for the first time in seven rounds of the battle when the crowd became excited because one of the principals went to the canvas. Several times, however, particularly in the later rounds, Greb's powerful left swings of the fight to the floor missed Shade and beat the Californian's crown ringing ominously. But always Shade recovered his equilibrium and fought back.

Anti-Smoking Rule Enforced.

The bout was conducted under conditions which provided a novel improvement in New Jersey boxing. A "No smoking" rule, similar to that observed at all bouts in New York, was introduced for the first time and with satisfactory results. With members of Jersey City's regular police force and well-drilled members of the Fourth Regiment Armory acting as ushers during the game, the "no-smoking rule was enforced with even greater rapidity than is experienced at some of the local clubs.

Greb's march to victory was uninterrupted from the top of the opening gong. His simply overwhelmed Shade with the two-fisted assault which in the Pittsburgher's mule characteristic. At 160½ pounds Greb was down to fighting weight and looked it. In every other respect Greb seemed in fine shape and he showed his customary condition through the bout. The defects in timing the punches and judgment of distance were not glaring. As Greb never has been known as a skillful boxer, Shade, too, was in superb shape, weighing 160 pounds.

In the first two rounds the action lagged, save for intermittent rallies, when the heavy exchanged rights to the face and Greb headed to left to the face as Shade sore it. Greb announces a whirlwind assault in the third round and almost knocked Shade through the ropes. A headlock at close quarters by the three-fingered boxer with such rapidity that Shade was in a quandary, and then one solid right assault to the jaw sent Shade staggering backward across the ring and crashing up against the ropes, where he staggered up just in time to prevent falling out of the ring. The punch dazed Shade, but he returned to the attack only to be met with a smashing left hook to the jaw which had him staggering at the bell.

Champion Staggers Opponent.

Greb was all over his rival in the fourth round and crowded Shade before him in a rally which had the crowd cheering after a slow start. Early in the fifth round Greb staggered Shade with a right to the jaw and then became wild. Near the end of the round the champion staggered his rival again with a hard right to the jaw which had the full weight of Greb's body back of it. In the sixth session Greb drew the blood from Shade's nose and mauled a lump on the right cheekbone of the Californian with his steady battering with the left.

Shade started making the champion in the seventh, but was met with a stiff jab to the face which sent him to the floor. Acting without taking a count Shade again tore into the champion, but Greb connected a furious assault and backed Shade about the ring with rights and lefts to the face and body. Shade landed a left hook to the wind near the bell which ended Greb gag.

Through the eighth and ninth rounds Greb had the better of the milling, the impact of his full-arm swings to the jaw, but though his blows gave evidence of collapsing, Shade always recovered his balance. The three closing rounds found Shade more dangerous than at any other stage of the bout. The Californian sought to turn the tide with a closing assault, but Greb continued adding points to his lead unfortunately.

In the scheduled six-round semi-final Lee Gates, Harlem heavyweight, knocked out Willie Koerner of Hackensack in the fourth round. Weber, Williams outpointed Jerry Black, a rival Jersey City heavyweight, in a special four-round bout which was put on after the semi-final. Soldier Purdy decisively outboxed and outfought Jack Hall of Bayonne in the fourth round of a scheduled six-round battle.

But Nelson Arrives in Fresno For Bout With Dick Hyland

FRESNO, Cal., Jan. 22.—Battling Nelson, former lightweight champion of the world, arrived in Fresno today for his three-round exhibition bout with "Fighting Dick" Hyland at the American Legion boxing show here tomorrow night. They fought for the lightweight championship of the world at Colma, Cal., May 9, 1908. Nelson is 43 years old and Hyland 28.

DEMPSEY EXPECTED TO GET HERE TODAY

Champion Coming to Discuss Offers—Brennan Signs Contract for Firpo Bout.

Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion, will be here today ready for discussion of fights or any other thing in the line of business which awaits him after his long absence from the East. The titleholder, according to Dan McKetrick, his Eastern representative, is en route from Chicago, after stopping off at Salt Lake City on the journey from the Pacific Coast, which started last week. Jack Kearns, manager of Dempsey, likewise is headed East, but will not arrive until tomorrow, according to wired instructions received by McKetrick.

What disposition Dempsey will make of the offers at his disposal for ring engagements McKetrick would not predict. He said the champion had enough propositions awaiting him to keep the titleholder busy with bouts for this and next year if Dempsey was of a mind to accept the offers in bulk. Bouts with Jess Willard, Luis Angel Firpo, Joe Beckett and possibly a clash with Floyd Johnson are offered Dempsey in the accumulation of propositions with which McKetrick will greet the champion and Manager Kearns. And there are many of the offers for Dempsey to risk his title against Harry Wills, the "Brown Panther" of New Orleans.

Dempsey seems assured of at least two matches during the year. His first appearance in the ring, however, will be against Willard on June 4 in Jersey City. Nothing has been signed in connection with this bout as yet, but it is known that Promoter Tex Rickard is determined to go through with his previously announced plans in this direction. Kearns and Jack Curley, Willard's manager, are in Kearns, to submit his proposition to the titleholder's manager. His offer, Rickard is sure, will meet with the approval of Kearns. Willard's agreement to the match and acceptance of the terms of the contract are considered a matter of form. The fact that the former champion has consented to the match is taken as an indication that the length of his visit here and in Atlantic City will be short. Rickard is considering in the Madison Square Garden corporation in one of the many significant features of the annual signing of contracts.

Kearns is expected to visit Rickard within two days of his arrival and discuss terms. On his previous visit here Kearns expressed himself as eager for the Willard bout. Dempsey, however, is reticent, assured, by the reports of representatives for a Dempsey-Willard match, if is expected the bout will be signed, possibly within another fortnight, and that Willard and Dempsey then will devote their attention to training plans.

Firpo-Brennan Match Clinched.

The other match this year for Dempsey is expected to be a clash between the champion and Luis Angel Firpo, Argentine heavyweight title aspirant, who is said to have improved remarkably over the form he exhibited when here last. Firpo's match with Bill Brennan, of Chicago, at Madison Square Garden on March 12 in the Garden was signed, sealed and delivered yesterday, to the satisfaction of Promoter Rickard, when Brennan's signed contract was returned to the promoter by Leo P. Flynn, Firpo's manager. Acceptance of Brennan's terms is regarded as legally binding the South American giant to the match. Rickard is determined to arrange a bout between Dempsey and Firpo if the latter emerges triumphant from the mill with Brennan, and the present indications are that the opposing he has received of Firpo's present state of pugilistic fitness that the Argentine boxer will handle the Brennan obstacle.

In order to meet Firpo, Brennan removed his conditions for Firpo in the Brennan bout. This change lengthens the time in which Rickard will arrange a title bout for Firpo if the latter beats Brennan, by considerably. Rickard is determined to arrange a bout between Dempsey and Firpo if the latter emerges triumphant from the mill with Brennan, and the present indications are that the opposing he has received of Firpo's present state of pugilistic fitness that the Argentine boxer will handle the Brennan obstacle.

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If Firpo would get a match with Dempsey within six months after his victory over Brennan. The time allowance has been increased to eight months in order to let Rickard further negotiate a Dempsey-Firpo bout here and in South America. The promoter is undecided on his plans in this connection. Possibly Brennan will decide for Rickard by eliminating Firpo as a title contender. Firpo suffered a defeat at the hands of the present Octagonian, the South American could go back to his native Argentina without giving Dempsey a second thought. Rickard, however, is so confident that Brennan will experience a setback that he is seriously considering the advisability of engaging in the field of their opponents in Buenos Aires, where the natives are confident that Firpo is the greatest individual ever known to pugilism.

Firpo is expected to leave South America for this country on Feb. 1. Rickard expects the South American will be here by Feb. 25 and that, with an interval of at least three weeks between the date of his arrival and the night of the bout, Firpo will have sufficient time in which to whip himself into shape for Brennan.

Fails to Stop at Toledo.

TOLEDO, Jan. 22.—Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion boxer, will not appear in a benefit boxing show for the children of Jimmy Glynn, an ultime manager of boxers, who died a month ago. This was established definitely early tonight when Dempsey failed to arrive out of his state room in a New York Central sleeper when the train arrived here.

A crowd of admirers who became acquainted with the champion while he was training here for his bout with Jess Willard in 1919 was on hand at the station to shake hands with the king of the heavyweights. Sport writers made an attempt to bring him out, but he was said to be indisposed.

It was said by others on the train that Dempsey remained in unfavorable spirits from his manager, Jack Kearns, when the champion ordered permission to appear here Tuesday night.

CANADIANS MAY COME HERE.

Toronto and Montreal Sixers Are Expected for Intercity Tourney.

Canada is expected to be represented by a strong team in the intercity amateur boxing tournament under the auspices of the Metropolitan A. A. U., in Madison Square Garden on Feb. 6 and 7. Amateurs of Toronto and Montreal were made up a team which will oppose here for bouts against leading local amateurs in addition to those of Pittsburgh, Boston and Bridgeport.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Two Hundred and Twelfth Regiment Armory—Charley Pelow vs. Charley Murray, twenty rounds; Joe Wright vs. Jimmy Darr, eight rounds.

Fifteenth Regiment Armory—Willie St. Clair vs. Johnny Mowry; Ray Taylor vs. Battling Willie Powell, both ten-round bouts.

City A. C.—Amateur boxing tournament.

Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, Brooklyn—Victor Flores vs. Jackie Sharkey; Sailor Martin vs. Jimmy Jacobs; Jackie Wallace vs. Young Joe Ryan. Three eight-round bouts.

M'ALLISTER TAKES MET. SPRINT TITLE

Covers 100 Yards in 10 Seconds Flat in Seniaclar A. A. Games.

VALCOUR GIRLS SET MARK

Establish New Record for the 440 Relay of 2:55 1-5—Connelly Captures the 1,000.

Three scintillating track performances featured the seventh annual Dartmouth Relay indoor track meet of the Seniaclar Athletic Association, held at the 102d Engineers Armory last night. The first was the establishment of a new record for 440 yards by the girl runners of the Valcour Club, the second was Robert McAllister's mark of "ten flat" in the 100-yard Metropolitan Association A. A. U. championship, and the last was the time hung up by Jimmy Connelly, Georgetown University's distance star, in the mile of the Club and College Handicap medley relay race and his subsequent victory in the 1,000-yard scratch invitation race.

The girls' relay was a walkaway for the nimble-footed quartet wearing the V of the Valcour Club. The team, composed of Marion McCarthy, Alice Kelly, Blanche Dixon and Rose Fisher, established a lead at the crack of the pistol and kept increasing it, so that fifteen yards or more separated them from their nearest rivals at the end. The Prudential Insurance Company A. A. was second, defeating the Millrose A. A. first team for the places. The time made by the winners was 2:55 1-5, breaking both the Seniaclar and outdoor records for the event, which is still somewhat of a novelty on track programs. The old indoor record was 2:58, made by the Valcour team on the same track on Dec. 8. The outdoor mark for the event is 2:52 3-5.

McAllister Takes Lead.

The New York "cop" was off his mark like a flash and at the half-way mark was well out in front. His margin at the finish was approximately five yards, Rawlings finishing second, a scant yard ahead of Sturgess. By his victory, McAllister retained the title which he won last year. His time, 0:10, equaled the mark he set for the distance in 1921, and matched the same record for the year that he has been clocked in even time for the 100 yards.

In the Club and College Handicap medley relay, the Georgetown quartet, with Connelly running anchor, overcame the Penn A. A. lead of 100 yards in order to participate in the Seniaclar events, very unable to overcome the handicap imposed on them, finishing in fifth position. But Connelly's performance in the mile, which he won by a scant yard from Ted Meredith, was brilliant indeed. The times for the intermediate distances were: Half-mile, 2:05 2-5; three-quarters mile, 3:16 3-5; mile, 4:23 1-5, but a new record was unofficially fast time for an unhandicapped mile.

The event was captured by the New York Athletic Club team composed of W. Gaudette in the mile, E. Gallagher in the 880, L. Wallach in the quarter-mile and Marvin Hicks, former Princeton distance star, in the half. The Winged Foot quartet started with an advantage of fifty yards over Georgetown, the scratch team in the race. New York University finished second, the members of the Violet team having a handicap of 200 yards, and the Pastime A. C. team, with an allowance of 300 yards, captured third place. The time for the Athletic A. C. quartet was 7:37 3-5. The Pioneer A. C. second team rolled out the Washingtonians for fourth place.

Connelly Defeats Devaney.

A short time after the relay, Connelly came back as one of the starters in the 1,000-yard scratch invitation event, which he won practically as he pleased. His rivals were Mike Devaney of the Millrose A. A. and Sellers and Leslie of the New York A. C. Devaney took the lead at the gun, with the Georgetown runner and Leslie close behind. Sellers followed Leslie and Sellers. On the second lap Leslie moved into second position, and for a few yards they had Connelly pocketed. A lap and a half from the finish, however, the chunky Georgetown runner came on with a sprint that soon carried him past Leslie and left his rival hence a winner by ten yards. Devaney had enough strength left to defeat Sellers for second place. Leslie did not finish the race, dropping out on the final lap. Connelly's time was 2:19 4-5.

An infraction of the rules cost the Winged Foot team an easily-won victory in the 880-yard Metropolitan Association A. A. C. championship relay. Gaudette, Gallagher, Hicks and Wallach, Leslie and Schols, finished second, behind ahead of its nearest rivals in the event, the St. Anselm's A. C. Laughlin, Lyceum and the Long Island Athletic Club. It was charged by the officials, however, that the Leslie had worn spikes in the race and the team was awarded to the St. Anselm's quartet.

The De La Salle runners took the interscholastic one-mile relay race, defeating St. Augustine's Academy and Public Hall High School. The De La Salle four made up of P. Hayes, J. Donovan, F. McCloskey and A. Bulla. The time was 3:42 3-5.

The summaries:

Open Events.

100-Yard Dash, Metropolitan A. A. U. Championship—Won by Robert McAllister, metropolitan A. A. U.; Rawlings, Long Island A. C., second; J. Sturgess, St. Paul A. C., third; J. Partington, Pastime A. C., fourth. Time—0:10 flat.

Half-Mile Novice Race—Won by D. J. Barrett, Pastime A. C.; Kennedy, Long Island A. C., second; Lyons, Pastime A. C., third. Time—2:03 4-5.

Girls' Quarter-Mile Relay Race—Won by Valcour Club (Marion McCarthy, Alice Kelly, Blanche Dixon and Rose Fisher); Prudential Insurance Company A. A., second; Pastime A. C., third. Time—0:55 4-5.

Half-Mile Invitation Handicap—Won by Walter Kopplett, Jack Sellers, Willie Kelly and Stewart Beattie. The 200-yard senior metropolitan championship race has attracted entries from Walter Kopplett, of Columbia, the present champion; C. C. Taylor, of Princeton; J. J. O'Brien, Newton Brown, Sid Leslie and Willie Parker. Eighty-five entries have been received for the seventy-yard handicap and seventy-five have been sent in for the 220-yard handicap.

The 1,000-yard handicap has fifty entries and among the starters will be Walter Higgins of Columbia and Newton Brown. Other events on the program are the two-mile run, the 2,000-yard steeplechase, the 1,000-yard relay and an intersemiastic relay race at one mile. There also will be a sixty-yard invitation race for girls and among the starters will be Camille Sable, Olympic champion; Hope Gardner, Marie Hall, Blanche Dixon and Agnes Thomson.

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Tourney for Service Championships to Be Held Jan. 31.

The boxing championships of Uncle Sam's armed forces will be decided on Jan. 31 in the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, under the auspices of the Murray Hill Post of the National Disabled Soldiers' League. Proceeds from the service elite tournament will go to the fund to form the nucleus of a fund which is sought to provide a suitable clubhouse and home in this city for veterans of the World War who are needing Government vocational training and for the disabled soldiers who have found their health ruined and gone back to some sort of work. Championships will be decided in the featherweight, lightweight, welterweight and light heavyweight classes. Boxers who have distinguished themselves in the events in Army camps and in the Navy boxing activities will struggle for supremacy in these classes. The men will be picked as follows:

Featherweight class: Bobby Garcia, Army, vs. Teddy McStoley, Navy; lightweight class, Dugout Johnson, Army, vs. Harry Dubost, Navy; welterweight class, Eddie Burnbrick, Army, vs. Jack Cooper, Navy; light-heavyweight class, Private Brennan, Army, vs. Jack McIntosh, Navy.

TO PLAY ST. NICHOLAS.

Boston Hockey Club Sextet Will Appear Here Tomorrow.

The Boston Hockey Club will be here tomorrow night for a game at Iceland against the St. Nicholas Skating Club which will have an important bearing on the Twilight League Amateur Hockey Association championship. The Hub sextet is a strong aggregation, composed largely of players who made a bold bid for similar honors last year under the colors of the Boston A. A. Already this season the Hub team has annexed its fourth consecutive victory, which is a record in the championship of the league. In fact, the Hub seems to be the only one so far this year that has attained a victory over the clubhouse.

It is understood that the Bostonians are figuring to win tomorrow night, the St. Nicks will not be beaten for lack of determination. The New Yorkers have lost only one game, having been defeated by the Westchesters by 3 to 1 when they were without the services of Wallace and Clarkson. By winning from the Boston A. C. the St. Nicks will put themselves in a commanding position in the league race. The game will be refereed by J. Lewis Brown and will start at 9 o'clock.

ST. PAUL IN FIRST PLACE.

Advances to Second Group of U. S. A. H. L. by Defeating Milwaukee.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 22.—St. Paul went into the lead in Group 2, United States Amateur Hockey League, by defeating Milwaukee, 3 to 2, here tonight. St. Paul and Cleveland previously had been tied. The teams will meet again tomorrow night.

MICHIGAN FIVE VICTORIOUS.

Triumphs Over Northwestern in Basketball Game by 16 to 10.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Jan. 22.—Close guarding by Michigan's basketball squad tonight won a decision in ten victory over Northwestern. The visitors were held throughout to a short passing game, and were seldom near enough to the Wolverine goal for a close shot.

ATHLETIC STARS ENTERED.

Will Compete in St. Joseph's Catholic Club Carnival Tomorrow.

St. Joseph's Catholic Club of Newark will hold its third annual indoor athletic carnival tomorrow night at the Sixth Regiment Armory, Newark. More than 200 entries have been received for the meet. Among the features will be a series of special invitation sprints at 20, 40 and 70 yards, in which Mel Allison, national 100-yard champion; Loren Murchison, Jackson Scholz and Bibbs Farrell are scheduled to compete.

Among the prospective starters in the 880-yard Washington Square Park are: Ed Fox, former University of Pennsylvania star; Mike Devaney, Sid Leslie, Walter Kopplett, Jack Sellers, Willie Kelly and Stewart Beattie. The 300-yard senior metropolitan championship race has attracted entries from Walter Kopplett, of Columbia, the present champion; C. C. Taylor, of Princeton; J. J. O'Brien, Newton Brown, Sid Leslie and Willie Parker. Eighty-five entries have been received for the seventy-yard handicap and seventy-five have been sent in for the 220-yard handicap.

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To Hold Races Jan. 30.

The second outdoor ice skating races of the Nodik Rinks, under the auspices of the Middle Atlantic Skating Association, will be held on Jan. 30. There will be three events, a one-half mile handicap, a one-mile handicap and a half-mile novice race, with gold, silver and bronze medals for each event.

COLUMBIA SEXTET SCORES OVER PENN

New York Collegians Outplay Opponents and Capture Hockey Game by 2-0.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—In its first home game of the year the University of Pennsylvania ice hockey team lost to the Columbia sextet at the Arena last night by a score of 2 to 0. The contest was the third of the season for Penn, and it marked the Red and Blue's third defeat. Superior play in all the departments of the game won for the New York collegians. The passing of the Columbia forwards was fast and generally effective, and their shooting was accurate. In these respects Penn showed to a disadvantage.

The work of the Columbia defense men, Rogers and Folger, was brilliant. Time and time again they checked swift Penn attacks after less than six minutes of play. Waddell scored the second goal after almost fourteen minutes.

The line-up:

COLUMBIA (2).		PENN (0).
Waddell	L.W.	Wannemacher
Ballin	C.	Pringle
Hickson	R.W.	O'Reilly
Folger	L.D.	Murray
Rogers	R.D.	Kinsley
Wright	G.	Chambers

Score—Penn, garnet, Rogers, 3:46; second period, Waddell, 13:35.
Referee—Devlin. Time of periods—12 minutes.

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RICE EASY WINNER IN CUE TITLE PLAY

Defeats Klinger in Eastern 18.2 Balkline Tourney—Other Results.

Julian Rice was the victor in last night's game in the Eastern championship 18.2 balkline tournament in progress at the Lindenbaums Club. He defeated Jacob Klinger by a score of 200 to 217. It was a slow game, consuming forty innings. Rice led practically all the way and after he had counted sixty-one in his twenty-ninth inning his victory was certain. In addition, Rice had high runs of 22 and 20, while Klinger had runs of 21, 19 and 17. Edgar T. Appleby, the national and international champion, will oppose Dr. Leonidas Mal in tonight's match.

The Brooklyn Home Council, Knights of Columbus, defeated the St. John Club in the interborough club pocket billiard tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy, Brooklyn, last night, by the score of 12 to 08. Hickey and Mahaffy represented the winners, while J. and C. Sheridan, brothers, played for the St. John Club. In the same tournament the Parker A. C. won over the La Salle Club, 12 to 6. Kennedy and Mentel played for the winning club, while Doyle and Chrisant represented the La Salle Club.

In the junior pocket billiard tourney two games were played. In the first game J. Glover defeated L. Livingston, 50 to 78, while in the second contest S. Smith won over Riordan by the score of 50 to 74. In the junior pocket billiard tournament L. Derver defeated W. Speth, 75 to 57. E. Nestor won from T. Dunn, 75 to 20, and W. O'Neil defeated D. Rothenbuck, 75 to 45. In the straight rail tournament S. Hammer won from A. Ferry, 100 to 75. S. Tirbell, the score being 100 to 88. Hammer averaged 3-7-31 and made a high run of 18, while Tirbell had an average of 3-4-31 with a high run of 11.

In the play-off of the tie for third place in the amateur Class A three-cushion tournament at Thum's Academy Martin Ackerman last night defeated Henry Franzen by the score of 25 to 20 in seventy innings. Franzen, although beaten, made a high run of five, the best of the game. Ackerman's best run was three. This victory gives Ackerman third place in the final tournament standing and Franzen fourth. There was also a tie for first place between Herbert Jarrett and Joseph Cosgrove. They will meet tonight to determine the winner of the leading prize.

Two games were played last night in the national Class C 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the Recreation Academy, Brooklyn. Emmett Crozier defeated James Langdon by a score of 150 to 128. Crozier averaged 2 27-47 and had a high run of 29, while Langdon's average was 2 18-40 and his high run 16. Frank Grimes defeated James Shea by the same score, 150 to 138. The winner's average was 2 15-46 and the loser's 2 6-41 and their high runs, respectively were 30 and 18.

J. R. Miller, playing for forty points, defeated Frank Deegan, 40 to 22, in last night's game of the handicap pocket billiard tournament now being conducted at the Recreation Billiard Academy, Manhattan. Miller, by his victory over Deegan placed himself in a tie with Morris Blumgarden for second place in the tournament standing.

Frank Greenfield defeated Martin Ackerman, 100 to 46, last night in the pocket billiard tournament for the championship of Washington Heights, now playing to a close at Crofield's Billiard Academy, 180th Street. Greenfield made a high run of 18, while Ackerman's best string was 11. The game was played in thirty-eight innings.

PEROY WINS JUNIOR FOILS CHAMPIONSHIP

Fencers' Club Expert Defeats Five Other Survivors in Tourney at French Y. M. C. A.

Rene Peroy of the Fencers' Club won the junior foils fencing championship of the Amateur Fencers' League of America last night in the annual title tournament at the French Y. M. C. A. One of a field of twenty-two competitors, Peroy qualified with five rivals for the final strip after a series of elimination bouts, and in the decisive round vanquished the other survivors in convincing fashion.

Peroy encountered his hardest bout at the hands of Denis Vose of the New York A. C. In this contest, in the new junior champion won by 5 touches to 3. In each of three other bouts Peroy yielded two touches. In his remaining bout he defeated Curtis Shears of the New York A. C. by 5 to 4.

Runner-up honors went to Herbert Twyeffort of the J. Sanford Saltus Fencing Club, French Y. M. C. A., who won four bouts in the final strip. Shears tied with D. Boyce of Harvard for third honors, but on the bouts-off of the Crimson's triple winner was successful by a score of 3-2.

The competitors were:

Herbert Twyeffort, J. Sanford Saltus Fencing Club, French Y. M. C. A.; Louis Breault, J. Sanford Saltus Fencing Club, French Y. M. C. A.; Warren A. Dow, J. Sanford Saltus Fencing Club, French Y. M. C. A.; Felix Chevrillon, J. Sanford Saltus Fencing Club, French Y. M. C. A.; H. J. Huntington Jr., Yale; R. W. Davenport, Yale; Arthur J. Kolner, Yale; W. L. Oliver, Yale; Rene Peroy, Fencers' Club; Wayne A. Sachs, Fencers' Club; Harold Van Buskirk, Fencers' Club; Paul Bancroft, New York A. C.; Denis Boucicaut, New York A. C.; Curtis C. Shears, New York A. C.; H. R. Guillan, New York A. C.; R. Olmstead, New York A. C.; H. F. Lilot, Dartmouth; D. Boyce, Harvard; George S. Sharp, Harvard; L. Daughtry, Boston A. A.; F. Farley, Columbia; Harold Bloomer, Columbia.

The summaries of the final strip follow:

Bloomer defeated Huntington, 5-1; Peroy defeated Huntington 5-4; Bloomer defeated Twyeffort, 5-2; Peroy defeated Twyeffort, 5-3; Twyeffort defeated Huntington 5-4; Bloomer 5-3; Peroy defeated Bloomer 5-4; Shears defeated Huntington 5-4; Bloomer 5-3; Boyce defeated Huntington 5-2; Bloomer 5-4; Shears 5-3.

ALFORD NAMED PRESIDENT.

Lehigh Soccer Manager to Head Pennsylvania League.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 22.—C. M. Alford, manager of the Lehigh soccer team, was elected President at the annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Soccer League. For winning the State championship the past season Lehigh was formally awarded the cup which had been in possession of Swarthmore, the two teams having decided every Pennsylvania. Davidson, Lafayette, Vice President, and C. M. Frazier, Haverford, Secretary and Treasurer. The schedule for the season, the games to be played on the field of the first named, follows:

Oct. 28—Haverford vs. Lehigh.
Nov. 3—Swarthmore vs. Haverford; 3—Pennsylvania vs. Lehigh; 10—Pennsylvania vs. Swarthmore; 17—Lehigh vs. Swarthmore; 21—Haverford

KINSELLA SUPREME ON SQUASH COURT

Outplays Reid in Final Round of National Open Title Tournament.

SCORES 15-3, 15-8, 15-4

Champion Clearly Demonstrates His Superiority in Every Department of the Game.

Walter A. Kinsella made his supremacy in squash tennis all-conquering yesterday afternoon at the Yale Club when he defeated James Reid, Jr., instructor at the Crescent Athletic Club, in three straight games, 15-3, 15-8, 15-4, in the final round of the national open championship tournament conducted by the National Squash Tennis Association. During his march through the tournament, the Squash Club expert not only downed his foremost rivals among the professionals, including William F. Gurley, considered to be the only man with a fair chance of stopping him, but he also took the measure of the king of the amateurs in the person of Thomas R. Cornell of the Yale Club. It is a fact strongly in Cornell's favor, however, that he pressed the world's professional champion more closely than any of the latter's professional opponents. Cornell scored 15 points against Kinsella in three games. Gurley of Cornell scored 31, Gurley 34 and Reid 31. All of Kinsella's triumphs were recorded in straight games.

When Kinsella entered this three-cornered national open championship he was already the holder of the world's professional honors, having successfully defended his title earlier in the season against the challenge of Reid. He is now the holder of every honor in the game offered to a professional opponent. He will not be called upon to defend his national open title until the next annual tournament, nor will he be subject to challenge in the interim. His success in the tournament just concluded earned him a purse of $400 besides the title, while Reid, as runner-up, was awarded $200.

Good-Sized Gallery on Hand.

The final match was witnessed by a good-sized gallery. It was played with considerable rapidity, the three games occupying only fifty minutes. Kinsella's superiority was manifested beyond all possibility of argument. It was evidenced in his speed, of foot in covering court, in the pace of his hitting and the accuracy of his strokes, in his anticipation of shots and in his generalship in bringing up position. Reid played his best game. He, too, was quick as a cat in getting about the court, and he angled the ball beautifully and made many skillful shots. He was noted frequently to switch Kinsella, varying his changing pace, but the latter was never fooled. He was always on top of the ball when he wanted it to be, no matter how skillfully Reid tried to fake it away in the hope of forcing a miss or attempted to fool Mr. Reid's hitting had power enough to send almost anybody else, but it never seemed to bother the champion in the slightest degree.

Kinsella made quick work of the opening game, finishing it in ten hands and piling up an early lead that Reid never threw a look-in. The champion earned 12 of his 15 points and made only 2 of errors. In placements, he led Reid 11 to 1. These figures epitomize the game. In his every hand Kinsella was able to put a load of 7 to 9. He made five placements in a row in his opening hand and took the other points on errors that were forced by his terrific slashing, both around the walls and up and down the court. Reid's only placement occurred in the fifth game. He finished in the tenth on a kill-the-ball service and an angle placement.

Reid made his best resistance in the second game. This was concluded only in hands, and by the score 15 Reid to 8. Here Kinsella, leading, 5-4, at the end of the fourteenth. Each handled the other's service roughly. Reid made 8 points in his third hand, all on errors. Kinsella made 3 in his only service out in a string of 4-3, and Kinsella repeated in the fourteenth with 3 points on errors. Reid getting in the path of one of his own shots and in the next made a stunning kill the ball. Kinsella scored in the fifteenth. Kinsella on a service ace and Reid on a drive. Then the champion began slowly and surely to forge ahead, making 11 points in the eleven succeeding hands while holding Reid to 1. Kinsella scored on a two-point service ace at 10 to 1, and on a placement and on not in the seventh hand, and finished in the succeeding hand by service which Reid fudged to open and on the kill-the-ball. Kinsella made a service error at 2, in his game and surrendered 3 points.

Last Game Is Decisive.

The third game was still slightly less decisive than the others. Kinsella led it through to fifteen hands. Both went service in the three opening hands. Then Kinsella opened fire with his big guns again in the fourth and ran five points before Reid could stop him. He was trying so hard that in two rallies Reid could not dodge the ball on the front-wall rebound. An angle placement accounted for another of the scores, a kill for another and an out for the fifth. Kinsella scored again in the sixth, seventh, seventh and eighth hands and was leading at that time by 14-to-1. It was not until the eleventh hand Reid was able to make his first point, this on a kill-the-ball. Two more kill-the-ball placements accounted for all of Reid's points.

Kinsella's finish of the match was as impressive as his opening. He scored five placements in a row, three of them in kill-the-ball, and Reid made only one. There was a kill and the two others were angle placements to Reid's backhand. Kinsella's advantage in the final game is reflected in the fact that he made the overwhelming number of placement placements. In the whole match Reid totalled few points at any time in the match through mistakes of execution. It was angles, his shots to Kinsella that made the Detroit ace step out.

In the match as a whole, Kinsella's six-point points, including two service aces, numbered 37 to 6, and his errors 9 to 22. The point score and stroke analysis follow:

FIRST GAME.

Kinsella	2	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	2—15
Reid	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0— 2

Stroke analysis—Kinsella, 11 placements, 2 service ace, 1 out; Reid, 2 placements, 2 kill-the-ball, 1 out.

SECOND GAME.

Kinsella	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—2
Reid	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	2—8
	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3

Stroke analysis—Kinsella, 7 placements, 1 service ace, 2 kill-the-ball, 1 out; Reid, 3 placements, 2 kill-the-ball, 2 outs.

THIRD GAME.

Kinsella	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	2—10
Reid	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0— 4

Stroke analysis—Kinsella, 11 placements, 2 kill-the-ball, Reid, 1 placement, 2 kill-the-ball, 1 out.

RECAPITULATION.

	Played	P.	S.	A.	T.	T.	O.	E.	Pts.	E.
Kinsella	3	2	0	2	2	1	0	0	37	9
Reid	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	6	22

Total Points—Kinsella 43, Reid 28. Time—20 minutes. Referee and Scorer—H. R. Mudge, Princeton Club.

WILL TRY TO LIFT TITLE.

Jersey Harriers Will Compete in Met. Mile Relay Championship.

The Jersey Harriers A. A. of Bayonne, N. J., will make a determined effort to lift the Metropolitan A. A. U. mile relay championship title in the local A. A. U. association's annual winter indoor track and field championships, which will be held in Madison Square Garden on Feb. 3. The Bayonne club has entered a team composed of Walter B. Sweeney, George F. Huffner, Frank J. Taylor, H. Hinkle, Frank Ashmore and Charles Hipp for the relay event. Harriers for the title mark will close Saturday.

State New York Baby League Will Be Revived Next Season.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Jan. 22.—The New York State Baseball League is to be revived this year, according to a letter received by H. H. Chidell today from John H. Farrell, Secretary of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues, and former President of the old New York State league. The letter invited Mr. Chidell to attend a meeting to consider the formation and organization of this circuit to be held at Elmira on Thursday night, Jan. 25. Mr. Chidell, former owner of the Binghamton franchise, has been working with Mr. Farrell on the project. He says Mr. Farrell contemplates the organization of a six-team circuit, including such cities as Binghamton, Elmira, Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, Utica and Schenectady.

MRS. MALLORY SAILS FOR FRANCE FEB. 10

Will Play in Riviera Tennis Tourneys, but Will Not Compete at Wimbledon.

Announcement made several weeks ago that Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, American women's lawn tennis champion, would go to Europe to play in the Riviera tournaments was verified yesterday by her husband, Franklin I. Mallory, broker of this city, but the earlier statement to the effect that she planned to stay over for the Wimbledon tournament in England in June was contradicted. Nevertheless, Mrs. Mallory hopes that during her visit to the Riviera she will be privileged to meet Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen of France, the world's champion, who defeated Mrs. Mallory last season at Wimbledon. Mrs. Mallory will be accompanied by her husband and they will sail for France on the Olympic Feb. 10.

The American champion's plans call for her first appearance on Riviera courts at Monte Carlo for the championship of Monaco, which is to be played from Feb. 20 to March 4. She will arrive in France about Feb. 17, so that she will have at least a few days of practice before play starts. Her next appearance will be in the Riviera championships to be held at Nice from March 5 to 11 and she will also play in the tournament for the championship of the South of France, March 12 to 18, and the Coast championship at Cannes, March 20 to 25. Mr. and Mrs. Mallory expect to return to this country in April. There will be disappointment in tennis circles that she will thus be unable to make a third appearance in the so-called world's championships at Wimbledon.

The Riviera is home territory for Mlle. Lenglen, who has accomplished some of her most sensational exploits in tennis on the instruments at and about Nice for the last several years. She is expected to meet Mrs. Mallory in the opening to Montmajour in 1924, but the special committee sought to get him away from South Bend in time to take the reins next September. The question was also raised as to whether Cummins would do the inspecting before Rockne's coming. If a Notre Dame man could have been found to pave the way for Rockne and then turn the command over to him in 1924, there is small doubt but that Cummins would have signed on South Bend's wagon as a long-term contract at a big figure. Looking that solution the committee found the situation a hard one.

There is still a chance that Rockne may serve eventually, with another coach filling in for a year. There are also other possibilities, and these will be duly considered tomorrow.

Work is going to get Baker Field ready for football games next Fall is being pushed by the university's building authorities. Topographical drawings have been prepared, showing the grade and contour of the land and indicating what grading will be necessary to level the present sporting field. It is a safe bet to say that in the north end of the new square for the erection of wooden stands. All this grading will be work that would have to be done later when the concrete structure is begun, and to the committee in charge it was a case of making one job which George F. Baker presented to it at a cost exceeding $500,000.

By the spring of 1924, it was said yesterday, the permanent baseball stadium will have been built. It will contain a dirt track, jumping pits, running track and all other facilities for indoor track and field practice, with the only indoor pole vaulting pit in this city. The football and football squads will be afforded indoor workouts in bad weather, and there will be provision for a board floor to be placed over the dirt. On this floor basketball games will be staged.

TO DISCUSS CHOICE OF COLUMBIA COACH

Committees Will Hold Meeting Tomorrow to Consider Football Problem

The football situation as regards the choice of a new coach will be reviewed by Columbia's athletic authorities at a joint committee meeting in the Columbia Club, 4 West Forty-third Street, tomorrow afternoon. At that time nine committees will meet in a general session. They will be the University Committee on Athletics, the Football Committee and a special committee named to find a new coach.

No definite announcement will follow the meeting, for the university is not yet in a position to make public the identity of the next football mentor. But it is probable that the task of finding a new coach will enter to that phase tomorrow. After that it will be only a question of a short time before applications will be completed and the formal announcement made.

Tomorrow's meeting will be for the chief purpose of checking up. The several committees will report on its work and submit findings to the Football Committee, which in turn will report to the University Committee, which will pass the final verdict on the recommendations. Only the members of the three bodies will be every athletic leader in the university, in addition to the three representatives of President Butler, who are on the University Committee. That a definite decision will be reached is more than likely.

So far as the average undergraduate and alumnus are concerned, the coaching situation is no further advanced than it was two months ago. Several well-known coaches have been approached, unofficially, but every one passed by at the time. Hazle Jenks, formerly of Yale and Lafayette, is the latest coach, but he, too, went to his prospects were dimmed, and now reportedly he occupies a coaching position at the University of Virginia.

Knut Rockne was seriously considered, but his contract with Notre Dame appears to be such that could not be released. Rockne was first approached on coming to Minneapolis in 1924, but the special committee sought to get him away from South Bend in time to take the reins next September. The question was also raised as to whether Cummins would do the inspecting before Rockne's coming. If a Notre Dame man could have been found to pave the way for Rockne and then turn the command over to him in 1924, there is small doubt but that Cummins would have signed on South Bend's wagon as a long-term contract at a big figure. Looking that solution the committee found the situation a hard one.

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GALLON IS TENNIS VICTOR.

Defeats Sturgis by 6-3, 6-3, in Heights Casino Tourney.

Only one match was played yesterday afternoon in the members' Class A indoor tennis championship tournament at the Heights Casino, Brooklyn. William J. Gallon defeated Thomas Sturgis in straight sets, 6-3, 6-3. Gallon's play as a member of the Heights Casino and West Side Tennis Club has always been conspicuous for steadiness of performance, and this was again the chief characteristic of his methods. He succeeded in getting practically every ball back, and Sturgis, though he played well, did not have sufficient speed of stroke to offset his adversary's control.

Matches in the tourney are conducted on the round-robin plan of arrangement and it is expected that it will be a matter of several weeks before the original twenty-nine players are weeded out and the competition carried along to the title round.

TRACK TEAM HAS TRYOUTS.

Dartmouth Selects Athletes to Compete in Boston A. A. Games.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Jan. 22.—Dartmouth's track hopes centered in Winter Hall here today with tryouts to determine the contestants in the Boston Athletic Association games that come at the close of the examination period next week, Feb. 2. The Green will also appear at the Knights of Columbus games in Boston Feb. 10 and 24, a triangular meet with Harvard and Cornell in the latter city Feb. 24. The tryouts today seem to indicate that Dartmouth will be represented this year by an unusually well balanced team.

Captain Ray Watson, intercollegiate hammer throw champion and outdoor high jumper, started off well today with a jump of 6 feet 3¾ inches. He appears to be in better condition than at the corresponding time last year, and hopes to set a new high mark before the season ends. Bryant, a sterling half last year in Interfraternity competition, Chapman, a sophomore, was second to Brown today. Brad Wiseiger turned in a mark of 4.33 seconds for the forty-yard dash and will compete in the B. A. A. meet.

Giants Sign Five Rookies.

Although the Giants say they have not yet inked out their 1923 contracts, five signed parchments came in yesterday. They were probably holdovers from last year, as all were from young fellows who were picked up at the end of the season. Three are pitchers, one an outfielder and one a catcher.

Clinton Hinnel, a promising youngster from Colgate University, and along with his contract the information that he will go to camp with the team. Hinnel was sent to Hartford in 1921 and to Cornell, Dartmouth three until time to take trade for Wayne Peters, on Feb. 22. Hinnel is a fine young pitcher, and so are Earl Webb, from Memphis, and Otto Yaight, from San Antonio, where the Giants had Scott in the spring of 1922. Webb is said to be getting a line on him now. Webb, a right from Memphis, is coming with a big reputation as a hitter.

The catcher is John Anderson, with Dartmouth last season, a boy who was overlooked in the draft. Malden Bladen, an outfielder from Middlebury, R. I., also signed on the dotted line. Jimmy Young, Polish and Greek, the Giants now have eight players on their outfield. Only about thirty-two to go.

Union Basketeering Air of Secrecy.

The next month will undoubtedly see the newly formed players' union in action, and there may be some fireworks accompanying the launching of the organization. If the union is to make that promised appeal to the magnates for relief and fair play, it ought to be before or during the annual league meetings in February. About the same time the clubs will begin putting their 1923 contracts in the mail, and when the waiting world will see whether the athletes contemplate any organized movement for a decent living wage.

The air of secrecy about the union is disquieting. Not a word outside the magic leaves what the players intend to do, or what aspects they will make, when pressing they will deliver. The magnates would like more light; the situation is beginning to get on their nerves.

Yanks Likely to Have Trouble.

When it comes to holdouts the Yanks will likely have more trouble than the Giants. The late world's series is still a painful subject to the American League officers, and some of the delinquent ghosts-adorn are going to find the income tax an burdensome during the next fiscal year. When this par cut rums smack into a highly inflated temperamental—as it is by the owner in several instances—the result may be useful to behold. There will undoubtedly be loud and plaintive moans from various sections of the country and threats to leave the dear old game for ever and for ever. Which means extra work for Colonel Huston and the other magic arbitrators in the Yankee entourage.

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MAY 26 SET FOR RACE.

Harvard, Yale and Princeton to Row on Charles on That Date.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 22.—An announcement that the Harvard-Yale-Princeton triangular race between 150-pound crews would be held on the Charles River basin here on May 26 was made by Manager Sheridan Logan of the Harvard crew today.

Lynn Boy Signs With Tigers.

LYNN, Mass., Jan. 22.—Lester Burke, captain of last year's baseball team at the Lynn English High School, signed today with the Detroit Americans and will report at their training camp early in March.

YANKEES SIGN NEW SOUTHPAW PITCHER

Obtain Joe Suggs From Southern Association—Dearman Released to Albany.

The Yankees signed a new left-handed pitcher yesterday—one Joe Suggs, who was employed by Memphis and Atlanta last season and won fifteen games and lost eleven in the Southern Association. President Corbett of the Atlanta Club, who is in New York, recommends him highly, and Manager Otto Miller, former Brooklyn catcher, says he may be as good as Jaba Kay, whom the Yanks tried to get and couldn't.

Still you might hardly say that the southpaw problem has been solved. After Suggs had been acquired, the Yanks let pitcher Wilson Dearman go to Albany on option. So they still have the same number of left handers, although the quality might be a bit higher. If Suggs lasts through the training season he will be the only left hander on the staff.

The new man is a college graduate, as individual shows, his record last year was not one to set the world afame, but his followers point out that the majority of Suggs's games were in small towns against semi-pro outfits, which he might have won with a better team behind him. The terms of the deal were not announced.

Dearman was with the Yanks part of last season but never got further than the batting practice. He is a big pitcher, 6 feet 3 and 200 pounds, and will get another try at the show in spring training at Albany. He comes from White Plains.

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PRINCETON TO PLAY 29 BASEBALL GAMES

Will Open Season With Villanova, March 28—Six New Opponents Scheduled.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 22.—Princeton's 1923 baseball schedule, as announced here today by Undergraduate Manager William M. Taylor, consists of twenty-nine games, twenty of which will be played on the home diamond. The opening contest of the season, against Villanova, comes on March 28. The Tigers' schedule includes a short Southern tour at Easter, and also trips to Cambridge and New Haven for the annual contests with Harvard and Yale. Three dates are tentative, depending upon the results of these "Big Three" games. If the series are tied, extra games must be played.

The Southern trip consists of games with Johns Hopkins and Georgetown. The Tigers will meet Johns Hopkins on Homewood Field, Baltimore, Md., March 30, and will then journey to Washington to meet Georgetown the following day.

Six collegian which did not meet Princeton last year appear on the schedule for the first time. They are Johns Hopkins, Villanova, University of Vermont, Syracuse, Gettysburg and the University of Toronto.

The schedule follows:

March 28, Villanova at Princeton; 30, Johns Hopkins at Baltimore; 31, Georgetown at Washington.

April 4, Bucknell at Princeton; 7, Lehigh at Princeton; 11, Vermont at Princeton; 14, Columbia at Princeton; 18, Lafayette at Princeton; 21, Cornell at Princeton; 25, Cornell at Ithaca.

May 2, Fordham at Princeton; 5, Amherst at Princeton; 9, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; 12, Dartmouth at Princeton; 16, Harvard at Princeton; 19, Dartmouth at Hanover; 23, Syracuse at Princeton; 26, Harvard at Cambridge; 30, Yale at Princeton.

June 2, Yale at New Haven; 6, Harvard at Princeton (if the series of the "Big Three" is tied); 9, Gettysburg College at Princeton; 13, Toronto at Princeton; 20, Yale at New York (if the series of the "Big Three" is tied).

IOWA SCHOOLBOYS ENTER PENN RELAY

Cedar Rapids Team, Winner of Two Races in 1921, to Compete Again This Year.

Entries are coming in so fast from the preparatory and high schools of the country for the University of Pennsylvania's relay championships to be held at Franklin Field on Friday and Saturday, April 27 and 28, that the management is in a quandary as to whether there will be time enough to run off all the races for the schoolboys in conjunction with those for intercollegiate titles. Xeres was received in New York athletic circles yesterday that school entries received to date include Cedar Rapids, Ia., H. S. of Iowa and Hamilton Collegiate of Canada.

The Cedar Rapids boys came East in 1921 and won the one and two mile high school relay championships and were second in the intermediate relay race. Hamilton has never been East before, but last year and duplicated the record of Cedar Rapids of the year before. Coming undoubtedly, the Canadians at that time showed some of the fastest schoolboy runners ever seen on Franklin Field.

More than four hundred schoolboy "look pay" at last year's races. There is every indication that this number will be increased this year, as many more are expected to enter. Last year although spectacular races have been sent out only a little more than a week ago. The Pennsylvania management has made some changes in the classification for the coming meet, this being necessary to arrange that each school may be properly grouped.

The classification of leading groups follows:

PREPARATORY SCHOOL.

One-Mile Relay—Shrewsbury, Mass., Lawrenceville, Exeter, Andover, Worcester, Germantown Friends, St. Paul's of Concord, Penn Charter, Huntingdon, St. John's Military School, Pa.

Quarter-Mile Relay—Philadelphia Textile, Central High of Philadelphia, Baltimore City College, Penn Charter, Peddie, Lawrenceville, Mercersburg, Exeter, Andover, Worcester, Germantown Friends, Shrewsbury, Mass., Hill, Pottsville, Pa., Lafayette, Easton, Pa., Mercersburg, Pa., Central High of Philadelphia

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kills germs with Oxygen

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A refreshing mouth-wash, night and morning. A preventive of throat infection if used as a gargle at the first sign of sore throat.

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There Was Nothing So Good for Congestion and Colds as Mustard

But the old-fashioned mustard plaster burned and blistered while it acted. Get the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the bother and without the blister.

Musterole does it. It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It is scientifically prepared, and what it works wonders.

Gently massage Musterole in with finger-tips. See how quickly it stops pain—how speedily the pain disappears.

Try Musterole for sore throat, bronchitis, tonsilitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, sprains, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sores, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds in the chest (may prevent pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars and tubes; hospital size, $3.00. Better than a mustard plaster.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

Cuticura Relieves Rashes

Bathe with plenty of Cuticura Soap and hot water to cleanse and purify. Dry lightly and apply Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal.

FIAT

COUPES

A Sedan

$2900 plus tax at New York

150 West 57th Street

Telephone: Circle 7200

Ride in the

FRANKLIN

With the New Motor

More Power
More Speed
More Economy

Lowest price in 25 years

SHAMROCK WINNER IN FEATURED RACE

Beats Macbeth by Half Length in the Advance Purse at New Orleans.

FIVE FAVORITES TRIUMPH

Talent Enjoys a Field Day Despite Muddy Track—Corcoran Rides Three Victors.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 21.—The chief feature of a dark and rainy afternoon's sport at the Fair Grounds today was the appearance of the Black colt Shamrock in the Advance Purse, a six furlong dash for three-year-olds. This son of Black Toney, which was one of the outstanding two-year-olds of last year and which will be the reliance of its owner, T. W. O'Brien, in the Kentucky Derby and other stakes of 1923, splintered to victory over a muddy track, beating L. Gentry's Macbeth by half a length in a driving finish. C. A. Applegate's gelding Hark took the short end of the purse.

Despite the stormy going and the lowering clouds and driving rain which made it impossible at times to distinguish the hues of the silks that adorned the jockeys, form told a truer tale than on any previous day of the current meeting. Five favorites and a second choice were victorious and the surprised talent had a field day.

Corcoran Rides Three Winners.

Johnny Corcoran, added materially to the prestige which he has been steadily gaining over since Max Goldblatt brought him down here from Kentucky for the Winter racing. This precocious apprentice jockey accepted five mounts and brought three of them past the judges in front. He gave Royal Dish, the only winning outsider of the day, a gilt-edged ride in the second race, guiding the veteran by a narrow margin in a hard drive. Handed Jack Hare Jr. an easy victory in the Mercurius Purse, and rode Demas across in the final event by virtue of a nice display of skill in the saddle.

The performance of Shamrock was a gratifying demonstration that the colt is rounding to form. With 117 pounds up he cleared the terrific pace set by Macbeth in going after to the lifting, moved up to the last eighth to overcome a disadvantage of six or seven lengths and were down Macbeth in the final twenty yards. The speed shown by the latter in the early stages may be measured by the fact that he turned the fields to the quarter through the mud in 0:23 2-5, and to the half in 0:47 4-5. Hark finished gamely to capture the show money a couple of lengths behind Macbeth. Shamrock was paying seven from even money to 7 to 10.

In a necessary way the chief race of the card was the Lake Shore Purse, but the blue pencil robbed the event of much of its potential thrills, for only three of the probable starters, Parasol, Miss Glad and Lucky Bob, went to the post. Miss Glad was scratched by the order of J. Haggin Jr., part owner of the outstanding Queen, defending the public choice, although, in a driving finish by part of a length, Shamrock was a short favorite.

June Flower Takes Opener.

The Kaliga Farms unburdened a real filly in the three-furlong sprint for two-year-olds which opened the program. This was June Flower, a Wild-Goldsboro colt owned by Mrs. Clyde-Jones Bug. Although losing ground at the stretch turn and being wide down in the turn, the youngster took the measure of her competitors easily.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-old maidens, purse $1,000; three furlongs; claiming prices, $2,000 to $1,500. Won driving; place, second; show, third. Time, :36 2-5. Odds, $3.20, $2.60, $2.40. Mrs. C. Bug's June Flower, 106 (Goldsboro). Mrs. C. Bug's Miss Thompson, 106 (Thomas). Mrs. [illegible]'s Miss Gold, 106 (Hanover). Also ran: Miss Gold, Jimmie Porter, Mamie Davis, Gilmore and Barney Child also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; one mile. Won driving; place, second; show, third. Time, 1:44 2-5. Odds, $3.60, $2.60, $2.40. The property of Mrs. Clyde-Jones Bug's Lucky Bob, 110 (Goldsboro). Mrs. C. Bug's Parasol, 110 (Thomas). Mrs. [illegible]'s Miss Glad, 110 (Hanover). Also ran: Mamie Davis, Gilmore and Barney Child also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Won driving; place, second; show, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Odds, $3.20, $2.60, $2.40. Mrs. C. Bug's Jack Hare Jr., 110 (Goldsboro). Mrs. C. Bug's Miss Thompson, 110 (Thomas). Mrs. [illegible]'s Miss Gold, 110 (Hanover). Also ran: Mamie Davis, Gilmore and Barney Child also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Mercurius Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Won driving; place, second; show, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Odds, $3.20, $2.60, $2.40. Mrs. C. Bug's Jack Hare Jr., 110 (Goldsboro). Mrs. C. Bug's Miss Thompson, 110 (Thomas). Mrs. [illegible]'s Miss Gold, 110 (Hanover). Also ran: Mamie Davis, Gilmore and Barney Child also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Lake Shore Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Won driving; place, second; show, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Odds, $3.20, $2.60, $2.40. Mrs. C. Bug's Jack Hare Jr., 110 (Goldsboro). Mrs. C. Bug's Miss Thompson, 110 (Thomas). Mrs. [illegible]'s Miss Gold, 110 (Hanover). Also ran: Mamie Davis, Gilmore and Barney Child also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Won driving; place, second; show, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Odds, $3.20, $2.60, $2.40. Mrs. C. Bug's Jack Hare Jr., 110 (Goldsboro). Mrs. C. Bug's Miss Thompson, 110 (Thomas). Mrs. [illegible]'s Miss Gold, 110 (Hanover). Also ran: Mamie Davis, Gilmore and Barney Child also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Won driving; place, second; show, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Odds, $3.20, $2.60, $2.40. Mrs. C. Bug's Jack Hare Jr., 110 (Goldsboro). Mrs. C. Bug's Miss Thompson, 110 (Thomas). Mrs. [illegible]'s Miss Gold, 110 (Hanover). Also ran: Mamie Davis, Gilmore and Barney Child also ran.

EIGHTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Won driving; place, second; show, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Odds, $3.20, $2.60, $2.40. Mrs. C. Bug's Jack Hare Jr., 110 (Goldsboro). Mrs. C. Bug's Miss Thompson, 110 (Thomas). Mrs. [illegible]'s Miss Gold, 110 (Hanover). Also ran: Mamie Davis, Gilmore and Barney Child also ran.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; maiden three-year-olds and upward; claiming prices, $2,000 to $1,500; three furlongs.

Farmerette 106, Kenneth 112, Sister Ann 107, Flying Heels 112, Flag of the Sea 107, Alfie Chapman 109, Bubbles 112, Kalmia 107, Dominion 112, Lucky Bob 110, Gold Dust 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; Parasol 110, Miss Glad 110, Lucky Bob 110, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; Jack Hare Jr. 110, Miss Thompson 110, Miss Gold 110, Mamie Davis 110, Gilmore 110, Barney Child 110, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107.

FOURTH RACE—The Mercurius Purse, for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards.

Jack Hare Jr. 110, Miss Thompson 110, Miss Gold 110, Mamie Davis 110, Gilmore 110, Barney Child 110, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107.

FIFTH RACE—The Lake Shore Purse, for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards.

Jack Hare Jr. 110, Miss Thompson 110, Miss Gold 110, Mamie Davis 110, Gilmore 110, Barney Child 110, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards.

Jack Hare Jr. 110, Miss Thompson 110, Miss Gold 110, Mamie Davis 110, Gilmore 110, Barney Child 110, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards.

Jack Hare Jr. 110, Miss Thompson 110, Miss Gold 110, Mamie Davis 110, Gilmore 110, Barney Child 110, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107.

EIGHTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards.

Jack Hare Jr. 110, Miss Thompson 110, Miss Gold 110, Mamie Davis 110, Gilmore 110, Barney Child 110, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107, Lucky Lee 107.

SCOFIELD LEADS FIELD.

Scores 77 in The Whistler Qualifying Round—Rackham Has 72 Net.

PINE HURST, N. C., Jan. 21.—A big field of golfers took part in the qualifying round of the The Whistler mid-winter round robin at Pinehurst today. It was led at the finish by E. L. Scofield of Stamford and Pinehurst, who went around in 39-38—77, and by Harvey H. Rackham of Detroit, who was the net score prize with a card of 48—10—72.

Richard Tufts of Medford and Pinehurst fully was Scofield in games scoring with a round of 41—37—78. The Rev. T. A. Crenshaw of Pittsburgh played one of the best rounds of his career. He got an 84.

MISS BURNS AT PINEHURST.

Tri-State Golf Champion Plays Title Course in 40—41—81.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 21.—Miss Marion Burns of the Hillcrest Golf and Country Club, Kansas City, eighteen-year-old holder of the Tri-State golf championship, arrived here from Miami today and immediately proceeded to play a round of 40, 41—81 on the title course. Miss Burns lowered the women's record for the course of the Miami Country Club last week, when she went over it in 39, 42—81.

TIJUANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; four and a half furlongs.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $500; one mile.

Pretty Flower 109 (Lyons), Flaxwell 111, Jack Lee 111, Jack Lee 111, Don Marsh 111, Sandia 111, Pink Peony 106, Dick Quick 106, Dorothy 106, Wild Rose 106, W. C. Daisy 106.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $500; one mile.

Chatham Court 110, Dorothy 106, Wild Rose 106, W. C. Daisy 106, Pink Peony 106, Dick Quick 106, Sandia 111, Jack Lee 111, Jack Lee 111, Flaxwell 111, Pretty Flower 109.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

EIGHTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

Sunfast Boy 108 (Lyons), Kentucky Lassie 108, Lethon 97, Jack Spurrier 108, Lucky Lee 107, Gunsmoke II 98, Gallaher 98, Little Sadie 104, High Heels 97, Big Jim 97, Little Mabel 104, Vanion 104.

EIGHTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, purse $500; one mile and seventy yards.

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HYDE TAKES MEDAL WITH A CARD OF 74

South Shore Golfer Leads Field in Lake Worth Tourney at Palm Beach.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 21.—The Lake Worth Tournament, which has been an annual event on the links of the Palm Beach Golf Club for the past eleven years, began with a qualifying round of eighteen holes this morning with a larger number of entrants than at any previous tournament. James Hyde of the South Shore Field Club, Bay Shore, L. I., holder of the amateur record on the Palm Beach Country Club course, led the field of eighty golfers with a score of 74.

His card was as follows:

Out ..... 3 4 2 3 5 4 4 4 5—34
In ..... 4 3 4 4 5 3 4 4 5—40—74

He was closely followed by M. A. Carroll of Oshkosh, Wis., and Chris Dunphy of Washington, each with 75. Carroll's six on the fourth hole lost him a tie for medal honors. Par for the course is 68. For the first time in the history of the tournament it was found necessary today to increase the number of match players to four sixteens, as two-thirds of the qualifying scores were bettered 82 and 83.

Others who qualified for the first sixteen and their scores:

Hugh L. Willoughby Jr., Philadelphia, 76-2-78; W. J. Hyde, Bay Shore, L. I., 80-3-77; Gordon Douglas, New York City, 80-3-77; William B. Langford, Chicago, 80-3-77; Charles H. Rackham, Detroit, 80-3-77; Quentin Wilkinson, Wilkinsburg, Pa., 80-3-77; John Shepard 3d, Boston, 80-3-77; W. L. Hunt, Philadelphia, 80-3-77; J. D. Rockefeller, Cleveland, 81-3-78; J. D. Russell, New York, 81-3-78; J. A. Gilmore, New York City, 81-3-78; E. W. Edwards, Cincinnati, 81-3-78; J. S. Pillsbury, Minneapolis, 81-3-78.

MISS COLLETT GOES SOUTH FOR SEASON

National Golf Champion Will Practice at Belleair for Winter Classics.

Miss Glenna Collett, holder of the women's national golf championship which she won last year at White Sulphur Springs, passed through the city yesterday on her way from Providence, R. I., to Belleair, Fla., where she will begin practice for the Winter classics and for the coming season. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. George Collett, and plans to remain in the South until April 15.

After a few weeks at home she will probably sail for England to take part in the British ladies' championship, which will be held at Somerset beginning May 1.

Upon her arrival at Belleair Miss Collett will take up the game where she left off on Nov. 18, when, partnered by her father, she won the Massachusetts foursome. She will be under the tutelage of Alex Smith, professional at New London and Belleair, former national open champion, who has aided her not a little in her climb to the top of the women's golf world. At the present time she is suffering from a deep cut on one of the fingers of her right hand, but she expects to be able to take up golf within a week or ten days after her arrival in Florida.

After a stay at Belleair she will go to Palm Beach as the guest of Miss Elizabeth Gorman of Metamora, who is wintering in the South, and on Feb. 12 she will compete in the Florida East Coast championship. She will then return to Belleair for the women's events to be played there and later go to Camden, S. C., following which she will motor to Pinehurst for the women's North and South championship, which also will be held there.

Miss Collett's achievements on the links last season stamp her as the outstanding star of the year. Like Hagen in the professional ranks and Sweetser among the amateurs, she developed several of the year's leading championships. In addition to winning the North and South she captured two other prizes during her stay in the South, the Florida championship and the medal play tournament at Augusta. Defeating Mrs. Rockwell, who won the medal in the women's eastern championship, which was played at the Westchester-Biltmore Country Club at Rye, also aiding the winner in the final. She won the medal in the Boston-country tournament as well as the medal with the final in the qualifying event.

She also established several records during the year, her most notable being as 81 in the medal round of the national event. Other records which fell before her prowess were at the Brae Burn Country Club, Newton, Mass., Agawam and Wannamoisett courses in her home State, and at Brookline, Brae Burn and Belmont in the Massachusetts district.

MUNICIPAL GOLF COMMITTEE MEETS

Title Tourney Will Be Held June 4, 5 and 6—Will Send Team to Capital.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Municipal Golf Association held last night at the home of Dr. P. C. McCoy, it was definitely decided to hold a tournament for the municipal golf championship of New York City on June 4, 5 and 6, probably at Van Cortland Park, although the place has not been definitely decided upon. It is planned to send the ten leading players in this tournament to compete in the public links championship tournament to be played on the Potomac links at Washington, D. C., on June 28 to 30, inclusive.

In addition to formulating these plans several committees were appointed. W. H. Tucker Jr. was made Chairman of the Green Committee, and he has as associate members R. R. Abbott, H. Goldwater, A. W. Webster, C. J. Lane, John Hubbes and P. L. Campbell. C. J. Lane was appointed Chairman of the Law Committee with Louis Hess, D. McConnell as associate members. W. A. Hartley was named Chairman of the Tournament Committee, the other members being M. L. Bonelli, Robert Tourny, Max Lanzer and S. A. Saunders. The Handicap Committee consists of Ray Holt, Chairman; H. G. Burr, A. Brower, Harry Liegen and C. H. R. Atherton, and the Publicity Committee C. H. R. Atherton, Chairman; W. Holloway and F. Brower.

W. G. A. MEMBERSHIP TOTALS 353 CLUBS

Sixty-Seven New Golf Bodies Join Western Association in 1922—Prizes for Caddies.

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—Golf clubs increased nearly 25 per cent. during 1922, according to reports of new member clubs made at the recent annual meeting of the Western Golf Association, which elected new officers and arranged 1923 tournaments. The outgoing President, Albert B. Galen, announced that sixty-seven new clubs had joined the association last year, making the total membership 353 clubs.

A large number of the new members are in the South and the new President, Charles O. Pfeil of Memphis, said that the Southland had just begun to manifest up to its golfing fervor. The South also leads the Western open champion, which was awarded to the Colonial Country Club of Memphis for 1923, while J. L. Walker of Texarkana, Texas, gave a handsome cup to be presented to the winner of the event.

The amateur championships will be contested at Marshall Country Club, Cleveland, Ohio, July 23-28, and Chick Evans, holder of the title for the second time, who was present at the meeting, said he expected to defend his honors.

Plans were announced for financing the Chick Evans Foundation, under which caddies from all parts of the country would be enabled without expense to compete annually in a golf tournament. The prize for the winner would be a four college education. Evans, who started golf as a caddie, has presented a series of golf lessons on phonographic records, and the Western Golf Association plans to have the members take the records and use the lessons for the instruction. Fraser President Coes, who is to preside at meetings of the Executive Committee the new year, under an amendment adopted at the meeting, said that the plan was expected to raise upward of $100,000, for the public instruments and golfing. Five delegates of the Oakley Country Club of Chicago will take $1,000 worth of the records.

The meeting also declared the annual meeting date from January to the second Saturday in December and President Coes announced that an intensive campaign to reduce the cost of golf so that every one could play would be outlined in the near future.

Harding to Lead Harvard Cubs.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 21.—Charles L. Harding of Dedham was elected Captain of the Harvard freshman hockey team this afternoon. His position is center. Harding prepared at Milton Academy.

Bringing home the bacon!

Savory savings on some 1500 men's soft hats—

Together with a few hundred derbies.

All from our regular stock.

369 were $5.00
422 were $6.00
$3.25

542 were $7.00
328 were $8.00
171 were $9.00
$4.25

You can save enough on our men's suits to buy several hats!

Many down to $45, $48 and $50.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Herald Sq. at 35th St.
Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Kennedy to Bottomdrill

CLEARANCE SALE

Men's Oxfords and High Shoes

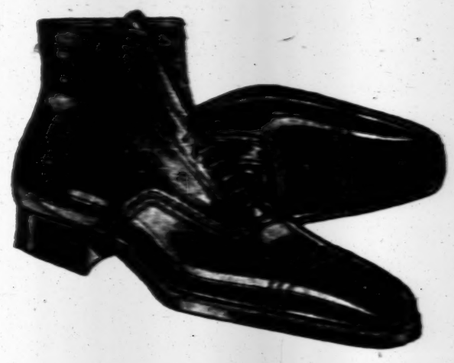
Reduced to

$5.00

Seasonable Styles
Highest Grade Leathers
in
Black and Tan
ASPHALT ALL STEEL

Madison or Emory Double Soles

A GREAT SALE



The FLORSHEIM SHOE

A sale for men who demand high quality rather than merely a low price. Every pair of Florsheims marked down for this sale. Comparison will show that these values are unusual.

$8.85

"A Few Styles at $9.85"

THE FLORSHEIM SHOE STORE

149 West Forty-second Street
[Two Doors East of Broadway]

One Hundred and Fifty Florsheim Dealers in Greater New York
"THERE'S ONE IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD"

Florsheim SHOE

Raw material prices and manufacturing costs may move up or down, but Robt. Burns value remains constant — the greatest that can be bought today.

Robt. Burns Cigar is Full Havana Filled

STAPLES
10c straight
Box of 50—$4.75

PERFECTOS
2 for 25c
Box of 50—$8.00

General Cigar Co.
NATIONAL BRANDS
New York City

INVINCIBLES
Unwrapped
15c straight
Box of 25—$3.50

THE PLAY

By JOHN CORBIN.

Boston High Comedy.

THE CHERRY ORCHARD, a comedy in four acts, by Anton Tchekoff; presented at the Princess by Jenny Cronin. At Albert's 39th Street Theatre.

Madame Alexandrovna Ranevskaya..... Olga Knipper-Tchekhova
Anya..... Alla Tarasova
Varya..... Vera Pashennaya
Leonid Andreievich Gaieff..... Constantin Stanislavsky
Leonid Andreievich Lopakhin..... Leonid M. Leonidoff
Peter Sergeievich Trofimoff..... Mikhail Pshigoisky
Boris Borisovich Semyonoff-Pishchik..... Vladimir Gribounine
Charlotta Ivanovna..... Maria Tchekhova
Simon Panteleievich Yepikhodoff..... Ivan Kudrine
Dunyasha..... Lydia Lessina
Firs..... Vassili Katchalov
Yasha..... Vitya Vitsin
A Stranger..... Alexander Artemieff
A Station Master..... Leonid Leonidoff
A Post Office Official..... Josef Riesenkampf

The Moscow players presented last night from the inner sanctum of Gorky to the high comedy of Tchekhoff, unveiling new artistic ventures. Stanislavsky, Olga Knipper-Tchekhova, Moskvin, Leonidoff and half a dozen others entered with consummate ease into a rich variety of new characterizations. The stage management was less signal in its effects, but no less perfect. Yet for some reason "The Cherry Orchard" failed to stir the audience, even the Russian portion of it, as did "The Lower Depths" and even "The Dybbuk."

This is a play of comedy values both high and low. The millers in that of the sweet-minded aristocracy of beautifully convoluted old merchants of the town to fall bloom which surrounds the crumbling manor house. Quite obviously, these amiable folk have fallen away from the primitive vigor of their sires.

The middle-aged brother and sister who live together are unconscious, lovable spendthrifts, both of their shrinking purses and of their waning lives. With a little effort, one is made to feel even with a modicum of mental concentration, they could be saved. But that is utterly beyond their virtuous and futile amiability as they retire to suit over their woes, and the progress of gay cherry trees are felled to make way for smartish villas.

Beneath the ground, supporting another of the plays of the time, rather than portraying a criticism on the Russia of two decades ago. Here is a woman of truly Slavic incability, meeting with a single gesture from heartbreak to the agency of a moment, from acutely remembered grief to an only mildly dead to weak dating on a Parisian lover who is faithless to her and yet has power to hold her and fasten on her beauty. Here is a man whose sentiment for the flower of his ancestors breaks forth in fervent declamation, quasi-poetic and quasi-philosophic, yet who cannot lift a finger to avert financial disaster.

In the entire cast only one person has normal human sense. Lopakhin is the son of a serf who has prospered in freedom. He is loyal enough to the old masters, laughing their flustrings with good nature. But in the end it is he who buys the estate and fells the cherry trees for the villas of an industrial population. It is as if Tchekhoff saw in the new middle class the hope of a disenchanted yet grander and more progressive Russia. The hope, in the light of subsequent events, is not lacking that it is already running.

With such a theme developed by the subtly unsolicited art of Tchekhoff there is scope for comedy acting of the highest quality. It is more than likely that the company never played with more finished ease than it. But to any one who does not understand Russian, judgment in such a matter is quite impossible. Where effects are to be achieved only by the subtlest intonation, the most delicate phrasing, it leaves ill with those who cannot follow the text.

As an ensemble of the sort of the most distinguished company that has visited our shores in modern memory, this production of "The Cherry Orchard" is admirably worth seeing. The play in itself is of interest as the masterpiece of the man who, with Gorky, has touched the pinnacle of modern Russian comedy. But if some Muscovite should rise to say that in that it any reason our own stage produces casts as perfect and ensembles as finely staffed in detail, it would be quite possible to believe him.

'LADY BUTTERFLY' PLEASES

Musical Play Made From "Somebody's Luggage" Warmly Received.

LADY BUTTERFLY, a musical comedy in two acts and four scenes, adapted from a Story by Mark Swan and Harry T. Powers. Music by Werner Janssen. At the Globe Theatre.

Tyrus..... Vic Casmore
Horace Beal..... Lackaye Page
Jack Owen..... Ralph Wallace
Billy Browning..... Edward Lester
Harry Crawford..... Allen Kearns
Jerry..... Jerry Dale
Caroline..... Gertrude Hoffman
Mrs. Stockbridge..... Gertrude Bedford
Mabel Stockbridge..... Mabel Withee
Alfred Wagner..... Florence Auer
Mary Crawford..... Marjorie Gateson
Betty..... Janet Sims
Preston..... Alice Neill
Ruth..... Marion Hamilton
Mr. Stockbridge..... Lester Lee
Briggs..... Edward Lester
A Policeman..... Raymond Hunter

The success of "Lady Butterfly," offered at the Globe Theatre last night, will mean the triumph of matter over mind. An enthusiastic audience, that at times worked itself into a frenzied appreciation, seemed to have no double as to the decision it should render.

"Lady Butterfly" has a charm that has the paper's benefit of Joel Weyburn's military staging, it has an endless succession of dancers with the enthusiasm and dexterity of Tenth Avenue and the finish of Fifth. It has comfortable music, not too new to be startling and not too old to waken Beach I memories. It has youth, gaiety, laughter, melodious, inviting youth, and it has a story "as unpunishable." Now, I'm a Dancing Dutch.

In the course "Lady Butterfly" was "Somebody's Luggage," and gave Jimmie Powers, as a charmed hero, a chance to perform to the capitals that his talent was pursued before, when he was only one. It enabled him, on recovery from an evening out in the days of any seventeen amendments, to give his name as "Alfred Lord Tennyson," and call away with a pronoun for further details. Those things are gone—and Yes, it was a close race in Paris, but I guess a closer race, the Seventh" has taken their place.

Ned Weyburn has done wonderful work in his production of the show. Within the barriers of fairly intimate musical comedy he has provided genuine revue effects, full of movement and color. Once the pace, which finds originality with the ancestors of the unwilling impresario, the Four Dancing Admirals, doesn't believed lost in the chaotic, is not of the west, all is over more than well for those who like musical jazz.

Marion Starr, with an exhibition of comedy dancing somewhat in the best Mary manner of the evening, was decidedly the outstanding feature of a show that may become known for the high quality of its eccentric dancing. Joe Donahue, as a sailor that never was on land or sea, was a close second, and Janet Sims and Mark Lang Jr. Florentine Gateson, Marion Hamilton and Alice Neill showed steps of a pleasing nervous.

The principals, Allen Kearns, George Tyrus, Vivian Gateson, Lackaye Page, Mabel Withee, Florence Auer and Marjorie Gateson, have a plausible excuse for their lack of distinction in the poverty of the material given them. Mr. Kearns, playing the former Jimmie Powers part, retained the mannerisms and pose of the original, but his singing voice is unfavorable. Mr. Tyrus and Miss Gateson sang gaily and nicely the obvious songs put in their way.

MUSIC NOTES.

Paula Hempel was made a member of the Girl Scouts yesterday in the course of her concert tour at Kansas City, Kan.

Vina Ruffo leaves from Rome yesterday that his brother's heirs had left Italy, and will join the singer's home, as reported.

John A. Carpenter, a pupil here, appeared at the Bilthorf Cohens Hall tonight with Alma Beck, soprano, and Alma Jones, pianist.

NAZIMOVA BACK TO STAGE.

She Starts in "Dagmar," an Effective Play From the Continent.

DAGMAR, a play in two parts and six scenes by Louis K. Anspacher; adapted from a play by Peter Herring. At the Selwyn Theatre.

Christian Dagmar..... Alla Nazimova
Hilda..... Pola Negri
Agatha..... Agnes Wills
Thomas Hunter Lytton..... Gilbert Emery
Captain Blunt..... Donald Gall
Count Hans Hall..... Frederick Perry
Andrew Dreher..... Charles Bryant
Captain Lee..... Queen Cowper
An Usher..... Byron Douglas

A smoldering drama from the Continent, filled with lingering embraces and sensuous, illicit love scenes, is the medium that brought the gifted Alla Nazimova back to the New York stage last night after a considerable interval spent in the films. "Dagmar" is the nomen of it, and it is the work of a Hungarian named Ferenc Herring, who was the author of "The Silver Fox" before Cosmo Hamilton made it over. In this instance the adapting has been in the hands of Louis K. Anspacher.

The signs are that "Dagmar" is pretty certain to delight the large public that has been drawn to Miss Nazimova via the screen. As a play or a transcript of life it is somewhat less successful. It is made up of six scenes, of which several are excellent and all of them interesting. Through these winds the Continent Dagmar, emerging from one love affair into the next, to end, on another, only to find that the President of the first still intrigues her.

Clandestine meetings, negligees and open graves, enchanting arms and pendulous snowballs—these are the ingredients that make "Dagmar" palatable and that through its vivid if somewhat fitful course keep the interest at a fever pitch. Finally a decent if a lover who refuses to remain discarded—and who has already one murder to his credit—the Sicilo Countess flies in accordance with the best dramatic traditions, a knife plunged to the hilt in her left breast. It is not so very different from the merging scenes of it.

The play has been excellently mounted, the six scenes revealing themselves in a series of vignettes in the centre of the stage, some forty or fifty feet in height. It is a frankly theatric thing, lacking that accentuation somewhat the opposite and unreal quality of the play, but it is attractively presented, several of the scenes are distinctly striking.

Miss Nazimova finds herself thoroughly at home in the midst of "Dagmar's" passionate proceedings, and imparts a reality to many a scene designed merely with an eye to the theatre. She was particularly fine in an episode late in the curtailer of an opera house, wherein the unfortunate lover was for the umpty regulard. (It means an looking back, that he was regulard pretty often.) Of the others of the cast Gilbert Emery, in a small role, was the most interesting. The rest of the play, whether by design or accident, take things at a somewhat too leisurely pace.

JAZZ GALORE AT THE PALACE

Vincent Lopez and Frank Farnum's Orchestras the Feature.

Jazz, instrumental and vocal, was the outstanding feature of yesterday afternoon's program at the Palace. Vincent Lopez, with his Hotel Pennsylvania orchestra, and Frank Farnum, with an orchestra made up completely of women, served the instrumental portions. Ruth Roye, with a manner that recalled Bert Williams, sang new songs.

Other numbers were Sascha Pitoff and Lois Natalie, dancers; Tom Douglas and Lillian Ross in "When Love Is Young," a "Seventeen" sort of thing; Herbert Clifton, female impersonator; Dan Harding and Del Chain in a particularly amusing burlesque of vaudeville's stereotyped mind reader; the Four Mortons and Collins and Hart.

"The Galleries of 1923," this week's attraction at the Central Theatre, announced Lew Brice Howard, a brother of Willie and Eugene Howard, as its chief comedian. The show, offered as a composite revue of all the Winter Garden productions, has a long list of principals and a chorus of forty girls, who engage in burlesques on "The Bat" and "The Bad Man," among other things.

DENIES REVOLUTION PLOT.

Peruvian Husband of New York Woman Replies to Charges.

A denial that a had conspired to start a revolution in Peru was made by Isaias de Piérola, who was recently ejected from that country by order of President Leguía, in an interview yesterday at the Hotel Biltmore. He said that he had written to follows to Eduardo Higginson, Peruvian Consul General in the United States, who in a letter published yesterday had charged Señor de Piérola with preparing a coup d'état against Leguía.

"President Leguía seeks some serious charge in calling hundreds of Peruvians, and now charges against me the serious one of conspiring for a revolution. It was my legal right, under the Peruvian law, to be informed of the charges to be judged by the proper authorities. I flatly deny any such or similar charge and I depend upon the Peruvian people to accept this, coming from me, as a true statement of the facts."

Señora de Piérola was Miss Fay Thurston Hancock of New York.

'MISSING' OFFICIAL AT HOME.

Ohio's Lieutenant Governor Kept From Capitol by "Business."

BOWLING GREEN, Ohio, Jan. 22.—Lieutenant Governor Earl D. Bloom, reported missing in Columbus today, has been kept from the Capitol by important business here, but will go to Columbus tomorrow, a stenographer at his office said late today.

The stenographer stated that Mr. Bloom was in good health and that he had gone to Rudolph this afternoon on business.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 22.—Earl Bloom, Democrat, of Bowling Green, was sworn in as Lieutenant Governor on Jan. 8 and presided over the Senate that day. Although the Senate was in session the following day, he did not put in an appearance and nothing has been heard from him since, according to the Senate clerk, who reported today that Bloom had not obtained a leave of absence.

HONOR BENEDICT'S MEMORY

Throngs Bear Olive Branches on Anniversary of Pope's Death.

ROME, Jan. 22.—A great concourse of people today visited the tomb of Pope Benedict XV in the crypt of St. Peter's on the first anniversary of his death. Olive branches, symbolic of his efforts in favor of peace, were distributed to the faithful and several masses were celebrated by Bishops.

A solemn requiem mass was sung in the Sistine Chapel by Cardinal Cagliero, in the presence of Pope Pius, who, from his throne, gave absolution. The Sistine choir, directed by Monsignor Bella, sang Father Perosi's grand mass. Members of the Sacred College, the diplomatic corps, the aristocracy and the Knights of Malta were present.

SUN TO RETURN TO CANTON.

Foreign and Chinese Interests Urge Him to Restore Order.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 22. (Associated Press).—Sun Yat-sen, ex-President of the Southern Republic, announced today that he would leave next Saturday for Canton, his former capital.

Both foreign and Chinese interests have been urging him to go there to restore order. The advocates look to the city from

MUSIC

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

Georges Enesco's Violin Recital.

Mr. Georges Enesco, the Roumanian musician who conducted the Philharmonic's Orchestra on its last visit to New York, having shown himself as composer and conductor on that occasion, last evening appeared as a violinist at a recital in the Town Hall. He established himself at once as a master of high rank, displaying qualities of a remarkable sort, and a self-contained individuality singularly captivating.

Mr. Enesco is as far as possible from being a "virtuoso" in the more undesirable meaning of that term. He is first and last a musician and an interpreter, devoted solely to expounding music and not at all to the display of his technical powers. These are indeed remarkable, but they are employed entirely as a means to an end.

Mr. Enesco's part of violin was illustrated in his program. It contributed some of his own compositions, which some of his hearers may have regretted. There was a sonata by Lekeu, the French composer of the eighteenth century, the poetic, or suite in D minor, by Bach. The last, a concerto of Lalo, the chansons, vindictive are devoted to displaying, leaving the other four movements severely alone. Saint-Saëns's melodiously and introspective "Rêverie," two of Kreisler's arrangements, and a "Rumanian Rhapsody" by Enesco.

Mr. Enesco's playing is notable for its exquisite purity of intonation, especially in double stoppings, of which Lekeu's sonata is all compact, as well as Bach's suite in which they abound throughout. His technique is much passages in almost uncanny, and any deviation from the pitch, or any smudging, for it, must mark.

There are violinists with a more beautiful tone than his. Sometimes, though it is not the most conspicuous quality, though it has sweetness and masculine vigor, and in Gramatica Mr. Enesco cultivates a very wide range, being especially fond of an almost whispered pianissimo. There is no doubting Mr. Enesco's musicianship in his bowing, and a most expressive breadth and finish in his delivery of the phrase, as well as a poignant rhythm and accent.

There is, undoubtedly, a certain austerity in Mr. Enesco's playing, he is very little concerned with "beautiful passages," or with obvious sentiment. But there is through it all a richly musical feeling, patiently expressed. It is, above all, distinguished by a feeling for style, for the appropriate expression, and the musical theories. So it was in Lekeu's sonata, a strong and vigorous specimen of the preclassical period, in which he showed a large and generous conception and both delicacy and breadth. Still more were these things shown in the long and exacting suite by Bach, and most of all in the chaconne, a masterly performance, delivered, as was all that Mr. Enesco did, with a remarkable repose and apparent freedom from effort.

In quite another vein was the new exhibition in the modern group on his program. Saint-Saëns's "Rêverie" was presented in a way to conjure music rather than as a piece for display. There is not much external brilliancy in the instrument in Mr. Enesco's playing. It is sober, self-contained. But it is the expression of a musicianship of the finest quality.

He was well assisted by Sandor Vas, accompanist. After the "Rumanian" there was a demonstration with a display of [illegible] Rumanian flag.

NEW YORK TRIO PLAYS.

Proceeds of Its Artistic Concert Devoted to Musicians' Fund.

The New York Trio gave an evening of artistic chamber music, admirably performed, at its second concert in Aeolian Hall last night. A full house was justly worthy, and not less so was the brilliant playing of two works in the larger measure of style there, each in four movements, that comprised the program. An opening allegro in Dvorak's trio in F minor, Op. 65, gave salient opportunity to Mr. Adler at the piano, while Messrs. Guidi and Van Vliet showed solo passages for violin and 'cello in the lovely adagio.

The bonne, too, equivocal Italian episodes of the ensemble from Schumann's full-flavored. There Sherwood Schubert's melodious classic in B flat, Op. 99, which the same players gave at their first public concert three seasons ago. The proceeds of the evening they devoted to the Musicians' Fund of America, which places a national home for aged or needy artists at St. Louis.

MARIA CARRERAS APPEARS.

Pianist Displays Skill of High Order at Her First Recital Here.

Maria Carreras furnished an hour and a half of piano music of a high order for a large audience which came to hear her first program in this country at the Town Hall yesterday afternoon.

Following an introductory group of compositions by Scarlatti, Grazia and Bach, there were three Liszt selections. It was in the concluding group, five of Chopin's compositions, that the pianist impressed upon her hearers that she had an unusual sense of musical values which her fingers, with her technical ability, expressed in the smooth flow of melody they brought from the instrument.

Although Miss Carreras's parents are Spanish, she was born in Rome and she received her musical education there. She has given concerts in the various countries of Europe and South America.

Norfleet Trio Applauded.

The Norfleet family, Catherine, violinist; Helen, pianist, and Leeper, 'cellist, displayed its musical accomplishments in its playing singly and together in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. They played two trios, that of Smetana, in G minor, and Brahms's trio in B major, to a hearty response from their hearers. Although the 'cellist, who was directly in front of the opened top of the piano, could not be heard above that instrument in some of the ensemble playing, a fault at times was manifest when he played his solo passages. The violinist and pianist played their parts with an abundance of color.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Bitter," a play by Jack Albaugh, will open at the Longacre Theatre tonight.

Ruth Draper's programs at the Broadhurst this afternoon will consist of "Three Women at a Corner of Grand Street," and "Italian Lessons."

The Western Electric Company Part of the American Legion has bought out the Broadhurst Theatre for tonight's performances of "Whispering Wires."

Willie Howard will give a supper on the stage of the Shubert Theatre after the performance of "Snap Judge" on Thursday night. The occasion will be the thirtieth anniversary of the opening of the theatre, and many well-known players will be present.

A friend sent Dr. Finis S. Idleman seats for "The Fool." Dr. Idleman sees the play, and this is the letter he wrote his friend:

FINIS S. IDLEMAN, MINISTER, 400 West 118th St. — CENTRAL CHURCH OF DISCIPLES OF CHRIST, FOUNDED 1918, 142 West 81st Street, New York

My Good Friend Tarvis:—

I am just home from seeing "THE FOOL." I do not feel like reading nor can I sleep. The memories of the evening fill my mind and heart to overflowing.

I do not often go to the Theatre. Too much of what I have seen is irreverent or cheap and it hurts to see the realities of life made the football of a passing jest. But tonight I have seen and heard the deepest convictions by which men live exalted and truthfully interpreted. It was all done with such reverence and left me with unmixed emotions of new courage and hope.

How I wish all the ministers of America and of the world could see it! And I need not add, I wish all Christian laymen could see it and be wrenched by it. I can say of it what I can say of too few plays—I wish all the children of the world could see it. Possibly it would mean a better tomorrow if they could. I certainly want my children to see it.

You see, therefore, how indebted I am to you, my good friend. Let me thank you in feeble words and finally hope that what you have contributed to me tonight may find some reflection in my bit being done.

Most gratefully,
(Signed) FINIS I. IDLEMAN

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MOROSCO 45th St., W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 1230. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
LEO CARRILLO
in the LOVE and LAUGHTER hit, "MIKE ANGELO."
BOOTH 45 St. W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 9300. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOMORROW, FRIDAY & SAT., 2:30
7TH HEAVEN
JOHN GOLDEN presents
RITZ THEATRE 48th St., West of B'way. Tel. Bryant 9264. Matinees Tomorrow & Sat.
MAUDE FULTON in the HUMMING BIRD
Maxine Elliott's 39 St., E. of B'way. Phone 6100. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. at 2:30.
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN"
Staged by John D. Williams.
REPUBLIC 42 St., W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 9280. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
'ABIE'S IRISH ROSE'
THE PLAY THAT PUT U IN HUMOR
SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way. Phone 6800. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:30.
"KEMPY" with GRANT MITCHELL and THE HUGGINS.

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Wed. 8:15. Lucia. Galli-Curci, Ancona, Marshall, Bada, Mardones, Rimini, Picco.
Thurs. Sat. Mat. at 2. Thais. Jeritza, Telva, Fleta, Bada, Mardones, Rimini, Picco.
Thurs. 8:15. Gala Performance. Faust. Farrar, Ponzillo, Mueller, De Luca, Didur, Rothmuhl.
Fri. 8:15. Rigoletto. Galli-Curci, Lauri-Volpi (debut), De Luca, Bada, Picco.
Sat. 8:15. Gala Performance. Rothmuhl (debut), Garden, Tuscher, Whitehill, Bonelli, Bada (debut). Sat. A. Pop. Fri. Bohéme. Aida, Peralta, Howell, Perini, Gigli, Martinelli, Rimini, Bada, Berat, Chalmers, Ruffo, Diaz, Malatesta, Picco.
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Carnegie Hall Tues. Aft., Jan. 23, at 2:30
Soloist: MARIA IVOGUN
"RUSSLAN & LUDMILLA" GLINKA
ARIA FROM "ORPHEUS" GLUCK
"DANSE ILLUSTRISSIME" STRAUSS
"ENTFÜHRUNG AUS DEM SERAIL" MOZART
"FRANCESCA DA RIMINI" TSCHAIKOWSKY
Tickets at Box Office. GEORGE ENGLES, Mgr.
Metropolitan Opera Association
TOWN HALL SAT. AFT. at 2. Jan. 27
Solo Recital by
PABLO and SUSAN METCALFE
CASALS
Tickets $2.50 to $5. at Box Office. Mgr. Daniel Mayer
ADOLIAN HALL SAT. AFT. at 2. Feb. 3
2ND PIANO RECITAL by BENATE
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Seats 75c to $2. at Box Office. Steinway.
AEOLIAN HALL, TODAY AT 3.
GUIOMAR
NOVAES
PIANIST
Tickets at Box Office, 45c to $2.20
Mgr. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano
TOWN HALL TODAY AT 4.
First Afternoon of Piano Concertos
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with N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ERNO POLLAIN, Conductor
Mgr. Daniel Mayer. Steinway Piano.
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ISIDOR
ACHRON
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Carnegie Hall, Thurs'y (Wed.) Eve., at 8:15
Last Piano Recital of Season
Levitzki
Tickets at Box Office. Mgr. Daniel Mayer. (Steinway)
Aeolian Hall, Fri. Eve., Jan. 26, at 8:15
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GUY MAIER and LEE PATTISON
Mgr. Daniel Mayer. Chickering Piano
TOWN HALL, Tomorrow Eve., at 8:15.
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MERTON OF THE MOVIES
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HELEN MACKELLAR in "THE MASKED WOMAN" with LOWELL SHERMAN
BELASCO 44 St., E. of B'way. Phone 6100. Mats.

STEVENSON ARMOR SOLD AT AUCTION

Metropolitan Museum Buys a Gascoon Pavise, or Mantlet, of the Fifteenth Century.

SALE HELD IN PHILADELPHIA

Distinguished Gathering of Collectors—Most of Collection to Be Offered Today.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—The Gerardus Stevenson collection of arms and armor went on the auction block today at Freeman's in the first of a two-day sale, and excellent prices were gained. An officer of the company said that the prices obtained were from 10 to 75 per cent. higher than Mr. Stevenson himself paid for the curios. The best of the collection will go on sale tomorrow.

Bashford Dean, Curator of the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York, and Dr. Wagner Babcock, eminent surgeon of this city, led a distinguished gathering of collectors. Museum officials and dealers in the spirited bidding. Mr. Dean paid the top price of the day, $750, for a portion of mantlet of the fifteenth century, German, which was made of wood and lined with leather and at one time was in the Rechille collection. A pavise is a large shield carried by a cross-bowman to protect himself in siege operations and in the layman's eye, at least, it did not appear to be an unusable as some of the more interesting pieces in the collection.

The Babcock collection covered several fine specimens, including a wheel-lock arquebus of the sixteenth century, for $600; a heavy wheel-lock and matchlock combined of the early part of the same century for $185 and a great siege gun somewhat of the fifteenth century for $500, in addition to many smaller pieces.

In point of numbers the features of the day's sale was a series of Japanese sword guards, each with a side knife. Many of these went to Kano Chikanaga, a Japan Trade dealer. They were attached to long weapons with an edge that would have been enough to split a hair lengthwise.

In that same series a flamberge, a beautiful sword, with a forty-five inch blade, from the sixteenth century, also, brought a successful bid of $180 from Mr. Dean.

JANE PETERSON EXHIBITS.

Artist Shows Her Water Colors at the Milano Hill's Gallery.

Jane Peterson, who made an extended tour through Europe, painting, last Summer, opened an exhibition of water-colors, showing a part of her work, at the Milano Hill's twenty galleries, 607 Fifth Avenue, yesterday afternoon with a tea, at which were many distinguished guests.

"President Masaryk's Garden—Formerly the Garden of the Empress Francis Joseph," "A Pool in the Royal Garden, Prague," "Royal Garden, Vienna," "Karlov Most—Prague," "Bay of San Remo," "Edge of the Harbor, San Remo," "Bathers at Asnieres," titles of a few of the paintings, give an idea of the places the artist visited. There are museums in Vienna, the wonderful perfume centre of France. Miss Peterson was arrested for painting in the "Market-Place," and there are many scenes from Venice, where a friend handed over to her an old palace on the Grand Canal, where she remained during her stay.

There is one painting which has a special interest to American today exhibited from there. The title says: "This Is Joseph Antonio Viguier of the Eighteenth Arrondissement."

One of Miss Peterson's greatly praised was Joaquin Sorolla, one of the Spanish artist, whose work created so much interest when it was introduced in New York a few years ago. Among other guests were the Duchess of Hamilton, Count Bernstoff, Lord Aberdeen, Dr. and Mrs. Jasper Gleaves, Mrs. Samuel Sloan Ambrosius, Alexander Hadrot, Mrs. Alexa Thompson, Judith Ely Jolliffe, Miss Dorothy Dorman, Mrs. Ethel Kimball, Mrs. Walter Inman, Miss Maude Carruthers, Sophie Bates and Miss Alethea Platt.

An interesting piece of sculpture which was shown with Miss Peterson's paintings was a Parthenon, by Ettore Zapelli, just recently come to New York from Boston. A souvenir of Miss Peterson's trip, which she wore, was an old embroidered leather peasant's coat, from the Museum at Zagreb, which she was allowed to take from the country only with the promise to return it any time it might be called for.

ART NOTES.

Henry Symons Collection on View at Anderson Galleries.

The Henry Symons collection, an exhibition at the Anderson Galleries until ... the first date of sale, which extends through Feb. 3, includes importations of extraordinary interest. The scientific series of Railway Corporation gobelins woven from Lucas van Leyden's "Susanna" has most of interest for visitors whose initiated preference turns to the early weavings. The artist worked during the first part of the sixteenth century, and the weavings, although less fine and mural than the great Gothic wall decorations of the preceding periods, nevertheless retain much of the structural force due to a composition that must form a part of the architecture of a room and give in addition a wealth of amusing, vivacious detail fascinating the outdoor activities common to the reign of Charles V. Evidently the weaving was done before the Gobelins were commanded to economize, as the gold and silver threads later omitted in this ground are found ordinarily accenting the high lights and increasing the vibration of light and color by the contrast of materials. The fact that the specimens were shot up in the Scottish castle for a couple of centuries to assist to exhibit the remarkable freshness of their color and their unworn surfaces.

There is also an interesting series of modern tapestries woven by John Vanderpoel from Lebrun's marvelous adaptations, a Boucherin group of the early eighteenth century woven by Philippe Behagle, with ornaments by the illustrious Jean Berain, who influenced much the taste during the reign of the Grand Monarque, an early eighteenth-century verdure after van Orley, a group of painted canvas panels for a Brabant room and several early eighteenth-century hunting tapestries and battle pieces, each, including in spite of their skillful weaving, the peculiarities of the art which had reached such glorious heights in the gothic centuries.

The other sections of the collection include many unusual and especially interesting pieces. There are a number of specimens of the ceiling moldings and of panels of painted leather and panels of canvas which in the eighteenth century made it possible to re-create a room without disturbing it. In furniture the early works of Jacques Pierre Boucher, a disciple of Louis Seize designer, A Pierre-Antoine Foucher, a Jacobean piece much of incredible elaboration are likewise owned by the Centre de Recherches, son of Louis Quatorze by Jacob & Mercereau. A collection of 18 marble busts, heads and medallions of the Louis Seize period, &c., is lumped together in the catalogue. Nearly every piece acquired by the modern collector is represented to an extent that supplies right sections for dispersal.

BOY, 4, A PRISONER IN CELLAR 20 HOURS

Missing Brooklyn Child Found at Bottom of Coal Chute, Where He Says Companion Put Him.

Missing from his home at 301 Walker Street, Brooklyn, twenty hours, Frank Dilatto, 4 years old, was found at 4:30 o'clock yesterday morning sitting on top of a coal pile in the cellar of a United States Customs building, 275 Front Street, a few blocks from his home by Samuel Newman, a customs inspector. The boy was crying and suffering from bruises on the face and body. He told the police of the Poplar Street Station that an older boy, named Mike, had beaten him and pushed him into the coal chute. Frank's injuries are slight.

Newman had reported for work when he heard cries coming from the cellar. He traced them to the coal pile, where he found the Dilatto boy, and then called in Policeman William J. McGowan of the Poplar Street Station. In answering questions put to him by the policeman, the boy said that the older boy had met him in front of his home on Sunday, during the noon hour, and took him for a walk. As night came he was tired and Mike, he said, hit him several times. Mike wanted to get rid of the boy and, according to the little fellow's story, the older boy "punched me down the coal hole."

The cover of the coal chute was in place when Newman arrived at the building yesterday morning.

Frank Dilatto is one of eight children in the family. He frequently likes to take the younger brothers and sisters out in and out of the house unnoticed. At supper time last Sunday Frank was missed and the entire Dilatto family and friends began a search for him.

Detectives of the Poplar Street Station are looking for Mike.

Dies as He Runs an Elevator.

While operator of the Dakota Apartments, 1 West Seventy-second Street, were visibly ringing for the elevator yesterday morning, the car shot up to the top of the shaft, the control in the floating corpse of Patrick Trehan, 48 years old, who had suffered a heart seizure. The old man died a few minutes later. He had run an elevator in the Dakota for a decade.

COMMUTERS FORM 'ANTI-CRUELTY' BODY

Between 9,000 and 10,000 New Haven Travelers Said to Comprise Membership.

MAY BE JOKE, SAYS OFFICIAL

Strikers Possibly Behind the Move, Also Suggests Passenger Service Agent.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Commuters came into the open yesterday, and, take it from Everett White of Port Chester, President of the S. P. C. C., there are anywhere from 9,000 to 10,000 commuters eager to go at the New Haven Railroad.

It seems that the commuting service on the road, or so it seems to Mr. White, hasn't been so good, and in his announcement to newspapers yesterday the President and founder of the organization broke into a series of bold-faced, black type when he cited the case of the 6:52, out of Port Chester.

F. C. Coley, Passenger Service Agent of the road, said at his office in New Haven that he had heard of the organization, but that he had not yet decided whether it was a joke or the work of sore strikers. He said it was, however, the first he had heard of Mr. White.

According to Mr. White, a "monster" petition, bearing 6,000 signatures, is on its way to Mr. Coley, asking the road fare and all.

"The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Commuters," reported Mr. White, "with headquarters in Port Chester, is looking about for a professional walker or Marathon runner to make the trip to New Haven with the petition, not trusting to the ability of the railroad to get it there on time."

The statement continues:

"When an announcement quoting F. C. Coley as considering asking for an increase in passenger rates was shown to the S. P. C. C.'s President, Everett White of Port Chester, he said:

"'It is the appeal that the road is incompetent and proof that it should never have been allowed to pass out of the hands of the Government. Government ownership is the ultimate solution of all railroad problems; the sooner the people realize it the sooner the remedy. Rates are 25 per cent. higher and service 75 per cent. poorer than in 1917. An increase in commuting rates again will be vigorously opposed. We are looking for a decrease in rates now, and we expect to have it before June.'

"Advising the commuters to 'hit the line hard,' the petition to Mr. Coley says they 'are the goats.' Mr. White is especially concerned over the schedule of the 6:52, which runs between this city and Bridgeport. He reports that at Port Chester the train has been as much as twelve times out of timing, and only eight times at Grand Central.

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JAN. 23, 1923.

A POLICY OF NAGGING.

Evidence has accumulated within the past week or two that a Republican faction in the Senate has deliberately set out to worry and discredit the Administration. The strategy made use of is multiform. Now it is an insinuating and eye-operating speech. Presently it is a resolution of inquiry. Later it is the whispering of rumors in the cloakroom, speedily finding their way to the press, as they were intended to, and seeking to give the impression of dissensions in the Cabinet. This was manifestly the origin of the report on Saturday that Secretary HUGHES was about to resign. It was a good enough story to set afloat for one day, and its prompt denial will doubtless only set its authors to work to invent something else equally unfounded and equally malicious.

The motives of these disturbers of the party peace at Washington are various. Many Senators never did like Mr. HUGHES, objected to his being made Secretary of State and would gladly so embarrass and irritate him as to lead him to throw up his job in disgust. It is obvious that other Senators would like to strike President HARDING over the head if Mr. HUGHES, by their express disappointment and grief over the Administration's lack of a firm and consistent foreign policy, reckoning first on the possibility of provoking a certain coldness between Mr. HARDING and the Secretary of State, and then on hurting the President with the country. It is significant that with all the other rumors put about, one is always to the effect that Mr. HARDING does not really deserve another nomination, so that it is high time for the Republican managers to be casting about for a more promising candidate.

The only sure way to meet and defeat a policy of nagging like this is to make sure that you do not do what its promoters hope you will do. If they count upon enraging you by false reports, the wise thing is to keep cool and indifferent. If they hope to sow seeds of distrust, the course of the Administration should be such as to prove perfect confidence between its members. Personally, the pushers against the President and the Secretary of State in not amount to much. But it is undeniable that, politically, their activity and boldness at present have a good deal of meaning. They venture as they do because they believe that the Administration is becoming more and more unpopular. They take their courage in both hands to attack the President because they think that he is too good-natured to strike back, or that he has lost the power really to punish them. In any case, it is an ominous sign of the times when even Republican newspapers print columns of Washington dispatches reporting intense dissatisfaction with the Administration, and spreading abroad rumors of dissension in the Cabinet, impending resignations, and a general state of hopelessness. The naggers have achieved at least this.

THE WORLD COURT AGAIN.

Though the United States has not entered the World Court, it is evident that the American conception of its powers and domain has appreciable influence within that body. This does not refer to the presence in the court of an American, JOHN BASSETT MOORE, whose qualifications command universal respect for the country which he distinguishes there but does not officially represent. The particular evidence is that which comes from the argument of M. DE LAPRADELLE of France, a professor in the Faculty of Law of the University of Paris, who in pleading for the French before the court in the Tunisian case said that a certain paragraph in the League Covenant "saved its origin" to the American people's desire to reserve certain questions for domestic determination, such as the tariff, immigration and naturalization. From this assumption was deduced the argument by the French jurist that the decree issued by France in regard to the employment of Tunisians with French nationality were not of international concern under the League and the statute of the court. Whatever the validity of the argument, it illustrates the fact that America is looked to as the "author" of the court.

Again, it is reported that great satisfaction is felt at The Hague that the American Government has accepted the award of the Permanent Court against the United States regarding Norwegian ships requisitioned during the war. The amount of the award is $11,000,000, in full of the claim. That America should put the judgment of the court above her own immediate interest has "rendered a great service to the nations generally."

That service would be greater if the United States were to take her place in the court itself. There seem now to be many justiciable cases rising for international adjudication. The court that began with an empty calendar, as did our own Supreme Court, is now said to be "flooded." The United States has lent great moral support to the findings of the court by at last accepting a decision against which it lodged at first a protest. The action of the New York Bar Association, supplementing that of the American Bar Association, only gives added expression to what must be the all but universal opinion of those Americans who have any opinion whatever in the matter, that we should as soon as possible find a way to complete the court which we helped to form, by becoming a member of it, and to give it not only our fullest moral support but our active assistance.

UNDERMINING THE BUDGET SYSTEM.

It appears that we now have a "Rivers Bloc" in Congress. Its members got together in the House last week and succeeded in adding about $30,000,000 to the appropriation for river and harbor work, as provided in the annual Army bill. This was in open violation of the budget system. The estimates submitted by President HARDING, and based on the reports of the army engineers, called for $27,000,000. This sum was increased in committee to $57,000,000. Then the House took the bit in its teeth, and by a vote of 196 to 73 clapped on $30,000,000 more. The appealing argument was that there was a nice lot of little rivers in the various districts which would be improved by the money, at the same time that the political fortunes of the sitting members would also be improved.

If the Senate accepts these increases, it would be very difficult for the President to veto the whole bill. Yet some kind of resolute stand should be made by the Executive against such open disregard of the responsible budget. There have been other indications of the activity of secret influences and combinations in Congress to break down the budget system. The Post Office bill was meddled with shamefully. The result was the issuing of a warning by the President of the National Budget Committee, Mr. JOHN T. PRATT. He pointed out that the constant addition by Congress of items disallowed by the budget officials would, if unchecked, threaten to wipe out the entire saving of $600,000,000 made by the budget system in the department estimates. Those savings are so far mostly on paper, and if they are to be realized in actual cash in the Treasury, they have got to be fought for. The issue will have to be made sharp and clear sooner or later, and it is to be hoped that President HARDING will before long let Congress know emphatically that he intends to abide loyally by the budget system and that he expects it also to do so.

A QUEER FIGHT.

Mr. CAMPBELL of Kansas, Mr. MONDELL of Wyoming and Mr. FESS of Michigan, gods of the Republican machine in the present House, won't ornament the next one. What Republican faction is to rule in it? It is expected that Speaker GILLETT will be re-elected. If the Yankee Republicans don't show too much solidarity in the contest for Republican floor leader to succeed Mr. MONDELL, Representative LONGWORTH of Ohio, who began a service that has been on the whole creditable in the Fifty-eighth Congress, is, it seems, now regarded as an Old Guardsman, a reactionary. Representative GRAHAM of Illinois, now in his third term, is supported, or wants to be supported, by the more progressive or independent Republicans of the West and Middle West.

Political geography is difficult. Ohio is Eastern, Illinois Western. It is easier to understand that distinction than to discover how Mr. LONGWORTH, who has been somewhat of a progressive and insurgent, who attacked the power of the Committee on Committees, of which he was a member, attacked the seniority rule, the late JAMES R. MANN, and even Mr. MONDELL, demanded that the Committee on Committees represent all sections and all classes, and pleaded for representation on it of the Southeastern States and the States west of the Mississippi—how this advocate of the liberalization of the House rules and committees is become a leader.

Representative SIDNEY ANDERSON of Minnesota was at one time looked forward to as the hope of the stern and unbending progressives. He was displaced by Mr. GRAHAM, a statesman upon whom greatness has not been thrust. He showed it when Chairman of the committee, which made such great cry and got such little wool, investigating war expenditures. He endorsed himself to extremes of the Budget Bureau by his polite characterization of General DAWES as "one who struts and swears and throws about miserable grafters and incompetent officials the slobbering mantle of the glorious deeds of our boys abroad." Only last November new progressive wisdom was heard from that golden mouth. Read and revere his statement of campaign expenses:

Owing to the fact that the Senators from my State have absorbed all the Federal patronage, and owing to the further lamentable fact that the darned fool alleged civil service order of the President has prevented me from naming Postmasters, while it makes me responsible for those appointments, I have thought it the better part of discretion to promise nobody anything, and hence I am as virtuous as the new-born babe as far as promises are concerned. I have made none.

How delightfully progressive! Plainly, "NICK" LONGWORTH ought to withdraw in favor of the sage and liberal Mr. GRAHAM. The Anti-Grahamites protest that Illinois would have too much power if her Mr. GRAHAM should be floor leader in the next House, and her Mr. MADDEN Chairman of the Appropriations Committee. Nonsense! Power should be in proportion to the intellect that wields it. Besides, Mr. LA FOLLETTE's little group of Ashlandites will make the life of the next Republican floor leader miserable. The La Follettians have a candidate of their own, Mr. COOPER of Wisconsin, but it will be much more fun to harry a floor leader of another faction than to stick to a leader of their own, if they could elect one.

FOOLISH AND INEXCUSABLE.

If an amendment offered to the War Department Appropriation bill in the House by Mr. DICKINSON of Iowa becomes law, army officers on the retired list who are employed by a concern that sells any article to the United States will lose their retired pay. The amendment, which was aimed at Major Gen. J. G. HARBORD, lately Assistant Chief of Staff, reads as follows:

None of the funds appropriated in this act shall be used for payment of any officer of the army on the active or retired list while such officer is engaged in the business of selling supplies or services to the United States or is employed by any individual, partnership or corporation which engages in such business.

If a retired officer were working as a bookkeeper for an inventor who sold an improved machine gun to the Government, or for a firm that sold to it any other indispensable weapon, munition or article, the War Department would have to stop his pay check under the terms of this legislation. It might be shoe polish, whiskbrooms, soap or tweeding that would set this drastic law in motion against retired army officers. The Government in conducting its various departments and the military services uses most of the things that are manufactured in this country and many imported goods. Retired officers with large families who could not make both ends meet on the pay of their rank would have to be wary in selecting employment to escape the penalty imposed by Mr. DICKINSON's amendment. To be on the safe side, it would be necessary to keep away from commercial pursuits altogether. In fact, it would be difficult to imagine any business connection that was above suspicion.

In introducing his loosely drawn amendment Mr. DICKINSON referred to the engagement of General HARBORD by the Radio Corporation of America.

The purpose of getting General HARBORD in this job is on account of his acquaintance with the people who are occupying positions in the army and navy whom they hope to influence, that is all. If he is going to occupy this position and draw a salary for it, all right, but he should not receive a dollar of Government money out of the public Treasury while he is so engaged, and I hope this amendment will be adopted.

It was adopted without discussion, no member raising his voice in protest. General HARBORD's services to the country in the World War seemed to have been forgotten. The big thing he did in France was not the exploit at Château-Thierry, where he led the Marine Brigade, or the throwing back of the Germans in the Soissons offensive, when he commanded the Second Division of regulars. The achievement for which the country can never be sufficiently grateful to General HARBORD was his organization of the Supply Department, which made it possible for the army from base to firing line to operate like a well-oiled machine. It was because General HARBORD had done this intricate and difficult work so well that his energies were coveted in civil life, not because of his associations with army and navy people, as Representative DICKINSON suspects. That notion is a shocking reflection upon the General's integrity and talent upon the honesty of officers in purchasing departments of the military services. Nothing in General HARBORD's career would give any one familiar with it the impression that he is capable of using himself out to work up a profitable business by personal influence with the Government whose uniform he has worn.

The General's reputation is not the only thing involved in this foolish piece of legislation. In its dragnet it would draw in almost all retired officers engaged in business. Their legitimate interests are at stake if such a law should be enforced literally. Moreover, it must be considered that the United States in Section 1274 of the Revised Statutes enters into a contract with officers on the retired list, who are not estopped by the law from engaging in business pursuits. It reads: "Officers retired from active service shall receive 75 per cent. of the pay of the rank upon which they are retired." Is this contract to be broken because Representative DICKINSON suspects a corporation of engaging General HARBORD to exploit the Government?

HIGH COST OF ROYAL DUKES.

Young love struggling with poverty is part of the "sure-fire" stuff of fiction; but it is impossible to work up intense feeling over the plight of the Duke of York and Lady ELIZABETH BOWES-LYON. Parliament will have to support them, it seems, and there is fear that with a million or so unemployed in England the Labor opposition will be loud. But it won't be loud enough to overcome Mr. BONAR LAW's Conservative majority, which will have the support of many Liberals on this question. Parliamentary parsimoniousness in dealing with the numerous and disreputable children of George III., with which Mr. LYTTON STRACHEY has familiarized the general reader, is hardly a precedent. When those "nasty old men" married, they expected Parliament to pay their debts and to provide for the support of previously acquired encumbrances. Even so, Parliament would probably have yielded if the royal Dukes had not, in the phrase of the Duke of WELLINGTON, "insulted half the gentlemen of England."

King GEORGE himself seems pretty well provided for; he has £470,000 a year, besides £62,000 from his Duchy of Lancaster, and he doesn't have to pay income tax. While all but about £9,000 of this is specifically appropriated for various expenditures, £100,000 is appropriated to the private purse of their Majesties. However, his Britannic Majesty probably has to help out some of his relatives, though Parliament has done something even there, and doubtless he, like everybody else, wonders where it all goes. It is a tradition that Parliament and not the King provides for the support of younger sons (the Prince of WALES having property of his own). But it seems that existing statute gives the Duke of YORK £10,000 a year, and will give him £25,000 more when he marries. It looks as if he ought to be able to get along on that. His wife's family is said to have little but traditions and castles, yet, after all, most castles can be lived in, and suburban homes are worth something in a country where there is coal in the cellar.

It seems probable that the Duke of YORK could earn his own living, if the law would let him. Leaving the more spectacular public side of royal duty to his elder brother, he has specialized in commerce and industry. As a result, he has managed to relieve the Prince of WALES of attendance at Chamber of Commerce dinners and Rotary Club luncheons. If forced, he might make his way either as an inspirational speaker on sales psychology or as an instructor in economics. Back in the reckless old Norman days Prince HENRY, a younger brother, had been begging the King for a long time to give him something to live on, since RUFUS, the heir to the throne, seemed likely to work on a winner-take-all basis. King WILLIAM RUFUS, however, was busy with other things; ROBERT went off to the Crusades, and while he was absent WILLIAM was assassinated. Whereupon HENRY, to protect his own interests, had himself crowned King, and ROBERT came home to find an accomplished fact. But that was a long time ago, before royalty became tamed.

THE NEWARK MUSEUM.

In the United States Bædeker, Newark, N. J., was summarily described as "a busy but uninteresting city." Yet some at least of its citizens have been trying to live down this harsh characterization; and the gift of $500,000 by Mr. BALLANTINE for the Newark Museum is but the latest indication of a growing interest in things of the spirit. It is to be presumed that the new building is to house more amply the special collections and exhibitions brought to public attention by the Newark Public Library, as also to provide room for indefinite expansion. Under the leadership of Mr. JOHN CotTON DANA of the Public Library, Newark has for many years past been making highly interesting experiments in museum work. With a wonderful fertility of suggestion and skill in management, Mr. DANA has induced the people of Newark and the city authorities to take one step after another in the developing of interest in art and literature and the whole complex civilization of our day. This "first citizen of Newark," as he has been called, doubtless had something to do directly or indirectly with inspiring Mr. BALLANTINE to make his offer of a splendid museum. In any case, the latter will extend and crown a most useful and noteworthy work in the higher education which has been successfully carried on in Newark for a generation.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Work Done by the State Police.

It is now five full years since the establishment of the New York State Police, and Major CHAMBERLAIN, who has been in command of it throughout that period, takes the opportunity in making his annual report, this time to Governor SMITH, to sum up the achievements of his troopers.

For one thing, he says, they have made 61,329 arrests, and in 90 per cent. of these cases convictions have been secured. That in itself constitutes a fine record, for it shows that the arrests were made with discretion, but, incidentally, 87,227 investigations were undertaken, and these, even when they did not lead to direct action, often were of importance.

The force, with the two troops recently added, now has only 248 officers and men, and the amount of efficient work they have done, scattered widely, as they are, all through the State, is little less than astonishing. They have practically cleared the State of tramps, with a marked decrease in the number of fires and of petty thefts. There has been successful co-operation with the Conservation Commission in the protection of wild life, and the Major claims that the troopers, partly by the exercise of their authority and partly by giving instruction, have brought about in New York's innumerable automobilists a commendable increase of respect for the law and an equally commendable decrease in the number of highway accidents.

The control of motor cars he thinks the biggest of his problems, and he sees its ultimate solution in regulations that will keep pedestrians off the roadways except at designated and guarded points. He denies that accidents are due to speed, declaring that more of them occur when cars are going under fifteen miles an hour than when they are exceeding that rate. That is a hard saying, but the Major ought to know.

Troopers as Used in Strikes.

Of special interest in Major CHAMBERLAIN's report is what he has to say about the use of his troopers as a factor in industrial disputes—the preservation of order during strikes, that is. It is to be regretted, perhaps, that he was not more explicit on this subject, for the only antagonism to the State Police, here or elsewhere, is due to the belief that they serve the employers as against the employés—are strikebreakers, in short.

That charge, for which there is no basis except the fact that strikers are more apt to resort to violence than are employers, is constantly repeated by the enemies of this most valuable force, and its refutation cannot be too frequent or too explicit. Major CHAMBERLAIN does little more than express regret that his men frequently have been called upon to repress disorder resulting from industrial conditions, and to express the hope that "conditions in the State will be such that this unwelcome work will not be delegated to us again." He does say with pride, however, that never have the troopers had to use firearms or to inflict more than trifling injuries on anybody.

It is a little surprising in these days to read in the report that "the horse has proved of great value and is still our mainstay." The motorcycle has been thoroughly tested, and has been found to be of not much use to the troopers, but the Major has a good word for Mr. FORD's gift to civilization, which seems, he says, "to be the least expensive and best means of transportation when motors must be used."

Each trooper has cost the State since the organization of the force a fraction over $7 a day, but that includes every expense, including salaries, rentals, equipment, food, travel, light, heat and incidentals. For this, in the five years, 1,580,372 miles have been patrolled.

Doesn't Know Much About Savages.

Vice President COOLIDGE doesn't know everything. If he did—if he were an ethnologist as well as a statesman—he never would have said in a speech delivered in Chicago that "it requires less intelligence, less skillful effort, to live among a tribe of savages than to maintain existence under the average conditions of modern society."

If by that he meant, as he seemingly did, that savages do not need to be intelligent and skillful, he was quite mistaken. Not only must they be both if they are to live at all, but they must be both in a higher degree than is required for a safe and comfortable existence "under the average conditions of modern society."

The savage, as a matter of fact, must be close to physical perfection, with a versatile mind and the possessor of many trades, including, almost always, house and boat building, hunting with weapons made by himself, sailboring and at least a little farming. Incapable of these and many other activities, he could not meet the daily demands of his life and he either would starve to death or the tribe would accelerate his departure with a club as a useless member of it.

Civilization makes great demands on a few, but it also has easy jobs for many—jobs in which only the ability to repeat endlessly a single easy task is required. It has uses for multitudes of men who would not last a week in a wild land where complete self-dependence is imposed on everybody as soon as childhood is past.

Scoldings Well Deserved.

No wonder France is receiving angry denunciation from so many quarters—from almost all sorts of people. She simply will not get along well with the Germans, and yet nothing is easier!

The Germans ask so little from their neighbors—only the privilege of doing anything they please and of taking anything they want!

What demands could be more modest than those? But the French, being, as was well said long ago, a frivolous people, much given to dancing and light wines, insist on thwarting the Germans wherever they can.

They demand the payment of debts which the Germans do not want to pay—than which nothing could be more irksome; they insist that thirty or forty billions of francs have been enough, and they draw fine-spun contrasts between the state of their own coal mines and factories and those of Germany.

This, of course, is all wrong. Great men like Louis GABEAUX and P. B. MORAN and hundreds and thousands of others, including all pacifists and everybody eager for an entrance to German markets, can see the wrongness plainly enough, but the French can't, or at any rate they won't. They make no allowances for the genial Teutonic peculiarities, and as the terrible result the Germans, whose one ambition is to be kind to everybody and to love everybody and to sing sentimental songs, have been forced to transfer to France the animus which not long ago they directed at England and a little later diverted to the United States.

THIS CROWDED TOWN.

More North and South Avenues and Small Parks to Relieve Congestion.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the early days of New York there existed three modes of travel—walking, the use of horses and the use of the surrounding water. In the availability of water travel lay the original and outstanding reason for the rapid growth of New York, as compared with villages not so favored. Hence it was natural that the early city planners laid out the future city in a manner to provide the most ready access to the rivers on the east and west by placing the east and west streets very close together. As there was little north and south travel in those days, when business activity lay on the water fronts, the streets running north and south were placed far apart.

Now, the vast bulk of the travel in Manhattan is north and south, but the scarcity of north and south streets remains. Many years ago Lexington Avenue was placed as an intermediary between Third and Fourth Avenues and Madison Avenue was placed between Fourth and Fifth Avenues. The success of these two additional streets should point the way to the opening of others further west. The expense of condemning the necessary property and destroying modern buildings will be much greater than if done years ago, but to compensate, the increase in tax valuations will be correspondingly greater than it would have been years ago. A brief analysis will indicate that, financially speaking, there will be little strain on the city's resources.

Prevent the increase in congestion. Condemn and recapture, whenever possible, blocks or large plots in congested areas and convert them into small parks. Here again the increase in assessed valuations of the surrounding land would reimburse the city. The site of the Equitable Building may illustrate. When the old building was burned, that block could have been condemned for perhaps $10,000,000, constituting one of the highest priced plots in existence. If a park had been placed there instead of a thirty-three story building, the value of the surrounding property, separated on three sides by very narrow streets, would have been enhanced by fully this amount, reimbursing the city treasury, relieving congestion and generally benefiting the city.

To secure the greatest flow of traffic through a given street or sidewalk, obviously remove confusion. In the case of pedestrians, train them to walk to the right, not all over the place. At important intersections, create two levels, one raised and the other depressed, so that traffic flows past this point freely. AUGUSTUS C. HONE.

New York, Jan. 19, 1923.

HARVARD'S PROBLEM.

The Traditional Educational Democracy of the University.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Despite tradition, wealth and aristocracy, all of which go to make up the Harvard reputation, it is from none of these elements that the great university derives her chief claim to distinction. She is pre-eminent in education because notwithstanding these recognized elements a liberal faculty has created and maintained through the years an atmosphere under which the humblest son of toil could find a field of educational endeavor and the hope of a future career which he could have nowhere else on the face of the globe.

A commanding position of educational leadership won by religious intolerance upon the only sure ground, the democratic ideal, imposes a commanding obligation; one which she must not be allowed to escape even if she could, one which she could not escape if she would. The question of denying one or three students admission to freshman dormitories may, in itself, appear trivial; but the fundamental principle at the base of this discussion has been the cause of crumbled kingdoms and desolated lands.

Owing to a vision looking into a generation ahead, ex-President ELIOT has, not infrequently, found himself on the unpopular side of many important public questions. But on this question of educational democracy he correctly states the Harvard tradition. Contemporary press reports of a possible meeting of the Overseers to consider further this question offer hope that at a time when race and religious persecution have come to destroy the jewels of our form of government, Harvard University will beat no ignominious retreat.

LUCIUS SUMNER HICKS.

Boston, Jan. 19, 1923.

THE TIDE.

Over those fields where battling armies fought,
A tide swells up again—
Sad as the tears that countless mothers wept,
Gray as the wind-blown rain—
Out of the valley passes, like the mist
From the cold northern sea,
That rolling o'er the land drowns what it will
In silent mystery.

Over the fields where martial feet once trod,
Now soundless marchers go—
Pale campfires flicker on the frozen sod,
And faint, sweet bugles blow.
They rise, and come across the starless night,
Who died for liberty—
They may not rest when brothers go to fight
That ancient enemy.

Over those fields sweeps down a mighty tide,
Gray as the Winter rain,
Filling the valley's breadth from side to side
With armèd hosts again.
And rank by rank, beside the living line,
The ghostly armies spread,
And side by side with leaping campfires shine
The bivouac of the dead.

CAROLYN M. LEWIS.

ALLUREMENTS OF COBLENZ.

Matter-of-Fact Observations on the Status of Our Army on the Rhine.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article you printed last week from the pen of Katherine Mayo is very interesting from the point of view of one's desires. It also contains ideas which are purely romantic.

During a year's tour of Europe it happened that precisely in August, 1921, I spent several weeks on the Rhine and lived with our army in Coblenz. Being the guest of some of the principal commanding officers of the American forces in Germany, I enjoyed unlimited facilities for inspection, exploration and observation. Profiting by my opportunities, I found that, generally speaking, our officers and men were having a very good time and were decidedly reluctant to have it ended. Financially, both officers and men were better off than their comrades in the other Rhine forces of occupation, better off even than their brothers in the American Army on duty elsewhere in the world. Socially, few army posts ever offered the allurements of Coblenz. From a service point of view the training, manoeuvring and disciplinary facilities and incentives were unequaled. The officers revealed in the appearance and carriage and fitness of our troops the men gloried in their own superiority. These were very material reasons why the American "army on the Rhine" should wish to prolong their stay there. Hannibal's stay in Capua ages ago offered little by way of favorable comparison with Allen's sojourn on the Rhine. This thought is suggested not only by my own observations, but by the comment of one of the officers from the War College in Washington, who declined a proffered appointment to the Rhine army. After an experience throughout Europe and in the Coblenz area this officer observed in my presence to several of the officers stationed at Coblenz, "This whole outfit had better be shipped home before they forget how to walk." In August, 1921, and until the order came from Washington and was put into effect on Oct. 1, 1921, United States Army automobiles from Coblenz were seen in Italy, in Switzerland, in Belgium, in Holland and in great profusion within the shadow of Ehrenbreitstein. American Army motor extravagances had become a scandal in Europe.

As to the high-minded attitude of our army on the Rhine, as poetically phrased by Katherine Mayo, let the facts speak for themselves. In the first place, our influence on any and all international commissions, military or political, has been nominal. The Coblenz army had little regard for the French; they were almost hostile toward the French officers and men of the Mainz area. They were very partial to the German population among whom they were quartered, as is plainly evidenced by the extremely friendly terms on which they lived together and by the great number of marriages of American soldiers to German girls. The Americans and the Germans fraternized. That is the word. And they did so not only because they got on well with the Germans and liked them, but because of their dislike of the French. With the British of the Köln area there was a friendly rivalry in matters pertaining to the service and in polo-playing ability. But there was not the same expansiveness as shown the Germans. I don't mean to insinuate that our American officers or men were guilty of any improprieties of conduct toward our war associates and our late enemies. They were not, but such a state of mind and such clearly expressed feelings on the part of the officers and men of the American forces in Germany could not be construed as a basis for the lofty ideals of our duty on the Rhine attributed to them by Katherine Mayo. Our men are not hypocrites and they most certainly never attempted such a rôle. I found all the officers with whom I enjoyed daily contacts, and they were many—at the Coblenzerhof, at the Deutscher Verein, throughout the city and in the outlying districts—to be of a single mind on the matter of American intervention in European affairs. None of them feared "foreign entanglements," that empty bugaboo of certain Senatorial old fogies. None of them feared that we might assume an impossible burden by putting our weight behind the broken cart in which Europe now lumbers along all too doubtfully. They all did feel strongly that, having been rebuffed at Versailles by the untaught statesmen of the victorious nations, and having had our splendid ideals flouted and our magnanimity abused, we should proceed slowly and carefully hereafter on the basis of letting Europe ascertain for herself that it was not our idealism which was impractical, but rather their immediate practical selfishness which was short-sighted and ruinous. Every officer and soldier of whom I made inquiry on this point replied bluntly that we got Europe out of a sorry mess by our joining the Allies only to have them fall into a worse one—an even worse one than those notorious ones resulting from the Peace of Westphalia and the Pact of Vienna. Our boys were unanimous that it would be several eons before we could be inveigled into another such European brawl. All the while, however, "a good time was had by all" on the Rhine!

Katherine Mayo relates from her notes many conversations enjoyed on the banks of the Rhine at Coblenz in August, 1921. I have before me my own copious notes and copies of voluminous letters written from the Coblenzerhof and the entire Rhine territory at that every time. I read your correspondent's references to the "Golden Rule of Mr. Lincoln," to be applied by our Rhine army presumably; also to the fact that continental Europe today shows that nothing but altruism is practical at all; likewise to the need of our active mediation between France and Germany to the end that France may moderate her means of enforcement of her rights according to Germany's ability to meet her demands and that Germany may frankly and honestly come forward to the fulfillment of her obligations to France; finally to the statement that "a few thousand of us here (the American Rhine army) can maintain what it will take a few million of the best young American lives to re-establish once it is broken—peace." All this must have been gleaned from the same sources placed at the disposal of the American Senator referred to in the article. The American army is synonymous with hospitality. Any one who has enjoyed it knows that. They would not be liable to annoy the Senator with their personal opinions any more than they would show General Pershing aught but their best manoeuvring ability, parade appearance and discipline during his tour of inspection.

The men at Coblenz were not pro-German, nor were they anti-French. They enjoyed a comfortable assignment 3,000 miles from home. Their duties were few and of the routine variety and they were quickly and beautifully surrounded. Motor cars were assigned to easily obtained. I have seen officers riding about in luxurious Cadillac limousines with two soldiers "on the box." The officers' quarters were splendid, from General Allen's villa on the ex-Crown Prince, from the public driveway before which along the Rhine all vehicles were excluded, to the splendid room suites at the Coblenzerhof occupied by Lieutenant Colonels. Why would they want to go home? Every measure of pressure has been exerted for two years past to keep the American army on the Rhine. Ask any army officer or any soldier who has been over there what he thinks of his great duty in helping apply the Golden Rule and bring peace to distraught Europe and he is more apt to enjoy the joke on you than you relish. He will very pointedly ask his inquirer why they didn't let us apply the "Golden Rule of Mr. Lincoln" when the opportunity was ripe and the whole world yearned for it in 1919 at Versailles. Did our presence on the Rhine prompt Germany to fulfill her obligations to France? Did our presence on the Rhine show England the way to correct wholly and unselfishly the wrongs Lloyd George did in placing the reparations figures so high that Germany could never pay and that he might be assured of re-election at home? Did our presence restrain France from resorting to unwise and dangerous measures to enforce her treaty demands upon Germany? What miracles of the Golden Rule did our army on the Rhine perform? The only thing our army on the Rhine did—and there were noble deeds, well worthy of the army and of America—was to demonstrate to Europe that the American square deal was a practical, workable, operating principle, to show how far we are above the age-old pettiness and out of the fatal web of traditions which hold Europe enthralled, to prove how much better it were to have adopted the American methods at Versailles and to save the fast dissolving appearance of allied solidarity in the face of Germany and before the world. These are genuine achievements, but they have been almost lost on Europe thus far.

I firmly believe that we did the best thing for Europe when we finally withdrew our troops from the Rhine. Equally firmly am I convinced that whatever further activities we engage in to apply our moral standards to European action would be predicated on practical proof, not only of Europe's receptiveness and readiness to follow, but of her actual disposal to accept our leadership without attempt at quibble or trick. America's place is at the council table of the nations and in the van of every great and good world movement, but we must now have our "guarantees"—guarantees of whole-hearted, unflinching, unselfish co-operation. There has been much talking and writing of American co-operation. Let us hear something of Europe's desire to co-operate with us and let us have some earnest of her intention to co-operate.

America indeed "may be proud, happy and very grateful to have been represented by such Americans" as our army on the Rhine—none the less so because they could not accomplish the impossible or be supermen.

JAMES ROE.

New York, Jan. 17, 1923.

Justice Clarke's Address.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is little less than surprising that ex-Justice Clarke's notable address before the League of Nations Non-Partisan Association, reported in your issue of the 13th inst., has evoked no comment.

* * * For one, as an original firm believer in the League of Nations, I would like to express my humble and very unreserved admiration for the generous service Justice Clarke has just rendered to a world cause, far transcending in moment any and all others. Co-operation of all the great nations and of most of the smaller ones to prevent war by preserving peace is far and away the noblest ideal ever presented to suffering humanity. * * *

Now there is unquestionably today a strong minority sentiment in our forty-eight States in favor of our entering the league. Much of the rancor which enveloped the question two years ago has subsided. The time is favorable for an aggressive campaign by all those who support the purpose of the league. It is to be hoped that this new non-partisan organization for promoting it will soon be able to announce details of its methods and invite assistance from every source.

F. C. HATCH.

New York, Jan. 19, 1923.

Open-Air School for France.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with interest of the establishment of a model open-air school in France. As a French social worker I came to America in order to study your methods in social science, and as I am deeply interested in the fight against tuberculosis in Paris, I should like to offer a few suggestions that might prove of some help both to my own country and to the organizers of this urgent and splendid work.

The establishment of this model school will certainly be requested by many localities; this will render the choice of the proper location more difficult. I feel that, in this selection, the committee should be guided not only by the needs of the population (every district in Paris stands in need of such schools), but also should make sure that adequate medical help is there available.

In order that the experiment may be successful it will be necessary that the staff be chosen really for its ability and without any political interference.

LUCILE TURPIN.

Présidente de l'Union des Oeuvres des XIII me Arrondissement, Paris.

Boston, Jan. 20, 1923.

Mr. de Pierola of Peru.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During the course of the past week there have appeared in a number of newspapers in this city various articles quoting Mr. Isaac de Pierola of Lima, Peru, to the effect that he, in common with 300 other Democrats of Peru, had been exiled from the country by the President, Don Augusto B. Leguia.

In order that there may be no misunderstanding in the matter, permit me to present you with the facts of the case as they have been transmitted to me by my Government. In the first place, no 300 Democrats nor any part of that number were exiled or deported from Peru. Secondly, Mr. de Pierola was expelled from the country, due to the fact that it was known that he was preparing to execute a coup d'état against the President of the republic similar to that which he organized on May 29, 1919. The expulsion was a measure deemed necessary to insure the preservation of public order.

EDUARDO HIGGINSON.

Consul General to the United States.

New York, Jan. 19, 1923.

Coal Substitutes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Would it not be well to have engineers and others, even those in some kind of authority, stop talking of substitutes for coal? We have none, unless it is wood or turf or lignite, and any of these will cost more than anthracite coal per unit of heat value, even if we could get them or use them. Bituminous coal, or semi-bituminous coal, is presumably what is to be mined, but it is as hard to get as anthracite, and costs as much, and no ordinary heater will use it.

The second substitute fuel is talked of being in the vicinity of New York City, and the man who uses it is out of his depth in the fuel market and is simply trying to help our coinage up.

WM. J. HALDWIN.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 21, 1923.

MISS JANE BRUSH WEDS W. S. COATES

Noted Artist's Daughter Married in the Chantry of St. Thomas's Church.

MISS LAMARCHE A BRIDE

Daughter of Mrs. Henry J. Lamarche Wed to Thomas A. Connors in St. Vincent Ferrer's Church.

The marriage of Winslow Shelby Coates, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Coates of Montclair, N. J., and Miss Jane Brush, a daughter of George De Forest Brush, celebrated artist, and Mrs. Brush, took place yesterday in the Chantry of St. Thomas's Church, the Rev. Dr. R. M. Stires officiating. The bride walked with her father, who gave her in marriage, and her sister, Miss Phebe Brush, was her maid of honor. Miss Rosemary Brush and Master John Brush, children of the bride's brother, Jerome Brush, were flower girl and page.

Arthur Pierce Coates was his brother's best man and the ushers were Stuart Johnson, Winslow S. Pierce Jr., a brother-in-law of the bride; Winslow Gallagher, Walter Frazier, Boughton Cobb and Robert Powell.

A large reception was held at Sherry's.

Connors—Lamarche.

The wedding of Thomas A. Connors, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Connors of 22 East Sixty-first Street, and Miss Marie Rose Lamarche, a daughter of Mrs. Henry J. Lamarche of 39 East Sixty-fifth Street, took place yesterday at the Church of St. Vincent Ferrer at 4 o'clock. The Rev. Father Edward G. Fitzgerald of Washington, D. C., officiated.

Miss Philly Barry, formerly Miss Elizabeth Smyth, was the matron of honor, and the other attendants were Mrs. Rowland B. Jones, Mrs. Harvey Shaffer and the Misses Betty Jackson, Mary Lockhard and Ella Mackay of New York and Mrs. Harry Reynolds of Philadelphia.

Thomas Connors was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Albert Lamarche and Henry Workeman of this city, Huntington T. McIlvaine of London, England, Holloway Muldaur and Wolcott Bothwell of Chicago, Patrick Calhoun of San Francisco, Jesse Lee Carr of Cincinnati and Nelson Talbott of Dayton. Cousins of the bridge, Little Miss Lamarche Hague and Masters Peter and Nelson Hague, were flower girl and page.

A small reception followed at Sherry's. Mr. and Mrs. Connors will not decide on their future home until their return from Bermuda, where the honeymoon will be spent.

Cushman—Pierce.

The marriage of Miss Jessie E. Pierce, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pierce of Alamogordo, New Mexico, and Morton J. Cushman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Morton L. Cushman of this city, took place last Saturday at 462 Fort Washington Avenue. The Rev. E. S. Hallaway officiated. The bride has been staying with friends here for several months. Mr. and Mrs. Cushman will live in Trenton.

Reynolds—Blum Wedding Thursday.

The wedding of Miss Hannah Blum, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Blum of 100 East Seventy-fourth Street, and Melvin H. Reynolds of this city, will take place on Thursday evening, Jan. 25, at 6 o'clock at the Ritz-Carlton.

Miss Bernice F. Meyer Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Meyer of South Orange, N. J., and Kentucky have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Bernice Fischer Meyer, to Flint Brayton, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John S. Brayton of Fall River. Miss. The announcement was made at a luncheon at the Essex County Country Club on Saturday.

Miss Fischer Meyer is a graduate of [illegible] School at Hillbrook, N. Y., class of '09. Mr. Brayton, who was in the naval service during the war, is a graduate of Williams, class of '08, and later took a special course at Harvard.

Dean—Conklin Engagement.

The engagement is announced of Miss Clara Bartlett Dean of this city, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Edward Williams Dean of Rutherford, N. J., to Harry Walker Conklin, son of Mrs. Burnet Miller Conklin of this city. Miss Dean is a graduate of Packer Collegiate Institute and Adelphi College and has been a member of Columbia and Vassar. She is a member of the Women's University and Rockwood Clubs. The wedding is to take place in April.

Engaged to George E. Kunhardt Jr.

Captain and Mrs. P. T. Rimmer of Burnside, Ilkley, Yorkshire, England, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Joan Rimmer, to George E. Kunhardt Jr., eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Kunhardt of Hawthorne, North Salem. Miss Joan Rimmer, Mr. Kunhardt is a graduate of Harvard, class of '10, and served in France with the 303d Field Artillery during the war. He is now studying yachting in England and Miss Rimmer is at home there with her parents.

SOUTHERN SOCIETY DANCES.

1,000 Guests at Annual Ball at the Waldorf-Astoria.

The annual ball of the New York Southern Society was held last evening in the ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria, with nearly 1,000 guests attending. Junius Parker is President of the Society, and the Entertainments Committee for the ball consisted of Robert Adamson, Chairman; Barron G. Collier and Arthur C. Vandiver. Two orchestras furnished music for the dancing and a buffet supper was served after midnight.

Boutonnières for the evening included Walter H. Acker Jr., Ernest Hardy, Junius William Barrow, John W. Davis, Edwin A. Heard, Eugene F. Higgins, George T. Hilton, George G. Finch, Francis M. Pevear, Alexander J. Field, Frank M. Hoyer, Louis Williams, C. C. Wadsworth, James H. Wannop and Beirne T. Wilson.

Among the many patronesses were Mrs. Robert Adamson, Mrs. Parker, Mrs. J. Stewart Archer, Mrs. George Gordon Battle, Mrs. Robert M. Brewster, Miss Walter L. McClintic, Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock Sampson, Mrs. X. Eastor Jackson, Mrs. James W. Hall, Mrs. George N. Mebane, Mrs. Charles M. Grant and Miss John Struthers Gaines Jr.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday from Queenstown and Liverpool on the White Star liner Celtic were Charles Ainsworth, F. H. Bailey, William S. Bauer, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Berefield, G. M. Black, G. Stafford Buckmall, J. W. Carlos, Miss Katherine Bellamy, Harry Dan, James C. Fargo, Mrs. J. Fish, Mrs. D. Fleming, Randall Jarrell, R. Kipling, Francis Lane, Major L. H. C. Hankey, W. Foster Lloyd, James Moffat, Charles D. Mott, Mrs. R. C. Newton, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Oliver, Sir Percy Keith, Mrs. A. Rogers, W. A. Rogers, Mrs. J. Rogers, Miss Tom Perrine, Miss Millicent Sutton, Captain and Mrs. Edmund F. Talbot, R. C. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Tisdale.

Among those who arrived yesterday morning from Havre and Southampton on the St. Paul liner New York were Mrs. Adam E. Brewster, Dr. M. Dannak, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Crowe, A. Fish, Miss E. R. Green, Miss J. E. W. Hall, H. Hartshorn, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hoyt, Miss E. Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. A. Poor, Miss B. L. Wolf, E. Thompson, J. Allen, R. S. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. E. Stanley, Miss D. Stuhlinger, C. J. Healy, Mrs. J. Hutchinson, G. Gaston and Dr. F. L. Hoffman.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt will entertain at a small dinner and dance at their residence, 660 Fifth Avenue, on Friday, Feb. 2.

Charles F. Rittenhouse and Miss Elliot Burdick, who are to be married Feb. 1, at St. Thomas's Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street, Wednesday at the Municipal Building.

Mrs. Alexander Biddle has come from Philadelphia and is at Clifton Manor, to remain a month.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Winchester of Baltimore are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. Barnet Anderson of 820 Park Avenue will give a reception this afternoon for Viscount and Lady Burnham.

The Misses G. E. Smoot will sail for Italy on Feb. 24.

Mrs. Harry R. McLean and Miss Alice McLean, who have been at the Lauraldon, have gone to Bermuda to remain until March.

Elliot Cross has taken the William J. Tilden estate at Rye, N. Y., for next Summer.

The Beth Leary ghost a supper dance at Sherry's last evening for Mrs. Francis Butler, the guests attending about a hundred. Mrs. Butler and Gerald H. Dempsey are to be married on Thursday.

Lord Thomas C. Gloucester is receiving from California today and will sail as the Ambassador for some time before returning to London.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bradley have closed their house near Convent, N. J., and are at the Vanderbilt for the remainder of the Winter.

Mrs. James A. McCrea gave a luncheon at Sherry's yesterday and among her guests were Mrs. Marquis T. Gozzaldi, Mrs. Joseph R. Dowling and Mrs. Charles H. MacDuff.

Henry White, President of the Art Alliance of America and a member of the Board of Directors of the Art Centre, entertained at a dinner at the hotel; Wm. Fitz-Gerald Slade, the Advisory Committee and Directors of the Art Centre.

Seiior Don Gerardo Portela, Minister from Costa Rica, who has been at the Belleclaire with Sefiora Portela, sailed yesterday for an extended visit in Central America.

Mrs. Arthur A. Fowler is giving a tea this afternoon at her home, 117 East Seventy-first Street, for those interested in the benefit recital for the Visiting Nurse Service at the Selwyn Theatre next Sunday. Miss Muriel Draper and Miss Mary Wood Hopkinson, who are to take part in the recital, will also be present.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Kent have come from Berkeley, L. I., and are at the St. Regis, where Mrs. J. Otis Wakefield and Mrs. James H. Proctor of Boston are also staying.

John D. Rockefeller Jr., who is convalescing from a bronchial attack, has arrived at the Ormond Hotel at Ormond Beach, Fla., with Mrs. Rockefeller. He plans to stay at his father's Winter home until he is well.

Washington.

The Secretary of State and Mrs. Bryan were the guests last evening at the Pan American Building of the delegates from Guatemala, Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua and Costa Rica, who have been in conference on Central American affairs during the last six weeks.

These official visitors entertained Secretary and Mrs. Bryan at dinner in the Hall of Patios that overlooks the Court of Honor, which is the handsomest apartment about the tropical foliage or rented on the old Spanish fountain. There were fifty dinner guests, chiefly from the Latin-American colony and the State Department.

A Guatemalan marine band, brought from New York, played during the dinner and the reception held after that was followed by dancing in the Hall of the Americas.

President in the company, in addition to Secretary and Mrs. Bryan, who assisted in receiving, were the Spanish Ambassador and Mme. de Riano, the Chilean Ambassador and Mme. de Matthieu, the Peruvian Ambassador, the Ambassador from Italy, the Brazilian Ambassador, Mr. Rapin, Chargé d'Affaires of Argentina, the Minister from Uruguay and Mme. de Vargas, the Under Secretary of State and Mrs. Phillips, the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Wallace, Miss Wallace, with leaders of both houses of Congress and many well-known men and women of official circles.

The Congressional Club brought to a close last evening by entertaining the Speaker of the House and Mrs. Gillett. The latter, with Mrs. Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, the club's President, welcomed the 700 guests at the head of the stairs, with a score of members representing both House and Senate assisting. A section of the Marine Band played throughout the evening, while just before the supper the company was entertained by a short recital by Miss Gertrude Arden of the Metropolitan Opera Company.

The Minister from the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, Dr. Ronchitch, entertained informally at a dinner last evening at the Cosmos Club in honor of the Secretary of State and Mrs. Bryan.

Mrs. James Cottrell Fraser entertained at dinner last evening in compliment to the Minister from the Netherlands and Miss Orabb. The guests were later the recipients at the Pan American building.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Peele, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Irving Cox and Mrs. Wilfred Dexter were also among last evening's dinner hosts.

Representative Reavis Sharp of Virginia entertained informally at dinner last evening in compliment to Miss Virginia Sharp, one of the county's debutantes. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Yeaman, Dr. Gregg and the party, which went on to the Southern Relief Ball at the Willard.

Other dinner hosts going on to the ball with their guests included Colonel and Mrs. T. G. Pendleton, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Bailey Jr. (the latter before her marriage Miss Isabel Agnew), Miss Sarah Cochran, Miss Ethel Agnew, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick D. McKenney, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fairfax Evans and Colonel and Mrs. Carmen C. Culloton.

The Southern Relief Society held its annual ball last evening at the New Willard, with the customary assemblage of the Southern contingent present. Mrs. William F. Tamblin, President of the society, received, with Major Gen. John A. Lejeune, Commandant of the Marine Corps, assisting the receivers.

In line with Mrs. Daniels, who is a native of Kentucky, last year's ball in Washington's Birthday week, Wade Hampton Jr., Mrs. George B. Christian Jr., Mrs. Willis Hall Booth and Miss Laura Lee Hackett, William Beale Cox, acted as Chairman of the Floor Committee. A section of the Marine Band played for the dancing.

Colonel Julian Carr of North Carolina headed the hostesses, who also included Senator Lee Slater Smith of Georgia, the Swiss Minister and Mrs. Gruner, Mrs. Delos A. Blodgett, Mrs. Charles Hughes and Miss Ruth Hughes, Mrs. Wilbur J. Carr and Mrs. Frank Polk. Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur J. Carr, Mr. and Mrs. Edward B. Stevens, Miss Gilbert Hill, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Drury, and Mr. and Mrs. George M. Bibb.

Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin of New York spent the week-end at the Muschenheim-Elting.

Miss Anna F. Dunn of Boston has been a recent guest of her aunt, Miss Anna F. Hunter.

Mr. and Mrs. Audley Clark have returned to New York after a visit at the La Farge cottage.

Mrs. T. L. Schumacher, daughter of Mrs. Daniel Bingham, has gone to Annapolis to visit friends.

Palm Beach.

The social season at the Everglades Club was ushered in with the first of the week-weekly dinner dances last night, among those entertaining parties were Mr. and Mrs. Paulo Biaggi, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Dudley Chapin, Mr. and Mrs. Duke and Mrs. C. L. Harding.

Others present were Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Woodward, Mrs. Jack Rutherfurd, Mrs. Julius Fleischmann, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Griffin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dickey, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clark, Mrs. Lewis of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Burden of Newport, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel S. Conlon, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Kling, Mr. and Mrs. A. Kingsley Tod and Miss Constance Peabody, Hamilton Williams, Oliver Peabody, Mr. and Mrs. William Gray, L. P. Waddle, Commander and Mrs. Edgar J. Luckenbach, Caleb Bragg, Malcolm Monohan, Joseph Elliot, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. White, Mr. and Mrs. Pierre L. Barbey, Mr. and Mrs. William Lawrence Gross and Mrs. John C. Gray.

Percy Williams entertained Miss Virginia Sexton, Miss Martha Wanamaker, Mrs. Charles Schaeffer and Rolla Corcoran, all of New York, at dinner at his ocean front home, Nopatuna, last night.

R. D. Wyon, Mrs. E. K. Lynn and Mrs. R. R. Goodhue of New York arrived at the Everglades Club yesterday, where they will spend the season.

Mrs. Charles Dillingham and J. Leonard Replogle were among the successful fishermen yesterday, each of them landing a six-foot sailfish.

Hot Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas L. Hume Jr. came from Washington, D. C., yesterday on their honeymoon.

Brigadier General George R. Dyer has returned to New York after a brief visit here with Mrs. Dyer and Walter and Elaine Dyer.

Mrs. John Stuart Palmer will close Brookside Cottage shortly and go to New York for the rest of the Winter.

Colonel Jacob Jones, U. S. A., retired, of the Hammond yesterday from Philadelphia and drove in the afternoon to Germantown.

MAX NORDAU DIES, NOTED PHILOSOPHER

Zionist Leader Succumbs in His Paris Home at 72 in Poor Circumstances.

HIS FAMOUS WRITINGS

Savant Predicted That the World War Would Result in Utter Destruction of Europe.

PARIS, Jan. 22 (Associated Press).—Max Nordau, the famous German author and philosopher, died at his home here today. Nordau had been ill for a long time. At his bedside when death came were his wife and his daughter Maxa.

Max Simon Nordau was born at Budapest July 29, 1849. His parents were Jews. His preliminary education in Budapest until 1868, when he took up his residence in Paris. There, in addition to his medical work, he studied art, literature and social questions.

Nordau's father was Gabriel Suidfeld, once a rabbi in Prussia, who became a banker in Budapest. Nordau received his elementary education, including Hebrew, Greek and Latin, from his father. Later he attended the university of his native city. His literary activities were begun when he was a boy of 16. He worked at journalism even while taking his medical course, and was a foreign correspondent here for leading German, Austrian and Hungarian newspapers.

His notable works include "Degeneration," "Conventional Lies of Mankind," "Paradoxes," "Paris Under the Third Republic" and a Jewish play, "Dr. Kohn."

In 1897 Dr. Nordau was called by Dr. Herzl, founder of political Zionism, to aid Herzl in propagating the Zionist idea. From the first Zionist congress at Basle, in 1897, until the present time Nordau has been one of the most earnest workers for Jewish emancipation. In all lands was regarded as the apostolic address of these gatherings. His interest in Zionism continued unabated to the last, although he gave up active leadership during the years following the World War, both by reason of the state of his health and by reason of the growth in importance of the problems of the present leaders. Nordau always favored a more aggressive policy, protesting that modern Zionism gradually was losing sight of the first principles as enunciated by Herzl.

His Wedding Days Recalled.

The declining days of the noted savant and Zionist leader were hard. He continued to live in poor circumstances, not having sufficient health to hire a residence in the countryside, even during the Summer months. Owing to illness he entirely ceased writing more than a year ago. He left unfinished a big work on philosophy.

The period to be the object of any one's researches Nordau refused to consider even the possibility of financial aid which the Zionist organization offered him on various occasions. His only means of subsistence is said to have been the occasional sentiments of a monthly salary from La Nation, a Zionist Alsatian publication, although he discontinued writing articles for this publication eighteen months ago. Each remittance from the editor of the newspaper is said to have been accompanied by expressions of solicitude for the state of Nordau's health.

Prior to forming a Zionist ball in Paris a few months ago Nordau's wife, said to have been estranged over the accusation that Herzl and Nordau had given up the idea of a Jewish settlement in Palestine in favor of accepting a British Government offer of a Jewish settlement in East Africa, attempted to reconcile Nordau. He lived two days at Nordau, but neither built his life.

Interned on Parole at Nimes.

During the World War the French ordered the internment of Nordau for the duration of the period of hostilities because of his Teutonic nativity. Shortly after he was taken into custody, however, he was released by the French on a parole of honor and went to Spain.

During his stay in Madrid Nordau delivered the World War would last until there had become reasonable. He declined to predict who would win the war, but said whatever the conditions of peace, one result was certain—the utter destruction of Europe.

"The vanquished," Nordau was quoted as saying, "will carry an indescribable weight of misery, but the victors will be surrounded by deep impoverishment and wrath when they realize the fact—as they will—that their efforts, sufferings and triumphs will have yielded them no palpable benefit whatever and will not have rendered easier and more prosperous their existence, and that their families on the battlefield will have made 2 more widows, hard and gloomy."

SAMUEL C. REED DIES AT 90.

Civil War Veteran and Traveler Was Long Prominent in New York.

Samuel C. Reed, Civil War veteran and traveler, died on Sunday at Atlantic City, N. J., in his ninety-first year. Mr. Reed was born in East Abington, Mass., his ancestors having settled in that State in 1630. He attended the Columbia College Law School and was admitted to the bar in New York City in 1850. When the Civil War began he enlisted in the Seventy-first Regiment and served as Captain on the staff of Colonel Vosburg. Mr. Reed was a member of the New York State Assembly in 1866 and 1865. For two years he was attorney of the Department of Buildings of New York City and in 1868 was nominated for Congress from his district, but declined the nomination in favor of Henry L. Raymond.

While serving as President of the United States Ice and Refrigerating Company Mr. Reed was the first to introduce artificial ice into this country by means of the Tellier patents. A few years later, in connection with Major Pierre Lorillard, he organized and incorporated the Hudson River West Shore Railroad Company, of which he was a Director prior to its purchase by the Vanderbilt interests. Mr. Reed was also for many years a Director of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company.

During the last ten or twelve years Mr. Reed traveled extensively in this country and abroad. He was a member of the Arkonsas, the Travelers and the Union League Clubs. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Margaret Bulkley Reed.

Frank E. Cook Killed by Fall.

Frank E. Cook, Superintendent of the Pullman Company, with offices in the Grand Central Terminal, was killed by a fall in the home of his sister in Cleveland, Ohio, on Sunday. He reached at the Central terminal in Roselville. He was active in Catholic affairs.

Mr. Cook was born in Chambersburg, Pa., about forty years ago, and was educated at the Jesuit College of St. Ignatius in Chicago. He began his railroad career in the old Pullman Palace Car Company. He was a member of the Railroad Club and the Westchester Polo Club. Mr. Cook was a Knight of Columbus.

Benefit for Mary Fisher Home.

An Authors' Matinee, for the benefit of the Mary Fisher Home, the only home in New Jersey for trade workers temporarily, or permanently unable to continue their work, is to be held Friday afternoon at 2:30 in the Astor Gallery at the Waldorf-Astoria. There will be original readings by Alice Duer Miller, Mary Riker Smith, Hamlin Garland, interviewing by Mary I. Garland; David Graham, Rupert Hughes, Gouverneur Morris, Jennie A. Wales, Burton Hadley, Wythe Williams and Samuel Hopkins Adams will be on the musical program.

CONTESTS SISTER'S WILL.

Horace Kingsbury, 75, Says Document Violates Agreement.

Horace Kingsbury, 75, through his attorney, Philip A. Brennan, brought suit yesterday before Justice Russell Benedict, in the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, to set aside the will of his sister, Miss Grizzie Kingsbury, 68, who committed suicide by inhaling illuminating gas in their home at 125 Decatur Street, on Aug. 16 last. They had occupied the house together for many years. Mr. Kingsbury is a bachelor.

The will, made a month before the death of Miss Kingsbury, disposed of an estate valued at about $25,000, and left to Mr. Kingsbury $500. A codicil, two months later, increased the amount to $1,000. Mr. Kingsbury alleges that his sister's will violates an agreement to make reciprocal wills.

Counsel for the estate contends that Horace Kingsbury subsequently told his sister she could dispose of her property as she willed and declared that he intended leaving his own property to Mrs. Fanny Ware of Chester, Vt., a cousin, who nursed him through an illness.

MAGGIE CLINE VERY ILL.

Once "Irish Queen" of Vaudeville Is at Her Home in Red Bank.

Maggie Cline, who a quarter of a century ago was a prominent figure on the variety stage, is critically ill at her home in Red Bank, N. J. In private life she is Mrs. John Ryan.

In the days when Tony Pastor's Theatre and Miner's Theatre in the Bowery were at the height of their popularity the name of Maggie Cline was a household word, and she was billed as the Irish Queen. There was a time when she made regular week-end trips to Boston, Providence, Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago and other cities to appear at the leading variety theatres.

Miss Cline has made her home in Red Bank for more than twenty years. She was born in Portland, Me.

ABYSSINIAN PRINCES HERE.

Progressive King's Sons Are Getting an American Education.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Three sons of King Ras Tafari of Abyssinia, successor to King Menelik, have entered Meadville College at New Concord, Ohio, to receive an American education. They arrived in Jamestown of the King's progressive program for promoting Abyssinian and modern thought in his ancient monarchy.

Dr. Thomas Lamble, formerly a missionary worker, disclosed today that he is in the United States entrusted with the education of the Princes. His aim is to obtain a representative equipped with the 240 Abyssinian characters, and to negotiate for farm and other machinery needed in Abyssinia.

McAdoo Wouldn't Refuse to Run.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 22.—William Gibbs McAdoo reached here today en route to Los Angeles. He declined to comment on politics, but said if a convention selected the Presidential nomination he would not decline.

RICHARD O'BRIEN DIED AT 84.

First Volunteer Telegraph Operator of the Civil War.

Richard O'Brien, who worked side by side with Andrew Carnegie in the early days of the telegraph, was chief for delivery by both Carnegie Steelmaker and Grant, in connection with services to be performed as a subscription to the Grand Order of the Army of the Republic of the Civil War, and who for almost seventy years was closely identified with the development of the telegraph and the telegraphic service, died on Sunday at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Frank Ashton, in Swarthmore, Pa. Mr. O'Brien was one of Pennsylvania's oldest citizens. He was born in Ireland 84 years ago. He was brought to the United States when Bishop Kenrick was a Bishop.

Mr. O'Brien is said to have been the first volunteer telegraph operator of the Civil War. After he entered the service of the Federal Government he quickly rose to high ability and was made Chief of the Signal Corps of the Army of the Potomac. Under his direction the first war balloon in this country was constructed in Pennsylvania.

During the reign of Richmond Mr. O'Brien was employed and carried into the line of a Confederate family. During his confinement he was served by Miss Sarah Brien Morris, a direct descendant of General William Morris, a Revolutionary officer. After the fall of Richmond Mr. O'Brien married this young woman and turned him back to health. His wife died in 1902.

It was during the Centennial in Philadelphia that Mr. O'Brien first became interested in the telephone. He was the cashier of Alexander Graham Bell, and was so impressed by it that he later went to Europe, from where he obtained the rights to build the first telephone line from the office in Scranton to the house of Dr. Brien. Dr. John Bennet O'Brien. The line was built by Mr. O'Brien, practically as a medium for charity concentration, was developed by him rapidly after its feasibility was demonstrated. He soon organized his own company, which developed the telephone in Scranton, which Pennsylvania and extended its service into parts of New Jersey. His company was finally merged with the Bell Telephone Company, of which Mr. O'Brien became a Director.

John A. Corwin.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 22.—John A. Corwin, for many years Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department, stationed in Los Angeles since last April, died today at his home, 635 South Wilton Place. He was in his seventy-third year.

For many years Mr. Corwin was prominent in the Chicago Democracy. During his residence there he served in the United States in his travels and was in every campaign of distinguished statesmen including McKinley, Harrison, Roosevelt and Cleveland.

The Rev. Frederick W. Davis.

The Rev. Frederick W. Davis, rector of St. Martin's P. E. Church in Brooklyn for twenty-seven years, died on Sunday at the rectory, 360 Prospect Street, aged 67 years. He was a graduate of Brown University and the General Theological Seminary, and was ordained in 1868. Mr. Davis was the author of "The Office of the Mass" and "The Three Hours Agony Service."

Countess de Moltke-Huitfeldt.

The Countess Adam de Moltke-Huitfeldt, who was before her marriage Louise Eugenie Bonaparte, died yesterday at her residence in Biarritz, France. The Countess was a daughter of the late Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte of Baltimore, D. C. She was born in Baltimore and married Count de Moltke-Huitfeldt in 1868. The Countess survives her husband, a daughter, the Countess Marie Louise de Moltke-Huitfeldt, who is at present in this city, and four sons.

Thomas Hargrove Simpson.

BELCHERTOWN, Mass., Jan. 22.—Thomas Hargrove Simpson, a Vice President and Director of the Hudson River Bridge Association of New York and a well-known newspaper and publicity man, died here today after a year's illness. He was one of the projectors of Gunther Tunnel's project to bridge the Hudson at New York.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD H. CONVEY, a former stage manager of the Union Square Theatre and Wallack's Theatre, and Treasurer of the Union, Sth, 11, died on Sunday at the home of his sister, 308 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 70 years. He was a member of Friendship Lodge, No. 21, F. and A. M., and Siloam Temple, Knights of the Mystic Shrine.

HARRY FORBUS VAN BRUNT, a broker, merchant and member of the firm of J. C. Van Brunt & Son, that was founded by his father, died from heart disease on Saturday at his home, 1 Willow Place, Brooklyn. He was 52 years old and belonged to Brooklyn Lodge, No. 22, B. P. O. Elks.

ABRAHAM HENDRICKSON GOLDER, a Civil War veteran and for many years engaged in the drygoods business in New York, died in his daughter's home, Saturday at the home of his daughter, 304 Canal Street, Brooklyn.

LOUIS ADALBERT CLINTON, Director of Extension Work at the New Jersey State Agricultural Experiment Station, died yesterday in Dayton, Professor Clinton was 54 years old.

JOHN W. KEELAN, President of the Union County Savings Bank and Secretary of the Elizabethtown Water Company, died yesterday at his home there. He was 67 years old.

JOHN Mc[illegible], veteran of the Civil War in the United States and Mexican wars, died on Sunday at the age of 85. He was a former resident of Mount Vernon, N. Y.

HARRY L. WILSON of Billings, Republican candidate for Governor of Montana, in 1908, was found dead in his berth in Billings yesterday morning on his return from Helena.

WILLIAM H. FERGUSON, President of the Elmira Savings Bank, head of an extensive wholesale commission house and for more than sixty years prominent Southern Tier business man, died of his home in Elmira yesterday. He was 87 years of age.

JULIUS BROWNELL, an insurance broker, died Sunday at Lakewood, N. J. He resided at 60 Second Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 70 years old. Mr. Brownell, who was injured in a runaway accident in Lakewood, where his wife and children had been slightly injured in a runaway accident, Mr. Brownell was 67 years old.

LUTHERNE A. TODD, 66, for many years in the brokerage business in New York and Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home in the New York State Exchange, died in Syracuse yesterday.

The Rev. THOMAS HAMMOND, pastor of the West Collingswood Methodist Episcopal Church, died suddenly yesterday in Burlington, N. J. Dr. Hammond was well known throughout the New Jersey Conference.

CHARLES T. O'NEILL, 71 years old, a grocer of Laurel, Del., died suddenly in Birmingham yesterday. He was a brother of ex-Representative George H. O'Neill.

MISSION BOARD CELEBRATES

Reformed Church Organization Observes Forty-eighth Birthday.

About 400 persons attended the forty-eighth birthday celebration yesterday of the Women's Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America, held in the Middle Collegiate Reformed Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. Speakers were the Rev. Dr. Samuel M. Zwemer of Cairo, Egypt; Dr. Ida W. Scudder, President of the Woman's Medical College, Vellore, India, and Dr. Paul W. Harrison, ophthalmic surgeon, Arabia.

Supper was served in the chapel, and at the evening session there was a pageant participated in by young people. The pageant was written by Laura Scherer Cochrane and Katherine Scherer Cook.

Born.

CROCK—Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Crock (nee Hannah Schwartz) of the Riverside Drive apartments, announce the birth of a son on Jan. 21, at Bronx-Lebanon.

HOFF—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hoff announce the birth of a daughter Jan. 19, 1912, at the Brooklyn Hospital.

Married.

COWPER—GILLESPIE—Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Gillespie of 21 Hamilton Terrace announce the marriage of their daughter Margaret to Mr. Nicholas Cowper.

HUTCHIFFE—GREENSPUN—Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Greenspun of Rockfield, W. Va., announce the marriage of their daughter Rachael, to Mr. A. Hutchiffe, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Hutchiffe of New York City, on Jan. 21, 1912. Rabbi J. L. Kahn of Mount Sinai officiated. Rockfield (W. Va.) and Roanoke (Va.) papers please copy.

SHAFFRO—FREEDMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Herrco Freedman of 125 West 118th St. announce the marriage of their daughter, Harriet, and Mr. Harry Shaffro, on Sunday, Jan. 21, at the Hotel Astor.

Died.

ARMSTRONG—On Jan. 22, at her residence, 302 West 126th St., New York City, Margaret Watson Armstrong, wife of the late William H. Armstrong, in her 74th year. Funeral services at her late residence on Wednesday evening, Jan. 24, at 8 o'clock.

ASPIN—Josephine, Cannabell, Funeral Church, Broadway, 68th St., until 11 A. M.

AYER—On Saturday, Jan. 20, 1912, Jennie J. Ayer. Funeral services at her late residence, 21 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 23, at 2 P. M.

BENT—On Monday, Jan. 22, 1912, at her residence, 1 Bent Place, Bronxville, Ella E., wife of Leigh Bent. Funeral services will be held at the West End Collegiate Church, West End Ave. and 77th St., on Wednesday, Jan. 24, at 11 o'clock.

BROWNING—Diamond Lodge, No. 7, and A. M. Brethren: You are hereby summoned to attend at emergent communication of Diamond Lodge, No. 7, and A. M., in its hall on Sunday, Jan. 28, at 1.30 P. M. F. M. of St. John's, New York City, for the purpose of paying the last rites to our late brother, Julius Browning, who died Jan. 22.

DAVID T. ROHEN, Master.
HIRAM COHEN, Secretary.

BUTTERWORTH—On Monday, Jan. 22, 1912, at her home, De Forest Av., Summit, N. J., Charlotte Rankin, daughter of the late Peter S. Duryea and wife of the late Rev. Dr. Joseph Butterworth, in her 70th year. Funeral private, Wednesday, Jan. 24. Friends requested to omit flowers.

CLARK—Catherine F., daughter of Cornelius H. Clark and Charlotte Bleak, at 1,425 Bergen St., Brooklyn, on Jan. 21, 1912. Funeral private.

CLARK—At Cherry Falls, N. Y., Jan. 21, 1912, Frances H. Clark. Funeral services at Cedar Falls Baptist Church Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 24, at 1.30 o'clock.

COEN—At Albany, N. Y., on Saturday, Jan. 20, 1912, at his 71st year, Jay St., Gilbert Cohn. Funeral private.

CONVERSE—At the Emergency Hospital, Jan. 22, 1912, at 3 A. M., Lina Baker, in the 49th year of her age. Funeral private on Wednesday, Jan. 24, 1912, at 2 P. M. at All Souls' Church, Corner Chevy Chase Circle, Washington, D. C. Interment Lowden Park Cemetery, Baltimore, Maryland.

DALY—Major Robert J., late Adjutant 22d Regiment, N. G., N. Y. Jan. 22. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DAVIS—Jan. 22, aged 61 years, Sarah, beloved wife of Michael and dear mother of Leah Meyer, Frieda Harris, Sadie Davis, Hattie Davis, Edith Harris and David Davis. Funeral from her late residence, 1,672 2d Av., on Wednesday, Jan. 24, at 1 P. M.

DE GREER—On Jan. 19, 1912, Elsie Helen Josephine, beloved wife of Robert H. De Greer and daughter of Mary and the late Henry Lyon, passed away at Bulfinch-Haven, Rhode Island. Funeral services Wednesday, Jan. 24, at Bromley, Kent, England.

DE WALLTRAVEN—Suddenly, on Monday, Jan. 22, 1912, Henry Lewis. Funeral services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. E. Silliman, 680 St. Nicholas Av., Wednesday, Jan. 24, 8:30 P. M.

DOUGHERTY—On Jan. 21, at his residence, 27 West 118th St., John F., beloved husband of Josephine Jane Kalmanski, and brother of Hugh and Felix Dougherty. Solemn requiem mass at the Holy Trinity Church, 324 West 42d Street, on Thursday, at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary.

DOUGLAS—Suddenly, on Jan. 21, 1912, Ella E., wife of Leigh Bent. Funeral services will be held at the West End Collegiate Church, West End Av. and 77th St., on Wednesday, Jan. 24, at 11 o'clock.

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MEXICO SENDS FUND TO MEET DEBT DEAL

Deposit of $3,375,000 Made Here for Interest on Bonds Due on April 1.

FIRST RESULT OF PARLEY

Agreement at Bankers' Conference Calls for Five-Year Plan—Money Raised on Oil Exports.

The Mexican Government has provided sufficient funds to cover the entire amount of interest requirements on all of its external bonds falling due April 1, 1923, it was learned yesterday. Interest payments on April 1 amount to about $3,375,000 gold, and it is understood that Mexico has deposited in New York approximately $3,000,000 pesos, or about $1,500,000.

The agreement between the Mexican Government and the International Committee of Bankers on Mexico, made on June 16, 1922, provided that a subsidiary fund, increasing annually, should be set aside in cash by the Mexican Government for each of the five years beginning Jan. 2, 1923, and that after this date all interest on bonds should be paid when due. The five important obligations of Mexico fall due on April 1, and include the following bonds: United States of Mexico 5 per cent. consolidated external gold loan of 1899, City of Mexico 5 per cent. sterling loan of 1899, Republic of Mexico consolidated 3 per cent. internal debt of 1886, State of Tamaulipas 5 per cent. bonds, 1906 (second series); National Railways of Mexico guaranteed general mortgage 4 per cent. sinking-fund redeemable gold bonds, due Oct. 1, 1977, and the National Railroad Company of Mexico first consolidated mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, due Oct. 1, 1951.

No official information has been forthcoming thus far from the International Committee as to what progress was being made by Mexico to handle this payment, and members of the American section of the committee were reticent regarding its communications. [illegible] of Mexico's deposit of $3,375,000 was obtained from another source. Thomas W. Lamont is Chairman of the American section of the committee, Mortimer L. Schiff is Vice Chairman, and the following bankers are members: George W. Davison, James Hirschfield, R. C. Hutchins Jr., Charles E. Mitchell, John J. Mitchell, Walter T. Rosen, Charles E. Sabin, Albert H. Wiggin and Robert Winsor.

The deposit of funds in New York by Mexico follows the recent announcement in Mexico City by President Obregon to the effect that 10,000,000 pesos would be set aside to take care of the Government requirements on some of the country's external obligations. In local banking circles the belief was expressed that no official statement would be made by the International Committee of Bankers in regard to the April 1 payments until that date.

The funds which have just been deposited have been obtained by Mexico, it is the main, from taxes on crude oil exported to this country.

Child Dies as Bobsled Hits Auto.

Special to The New York Times.

SUFFERN, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Pauline Leparet, 4 years old, was killed instantly and several girls and boys were hurt when a bob-sled on which they were coasting on a steep hill at Monsey, near here, crashed into an automobile driven by Elwood Blanchard of the Suffern Automobile Company. The driver was exonerated.

PACIFIC COAST QUAKE HEAVY, BUT HARMLESS

Shocks Thrown Off Seismographs—One Minor Landslide Centre Was Near Ruin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—An earthquake estimated by observers at the University of Nevada to have centred sixty miles north of Reno, Nev., was felt in many sections of the Northern Pacific Coast region early today.

No serious damage was reported, although a landslide which delayed traffic on a small railroad in Nevada was attributed to the tremors, and so was a leak in a big gas tank at Williams, Cal.

Clocks were stopped in Reno, Sacramento, Cal., and a number of northern California towns. Dishes and windows were rattled and the needles of the seismographs at the University of Nevada and University of California were thrown off the recording drums.

Records of the Sacramento earthquake were reported yesterday morning by Professor J. J. Lynch of Fordham University and Dr. C. A. Bonde in charge of the seismograph at the Museum of Natural History. Both gave the shock as one of considerable intensity. They estimated the distance as close to 2,200 miles southwest. According to Professor Lynch the first shock began at 4:52 A. M., a second shock was registered at 4:53, and the main shock at 4:57. Dr. Bonde recorded the time as 4:53, 4:53 and 4:57.

FEWER JEWS AT COLUMBIA.

Drop Attributed to Increase of Students From Western States.

The authorities at Columbia would not comment yesterday on the statement of Harold Bolgelman charging that Jews had been discriminated against at the university, but it was pointed out that the decrease in the number of Jewish students in the last three years was due to a natural change in the geographical distribution of the student body.

The increase of students from territory west of the Mississippi, which contains a smaller percentage of Jews, is believed to be the main cause of their decrease at Columbia. Figures available at the university show a decrease from 60 to less than 30 per cent. of students living in or around New York, with a corresponding increase of students living in other States. The greatest number of student Jews at Columbia is about 70 per cent. less than the number now at either Harvard or New York University, which also were mentioned by Bolgelman.

MANN WOULD DEBATE BLOOM

Congress Candidate Asks Hylan to Arrange Meeting for Him.

George Hirsch Mann, independent candidate for Congress at the special election to be held in the 19th Congressional District, wrote to Mayor Hylan yesterday asking him to arrange a debate between himself and Sol Bloom, the regular Democratic nominee. In his letter Mr. Mann pointed out that he opposed the cause of former workers in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, or their widows, to whom the Government still owes $2,000,000.

"My opponent," Mr. Mann wrote, "will be in advocacy dress, pray the old fables their wages, and support [illegible] spiritual hatred and religious bigotry. Inasmuch as I have no funds, no committee and no organization, I make this appeal in the hope that some Democratic Club will be the scene of the debate."

GILDA GRAY GETS DIVORCE.

Denies Seeing Alimony From Ex-Husband—His Keeps Child.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 22.—Gilda Gray, dancer at Shubert's "Bubbles," got a divorce today from John Cornelius, a Cubsky bowling alley proprietor and ex-bartender, whom she married before we went on the stage and became famous for the "shimmy." Custody of the couple's child, Martha, 9 years old, was awarded to the husband by stipulation. Gilda will be permitted to visit him for one month every year.

The dancer began life as "Julia Mary Michalski of Cudahy. Three years after her marriage in 1917 she started divorce proceedings and left for New York. She did not appear in court today, but her deposition, taken in New York, was introduced.

"He only gave me $5 a week while he made $60," she is quoted as saying. "He wouldn't pay the rent and we were forced to move continually. He neglected me and my child. He abused me and called me vile names." Gilda operated alimony. "I am fully able to support myself," her deposition said. "I make $1,000 a week and upward."

The husband did not contest the case.

GAS KILLS WOMAN.

Wife of Theatre Manager Found Dead in Bed in Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 22.—Mrs. Freda Dinkl, 22 years old, wife of Harry Dinkl, manager of "Billy" Watson's burlesque show, was found dead in her bed from gas in her room at 28 North New Jersey Avenue this morning by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Charles Porter. She had been dependent for some time over family matters. Her husband is now in Baltimore.

Before Mrs. Dinkl retired last night she remarked:

"I hope when I go to sleep I will never waken again."

When Mrs. Porter entered the room her sister-in-law was lying on the bed. She still had one end of a gas hose held in her hand. The other end was connected to a gas jet. She had closed up the cracks in the room with clothing.

Carlsbad Sprudel Salt

Hundreds of thousands of people go to Carlsbad each year to drink from the springs in the town. If you cannot go to Carlsbad you can get, at your drug store, the genuine

CARLSBAD SPRUDEL SALT—Evaporated from the springs at Carlsbad.

The natural remedy for stomach troubles, constipation, liver and kidney disorders, rheumatism, etc.

Take No Substitutes.

CARLSBAD PRODUCTS CO.
Agents, 280 W. 42nd St., New York.

I offer $100,000

For accidental loss of sight, limbs or life on a passenger train, steamship, passenger elevator or burning building.

$50,000 paid if caused by any other accident.

Annual Cost $75

Write or telephone

William S. Blizzard
115 Broadway, N.Y.C. [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENT

RESIDENTS OF THE PLAZA SECTION

WILL BE INTERESTED TO LEARN

THE RAMSDELL DRUG CO.
(Formerly next the Savoy Hotel)

Has been moved to

EAST 64TH ST. AND MADISON AVE.

A. J. BAUER, Inc.
(Successors to RAMSDELL DRUG CO.)
Dependable Druggists

TELEPHONE RHINELANDER 0161

NOTE THIS ON YOUR TELEPHONE LIST

The pioneer bakeshop that grew with New York

One quaint little bakeshop when New York still drove fashionably down the Bowery in the 1860's. Today, because the bread has always been so good, there are twelve large and modern bakeries in New York and all outlying sections.

As New York grew larger and larger, there was an increasing demand for the rich, always well-baked loaves that John Shults first made in his pioneer bakeshop on Mangin Street. Manhattan, the Bronx, Brooklyn, Westchester, Hoboken, Staten Island, Jamaica—each demanded and received its own Shults Bakery.

Today they supply half a million of the most discriminating homes daily. From that one little bakeshop the Shults Bread Company has grown to be the largest baker of bread in the largest city of the country. Twice a day these rich and fragrant loaves come fresh from the big modern Shults bakeries in every section of New York.

Wherever you live, you will find Shults Cream Bread in your own grocery store.

Old New York, for all its love of good living, thought fresh bread a luxury. Once a week; on baking day, fresh bread was served. The rest of the week the family ate stale bread and looked forward to the coming Thursday with its new batch of warm loaves. But when John Shults opened his little pioneer bakeshop on Mangin Street, the finest New York homes were quick to adopt the luxury of fresh Shults Bread every day.

SHULTS
CREAM BREAD

Copyright, 1923, by Shults Bread Company

December 1921
Car and Truck Sales
50,203

Ford

December 1922
Car and Truck Sales
105,799

Everything Points to the Greatest Spring Demand for Ford Products in Company's History

1,202,517 Ford Cars and Trucks were delivered to retail purchasers in the United States alone during 1922—

Actual deliveries for last month greatly exceeded any previous December in the history of the Ford Motor Company—

It was the ninth consecutive month in which more than 100,000 Ford Cars and Trucks were retailed—keeping the Ford Plants working at capacity to meet dealers' requirements—

In many parts of the country dealers are already finding it necessary to specify later delivery dates on certain types because there are no reserve stocks to draw from—

Commercial users, business houses and farmers, anticipating their future requirements, are placing orders and taking delivery of Ford Cars, Trucks and Fordson Tractors to insure against delay—

Everything points to the biggest shortage of Ford Products this Spring that has ever existed—

The only way you can be sure of obtaining delivery of a Ford Car, Truck or Fordson Tractor is to list your order immediately—

We have given you these facts as they actually exist so that if you are planning to purchase a Ford Car, Truck or Tractor for use this Spring or Summer, you can list your order now and take advantage of our dealer's first opportunity to make delivery.

Ford Motor Company
Detroit, Michigan

See Any Authorized Ford or Lincoln Dealer in Metropolitan New York or New Jersey

A Small Deposit and Easy Payments if Desired

KLAN HEARING TURNS TO MISSING WITNESS

Harold Teegestrom's Father Says Son Would Write if He Were Free to Do So.

OTHER SON DID GET LETTER

This Declared He Would Return Jan. 20, but He Has Not Been Seen or Heard From Since.

OWNER OF KEYS SOUGHT

Buoy Found Near Lake Lafourche Is Believed to Be Clue to Deaths or Explosion.

Special to The New York Times.

BAYOU DU LARGE, La., Jan. 22.—Harold Teegestrom, 19 years old, and until last night made the roads impassable and kept them from the touring, C. Wagner, a Mer Rouge man, finally came forward without being called. He explained he had been summoned Saturday.

Wagner testified he was playing cards in the home of J. L. Daniel, father of Watt Daniel, the night of the alleged attempt on the life of Dr. R. H. McKoin. Rhoades Collins, in the grand jury room, said Daniel asserted out. Wagner said he quit the game about 10:30 o'clock. He and a man named Hicks, he said, went out together. About 15 minutes later he said he heard two shots. He testified that the two did not break up when he left and that Daniel and Richards were both in the house when he and Hicks left.

S. J. Bennett, general manager of the Equator Cypress Plant, who employed Harold Teegestrom, testified about Young Teegestrom's disappearance. He said after somebody had called him out from his bed.

Mr. Quinn had Bennett exhibit his keys to the motor house and then compared them with the several keys found on the shore of Lake Lafourche near the spot where the bodies of Daniel and Richards were brought to the surface.

"Do you know any reason why Teegestrom should have disappeared?" Mr. Quinn asked.

"I do not," Bennett replied. "I know it very well. Teegestrom was in my office the last time I saw him, and I enjoyed his friendship."

"Do you know whether Teegestrom is dead or alive?" Mr. Quinn asked.

"I don't," the witness replied.

Senator Warren exhibited the ring of Teegestrom at the Lake Providence and not Bennett, if he had ever seen it them before. Bennett said it was not sure. He expressed the opinion that they had been lost about eight months ago by a negro, Slim Hazen, who had the job least fifteen month. Bennett said he discharged the negro and the latter went that many months before his discharge.

Barry Whetstone Was Warned.

Mrs. Sallie Whetstone, sister-in-law of Barry Whetstone, who lives near Mer Rouge, was asked if any one ever talked to her about the kidnaping.

Yes," she replied. "Willie Summers and I were walking to Mer Rouge and Gus Calhoun overtook us and told us that he had heard they got one of the Whetstones. He said he'd rather it be in Barry's shoes."

What else did he tell you?"

I don't know, except he said to tell Barry he had better not tell it."

The witness said she considered Gus Calhoun a friend and that he was just advising her.

Gus just merely wanted to let Barry know if Barry recognized any members of the mob he had better keep his mouth shut," she said.

The witness told of hearing Barry Whetstone a few days after the kidnaping tell her husband one of their own number was in the locked mob.

Did he mention who?" she was asked.

No," she replied.

Jeff Barnett, sheriff sergeant at a murder charge, is a cousin of the Whetstones.

Mrs. Whetstone testified her husband, Sidney, and Young Smith, Simmons driver, left the truck at the Rhoades-Young place on the morning of August 26, the day Simmons, for a lift to Mer Rouge, but Simmons refused, she said, declaring he was only going a short distance. Simmons was not wounded, she said.

The opening of the afternoon session was delayed by the failure of witnesses to appear. The State's Attorneys held a long conference with Judge Odom, but its nature was not disclosed. A half dozen regular witnesses were called, but none responded.

J. M. Speight, who is said to have both sought for a bloated mule hoof that Sunday near Mer Rouge, was sent by Judge Odom and brought to the witness stand. He said he was a meat handler and a restaurant.

Have you had any threats from a band called 'order committee'?" he was asked.

No."

Any visits?"

On the night of August 24 somebody called at the door—my boy thought they were ladies—but when we got out they had gone. They had something over their heads."

The State's Attorneys had in mind reports of recent visits that Knight had called on the night of August 24 was sown to the prosecution and everybody became interested.

Teegstrom's Father Testifies.

While Knight was testifying some of the State's witnesses began to appear. Victor S. Teegestrom, father of Harold, the missing witness, was called.

How many sons have you?" he was asked.

Harold, Clarence, Harold and Oscar."

Do you know where Harold is?"

Have you heard anything from him?"

No sir, but my son got a letter from him a week ago."

Teegestrom said of seeing a letter from his son on which was written, "Somewhere in the United States." The letter was dated Jan. 12, he said.

Could you determine by the post mark where the letter was mailed?"

No."

The letter satisfied you that your son was still alive?"

Yes sir."

Had he ever discussed with you that Federal agents had talked to him about suspicion in this town?"

No sir."

Did he advise you in any way that he intended leaving?"

He did not."

Have you had any other communication from him?"

No sir."

You have no idea where he is?"

None whatever."

What did the letter to your son say?"

That he was alright and expected to return home and testify. We expected him last Saturday."

You don't think he has any desire to conceal anything?"

If he did, sir."

You want to see this whole matter thoroughly investigated?"

I do, sir."

What did you first learn that your son got a letter from Harold?"

From Clarence."

At this point the old man could control himself no longer and broke into tears.

Why want to help you, Mr. Teegestrom," said Mr. Quinn.

I want to help you, too," he declared, fervently, tears running down his cheeks. He bit his lip in an effort to control himself.

Where was the letter addressed from?"

I don't know."

Was the letter addressed in his own handwriting?"

I am sorry of that. It was his own handwriting."

Don't you think he would write to you if he could?"

I have been under the impression that the government agents interrogated that."

Mr. Quinn assured the witness that he was in error in that impression.

So there is not a thing you know that can throw light on your son's whereabouts?"

No, sir."

Mr. Quinn told the witness that the State had no evidence that would implicate Harold Teegestrom in any crime whatsoever.

I am sorry that he was in no crime," said the father.

You feel reasonably sure if your boy were able to communicate with you, he'd do so?"

Yes sir, I know it."

You can think, at this time, of any one who has given you assurance your son is safe?"

None in particular, but every one, friends and strangers, have assured it."

Where did your son receive the letter?"

At the cotton plant. It was handed to him by Mr. Bennett, the manager."

Saw Hooded Men on Aug. 24.

J. T. Ellis of Mer Rouge was called. He testified he came to Bastrop with L. L. Davidson on Aug. 24.

Did you have a pleasant trip?"

No, sir. We were on our way back when we saw a party of men in the road. They all were black-hooded and many were armed. We passed through them. They did not say one word to us, but some spoke to us."

Did you get out of your car?"

Yes. I got out and looked around to see if I could identify any of them. I was attracted by one who wagged his head. I'd guess he was about 5 feet 10 inches in height. He carried an old shotgun that was wrapped in the middle. I noticed that in particular."

Did you see Daniel?"

I saw old man Daniel and W. C. Andrews. They were tied and blindfolded."

Did you talk to Hugh Andrews, W. C.'s brother, about this?"

Yes, sir."

Did he tell you he recognized any of them?"

Yes sir, he did."

Who did they say?"

I did not hear that say."

Did he tell you he recognized any one?"

Yes sir, he did."

Who did they say?"

I did not hear that say."

I did hear that he was still the ranks crowded if it had been my brother being marched away by those men."

Did Andrews tell you whom he recognized?"

No, sir."

Did you recognize any of them?"

No, sir."

If that gun was shown to you again would you recognize it?"

I think I would."

Could you ever seen one like it before?"

Sure, I've seen one I thought looked like it."

Did you recognize any one that night?"

No, sir, I did not."

Boy Tells of Wednesday Raid.

The hearing was halted again for lack of witnesses. The Court asked if there was any one present who had been subpoenaed in the case. There was no answer. Judge Odom then asked for Sidney Bennett, 13 years old, stopped by the school bus last Wednesday night.

Tell your son to go to Mer Rouge last Wednesday," he was asked by Mr. Quinn.

Yes, sir. I went by myself in the wagon to get some feed."

Where did you go?"

To Cooper Lake road."

What time did you start for your home?"

About 7 o'clock. I was waiting for Mr. Knight."

Had they come?"

No, sir. I did not have anything in the wagon."

You were alone when you were held up?"

Yes, sir."

Well, tell us about it."

About two miles from Mer Rouge, on my way home, the horses jumped and I fell out of the wagon. There a man in a black hood told me to stop and asked if I belonged to Mr. Knight's."

I said, 'No,' and he told me to go on."

How many were there?"

About eight."

Did they all have hoods on?"

Yes, sir."

Did you meet on again?"

Well, the horses had run away. I caught them, and then I went home."

Did you recognize any voices?"

No, sir, but the man who did the talking was a big man, with a heavy voice."

How close to the men were you?"

About ten feet, where I fell out. The night was pitch dark, and I could not see at all my hand."

KLAN IS DENOUNCED BY 'THE CLANSMAN'

Thomas Dixon Blames It for Riots and Bloodshed and Demands It Be Throttled.

STOLE ITS LIVERY, HE SAYS

Colonel Felder and Others Attack "Invisible" Empire at Meeting in Century Theatre.

Denouncing the Ku Klux Klan for having stolen the livery of the original order, Thomas Dixon, author of "The Clansman," last night attacked the modern Klan as a dangerous movement. It a speech at a meeting under the direction of the American Unity League at the Century Theatre.

Dr. Dixon condemned the present Klan for its persecution of negroes, Catholics, Jews and foreigners, and declared that the original Klan was founded as a weapon against a corrupt and intolerable tyranny by the bravest and noblest men of the South, among whom he mentioned Major Gen. N. B. Forrest of Kentucky, Walter Gen. John G. Gordon of Georgia, the late Chief Justice Edward Douglas White of Louisiana and his own father and uncle. He said that his novel, "The Clansman," which was frequently cited for the screen as "The Birth of a Nation," had led to a belief that he was connected with the modern Klan.

Where organized a few years ago, this modern Klan came to my native State to join," he said. "I promptly disbanded, and in my letter warned the organizers that if they dared to use the disguise it is secret oath-bound order today, with the powers of law working under a civilized Government, the end was inevitable, anarchy, bloodshed and mob law. We have already reached the point of riot and bloodshed, and unless this thing is throttled promptly we are in sight of martial law.

All Foreigners Except Italians.

The prescription of the negro race under the conditions of modern life is utterly unsalted for, stupid and inhuman. If the white man is superior—as I believe he is—it is our duty as citizens of a democracy to lift up and help the weaker race. The Klan assault upon the foreigner is the acme of stupidity and inhumanity. We are all foreigners except the few Indians we have not killed. Some of us buried yesterday. Some of us a few years ago. All came as refugees from the tyranny and despotism of the Old World.

Our fathers who buried before the Revolution hiked the long through the wilderness for the trembling feet of liberty. They built a heaven on these shores, flashing the rays of hope to all the oppressed of the earth. Shall we, the children of the Pilgrims, be capable of taking at the mother's edge with a mask and dagger and push him back into hell? If this is 100 per cent. Americanism, I for one spit on it."

Dr. Dixon said that the Klan's appeal to "100 per cent. Americanism" was a confession of a malignant form of inferiority. "Why should any man attack the Jew in this country, the home of the free and the refuge of the oppressed of all the earth?

DR. COPELAND OPENS HEALTH EXPOSITION

Commissioner Host to a Hundred Guests at Milk-Bar Breakfast.

CHILD MORTALITY DROPS

Murray Hulbert Commends City for Vigilance Over Supply of Milk.

The second public health exposition opened yesterday in Grand Central Palace. It is under the auspices of the Department of Health and Health Commissioner Dr. Royal S. Copeland formally opened the exhibition with a breakfast at which the Commissioner acted as host to 100 guests at the milk bar in the healthiest section of the exhibition. Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, congratulated the Health Department on its work.

"For nearly four years," he said, "the Health Department of this city has been increasing its vigilance over the supply and distribution of milk until the death rate of children between the ages of one and five years has dropped to 7% per cent. of the total number. These figures certainly arrest attention. They ought to arouse thought and action—co-operation—on the part of the public."

President Hulbert praised Commissioner Copeland who will become a member of the United States Senate in March. His ability, he said, will mark him as an outstanding figure in a field of public endeavor as long utterly neglected.

Among those at the breakfast were: Charles Keller, Secretary of the Board of Health; M. D. Mann, of the National Dairy Council; Miss Sally Lucas Jean; I. Ellis Nathans of the Milk Conference Board; Mr. and Mrs. George W. Alger, R. M. Barrows, Laura Spelman Rockefeller Prescott; Dr. S. Josephine Baker, of the Bureau of Child Hygiene; George B. Bellinger, of the Health Council; Dr. Herman M. Biggs, of the New York State Health Commissioner; Belle Barrett, Director of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor; Dr. Henry D. Chapin, Miss Sara C. Cluett, of the Babies Day Supplies Association; Courtney Dinwiddie of the American Child Health Organization; Dr. Haven Emerson, former Commissioner of Health of New York; Dr. Lee K. Frankel of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. Lorin Horton, Miss Ruth Morgan, Dr. and Mrs. Henry Mitchell, Mortimer L. Schiff, Mrs. Samuel Strauss, Committee on Foods and Markets, Women's City Club; Mrs. Lyman Stone, Mrs. Nathan Straus, Jr., Dr. George Vincent, Rockefeller Foundation; Miss Florence Wardwell, Dr. Thomas D. Wood, Teachers College.

FAREWELL TO COPELAND.

Senator-Elect's Friends to Entertain Him at Dinner Feb. 12.

Friends of Health Commissioner Dr. Royal S. Copeland, United States Senator-elect, are preparing to give him a farewell dinner at the Hotel Astor on the evening of Feb. 12, prior to his leaving for Washington. George Gordon Battle is Chairman and Otto H. Kahn Treasurer of the Dinner Committee. Delbridge Colby will be Toastmaster.

Other members of the Dinner Committee are Elizabeth Marbury, Vice Chairman, Governor Alfred E. Smith, Mayor and Mrs. John F. Hylan, Chauncey H. Mackay, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Charles Dana Gibson, Adolph Lewisohn, Charles M. Schwab, Nathan Straus and Dr. Frank J. Monaghan.

DOUBLE DIVORCE SUIT HEARD

Bronx Court Reserves Decision in Earl and Kelly Cases.

Supreme Court Justice Richard H. Mitchell in Bronx County yesterday reserved decision in a double suit for divorce brought by Charles Earl, baggage master of the New York Central Railroad at Grand Central Station, and of Chris Kelly of 200 East 169th Street, the Bronx, against Michael Francis Kelly, an employe of the New York Stock Exchange.

The double suit was the result of a raid by Earl on the apartment of his wife at 1,395 Clay Avenue, the Bronx, last Oct. 17. He alleges he found Kelly there, and names Kelly as co-respondent. Mrs. Kelly names Mrs. Earl as co-respondent in her suit.

Mrs. Earl denied there had been any wrongdoing. She testified she had invited Kelly to her house to set a mousetrap and that Kelly was ready to go when he heard a knocking at the door. Knowing her husband was armed, she said she refused to let a fly go to the door. She was not in improper attire, she said.

STATE AID IN POLAND.

Mothers' and Children's Rights Are Guarded by New Department.

The Polish Government has given official recognition to the fact that mothers and children are entitled to State aid, and a Department of State Care for Mothers and Children has been established under the direction of the Ministry of Public Health. The department has supervision over all institutions and organizations which aim to provide in any way for children who lack adequate parental protection or for mothers of dependent children.

While the duties of the department are varied, one of importance is placed on education of mothers in the care of children. Toward this end the department organizes conferences of a clinical nature, gives lectures, maintains a central library and distributes literature pertaining to sanitary and social questions. Others of the department's duties are the inspection of charitable institutions and children's hospitals, aiding the Government, in relation to child welfare legislation, and co-operating with women's organizations and other institutions devoted to aid and interest in the care of mothers and children.

One of the department's activities is the establishment of model institutions for the care of mothers and children, where, aside from the maintenance of permanent exhibitions, a personnel versed in the care of children is being trained.

The Polish Government recognized its duty toward children in the Constitution of the republic, which was adopted March 17, 1921. Article 103 of the Constitution provides in part that "Children without sufficient parental care, neglected with regard to education, have the right to State care and assistance within limits to be determined by statutes. The same article also stated that special statutes were to determine the extent of State protection for mothers. It was also provided that children under 15 years of age could not be made workers and that women could not be employed at night work.

During the long period when Poland was under the domination of the Russian, Prussian and Austrian Governments the welfare of the population was left almost entirely to religious and other non-official charitable institutions. It was during the World War that modern ideas concerning the care of children were introduced by the Poles. The Central Protective Council and a special Children's Relief Committee, which was organized in 1918, undertook the task of caring for children and war sufferers generally. Later the American Red Cross, the American Relief Administration, the Rockefeller Foundation and numerous other organizations took an active part in relief work throughout Poland. As regards the relief work has been largely taken over by the Polish Government, the American Relief Administration and other organizations having closed their American missions.

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICE.

One City Spends $8 a Year for Each Child, Says Report.

To show typical conditions in health work done by city schools, the Joint committee on health education of the National Educational Association and the American Medical Association has published a report on various phases of school health service in cities and towns of more than 2,500 population. Of 305 school superintendents answering the questionnaire issued by the committee more than half represented cities of between 10,000 and 25,000 people. Thirteen answered for towns smaller than 10,000 and the rest, 101, for cities larger than 25,000. Forty-six of these cities have populations larger than 100,000.

Two hundred and seventy-one cities report an appropriation for health supervision and physical education, and eleven cities reporting that nothing is spent for this work. The highest amount spent annually for each child is $13, paid by a Western city of a population between 50,000 and 100,000. The median sum paid annually for each child is $1.62 and about one-third of the cities reporting pay more than $2. Cities having a population less than 10,000 and cities between 10,000 and 100,000 pay a median of $1.78 for this service.

The money paid for health supervision and physical education represents approximately 2 per cent of the total expenditure for education in the 205 cities reporting both items. Two cities having populations between 25,000 and 50,000 spend 6 per cent. of their total education budget for health work, and thirty-three cent of them between 10,000 and 25,000 spend less than 1 per cent. More than half of the cities spend between 1 to 2 per cent. of their education money for health purposes. The highest percentage is paid in cities of the Great Lakes region, where 2.36 per cent. of the school money is devoted to health supervision and physical education. The lowest percentage is paid in cities of the South, where only 1.03 per cent. of the school money goes for health education.

For the control of communicable and other acute diseases, 221 cities have medical inspection of schools. In more than half of these cities the number is inadequate to the principal for this work. The principal reports to the school nurse, and the nurse to the school physician. To the nurse general duties are often given in addition to those of a purely professional character. Fifty-six cities give such examinations twice a year.

Hospital and clinic facilities for the correction of defects among school children are generally provided. According to the answers, from more than 200 cities. Nearly half of the cities reporting have tuberculosis clinic facilities or some for the correction of visual defects and several of mouth and adenoids, while more than half are looking to provide arrangements for the correction of dental defects.

School lunches in 102 cities provide money for remedying children's physical defects by dental care, school lunches, removal of adenoids and tonsils, eyeglasses, &c. In 158 cities no money is provided for this purpose. However, most schools render assistance from available agencies, caring for needed health. Boards of health and welfare societies assist in 202 cities. Only eighty-eight cities report that no outside agencies help to pay the expense of health care of school children.

Health teaching is given in all grades in 220 cities, and in many cities in the high school with other subjects. One-third of the cities reporting correlate health teaching with physical training. Daily inspection for health habits is in practice in 219 cities, while eleven cities report that they do not have such inspection. Of the cities which have daily inspection, 139 report that the results of inspection of pupils are recorded on individual cards. All the grades of the elementary schools are inspected in seventy cities. Teachers inspect, and check the health habits of pupils in nearly all the cities reporting. In a few cities the school nurse, the parents, the school nutrition worker, and other people assist in the work.

Pupils are weighed by the school authorities in 271 cities. Nearly half of the cities report that the weighing is done monthly. In sixty-two cities it is done once a year; in thirty-nine, twice a year. The school nurse and the regular teacher generally do the work of weighing the pupils. Underweight pupils are placed in nutrition classes in 187 cities, more than half of the cities reporting on this question.

NEW CONSERVATION PLAN.

Smithsonian Institution Issues Handbook for Use in Schools.

A step in conserving the nation's natural resources has been taken in the preparation of an educational handbook of the resources of Pennsylvania for use in the schools by the Smithsonian Institution, to carry out its purpose of the "increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." The book gives causes of waste and how to stop it, and future problems in connection with the conservation of resources.

Perhaps the most striking illustration given of the value of conservation methods is in the matter of coke ovens. In the bee-hive ovens the coal is partly burned and the smoke passes off through an opening in the top of the oven, leaving as the only residue the coke. In the by-product coke ovens coke of equal quality is produced and the gases evolved from the distillation of the coal are withdrawn and saved. These gases produce coal tar, from which may be derived dyes, perfumes, medicines, preservatives, explosives and many other valuable chemical products; fertilizer and gas for public utility purposes which is only slightly inferior to the ordinary manufactured gas. In 1920 gas was wasted through the use of bee-hive coke ovens to the extent of 230,000,000,000 cubic feet, or four and one-half times the quality annually manufactured and used in Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania's primary resource is coal. In this one State is produced 21 per cent. of the country's bituminous and all of the anthracite coal. In the bituminous coal mines the methods of mining and utilization. In addition to the waste in the bee-hive coke ovens are losses in slack accumulations, which utilize only about 4 per cent. of the energy in coal. In heating homes, where the ordinary coal furnace delivers only 25 per cent. of the heat energy from the coal, the heat energy from the heated air and waters unburned coal is dumped into the ash cans. In 300 tests recently made, the average ash can was found to contain 30 per cent. of coal.

The electric power resources of Pennsylvania are discussed fully in the handbook, and the present and future conditions with regard to the use of electricity are shown in suitable diagrams. While electric power will be more and more used in industry and in the home, nevertheless it will probably never be universally available for cooking and heating. This is contrary to popular belief, for there is a widespread idea that eventually we will be able to do away with fuel and ashes, dirt and trouble and cook and heat our houses by throwing on a switch. To disprove this belief it is shown that to install an electric heating arrangement in a household would cost $6,000 and that the current required to run a heating and cooking appliance in Pennsylvania would amount to 21,000,000,000 kilowatt hours, or nearly eight times the current at present used by all public utilities in the State.

In connection with the chief developments of the State's resources there is described the super power system as proposed by the United States Geological Survey. Briefly, this system contemplates the standardization of all existing and future electrical power plants as transmission lines in the aggregate area between Boston and Washington so as to "smooth" their interconnection with each other and so that they will all feed into a huge system of transmission lines. The great benefits to be derived from this system would appear in the much greater amount of power made available and in a saving of 30,000,000 tons of coal annually.

There are here a few of the problems involved. Among the others are of water conserving and flood prevention, forests, iron, lime, grain, cement and glass and clay.

BOOMS FORD FOR PRESIDENT

Southern Club Renews Its Campaign Without His Permission.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 22.—Though Henry Ford has given no encouragement to the Southern "Ford for President" Club, this institution is planning to start a second national drive to awaken interest in the Presidential boom of the auto magnate, according to a statement given out today by Secretary James E. Cowan.

Neither Ford nor any member of his organization or official family has ever, by word or act, countenanced or authorized the movement, Mr. Cowan said, the club by any way. Mr. Cowan said.

"We obtained a mailing list of Ford dealers from a commercial agency and circularized the dealers regarding the Presidential boom for Ford. Many of them replied that, while they sincerely would support Ford if he ever became an avowed candidate for President, they would not become active in the movement in behalf of Ford before that time.

"So far as we have been able to discover, every line of work in every section of the country is represented in behalf of Mr. Ford. Our movement attracted many promises of support, notably from Kansas and Nebraska, but our correspondence indicates an interest in the movement in every State in the South and in Southern States interested in the development of Muscle Shoals.

If neither major party will nominate Mr. Ford, we plan to place his name on an independent ticket. We are ready to back Mr. Ford's name at the ballot. Once that is done, his election cannot be prevented."

Police Department.

Commissioner Richard E. Enright issued this order yesterday:

Appointments.

To take effect Jan. 17 to Temporary Probationary Patrolmen:

PROBATIONARY PATROLMEN.

Frederick P. Landon, William A. Lynn, Frank Lagan, William M. Kelly, George E. Hauck, Edward B. Murphy, Gregory A. Dee, Patrick A. Murphy, Bernard Shanahan, Daniel Murphy, Patrick J. Burns, George J. Mansfield, James J. Martin, Michael J. McGoffney, John D. Hendricks, Joseph Cahill, Joseph P. Cahill, James J. Cahill, Thomas F. Cahill, Thomas G. McGovern, John T. McGann, James J. Smith, John E. Nelson, Michael A. Gyllenhaal, Henry A. Gleim, Bernard K. Gallagher, Edward A. Dwyer, Clifton T. Perry, Joseph F. Farrell, Michael H. Fischer, Joseph A. Fiore, Robert M. Fyfe, John F. Quinn, Daniel Quinn, Francis J. Quinn, Henry C. Bleiman, Thomas F. Ryan

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22—On the first day of the October Term of the United States Supreme Court, which began today, Chief Justice William Howard Taft, Associate Justices Joseph McKenna, Oliver Wendell Holmes, Willis Van Devanter, James C. McReynolds, Louis D. Brandeis, George Sutherland, Pierce Butler and Edward T. Sanford, Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty, Solicitor General James M. Beck, Assistant Attorney General Guy D. Goff, Clerk of the Court William R. Stansbury, Reporter of Decisions Wallace McCamant and Marshal Frank Hitchcock were present.

Chief Justice Taft announced the following changes in the personnel of the Supreme Court of the United States and the Circuit Courts of Appeals:

Supreme Court—Chief Justice, William Howard Taft, of Connecticut; Associate Justices, Joseph McKenna, of California; Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., of Massachusetts; Willis Van Devanter, of Wyoming; James C. McReynolds, of Tennessee; Louis D. Brandeis, of Massachusetts; George Sutherland, of Utah; Pierce Butler, of Minnesota; Edward T. Sanford, of Tennessee.

First Circuit—Chief Justice, Bert Haskell Hanford, of Indiana; Associate Justices, Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., of Massachusetts; Lewis B. Bourbon, of Louisiana.

Second Circuit—Louis D. Brandeis, Associate Justice.

Third Circuit—Pierce Butler, Associate Justice.

Fourth Circuit—William H. Taft, Chief Justice.

Fifth Circuit—James C. McReynolds, Associate Justice.

Sixth Circuit—James McReynolds, Associate Justice.

Seventh Circuit—George Sutherland, Associate Justice.

Eighth Circuit—Willis Vandevanter, Associate Justice.

Ninth Circuit—Joseph McKenna, Associate Justice.

The Chief Justice announced the following orders of the court:

No. —, Supreme Court of Ohio, et al., petitioners and appellants, vs. U. S. A., and No. —, Interstate Trading Corp. et al., petitioners, vs. U. S. A. Motion to advance granted and cause assigned for argument April 16, after the cases presently assigned for that day.

No. —, Thomas Shaw, appt., vs. E. F. Smith, Warden, etc. Motion to advance granted, and cause assigned for argument April 16, after the cases presently assigned for that day.

No. —, William Aldrich, et al., appts., vs. Citizens' Water Co. of Vicksburg, et al. Motion to dismiss granted, and cause assigned for argument.

No. —, William Aldrich, et al., appts., vs. Vicksburg Water Co. Motion to advance granted, and cause assigned for argument.

No. —, Texas & Pacific Ry. Co., petr., vs. Abilene & Southern Ry. Co. et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 5th Circt., granted.

No. —, Texas & Pacific Ry. Co., petr., vs. Pecos & Northern Texas Ry. Co. et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 5th Circt., granted.

No. —, John Endicott, et al., petrs., vs. the Bd. Assessors City of Detroit et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the Sup. Ct. of Mich., denied.

No. —, William Plaus Sons Co., petr., vs. Gilchrist Co., Pet. for a writ of cert. to the Circ. Ct. of Appls., 2d Circt. 278 U. S. 643. Argued Jan. 8. W. Lane et al. vs. the 5th Circ. Ct. of Appls. 278 U. S. 651. Argued Jan. 8. Gulf Refining Co. of La. et al., appts., vs. the 5th Circ. Ct. of Appls. 278 U. S. 651. Argued Jan. 8. Mississippi Valley Barge Line Co. et al., appts., vs. the 5th Circ. Ct. of Appls. 278 U. S. 651. Argued Jan. 8. Mississippi Valley Barge Line Co. et al., appts., vs. the Gulf Refining Co. of La. et al., appts. 278 U. S. 651. Argued Jan. 8. Motions of appts. to dismiss appeals granted, and appeals dismissed. Petitions for writs of cert. granted. Judgment reversed with costs.

No. —, Delaware & H. Co. et al., petrs., vs. Pennsylvania Coal Co. et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 3d Circt., granted. Judgment reversed with costs.

No. —, Thomas Shaw, petr., vs. Village of Hibbing et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the Sup. Ct. of Minn. Petition dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

No. —, John J. Merchant et al., petrs., vs. the U. S. A. Appeal from the U. S. Ct. of Claims. Motion of appts. to dismiss appeal granted. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 2d Circt., granted.

No. —, Thomas Shaw, petr., vs. Village of Hibbing et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the Sup. Ct. of Minn. Petition dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

No. —, Pope Andrews, pltf., in error, vs. the U. S. Motion to correct submitted.

No. —, James D. McCarthy, U. S. Marshal, etc., vs. James W. Kennedy. Motion to dismiss granted.

No. —, Edward Hines, et al., petrs., vs. John F. Lyons, Attorney General, etc., et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 7th Circt., granted.

No. —, Edward Hines, et al., petrs., vs. Thomas E. Wilson, Jr., Trustee, etc., et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 7th Circt., granted.

No. —, Albert Ard, J. H. Anderson Mfg. Co., appt., vs. U. S. A. Motion to advance granted.

No. —, Central Coal and Coke Co., petr., vs. Jacob Jamison, etc., for writ of cert. to the Supreme Ct. of Mich., granted and cause assigned for argument.

No. —, Kansas-Nebraska Natural Gas Co., petr., vs. David J. Fry et al., etc., Pets. for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for 7th Circt., granted.

No. —, Kansas-Nebraska Natural Gas Co., petr., vs. Thomas Shaw, etc., et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 7th Circt., granted.

No. —, John Endicott, et al., petrs., vs. the Bd. Assessors City of Detroit et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the Sup. Ct. of Mich., denied.

No. —, William Plaus Sons Co., petr., vs. Gilchrist Co., Pet. for a writ of cert. to the Circ. Ct. of Appls., 2d Circt. 278 U. S. 643. Argued Jan. 8. W. Lane et al. vs. the 5th Circ. Ct. of Appls. 278 U. S. 651. Argued Jan. 8. Gulf Refining Co. of La. et al., appts., vs. the 5th Circ. Ct. of Appls. 278 U. S. 651. Argued Jan. 8. Mississippi Valley Barge Line Co. et al., appts., vs. the Gulf Refining Co. of La. et al., appts. 278 U. S. 651. Argued Jan. 8. Motions of appts. to dismiss appeals granted, and appeals dismissed. Petitions for writs of cert. granted. Judgment reversed with costs.

No. —, Delaware & H. Co. et al., petrs., vs. Pennsylvania Coal Co. et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 3d Circt., granted. Judgment reversed with costs.

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No. —, James D. McCarthy, U. S. Marshal, etc., vs. James W. Kennedy. Motion to dismiss granted.

No. —, Edward Hines, et al., petrs., vs. John F. Lyons, Att. Gen., et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 7th Circt., granted.

No. —, Edward Hines, et al., petrs., vs. Thomas E. Wilson, Jr., Trustee, etc., et al. Petition for writ of cert. to the U. S. Circ. Ct. of Appls. for the 7th Circt., granted.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Move Uncertainly, Trading Inactive—Decline in European Exchange Rates.

Neither in the American nor the European stock markets was yesterday's movement of prices definite in character. On the New York and London stock Exchanges, business shrank to small proportions. At New York there were many declines, but usually fractional. Apparently the stock markets had balked to watch developments on the European Continent.

Foreign exchange, on the other hand, moved positively. Rates on practically all European markets went lower, but the weakness was particularly marked in French exchange. In New York the francs declined from 6.32 cents to 6.22, a rate touched only once since the early weeks of 1920—on the 9th of last November, when it went momentarily to 6.21. In Paris the pound sterling rose from Saturday's rate of 70.85 francs to 72.75, which is a higher figure than was touched even in the exchange market disturbance of last November, when 72.65 francs was the top notch. To what extent this movement (it has amounted to an advance of more than 4% francs to the pound within a week) should be ascribed to speculative operations and how far to the actual withdrawal of capital from Paris, it is not possible to determine.

Both causes have presumably operated. One incident of the day which attracted some attention, though its precise significance did not appear, was the advance of the Belgian bank rate for the first time since the general readjustment from the credit inflation of 1920 was completed. The raising of the Brussels bank rate may have had in view the purpose, once familiar in such action by a State bank, of checking the movement of the foreign exchanges against that market. Since the war, however, the bank rates have shown little of their old-time power in that direction, a fact most strikingly illustrated by the complete lack of any such consequence while the Reichsbank rate was advanced within six months from 5 per cent. to 7.

The weakness in European exchange rates could not be definitely ascribed to the day's news or to any fresh turn in the Ruhr situation; the actual situation was to all appearances exactly what it was at the close of last week. It is quite possible that the exchange market may have been influenced by the dispatches concerning the revival of "separatist" talk in the German Rhineland. This is a shadowy German propaganda, not very likely to reach political importance, but the mere fact of absence of tangible developments in the Ruhr experiment, along with the difficulty of predicting the end of it, has the natural result of reinforcing capital timid and ready to listen to rumors of any kind.

Prices on the Stock Exchange, especially for the highly speculative shares, gave way irregularly at the start, as fresh reflecting selling orders accumulated over Sunday. From the earlier low prices thus reached there were some sharp recoveries, then a renewal of weakness. But business was not active, transactions as a whole were the smallest of any day thus far in the year, and most stocks closed above the day's lowest figures. The French dollar bonds lost a point or thereabouts, but they too ended fractionally above the low figures.

The general bond market was entirely irregular. There were numerous declines, yet the higher grade of securities advanced quotably in many cases, among them the Liberty bonds. This is possibly the more noteworthy in view of the very large offerings of new issues which have been made since the turn of the year. It is not an uncommon experience for the investment bond market to show distinct weakness at about this time of year, while the process of "digesting" the new January issues is going on.

MONEY.

MONDAY, JAN. 22, 1923.

No change was reported in official Stock Exchange rate for call money, which prevailed at 4 per cent. throughout day. Time money continued quiet, borrowers' and lenders' quotations showing no variation from 4@4½ per cent. range, with occasional trades reported at inside figures for maturities under ninety days. Increasingly paper and eligible acceptances were firm, and at unchanged discounts.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Friday's Close.
	4	4	4	

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days 4½
4, 5 and 6 months ..... 4½@4¾
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days 4½
4, 5 and 6 months ..... 4½@4¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months ..... 4½@4¾
Other names, 4 to 6 months ..... 4¾@5

Bankers' Acceptances.

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase by Federal Reserve Banks, 90 days 3⅞
Same, spot delivery ..... 3⅞@4
30 days ..... 3⅞@4
60 days ..... 3⅞@4
90 days ..... 3⅞@4
4 months ..... 3⅞@4
5 months ..... 3⅞@4
6 months ..... 3⅞@4
Less numbers and private business ..... 4@4½

London Market.

Money in London unchanged at 2% per cent.; short bills unchanged at 2⅛ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 2⅜ per cent.

Gold bullion 1d lower at 85s 3d. Taking the British Mint standard price of 84s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 101 at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for 1922 was 101⅝, on June 1; highest for year in dollar terms, on June 30, 1919; highest prices since upon trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 100⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 100⅛, on Dec. 23, 1922.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $625,416,000; balances, $35,416,000; Federal Reserve credit balances, $34,416,000; exchanges a year ago, $378,416,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London 1d higher at 39½d. New York price for domestic silver was quoted at 69¾c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver 1c up at 50c.

Range for 1923: —Highest.— —Lowest.—
London ..... 39½d Jan. 22 38½d Jan. 19
New York ..... 69¾c Jan. 22 68¾c Jan. 19

Range for 1922: —Highest.— —Lowest.—
London ..... 37½d Nov. 21 37½d Dec. 29
New York ..... 66¾c Nov. 21 66¾c Dec. 29

GOODYEAR DIRECTORS TO DISCUSS DIVIDEND

Will Consider Possibility of Payments on Tire and Rubber Co.'s Prior Preference Stock.

Directors of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company have been summoned to meet in New York this morning to consider the possibility of resumption of dividend payments on the corporation's prior preference 8 per cent. stock, on which dividends were passed when the corporation's reorganization in May, 1921, and on which there have been 16 per cent. due in accrued back dividends. Improvement in the rubber and tire situation, as a whole, has led some of the Directors to the conclusion that the company is able to begin payment of dividends on this stock. There is no indication that it will be done, however, as the Directors are not unanimous in [illegible]

CALUMET MINES PAY $7 ON $25 SHARES

Third Award in Six Months Exceeds Previous Ones $2—Dividends by Mills.

Directors of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company yesterday declared a dividend of $7 a share on the $2,500,000 capital stock of $25 a share par value outstanding, according to advices from Boston. The dividend is payable March 15 to stockholders of record Jan. 24. The three months' ago the company paid a dividend of $5 a share, while six months ago, when dividends were resumed after two years of suspended payments, $3 a share was also declared. During the war this company paid as much as $60 a share in dividends in one year.

A dividend of $1.50 a share was declared yesterday on the capital stock of the Pacific Mills Company. This dividend is payable Feb. 1 to stock of record Jan. 26. This is equivalent to $3 a share paid on the old capital stock prior to the recent 100 per cent. stock dividend.

Directors of the Connecticut Mills yesterday resumed dividend payments on the preferred stock by declaring a disbursement of 3% per cent. payable Feb. 1 to stock of record Jan. 22. This is the first payment made by the company in two years and dividend is at the rate of 6% per annum, as announced in 1921, according to advices received from Boston in the financial district.

May Retire Steel and Tube Stock.

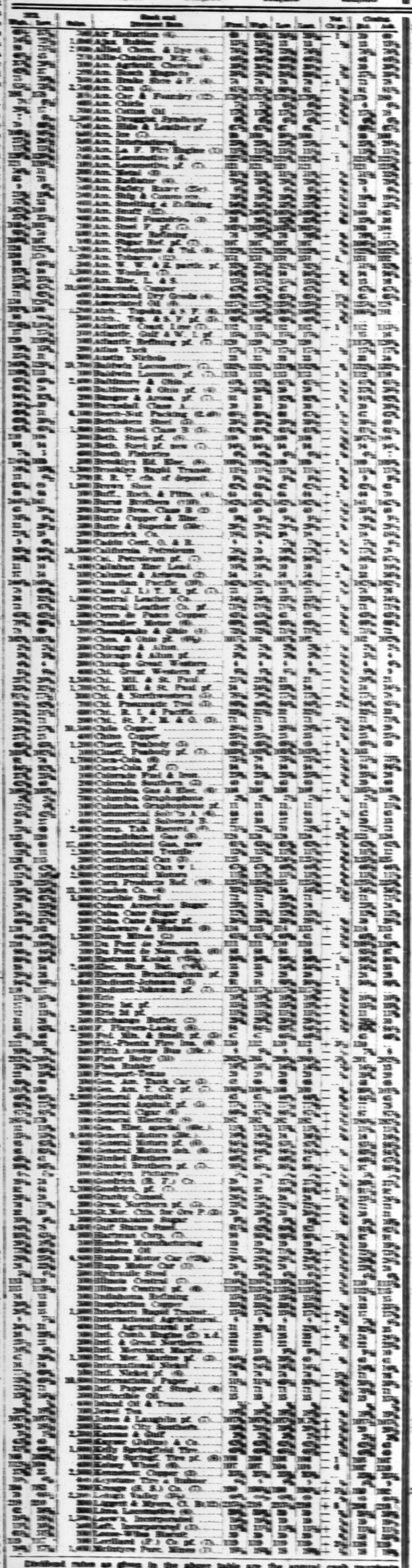
The outstanding 7 per cent. preferred stock of the Steel and Tube Company of America is expected to be retired at 110 and accrued dividends, as a result of the recent acquisition of the property by the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. The retirement of the preferred stock is understood to be part of the agreement reached between the two companies.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

MONDAY, JAN. 22, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Saturday.	Friday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
601,300	342,400	945,500	602,455	492,628

Year to Date.	Same Period 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
14,949,867	11,796,438	13,352,234	16,915,131	9,895,640



Dividend rates as given in the above table are the annual cash payments based on the latest quarterly or half yearly declarations. Unless otherwise noted, extra or special dividends are not included.

"Last quarterly payment in stock. †Partly extra. ‡Including 4 per cent. extra in stock. §Including 2 per cent. extra in stock. ¶Last quarterly payment in scrip. ‖Payable in preferred stock.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Market's Tendency Reactionary.

Although trading on the Stock Exchange was on a much reduced scale and net changes at the close mostly confined to fractions, the trend was generally toward lower prices. This seemed to be due to the same circumstances as influenced the market last week—absence of buying on the part of the general public, pending solution of the European difficulties, rather than to actual selling. In some quarters of Wall Street the belief was again expressed that some solution would be found within the near future. But the professional element, which was believed to be endeavoring to force a decline in the market, continues active. Last week the forged Baldwin letter was the means adopted. This was unsuccessful. Yesterday salt water reports regarding Pan-American Petroleum were circulated about the Street, but that attempt also came to nothing.

The Year's Smallest Day.

There were barely enough transactions in stocks yesterday to keep the tickers turning over. Total sales were only 601,300 shares, the year's smallest day, and, in fact, the smallest five-hour business since Aug. 14 last. Brokerage house employes had little to do from bell to bell. Everywhere in Wall Street the "waiting attitude" which the markets have assumed was emphasized.

The Weakness in Foreign Bonds.

There was neither governmental nor banking support in the foreign bond market yesterday, and the French and Belgian issues fared rather badly. In several cases establishing new low records. The pressure was particularly noticeable in the French city issues, which declined from 1 per cent. to upward of 2½ per cent. through the list. It was considered possible that there was some speculative selling in the market, but in the main bankers characterized the heavy offerings as the frumfire of liquidation. Some of them considered it possible that the foreign crisis had not received the attention it deserved in the foreign bond market thus far; at any rate, there were many more of these bonds offered for sale yesterday than the market absorbed readily. The French 7½s lost half a point, while the 8s declined 1¾, and the Belgian 6s 1½ points. The City of Bordeaux 6s lost 2 points net, the City of Lyons 6s 2¾ points, the City of Marseilles 7½ points, the City of Soissons 1 point, Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean 6s 1½ points and the Department of Seine 7s 2½ points. Most of the time during the day the market was unsettled, nervous and irregular, but it was one of the remarkable developments that this condition of lack of confidence did not spread to the bond market as a whole, and that little more than irregularity was evidenced throughout the list.

Who Has Been Buying Marks?

The speed with which the mark has of late been assuming infinitesimal valuations has prompted many financial observers to inquire as to who has been purchasing the German currency recently, and why. Yesterday, for example, one broker explained that he had just purchased 2,000,000 marks for a customer—at $50 a million—and when pressed for a possible reason for such a development summed it all up with a Chinese proverb, "There is no medicine for a fool." In other banking quarters it was asserted that people were purchasing marks here merely to indulge a penchant for collecting curios.

Why India Wants Gold.

It is not regarded by Wall Street as surprising that Indian merchants should be seeking gold where they can find it. The trade balance is easily in favor of India at the moment. She has been making heavy shipments of cotton to Japan and has been shipping us shellac, jute and burlap in large quantities, without due compensation in our goods as an offset. The reflection of this is to be found in the new high rates established from day to day for the rupee. Yesterday, for instance, the cable rate for rupees went to the new high point of 37.38, about 1½ cents higher than the peak price of 1922. It has long been an axiom in the bullion market that gold sent to India is "lost gold." In the main it never comes back. From the bazaars it goes into the trades and is mostly beaten up into jewelry.

Rumors Covering Pan American.

In an effort to bring about a reaction in the two classes of common stock of Pan-American Petroleum, statements were published in Wall Street yesterday declaring that the company's production in Mexico had dropped from 117,000 to 78,000 barrels daily since the beginning of the year. The statement also said that every well in the Tierra Blanca and Capapote fields had been pinched in because of salt water invasion. This report caused a temporary decline in the stock, but before the close it moved up sharply, following denials of the report by officers of the company. The Chairman of the company yesterday produced production figures which showed that with the three days, Jan. 19 to 21 inclusive, the company produced an average of 128,000 barrels daily. This compares with pipe line and refinery capacity of 135,000 barrels daily.

Lehigh Valley's New Plan.

The new plan of the Lehigh Valley Railroad for the segregation of the road's coal properties will provide that holders of railroad stock will acquire an equal amount of coal company stock, according to semi-official reports yesterday. A decision on the plan from the Attorney General's office is expected any day.

The Gold Exports.

The shipment abroad of some $5,000,000 in gold coin and bars during the last week has excited more political than economic interest, and in some cases attempts have been made to construe it, for political effect, as a betterment of the international situation. As a matter of fact, shipments have been made only to two countries—one of them India, the other Switzerland—and the list of countries to which our gold may flow at the moment is fixed. It includes, in addition to India and Switzerland, only Sweden and possibly one or two more countries. It is generally taken for granted that as long as the balance of trade is against Great Britain and while her exchange, as measured in dollars, is below par, gold will not flow to London from this country in anything like a defined movement. Nor is it believed to be likely to flow in any great quantity to any country whose exchange, as expressed in dollars, does not command a premium here. One exchange banker expressed the opinion yesterday that the present outflow will not exceed $10,000,000 all told, a bagatelle when our present gold stock of $3,077,402,000 is considered. Bankers hold the opinion that it would take an outflow of between $100,000,000 and $200,000,000 in gold to cause any effect on the Federal Reserve ratios, especially when it is easy to collect again the gold certificates lately put into general circulation from the reserve of the Federal Banks.

Income Tax at a Glance
8th Edition

We have prepared a table which shows the amount of taxes you will be required to pay on your 1922 income. As many changes have been made in the law, we suggest you acquaint yourself with them.

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Detroit	4.25
Breckenridge, Tex.	6.00
Hardin Co., Tex.	6.00
Wildwood, N. J.	4.50
Paterson, N. J.	4.25
Endicott, N. Y.	4.10
Lynbrook, N. Y.	4.10
New York City	4.13
Lake Placid, N. Y.	4.25
Chicago Joint Stock Land Bank	4.50
Federal Farm Loan	4%

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$4,750,000 TRANSIT NOTES ARE OFFERED

Banking Firm Announces Issue of Philadelphia Co. Equipment Certificates.

WURLITZER CO. DEBENTURES

$4,500,000 on Local Market at 99 and Interest—Other Securities to Be Sold.

The Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company has sold to Dillon, Read & Co. an issue of $4,750,000 5½ per cent. equipment trust certificates, Series G, which are offered for subscription today at prices to yield from 5.50 per cent. to 5.10 per cent. The par value of the certificates will represent approximately 75 per cent. of the total cost of the new equipment, for which the proceeds will be used. This will include 120 standard double truck closed vestibule street railway passenger cars, 24 double truck snow plows and sweepers, 20 double truck construction and repair cars and two crane semi-derrick cars. Each equipment is to be constructed at a cost of $6,300,000. The trusts are due in semi-annual instalments from Feb. 1, 1924, to Aug. 1, 1933.

George H. Burr & Co. and Halsey, Stuart & Co. are offering $4,500,000 of Rudolph Wurlitzer Company 6 per cent. sinking fund gold debentures, due Jan. 15, 1938, at 99 and interest, yielding about 6.10 per cent. The bankers make the following comment about the company's affairs:

The business has been conducted successfully since 1856 and it is one of the few large companies which showed a profit throughout the period of deflation following the war. During the past twenty-five years, the company has established a good profit in each year and for the five years and seven months ended Nov. 30, 1922, net profits available to interest, charges after all deductions averaged $1,167,364 per annum. The maximum interest charges on the present offering of debentures amount to $270,000.

An issue of $1,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the Judson Mills, manufacturers of fine combed cotton and cotton and silk mixed goods, will be offered soon in the New York market by Spencer Trask & Co. and Ogden & Sloane of New York and Thomas Branch & Co. of Richmond. The company's plant is at Greenville, S. C. The new stock is redeemable in whole or in part at 120 and accrued dividend, and has the benefit of a sinking fund of $40,000 each year, which becomes operative on March 1, 1925.

William R. Compton Company and Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co. are offering a new issue of $200,000 City of Portsmouth, Va., 4½ per cent. gold bonds, due Feb. 1, 1952, at prices to yield 4.35 per cent. C. W. McNear & Co. are offering $550,000 Fairfax County, Va., 5 per cent. road bonds, of which $235,000 are due in 1942, to yield 4.50 per cent., and $315,000 due in 1942, optional 1932, at prices to yield 4.40 per cent.

The Hamilton Bond Company is offering $250,000 County of Pasco, Florida, road 5½ per cent. bonds, due July 1, 1951, to 1954, inclusive, at prices to yield 5 per cent. Hornblower & Weeks announce that the $2,500,000 Brown Company 6 per cent. serial gold debentures bonds, Series C, offered by them, have been sold. Bonds on the offering of 5,000 shares of Oswego Sterilizing common stock, made by Hopkins & Co., have been closed, the issue having been oversubscribed.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas & Electric	73¾	74¾
American Gas & Electric pf.	97½	98½
American Light & Traction	115	116
American Light & Traction pf.	94	96
American Power & Light com.	34	35
American Power & Light pf.	76	77
Appalachian Power	20	21
Appalachian Power, new pf.	87	88
Arkansas Light & Power	90	92
Carolina Power & Light	20	21
Cities Service	109	110
Cities Service pf.	79	80
Cities Service pf. B	75	76
Cities Service Bankers Shares	73	74
Colorado Power	20	21
Columbia Electric & Power com.	10	12
Columbia Electric & Pow. 1st pf.	77	79
Columbia Electric & Pow. 2d pf.	70	72
Commonwealth Power	40	41
Commonwealth P., Ry. & L. pf.	90	91
Consumers Power pf.	90	91
Continental Power pf.	90	91
Cumberland Pow. Corp. pf.	90	91
Eastern Texas El.	90	91
Eastern Texas El. pf.	90	91
Electric Bond & Share	90	91
Empire Gas & Fuel pf.	90	91
Federal Light & Traction	90	91
Federal Light & Traction pf.	90	91
Georgia Railway & Power	90	91
Galveston-Houston Electric pf.	90	91
Lehigh Power Sec.	90	91
Mississippi River Power	90	91
Mississippi River Power pf.	90	91
N. Y. Power & Lt. Pr. L. & R. com.	90	91
Do pf.	90	91
National Power & Light	90	91
National Power & Light pf.	90	91
Northern States Power	90	91
Northern States Power pf.	90	91
Northern Texas Electric	90	91
Northern Texas Electric pf.	90	91
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf.	90	91
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	90	91
Pennsylvania Edison	90	91
Power Securities Corp.	90	91
Power & Light 6% pf.	90	91
Republic Railway & Light	90	91
Republic Railway & Light pf.	90	91
South. California Edison	90	91
South. California Edison pf.	90	91
Standard Gas & Electric	90	91
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	90	91
Tampa Electric	90	91
Texas Electric Power	90	91
Tennessee Electric Power	90	91
Tennessee Electric Power 1st pf.	90	91
Tennessee Electric Power 6% pf.	90	91
United Light & Railways	90	91
Western Power	90	91
Western Power pf.	90	91

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Date Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine Government			
Australian Government			
British Government			
Canadian Government			
Chilean Government			
Cuban Government			
Danish Government			
French Government			
Italian Government			
Japanese Government			
Mexican Government			
Norwegian Government			
Swedish Government			
Swiss Government			
Uruguayan Government			

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JAN. 22, 1923.

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
Day's sales:					
U. S. Government bonds	$2,329,950	$6,148,200	$6,085,500	$9,432,500	$6,370,500
Other domestic bonds	5,342,000	6,070,500	4,384,500	1,610,000	1,609,000
Foreign bonds	2,078,500	1,396,500	1,023,000	978,500	1,356,000
Total all bonds	$10,370,450	$13,615,200	$11,493,000	$12,021,000	$9,335,500
Year to date:					
U. S. Government bonds	$57,314,600	$166,888,000	$140,705,200	$227,500,100	$141,502,500
Other domestic bonds	107,822,500	113,738,600	72,715,500	46,143,000	35,458,500
Foreign bonds	36,573,000	25,927,500	14,585,500	21,007,000	14,133,500
Total all bonds	$201,710,100	$314,614,100	$230,316,200	$294,710,100	$191,094,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Jan. 1. High.	Range Since Jan. 1. Low.	Date of Issue. Last.	Date of Issue. Due.	Range. High.	Range. Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
101.22	101.20	Dec. 28, '22	June 5, '23	101.22	101.20	230	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	101.20	101.22	101.20	101.20	+.02	101.20	101.22	3.34
100.30	Dec. 28, '22	Mar. 15, '23	Sept. 15, '23	100.30	100.30	...	Liberty 3½s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
101.00	July 22, '22	May 15, '23	Nov. 15, '23	101.00	101.00	...	Liberty 4s, 1932-47	...	...	...	...	...	99.20	99.22	4.07
100.30	July 22, '22	May 15, '23	Nov. 15, '23	100.30	100.30	...	Liberty 4s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100.30	July 22, '22	May 15, '23	Nov. 15, '23	100.30	100.30	...	Liberty 4s, 1933-38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100.30	July 22, '22	May 15, '23	Nov. 15, '23	100.30	100.30	...	Liberty 4s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100.30	July 22, '22	May 15, '23	Nov. 15, '23	100.30	100.30	...	Liberty 4s, 1933-38	...	...	...	...	...	99.22	99.24	4.14
100.30	July 22, '22	May 15, '23	Nov. 15, '23	100.30	100.30	...	Liberty 4s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100.30	July 22, '22	May 15, '23	Nov. 15, '23	100.30	100.30	...	Liberty 4s, 1933-38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Ry.

Refunding and Refunding Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds

Due July 1, 1929

The St. Louis, I. M. & Southern constitutes the best existing part of the Missouri Pacific R. R. System. On the Iron Mountain division, these bonds rank prior to $113,242,500 equipment bonds of the Missouri Pacific. Listed on the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Price to yield over 6%

Complete details on request for Circular 22

Reynolds, Fish & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

15 Broad Street New York

Telephone: Hanover 7300-7309

GAS INDUSTRY

1. One of the finest industries in United States representing an investment of about $6,000,000,000, and showing growth in half the population of the country.

2. Consumption of gas is now double that of ten years ago, and at least three times that of twenty years ago. Due to its versatility for fuel and heating purposes.

3. In 1922 alone over 20% more than those of 1921, a record breaking year.

4. 85% is used for industrial establishments as against less than 20% 40 years ago.

5. In 1921 industries gained 30,000 new customers.

One of the oldest and most successful gas companies is

Lachede Gas Light Co.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

1st Mtge. Coll. & Ref. 5's, 1953

price to yield 5.75%

Detailed information on request.

L. E. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK — FIFTH AVENUE TRUST BUILDING, BUFFALO

HOW DO YOU CALCULATE PROFITS or LOSSES

on your securities under the present Income Tax Laws?

We shall be pleased to send you our new circular which discusses the question of sales or exchanges of securities under the present Income Tax Laws. Examples are cited covering practically every case where profits or losses result.

Ask for Circular

GRAHAM, PARSONS & CO.

PHILADELPHIA — NEW YORK

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SUGAR SECURITIES

Cuban Sugar
Central Agguirre
Cuban Dominican Pfd.
Fajardo Sugar
Federal Sugar Ref.
Great Western 7% Pfd.
National Sugar Refining
New Niquero
Savannah Sugar Common
Savannah Sugar Pfd.
West India Sugar Pfd.

Sugar Market Letter and Quotation Sheet sent on request.

FARR & CO.

Members New York Stock Exchange

120 Broadway, Cor. Pine

Telephone John 1420

Investment Bonds

Government
Municipal
Public Utility
Railroad
Industrial

Eastman, Dillon & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

71 Broadway New York

Philadelphia Boston Chicago

EXPORT OF GOLD PUZZLES BANKERS

Government Imposes Secrecy About Shipments, Which Have Reached $4,250,000 Mark.

BULK OF METAL TO INDIA

Some Experts Outside Movement to Seaboard, but Others See Trade Balance Adjustments.

Exports of gold thus far total approximately $4,250,000 since the start of the shipping movement one week ago. There is much interest in Wall Street both because of the secrecy which has been imposed concerning the shipments by official instructions from Washington and because of the fact that it became known yesterday that further shipments have been earmarked for export and possibly will get away during the current week. The amounts which have thus far participated in these shipments have been the International Acceptance Bank, the Equitable Eastern Banking Corporation, the Irving Bank, Bankers Trust and the National City Bank. In each case officials of the banks have nothing about the shipments beyond the fact that they have been instructed by their foreign correspondents to make the specified withdrawal and shipment and to them cases they were acting merely as agents.

India thus far has taken the bulk of the gold, although one shipment of moderate size has been made to France. It is believed here, however, that the ultimate destination of this shipment is Switzerland. There are more than half a dozen countries at the moment to which shipments of gold may profitably be made because of the exchange situation. They are India, Switzerland, Holland and Sweden. In the case of Sweden it is reported in the financial district that the heavy agitation against imports of gold are about to be put up.

The major yesterday advanced to 22.28 cents, as compared with the highest in 1922 of 22.25 cents. This is explained by the fact that the balance of trade is very heavily in favor of India with practically all countries. She has been a shipper of cotton to Japan and a shipper of silver, bullion and bars to this country in recent months. Without knowing any very heavy shipments of goods from us to Japan.

Why They Want Gold.

A peculiar reason is advanced by the bullion dealers here for the present shipments and the inability of the agents for Indian bankers to get a sufficient supply of gold for their needs at the open auction in London. It is that the shortage arises in India by no preaching, that it is one of the customs of the country that gifts of gold and gold jewelry be exchanged at the time of the wedding ceremony and that this may be one of the fact that the country is particularly desirous of the demand for new gold to be worked up into jewelry is pressing.

There is considerable difference of opinion in the financial district as to the extent of the recent movement. It is to be remembered that this country is still importing gold from London and other financial centres of Europe and that the balance of trade, of which the exchanges are a sure barometer, is against the majority of countries to which it might reasonably be expected gold would be exported. Therefore, it is the judgment of international bankers and bullion dealers that the present movement may be considered more or less a normal one and not to be very important, which would run to many millions unless it was to be anticipated until there has been further definite recovery in the principal exchanges of the world. Some of the estimates in the Wall Street district place the extent of the present outflow at approximately $10,000,000. The total gold reserves of the Federal Reserve bank, as reported at the last statement, were $3,417,000,000.

One of the peculiarities of the transactions at present is the secrecy which has been thrown about them. Officials of the Treasury Department interviewed in New York and at the Custom House, where arrangements for each shipment are made. The customs officials say that they are without advices, the shipments in explicit instructions from Washington. They decline to give out the destination of most of the shipments.

Business Not Stagnant.

During the latter part of December it was officially stated at the White House that gold exports soon would be under way. Spokesmen for the Administration declined to go into details other than to state that as the world is recovering from the war it is natural that part of our gold holdings should flow out of the country. This, of course, is the opinion held by most of the international bankers—that the gold held in our reserves is only here temporarily until such time as the nations of Europe are able to buy it back through advantageous trade balances—but they had not anticipated that the movement would get under way so soon and some of them are still skeptical of the present movement. They do not anticipate any well defined and continued outflow of gold until sterling again reaches par.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted as a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity	Rate	Bid	Asked
Atl. Coast Line				
Baltimore & Ohio				
Do				
Chesapeake Corp.				
Chic. & Alton				
Chic. R. I. & P.				
Canadian Pacific				
C. R. R. of N. J.				
Chic. & Ohio				
Chic. Ind. & L.				
Do				
Chic. & Northwest				
Do				
Chic. R. I. & Pac.				
Do				
C. C. C. & St. L.				
Del. & Hudson				
Del. Lack. & W.				
Erie				
Do				
Great Northern				
Illinois Central				
Do				
Kansas City Sou.				
Lake Shore				
Louisville & Nash.				
Do				
Missouri Pacific				
Do				
Mobile & Ohio				
Do				
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.				
Do				
Nashville Chatt.				
New York Central				
Do				
N. Y. C. & H. R.				
N. Y. Chic. & St. L.				
N. Y. N. H. & H.				
Do				
Norfolk & West.				
Northern Pacific				
Do				
Pere Marquette				
Pittsburgh & L. E.				
Reading Co.				
Do				
Southern Pacific				
Do				
Southern Ry.				
Do				
Union Pacific				
Wabash				
West. Md.				
West. N. Y. & P.				

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

Name	Maturity	Rate	Bid	Asked
Dec.				
Jan.				
Feb.				
Mar.				
Apr.				
May				
June				
July				
Aug.				
Sept.				
Oct.				
Nov.				
Dec.				
Jan.				
Feb.				
Mar.				
Apr.				
May				
June				
July				
Aug.				
Sept.				
Oct.				
Nov.				
Dec.				

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Francs at New Low for the Year, With Pressure on Belgian Exchange.

The outstanding feature in the foreign-exchange market yesterday was the weakness of francs, which declined to a new low for the year at 4.33 cents, as compared with the final quotation on last Saturday of 4.43 cents, and the year's previous low before the current downswing started of 4.40 cents. The francs still has a considerable distance to go before reaching the low point touched last year, which was 4.17 cents on Nov. 8. During the year it touched a high of 5.28 cents. There was similar weakness in the Belgian francs, which dropped to 3.67 cents as compared with 3.81 cents on Saturday and 4.22 cents one week ago. Dealers and international bankers regard the present movement as a speculative one and the pressure exerted against the francs to be almost entirely from speculative sources. The market was not a particularly volatile one, but such banking support as was given to sterling during the early part of the week was entirely absent yesterday, and new low records were established from time to time during the day by the many offering from all quarters by the dealers. It was evident that the market was in a very nervous condition and that many particulars attributed to the foreign news. Sterling continued steady.

One of the features was the new high record for the year touched by the rupee at 32.38 cents as compared with the previous high of 32.25 cents, 32.38 cents a week ago and 32.75 cents a year ago. A reduction of the strength in this exchange is to be found in exports of gold from this country to India.

Foreign Exchange.

In the subjoined table the quotation for sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations presented by the decimal equivalent of a price measured in fractions of a cent.

MONDAY, JAN. 22, 1923.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Prev. Final.
LONDON	Buying	Buying	Buying	Buying
PARIS	4.45	4.33	4.33	4.43
ROME	4.24½	4.20½	4.22	4.23½
AMSTERDAM	38.50	38.30	38.30	38.30
BRUSSELS	3.81	3.67	3.67	3.81
MADRID	15.47	15.40	15.42	15.45
STOCKHOLM	26.80	26.65	26.70	26.80

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint; compare with same with a other standard, where parity differs with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Par.	Buying	Selling	Asked
STERLING—Per	$4.866	$4.66	$4.66	$4.66
Demand		4.66	4.66	4.66
Cables		4.66	4.66	4.66
Com. 60 days		4.65	4.65	4.65
FRANCE—Per	19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand		4.33	4.33	4.33
Cables		4.33	4.33	4.33
BELGIUM—Per	19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand		3.67	3.67	3.67
Cables		3.67	3.67	3.67
GERMANY—Per	23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand		.0001	.0001	.0001
Cables		.0001	.0001	.0001
AUSTRIA—Per	20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand		.0001	.0001	.0001
Cables		.0001	.0001	.0001
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Per	2.96 cents per crown.			
Demand		1.18	1.18	1.18
Cables		1.18	1.18	1.18
DENMARK—Per	26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand		18.80	18.70	18.80
Cables		18.80	18.70	18.80
FINLAND—Per	19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand		1.18	1.18	1.18
Cables		1.18	1.18	1.18
GREECE—Per	19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand		1.18	1.18	1.18
Cables		1.18	1.18	1.18
HOLLAND—Per	40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand		38.30	38.30	38.30
Cables		38.30	38.30	38.30
HUNGARY—Per	20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand		.0001	.0001	.0001
Cables		.0001	.0001	.0001
ICELAND—Per	26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand		18.80	18.70	18.80
Cables		18.80	18.70	18.80
ITALY—Per	19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand		4.20	4.20	4.20
Cables		4.20	4.20	4.20
NORWAY—Per	26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand		18.80	18.70	18.80
Cables		18.80	18.70	18.80
PORTUGAL—Per	108 cents per escudo.			
Demand		9.30	9.30	9.30
Cables		9.30	9.30	9.30
RUMANIA—Per	19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand		.0001	.0001	.0001
Cables		.0001	.0001	.0001
SERBIA—Regular—Per	19.3 cents per dinar.			
Demand		.0001	.0001	.0001
Cables		.0001	.0001	.0001
SWEDEN—Per	26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand		18.80	18.70	18.80
Cables		18.80	18.70	18.80
SWITZERLAND—Per	19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand		3.86	3.86	3.86
Cables		3.86	3.86	3.86

Far East.

CHINA—Gold per tael, dollar for Hongkong, Shanghai, Tientsin and Peking, yen for Hongkong, dollar for Shanghai, Tientsin, Peking, dollar for Shanghai, Tientsin, Peking.				
INDIA—Cents per rupee.				
Demand		32.38	32.38	32.38
Cables		32.38	32.38	32.38
JAPAN—Yen per dollar.				
Demand		49.50	49.50	49.50
Cables		49.50	49.50	49.50

South America.

ARGENTINA—Per	42.5 cents per Argentine gold dollar.			
Demand		36.20	36.20	36.20
Cables		36.20	36.20	36.20
BRAZIL—Per	32.4 cents per milreis.			
Demand		13.50	13.50	13.50
Cables		13.50	13.50	13.50
CHILE—Per	36.5 cents per gold peso.			
Demand		36.50	36.50	36.50
Cables		36.50	36.50	36.50
COLOMBIA—Per	97.3 cents per dollar.			
Demand		97.30	97.30	97.30
Cables		97.30	97.30	97.30
PERU—Per	97.3 cents per sol.			
Demand		45.00	45.00	45.00
Cables		45.00	45.00	45.00
URUGUAY—Per	103.4 cents per peso.			
Demand		82.00	82.00	82.00
Cables		82.00	82.00	82.00
VENEZUELA—Per	19.3 cents per bolivar.			
Demand		19.30	19.30	19.30
Cables		19.30	19.30	19.30

Canada.

MONTREAL—Per	100 cents per Canadian dollar.			
Demand		99.56	99.62	99.9

Boston Curbstone.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian notes were as follows:

500 ruble notes, per ruble		
100 ruble notes, per ruble		

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security	Rate	Due	Bid	Asked
U. S. Treas.				
U. S. Treas.				
U. S. Treas.				

NET EARNINGS, $1,642,800
INT. CHARGES, 485,000

The above earnings for 1922 are reported by a public utility company whose mortgage bonds we are offering, subject to prior sale,

to yield 6.90%

Complete description on request for circular T-50.

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET NEW YORK

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

HUTH & CO.
30 Pine Street, New York
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For an Investment of $5,000

We have prepared a list which will give the investor

1st. A par value of $5,000.

2nd. A diversified list of six different bonds all of which are, in our opinion, prime investments.

3rd. An average interest return of approximately 7%.

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Attractive
Canadian Municipal Investments

PROVINCE OF
British Columbia
6s, 1926
To Yield 5.40%

City of Ottawa
ONTARIO
4½s, 1924
To Yield 5.25%

City of Toronto
Issued by
Harbor Commissioners
Guaranteed 4½s, 1953
To Yield 5.20%

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Telephone Rector 3827

5½% Plus Guaranteed Safety

Home Title guaranteed first mortgages are desirable investments for Savings Banks, Trustees, Executors and conservative investors.

They Yield 5½%
Always Worth 100%
Available in Amounts from $500 to $200,000

These mortgages are unconditionally guaranteed as to principal and interest by our total resources.

Our booklet T-136 explains all about them.

HOME TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
Capital and Surplus Over $2,000,000
51 Willoughby St. (Tower) Brooklyn
Back of Manhattan Building, Jamaica

DENIES MEXICO OIL PRODUCTION IS CUT

Delvey Shows Reports Giving Average Daily Output as 129,800 Barrels.

BUILDING 14 NEW TANKS

Head of Pan-American Says No New Preferred Stock Was Created or Authorized.

Edward L. Delvey, Chairman of the board of the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company, characterized as untrue the reports appearing on one of the tickers in Wall Street yesterday that the company's production in Mexico had dropped from 137,000 barrels to 74,000 barrels daily, and that all of the wells in the Tierra Blanca and Cerro Azul fields had been plugged in because of salt water invasion. Publication of this report caused a slight reaction in the stocks of the company, but they soon recovered and ended the day with net gains.

When asked concerning the report, Mr. Delvey produced the production reports which are received at the New York office daily. These showed that on Jan. 21 production amounted to 137,000 barrels, on Jan. 20 135,000 and on Jan. 19 130,330 barrels. This is exclusive of the output in the Ebano fields, which have been averaging about 6,500 barrels for a month or more. Mr. Delvey said. Based upon these figures, the production of Ebano, which is west of Tampico, Cerro Azul, Cerro Viego, Tierra Blanca and Capoacan, according to Mr. Delvey, averages about 129,800 barrels daily, although the capacity of the company's pipe lines and refinery is 225,000 barrels daily. The company, he said, is selling about 30,000 barrels of fuel oil and gasoline daily, and has contracts for the delivery of 60,000,000 barrels of oil during the current year.

In connection with the report that the company is forced to draw upon its stored oil to meet demands, Mr. Delvey said this report probably arose from the fact that the company was drawing upon its stocks at New Orleans to make room for the production which is expected from the Stephenson field. To offset this, he said, improved pipe lines with a capacity of 60,000 barrels each are being placed at Carteret, N. J., to take care of the Mexican production. It is also planned to put eight new tanks of the same capacity into being erected in New Orleans to take care of the Stephenson output, this being in addition to the tanks owned on the bank there in the heart of the Stephenson field in Arkansas.

Mr. Delvey also issued a statement to correct a report that the stockholders of the Pan-American Petroleum at Saturday's meeting in Wilmington authorized an issue of $25,000,000 preferred stock. This statement follows:

"There there seems to be a misunderstanding in the minds of some as to the recent action of the stockholders' meeting of the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company. It is announced that no new preferred stock was created or authorized. The original charter of the company, dated in 1916, authorized the issuance of $25,000,000 preferred stock, of which $10,300,000 was issued and subsequently retired, leaving of the original authorization $14,700,000 yet unissued. At the present time there is no preferred stock outstanding, nor any thought of issuing any."

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	6.40c.	7.00	7.00	7.40
Quicksilver	75.00		75.00	
Aluminum	22.50	23.50	22.50	23.50
Iron (c. i. f. ports)	21.50		21.50	
Electrolytic copper was quoted at 24½c on the New York Metal Exchange.				

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Friday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	63 12 6	63 7 6
Copper, futures	64 12 6	64 7 6
Tin, spot	192 5 0	191 0 0
Tin, futures	189 15 0	188 10 0
Spelter	28 10 0	28 10 0
Lead, spot	25 17 6	25 17 6
Lead, futures	26 0 0	25 17 6

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Par	Bid.	Asked.	Div. Rate
Anglo-Am. Oil, Ltd.	£1	10½	10¾	
Atlantic Refining	100	1110	1120	60
Do pf.	100	110	112	7
Borne-Scrymser Co.	100	215	225	16
Buckeye Pipe Line	50	70	80	4
Chesebrough Mfg. com.	100	215	225	14
Do pf.	100	116	118	7
Continental Oil Co.	100	105	110	6
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	50	60	65	3
Cumberland Pipe Line	100	95	100	6
Eureka Pipe Line	100	105	110	6
Galena-Sig. Oil, com.	100	105	107	5
Do pf.	100	110	112	7
Do com.	100	60	70	
Illinois Oil & Ref. 25% pd.	£1	20	25	
Illinois Pipe Line Co.	100	160	170	10
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	£1	13½	13¾	1
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	50	80	85	4
Inter. Petroleum, Ltd.	£1	23¾	24	2
Magnolia Petroleum Co.	100	240	250	16
National Transit Co.	12.50	17	18	1
New York Transit Co.	100	150	160	8
Northern Pipe Line Co.	100	80	90	4
Ohio Oil Co.	25	320	330	20
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	50	50	55	2
Prairie Oil & Gas, com.	100	240	250	16
Prairie Pipe Line, com.	100	160	170	10
Solar Refining Co.	100	210	220	12
South Penn Oil Co.	100	160	170	10
South Pipe Line Co.	100	70	80	4
Southern Pipe Lines	100	80	90	4
Standard Oil of Calif., com.	100	350	360	20
Standard Oil of Ind., 25% pd.	100	70	75	4
Standard Oil of Kan., 25% pd.	100	300	310	20
Standard Oil of Ky., 25% pd.	100	300	310	20
Standard Oil of N. J., 25% pd.	100	410	415	28
Standard Oil of N. Y., 25% pd.	100	210	215	14
Do pf.	100	114	116	7
Standard Oil of Ohio, com.	100	410	420	28
Do pf.	100	110	112	7
Sugar & Pitch Co.		70	75	
Union Tank Car, com.	100	110	115	6
Do pf.	100	110	112	7
Vacuum Oil, com. 25% pd.	100	210	220	14
Do pf.	100	110	112	7
Washington Oil Co.	5	3	3½	
MISCELLANEOUS OIL COMPANIES.				
Atlantic Lobos Oil, com.		4	5	
Do pf.		10	12	
British Am. Oil, Ltd.		10	10½	
Dow Oil Corp. 25% pd.		3	4	
Merrill Oil Corp.		1	1½	
Mexican Panuco Corp.		1	1½	
National Oil Co.		1	1½	
Salt Creek Oil Co.		1	1½	
Salt Creek Prod. Assn.		1	1½	
Sapulpa Refining Co.	5	4	5	

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
America	210	215	210	215
Am. Exch.	240	250	240	250
Bank of N. Y. & T. Co.	530	540	530	540
Bankers	145	155	145	155
Bronx Boro	175	185	175	185
Bronx Nat.	125	135	125	135
Bronx Par.	115	125	115	125
Bronx Union	150	160	150	160
Bronx Nat. & T.	145	155	145	155
Chase	355	360	355	360
Chat. & Phen.	230	240	230	240
Chem. Nat.	310	320	310	320
Coal & Iron	240	250	240	250
Colonial	280	290	280	290
Columbia	230	240	230	240
Commerce	240	250	240	250
Corn Exch.	430	440	430	440
Cosmopolitan	150	160	150	160
Continental	130	140	130	140
Com. Exch.	130	140	130	140
Cent. Union	230	240	230	240
City	360	370	360	370

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Goodyear Tire & Rub. Pr. Pf.
Lackawanna Steel
Royal Canadian Oil Syn.
Rolls-Royce Com. & Pfd.
Donner Steel Pfd.
Saxon Motor Common
Safety Car Htg. & Lg.
U. S. Finishing Com. & Pfd.
Vitagraph Co. Pfd.
Yellow Taxi Corp.

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Phone John 4300-4301

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Victor Talk. Mach.
Otis Elevator Pfd.
Johns-Manville
Atlas Port. Cement
Old Dom. S. S.

Stone, Presser & Doty

52 Wilson St., N. Y. Hanover 7220

Rubr. Rein 1st Pfd.
Superheater Co.
McCall Corp. Stocks
Poole Eng. & Machine
Cassaday Oil
Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Hale & Kilburn Stocks
Splitdorff Elec. Pfd. & Com.

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International Railway 5s, 1972
Steel & Tube 6s, 1944
Jacksonville Terminal 6s, 1967
N. O. Public Service 4½s, 1935

Thos. B. Greene, Jr., & Co.

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MAY WHEAT DOWN 11 CENTS FROM HIGH

$1.18 at the Close, the Lowest Since Early December—Other Grains Drop With It.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Liquidation was on to gather the greater part of the day, and at the finish figures May wheat showed 11¾c and May corn 3¾ cents under the range high point. Rumors with Western connection were rather persistent, others of both wheat and corn throughout the day. While there was buying on reading and scale orders on the way down, the demand was not nearly as aggressive as of late and the finish was well toward the bottom figures, with wheat 10@11¾ cents, corn 3@3¾ and oats 1@1¼ lower. May wheat closed under $1.18, the lowest since early in December.

Commission houses bought July and sold May, estimating the spread to 6¾ cents at the last, while Winnipeg May wheat finished nearly 4 cents under Chicago, the smallest difference on the cross. Some dealers were of the impression that general liquidation has set in, some talking of even $1 per bushel for the May before the bottom is reached.

The Northwest feels somewhat the burden of wheat in all positions, including Manitoban and some durums, with 30,000 bushels of hard Winter at the Gulf. There were some bids there Friday that could not be accepted, being equal to 40 cents per bushel at Buffalo. Seaboard exports generally reported United Kingdom bids well out of line, and there were offers to resell from there below a replacement basis.

Continued dry weather in the Southwest with complaints of damage coming from Central Illinois is usually responsible for the spreading operations between the May and the July. No support was paid to the relative strength in Liverpool cash quotations, with light offerings from the interior.

An increase of 2,626,000 bushels in the visible supply led to considerable switching and numerous stop loss orders were executed on the way down. The total visible is 47,626,000 bushels, against 45,000,000 the previous week and 47,000,000 last year. No. 1 hard dropped 4@5 cents compared with May.

Considerable long corn was sold on the bulge and, while May was bought freely around 77 cents on moving orders early, there was an increase in the offerings at the last and the price dropped to 73¾, with the close around 73¾. The movement of both St. Louis and Kansas City, according to the primary receipt statement, had been more than twice that of Chicago. This movement is expected to continue for the duration of the strike in the South and Southwest and it is considered possible grain being hauled to Chicago.

A liberal export business was transacted in corn, helping the predominant buying of futures by the weakness, but for cash corn prices were 3@5¾ cents lower. Sales for export were finally estimated at 400,000 bushels.

The visible supply of corn increased 1,574,000 bushels for the week, and 24,000,000 against 24,616,000 the previous week and 31,000,000 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat today were 1,112,000 bushels, which with 1,000,000 last year 1,788,000. Shipments were 549,000 bushels, week ago 1,000,000, last year 1,428,000.

Corn receipts were 1,750,000 bushels, week ago 1,000,000, last year 1,000,000, and shipments 640,000 bushels, week ago 1,000,000, last year 1,428,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day.
May	1.18¾	1.17	1.17¾	1.18¾
July	1.14¾	1.13	1.13¾	1.15¾
Sept.	1.14¾	1.13	1.13¾	1.15¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day.
May	73¾	73	73¾	76¾
July	77¾	76¾	77¼	80¾
Sept.	78¾	78¼	78¼	81¾

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day.
May	39¾	39¼	39¼	42¾
July	40¾	40¼	40¼	43¾
Sept.	40¾	40¼	40¼	43¾

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day.
Jan.	11.30	11.30	11.30	11.30
May	11.50	11.40	11.40	11.50
July	11.70	11.60	11.60	11.70

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The settlement of market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day.
Jan.		No sales		11.30
Feb.	11.35	11.30	11.30	11.30
March	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40
April	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50
May	11.60	11.60	11.60	11.60
June	11.70	11.70	11.70	11.70
July	11.80	11.80	11.80	11.80
Aug.	11.90	11.90	11.90	11.90
Sept.	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Oct.	12.10	12.10	12.10	12.10
Nov.	12.20	12.20	12.20	12.20
Dec.	12.30	12.30	12.30	12.30

COPPER.

The coffee market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day.
Jan.		No sales		13.50
March	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50
May	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50
July	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50
Sept.	13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day.
Jan.		No sales		3.50
March	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
May	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
July	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
Sept.	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50

Closing bid.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.
Beacon Oil Co.		
Boston & M.		
Cities Service		
Cities Service Pfd.		
Cities Service Bonds		
Cities Service Bonds		
Cities Service Bonds

TO THE HOLDERS OF
Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

By WILLIAM C. POTTER, President.
Dated, January 2, 1923.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Article III. of the Indenture dated October 1st, 1924, of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of New York, Trustee, the undersigned, at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York, will receive until 12 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1923, for the purchase for the account of the Sinking Fund provided by said Indenture, Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, to the extent of the moneys in said Sinking Fund applicable to the purchase of bonds at the time of such purchase, at prices not exceeding 105 and accrued interest. Bonds offered will be received at the office of the undersigned, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, until 12 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1923, when they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as may desire to be present. Bonds will be purchased in the order in which they are offered, at the prices offered therefor, commencing with the lowest price offered, and so much thereof will be purchased as will exhaust the moneys in said Sinking Fund applicable to the purchase of bonds at the time of such purchase. The right is reserved to reject any or all offers in whole or in part.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By WILLIAM C. POTTER, President.
Dated, January 2, 1923.

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GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By WILLIAM C. POTTER, President.
Dated, January 2, 1923.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY
First Refunding Mortgage Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Article Eight of the Indenture, dated August 1, 1899, from the Central Pacific Railway Company of New York, Trustee, the undersigned, at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, will receive until 12 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1923, for the purchase for the account of the Sinking Fund created by said Indenture, bonds of the Company issued thereunder, to the extent of the moneys held in said Sinking Fund applicable to the purchase of bonds at the time of such purchase, at prices not exceeding 105 and accrued interest. Bonds offered will be received at the office of the undersigned, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, until 12 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1923, when they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as may desire to be present. Bonds will be purchased in the order in which they are offered, at the prices offered therefor, commencing with the lowest price offered, and so much thereof will be purchased as will exhaust the moneys in said Sinking Fund applicable to the purchase of bonds at the time of such purchase. The right is reserved to reject any or all offers in whole or in part.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated, January 23, 1923.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
Five Per Cent. 20-Year Gold Bonds of the
NIAGARA & ERIE POWER CO.
Due January 1, 1941.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Article Eight of the Indenture dated August 1, 1906, from the Niagara & Erie Power Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, Trustee, the undersigned, at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, will receive until 12 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1923, for the purchase for the account of the Sinking Fund created by said Indenture, bonds of the Company issued thereunder, to the extent of the moneys held in said Sinking Fund applicable to the purchase of bonds at the time of such purchase, at prices not exceeding one hundred (100) per cent. and accrued interest. Bonds offered will be received at the office of the undersigned, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, until 12 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1923, when they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as may desire to be present. Bonds will be purchased in the order in which they are offered, at the prices offered therefor, commencing with the lowest price offered, and so much thereof will be purchased as will exhaust the moneys in said Sinking Fund applicable to the purchase of bonds at the time of such purchase. The right is reserved to reject any or all offers in whole or in part.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By WILLIAM C. POTTER, President.
Dated, January 2, 1923.

Washington Electric Traction Company
First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Mortgage of the Washington Electric Traction Company, dated May 1, 1906, hereby gives notice that for the sale to it of as many bonds issued thereunder as will exhaust the sum of Five Thousand, two hundred and fifty dollars and interest accrued thereon, tenders will be received thereunto. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the holders to the amount of $5,250.37 in the Sinking Fund. Such bids should be addressed to this Company at its office, 37 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 2nd day of March, 1923, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for the Surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated, January 23, 1923.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
Five Year 6% Per Cent. Gold Notes
Due February 1, 1924.

Coupons from these Notes, payable by their terms on February 1, 1923, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or in Boston, will be paid in New York at the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, or in Boston at The Rockefeller National Bank.

H. BLAIR-SMITH, Treasurer.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
Seven Year 6% Per Cent. Convertible Gold Bonds, Due August 1, 1925.

Coupons from these Bonds, payable by their terms on February 1, 1923, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or in Boston, will be paid in New York at the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, or in Boston at The Rockefeller National Bank.

H. BLAIR-SMITH, Treasurer.

International Salt Company and subsidiary companies report for the earnings for fourth quarter, ended December 31, 1922, after operating all expenses except Federal Taxes, of $707,382.37
Less Taxes charges and sinking fund 98,000.00
Net earnings for quarter $609,382.37

DIVIDENDS.

New York, January 23rd, 1923.
To the Stockholders of the
NATIONAL ENAMELING & STAMPING COMPANY:

Your Directors have seen fit to advise that there has been declared a quarterly dividend of one and one half per cent. (1½%) on the outstanding SERIES "A" SHARES of the Company, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 9th, 1923, payable on February 20th, 1923.

Checks will be mailed on the day preceding said date.

NATIONAL ENAMELING & STAMPING CO.
EDWARD SHEFFIELD,
Secretary.

ANNEX RESTAURANT CAFE & GRILL
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of ANNEX RESTAURANT CAFE & GRILL for the purpose of conducting and operating a restaurant, cafe & grill at No. 1 East 42nd Street in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated, January 15th, 1923.

JULIAN P. THOMAS,
JOHN HENRY WESSEL.

IRON PRODUCTS CORPORATION
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 26.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a regular quarterly dividend of two per cent. on the preferred stock of this Corporation, payable February 15, 1923, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 1, 1923.

The transfer books will not be closed.

E. F. HUTH, Treasurer.
Dated, New York, N. Y., January 23, 1923.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the STUART-BURNLEY SPINDLE-EYER CORPORATION held January 18, 1923, a dividend of One Dollar ($1.00) Cash per share was declared upon the stock of the corporation, payable February 15, 1923, to the holders of said stock of record upon the transfer books of the corporation at the close of business January 31, 1923.

The stock transfer books will not be closed for dividend purposes.

By W. J. STUART, Secretary.

COSDEN AND COMPANY

The Board of Directors of Cosden and Company has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 75c on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1923, to holders of record February 15, 1923. Stock books will not be closed.

H. M. ARCHER, Secretary.

COTTON UNLOADED IN LARGE AMOUNTS

Speculators Sell Out Long Lines as Rains Come to Texas —Trade Interests Buy.

General rains in Texas, where difficulty of cultivation had existed since Aug. 1 last year and had begun to cause anxiety, brought about one of the most remarkable sessions the Cotton Exchange has experienced in years. Larger professional interests decided to unload, led to this either by weather or growing apprehension of developments in Germany or the establishment of both, and one broker alone is estimated to have handled 200,000 bales. For four hours prices yielded under the load, but did not develop a running break despite the name. Then, about 2 o'clock, when the last order had been executed, a sharp rebound of $2 a bale followed. This carried all months above opening figures, though liquidation had been heavier than during any single session this season. Final prices were 27 to 40 points lower than Saturday.

Before the Exchange had been open an hour, the cause of Saturday's undercurrent of apprehension became apparent. Selling orders started on the call, ignoring May at a decline of about half a cent, and continued virtually without interruption for four hours. That powerful speculative interests have been uprooting on an extensive scale here been a subject of general comment for several weeks past, but the volume of selling of a concentrated character was more the least surprising. One order involved another, not for 1,000, but for 10,000 and 20,000 bales in a block. Prices moved in wagon spikes for the time, each new lot bringing lower figures, followed by some recovery the moment the order had been executed. By 2 o'clock it was estimated that between 150,000 and 200,000 bales, representing a reversing volume of business, had been thrown on the market. Fully two-thirds of this came from two of three quarters, with liquidation by commission houses operating for Wall Street and the West. Difficulty in securing brokers to execute these orders kept the last hour's orders were executed by a single broker, frequently for 10,000 and 20,000 bales in a block. New Orleans felt the selling weight placed on the New York Exchange, though prices did not lose proportionately.

That return was absorbed so readily proved even more surprising than the wholesale distribution of contracts. Soon after the opening when May had sold at 28.47, a rally of 39 points or more set in. This permitted the sale of 30,000 bales of May within a 2-point limit of 28.75 to 28.77. After persistent selling for some time, a large block of May turned up here through 28 cents and below 27.90 before the downward movement was halted. Before 3 o'clock both March and July, buying power grew formidable, just as a point where stop-loss orders were concentrated. It was evident that whatever causes may have led outside speculative interests to unload their holdings, the smaller operations regarded this decline of rain in Galveston in January as neither assuring the coming crop nor providing raw material to run spinners through the seven months remaining in this year. Such a view was certainly not taught steadily, very few single orders reaching 1,000 bales, outside interests taking option as to approval for sale. As a result of operations, many commission houses, both bearish or bullish, while others with shorts and domestic trade complained bought freely.

With the completion of the last big selling order, the market came back with a rush. A recovery of a quarter of a cent followed quickly and before the sale was over prices had practically improved about 40 points, bringing May back over 28, cents. Closing orders appeared to be mainly on the buying side, displaying an astonishing absence of pressure considering the quantity of contracts sold throughout the four hours of the day. The query heard on every hand was: "Where did all the cotton go?"

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Close.
Jan.	27.85	27.85	27.50	27.65-27.66	28.00
March	28.05	28.40	27.90	28.05-28.06	28.38
May	28.20	28.40	27.90	28.15-28.16	28.50
July	28.20	28.40	27.90	28.15-28.16	28.50
Oct.	27.30	27.50	27.10	27.30-27.31	27.60
Dec.	27.30	27.55	27.10	27.30	27.60

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 28.25c, 25 points decline. No middling quoted; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 28.25c, 20 points decline; New Orleans unchanged; Savannah 28.25c, 25 points decline; Norfolk 28.25c, 25 points decline; Houston 28.25c, 20 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Interior.	Last Yr.	Liv'p'l.
Port receipts	75,729	78,850	20,000
Exports	1,107	12,781	
Exports, season	2,335,227	2,402,229	1,174,000
N. Y. stocks	72,300	31,400	6,000
Port stocks	382,700	1,000,000	1,192,000
Interior stocks	9,225	2,472	1,000

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton had a good demand at 15.39d, 23 points decline, for middling. Sales 12,000 bales, of which American 4,000; imports 12,000, American 2,000. Futures opened quiet 6 to 20 points advance and closed steady, unchanged to 2 points decline. Prices January 15.61d, March 15.61d, May 15.25d, July 14.96d, October 14.39d. Manchester: Yarns were firm, cloth had a good demand.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY.
January 17, 1923.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN:

That a Special Meeting of the stockholders of Columbia Trust Company is hereby called to be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 60 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, January 29, 1923, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of approving a certain agreement in writing, dated January 15, 1923, between the Columbia Trust Company, New York, and Columbia Trust Company, made to distribute among their respective corporate assets, by authority of their respective boards of directors by a sale of substantially all the assets of each Bank, which said agreement has been approved by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, and will be submitted to the stockholders at said meeting; and

(2) That a Special Meeting of the stockholders of Columbia Trust Company is hereby called to be held at the principal office of the Company, 60 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Monday, January 29, 1923, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of authorizing the transfer of the capital stock of Columbia Trust Company of the par of One Hundred Dollars ($100) each, to Seventeen Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($17,500,000), consisting of One Hundred Seventy-five Thousand (175,000) shares of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100) each.

By order of the Board of Directors,
WILLARD V. KING, President.
ARTHUR W. HUTCHINS, Secretary.

Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the
NIAGARA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Niagara Life Insurance Company will be held on the 6th day of February, 1923, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of the Company, corner of West, Huron and Pearl Streets, in the City of Buffalo, N. Y., for the purpose of electing directors, seven directors to be elected for a term of 1 years, seven for 2 years and seven for 3 years, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated at Buffalo, N. Y., January 19th, 1923.

H. M. TILTON, Jr.,
Secretary.

WEST SIXTY-SEVENTH STREET, INC.
NEW YORK.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of 11 West 67th St., Inc., will be held at the office of the Corporation, 1 West 67th St., New York City, on Monday, Feb. 5, 1923, at 2:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

JAMES H. BREAR, President.

FISHER BODY CO. FINANCING.

Banking Circles Believe New Stock Offering Will Be Made.

Reports to the effect that the Fisher Body Corporation was about to do some new financing could not be confirmed officially yesterday, but the general belief in banking circles was that a new offering of stock would be made soon, stockholders to have the right to subscribe to this new stock, which will be in the form of common shares. Wall Street's interest in this financing centers action with regard to W. C. Durant, who owns a block of the common stock of the Fisher Body Corporation and who has sold certificates representing one-fifth of a share to small investors throughout the country.

The last offering of units was of $60 each, or equivalent to $300 a share for Fisher Body. It is generally believed that if "rights" are involved with the new financing, Mr. Durant will transfer these rights to the holders of the participating units.

NEW REYNOLDS SPRING ISSUE

Directors Plan to Sell 73,500 More Shares of Common Stock.

Directors of the Reynolds Spring Co. have notified stockholders that they will be asked at the annual meeting on Feb. 16 to authorize the sale of 73,500 shares of additional common stock at $12 a share, the proceeds to be used to provide funds for building operations, purchase of new equipment and additional working capital. The first offering of stock, it is said, will be made to shareholders of record March 1, in proportion of one new share for each share now held. The right to subscribe to the new stock will expire March 16.

Announcement of the intention to sell new stock caused a decline of more than 2 points in the company shares traded in on the New York Stock Exchange.

CAPITAL STOCK REDUCED.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Shareholders Approve Directors' Action.

Stockholders of the Hart, Schaffner & Marx Company yesterday approved the action of the directors in reducing the amount of outstanding preferred stock from $2,369,700 to $1,324,400.

The stockholders also re-elected for the year all of the retiring directors, including Harry Hart, Max Hart, Joseph Haile Schaffner, A. G. Becker, Martin Brumfield, A. M. Levy and M. W. Clement. The Directors then re-elected the corporation officers for the ensuing year. A dividend of 2½ per cent. on the common stock, payable Feb. 28 to stock of record Feb. 10, was declared.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Bankers Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for the capital stock of the Commercial Solvents Corporation.

In their Securities and Commodities Review Lee, Higginson & Co. present an analysis of the affairs of United Investors.

The American Exchange National Bank has been appointed registrar for the class "A" common stocks of the Springfield Body Corporation.

Kountze, Henderson & Lamb have prepared a special analysis of the position of the Eagle Rock Company, Inc.

The United States Mortgage and Trust Company has been appointed registrar of the capital stock of the Commercial Oil Corporation.

F. H. Jacoby & Co. have for distribution a circular on Southern Cities Utilities Company 7 per cent. preferred stock.

John F. Merriman, formerly with Griffin & Austin, is now associated with Bainbridge & Son.

Bainbridge & Co. announce that Leon H. Frost has become associated with the Boston office.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 1,128 packages. Prices unchanged on the top grades; slightly lower on the medium grades; creamery, higher than extra, 46@47c; creamery, extra, 92 score, 46@46½c; creamery, first, 90 to 91 score, 43@45½c; creamery, seconds, 88 to 89 score, 41@42½c; creamery, thirds, 86 to 87 score, 39@40½c; process, higher than extra, 44c; process, firsts, 41@43c; process, seconds, 39@40c; dairy, higher than extra, 44c; dairy, firsts, 41@43c; dairy, seconds, 39@40c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 3, 30@31c; packing stock, storage, 30@31c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 11,777 cases. Easy market generally steady. Fresh gathered extras, 38@39c; fresh gathered firsts, 36@37c; fresh gathered seconds, 34@35c; fresh gathered thirds, 32@33c; fresh gathered fourths, 30@31c; fresh gathered dirties, 30@31c; fresh gathered checks, 28@29c; storage packed extras, 34@35c; storage packed firsts, 32@33c; storage packed seconds, 30@31c; storage packed thirds, 28@29c; storage packed dirties, 28@29c; storage packed checks, 26@27c; refrigerator extras, 32@33c; refrigerator firsts, 30@31c; refrigerator seconds, 28@29c; refrigerator thirds, 26@27c; refrigerator fourths, 24@25c; refrigerator dirties, 24@25c; refrigerator checks, 22@23c; western extra firsts, 36@37c; western firsts, 34@35c; western seconds, 32@33c; western thirds, 30@31c; western fourths, 28@29c; western dirties, 28@29c; western checks, 26@27c; nearby whites, extras, 38@39c; nearby whites, firsts, 36@37c; nearby whites, seconds, 34@35c; nearby whites, thirds, 32@33c; nearby whites, fourths, 30@31c; nearby whites, dirties, 30@31c; nearby whites, checks, 28@29c; nearby mixed, extras, 38@39c; nearby mixed, firsts, 36@37c; nearby mixed, seconds, 34@35c; nearby mixed, thirds, 32@33c; nearby mixed, fourths, 30@31c; nearby mixed, dirties, 30@31c; nearby mixed, checks, 28@29c; Pacific Coast mixed, firsts, 36@37c; Pacific Coast mixed, seconds, 34@35c; Pacific Coast mixed, thirds, 32@33c; other Western and Southern, collected whites, checks, 28@29c; other Western and Southern, collected mixed, checks, 28@29c; other nearby January browns, extras, 36@37c; other nearby January browns, firsts, 34@35c; other nearby January browns, seconds, 32@33c; other nearby January browns, thirds, 30@31c; other nearby January browns, fourths, 28@29c; other nearby January browns, dirties, 28@29c; other nearby January browns, checks, 26@27c.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY
NOTICE OF MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

New York, January 22, 1923.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of New York Railway & Light Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 49 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 8, 1923, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors to hold office for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Thursday, Jan. 25, 1923, and will be reopened at the opening of business on Wednesday, Feb. 7, 1923.

FREDERICK P. SMITH, Secretary.

E. A. CONDAX & COMPANY, Inc.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of E. A. Condax & Company, Incorporated, will be held at the office of the corporation, 32 West 39th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on February 6th, 1923, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

January 22nd, 1923.

J. P. KETLER, Secretary.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the HAYDEN & DERBY MFG. CO. will be held at the office of the Company, 139 West 68th Street, New York, on Tuesday, February 6th, 1923, at 2 P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before the meeting.

H. D. CARLTON, Secretary.

NOTICE.

GLOBE RUBBER TIRE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Annual Stockholders' Meeting and Election will be held at the office of the Company, 240 Prospect Street, Paterson, New Jersey, on Tuesday, Feb. 6, 1923, at 11 o'clock A. M.

OSCAR J. FELLOWS, Secretary.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of THE UNITED CLOTHING COMPANY will be held at office of Company, 120 West 68th Street, New York, on Tuesday, February 6th, 1923, at 2 P. M., for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

E. M. MOSES, Secretary.
January 22, 1923.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the GOLD STORAGE REALTY COMPANY, INC., will be held at the office of the Company, 149 Front Street, Worcester, Mass., on Tuesday, January 30th, 1923, at 2 P. M.

ROBERT P. BROWN, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that the regular Annual Stockholders' Meeting of the STERLING BUILDING CORPORATION, will be held at the Company's office at 347 Broadway, City of New York City, State of New York, on February 6th, 1923, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., for the transaction of all business which may come before the meeting.

CHARLES C. OTTO, Secretary.
Dated, N. Y., January 22, 1923.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of THE LIVE STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING CORPORATION will be held at the Company's office at 347 Broadway, City of New York, on Tuesday, February 6th, 1923, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Dated, January 22nd, 1923.

CHARLES C. OTTO, Secretary.

INCREASE IN CEREAL EXPORTS LAST WEEK

Wheat Less, but Flour, Corn, Barley, Oats and Rye Much Larger.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Exports of wheat from the United States for the week ending Jan. 20 totaled 2,900,000 bushels, the Department of Commerce announced today, as against 3,332,000 bushels during the preceding week. Exports of corn were 1,661,000 bushels compared with 1,451,000 bushels. Flour exports totaled 734,000 barrels compared with 378,000 barrels. Barley exports last week were 1,081,000 bushels, compared with 330,000 bushels the previous week. Exports of oats were 422,000 bushels compared with 238,000, and exports of rye were 1,070,000 bushels compared with 615,000.

Of the wheat exported last week Italy took 852,000 bushels, and the United Kingdom took 665,000 bushels. Germany took 300,000 bushels of corn last week, compared with 615,000 the week preceding, while the Netherlands took 250,000 bushels and the United Kingdom 600,000 bushels.

Of flour exports, the United Kingdom's quota was 47,500 barrels.

Shipments of the three principal commodities last week compare as follows with previous weekly reports by the department this year:

Week Ending.	Wheat, Bushels.	Flour, Barrels.	Corn, Bushels.
January 20	2,900,000	734,000	1,661,000
January 13	3,332,000	378,000	1,451,000
January 6	1,178,000	407,000	250,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Seventy new corporations, with an aggregate of $1,818,500, were chartered today. They include:

Financial: Bentley Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; E. L. Bentley, C. P. D. Hogan, J. Davis, Queens & Suburban, 50 Church St.)

Fur Dresser, 30 Lafayette St.); Gross & Wilson Co., Manhattan, $50,000; Wilson, Gross & Wilson, 30 Church St.)

Hardware, trade: I. M. Gross, J. Gross, Manhattan, $10,000; Gross, Gross & Gross, 30 Church St.)

Jewelry, trade: Jewelcraft Press, Manhattan, $10,000; J. Gottlieb, M. Schiff, 1 Union Sq. West, Manhattan; Gottlieb & Schiff, 1 Union Sq. West.)

Manufacturing: Acme Sheet Metal Products Co., Manhattan, $50,000; A. Rubin, M. Rubin, 1 Union Sq. West, Manhattan; Rubin & Rubin, 1 Union Sq. West.)

Motion pictures: Bronx Theatre Corp., Bronx, $10,000; Bronx Theatre Corp., 149 Broadway.)

Publishing: Bronx Home News Publishing Co., Bronx, $50,000; J. Gottlieb, M. Schiff, 1 Union Sq. West, Manhattan; Gottlieb & Schiff, 1 Union Sq. West.)

Real estate: Bronx Realty Co., Bronx, $10,000; H. Rosenberg, 1 Union Sq. West, Manhattan; Rosenberg & Rosenberg, 1 Union Sq. West.)

Restaurant: Cafe Boulevard, Manhattan, $10,000; H. Rosenberg, 1 Union Sq. West, Manhattan; Rosenberg & Rosenberg, 1 Union Sq. West.)

Theatrical: Bronx Theatre Corp., Bronx, $10,000; Bronx Theatre Corp., 149 Broadway.)

Trucking: Bronx Trucking Co., Bronx, $10,000; Bronx Theatre Corp., 149 Broadway.)

Miscellaneous: Bronx Theatre Corp., Bronx, $10,000; Bronx Theatre Corp., 149 Broadway.)

Flower, Co., Manhattan, motor vehicles, $5,000; E. L. Fleischmann, Charlotte Goldstein, 1 Union Sq. West, Manhattan; Goldstein & Goldstein,

MILTEX
COATS & SUITS
SEASON'S
GREATEST
TRIUMPH
"KAMELURE"
Reg. Pat. Applied For
Sport Suits
Enthusiastic Buyers from Everywhere proclaim this wonder value the market's "best bet."
12
MODELS
SUITABLE FOR THE
MISS & LADY
TO RETAIL
PROFITABLY AT
$25.00
22-26 W. 32 St
NEW YORK N.Y.

Wholesale Only
American Girl Coats
COATS
Youthful Effects in Quality Coatings
At prices your customers can easily afford
Smart, unusual styles for "Little Women", Juniors and Children.
American Girl Coat Co., Inc.
25 WEST 32ND ST.
NEW YORK

Wholesale Only
An Exceptional Variety
DRESSES
of the better Kind
200 STYLES
IN ALL WANTED MATERIALS
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
$10.75 to $29.75
Feldman & Light Bros., Inc.
142-144-146-148 W. 36 St.

Wholesale Only
SHOWING AN UNUSUAL ASSORTMENT IN
SPORT COATS
SUITS
WRAPS
CAPES
$7.50 TO $45.00
IN ALL WANTED FABRICS
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
KARL LIGHT
142-144-146-148 W. 36 St.

We are always open for Special Lots of merchandise that any one may desire update. No quantity too large if price is right. Spot cash if wanted. No representative necessary. Simply see Buyer for respective Department.
Claffins Incorporated
Worth & Church Streets
New York

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Barclay 7300.

Continued on Page Thirty-four.

Wholesale Only

DRESSES

NEWEST STYLES—

developed in the season's most fashionable fabrics

REMARKABLE VALUES!

That is why buyers have placed such liberal orders with us in the last two weeks.

Thousands of dresses
for immediate shipment in a wide variety of desirable styles.

"SHERRPRICED" TO RETAIL

15 to 42.50

SHERR BROS
Dresses ~ Waists
303 Fifth Ave., at 31st Street New York

WHOLESALE ONLY
Hand-Made Porto Rican Blouses
Every Haddad Blouse is made directly under Haddad supervision in our own great plant in Porto Rico. We have a scrupulous standard of workmanship and there is no trusting to agents or sub-agents.
BATISTES and DIMITIES
$16.50 to $27.00
VOILES
$27.00 to $60.00
HADDAD WAIST CO.
28 WEST 23rd ST., NEW YORK

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Crosscuts Paper.

Toilet paper, 4½ to 4¾ per cent. for the best sheets, 4¼ to 4½ per cent. for the best rolls.

The crosscuts are for the similar paper.

Ribbon Improvement Continues.

Continued improvement is evident in the demand for ribbons, the campaign to stimulate their increased use now bearing fruit. The millinery trade is one of the largest sources of demand at the present time. It has been a long time since such interest on the part of manufacturers in that trade was so manifested as it is today. Salesmen on the commission of opinion of leading ribbon firms, jobbers are not looking at immediate sales, but are especially alive to the near future. Sales on the part of jobbers are described as showing a profitable increase.

Gray Goods Quieted Down.

Gray goods were quieter in this market, yesterday, largely due to the vagaries of cotton. For 39-inch 64-by-60 cloths were quoting 12 cents, but the most that buyers appeared willing to pay was a quarter of a cent less than that. For 39-inch 64-68 79½ cents was the generally accepted price. In the narrower printcloths some good-sized business was reported at 7½ cents. In the 48-inch, 56-60 construction sold 10 cents. There was some trading, and five-yard shortings of the same width were quoted at 10 cents. Nothing of particular interest was reported in connection with the fine-yarn goods and specialties.

Chinese Delegation Here Soon.

The Chinese silk merchants comprising the delegation to the second International silk exposition will arrive in this city either tomorrow or Thursday. They are now in Chicago, where they are being entertained by silk men and by the Chicago Association of Commerce. They proceed to Seattle on Jan. 26. While they are in this city they will be entertained and lined by the special Entertainment Committee of the Silk Association of America, headed by J. D. Dunlop, Jr. J. D. Dunlop is Chairman of the committee that will receive them upon their arrival here.

New Embroidered Coat.

What is described as something entirely new in a coat for either sports or general wear is now being produced for Spring by a local garment manufacturer. The feature of the coat, which is made in either fingertip or full length, is the novel treatment of embroidery on an English slip fabric. All-over embroideries are used and they are woven slightly over the garment width, with the deep part of the cloth going at right angles to the selvage and the same pattern being continued in the sleeves. It is being produced in numerous different colorings, at wholesale at $18.50 per garment.

Furriers Still Looking Forward.

Fur manufacturers, while still tied up with one of the most unsatisfactory seasons experienced in many years, are looking forward to an active Spring business, and those with the funds to do so are purchasing accordingly. Not only have the manufacturers been very largely handicapped by the warm weather, but the operations of high jobbing houses were for many have suffered severely against the sale of garments that had been in stock since the beginning of the season. The manufacturers, however, are optimistic over the outlook for the trade. The sales in the jobbing houses have been limited to filling the orders up to normal. In spite of this, however, the manufacturing furriers profess to see an active season ahead.

Beds and Brasses for Millinery.

Millinery trade authorities agree that this Spring will be a season of color, and the indications, where more than one shade is used, lean more strongly to subtle effects than to harrowing contrasts. Reds, especially berry, and the full family of browns top the list of popular tints as the season's end approaches. Navy and black will be in good demand throughout the entire season. The call for the various reds is accounted at a reaction from a predominant season of blues, and the general colorings include all the reds, tans and pink shades, Lavender gives evidence of a revival, and the old standbys, Paisley and Bandanna effects have the call.

More Napped Goods Prize.

While some of the leading lines of Eastern napped goods offer than those made by the Arnheim Manufacturing Company were priced in this market yesterday, quotations on one of the well-known Southern lines of the year's production. These include a variety of fabrics in widths ranging from 32 to 36 inches and ranged from 10½ cents for the narrow goods to 20½ cents for the wide ones. These prices covered both white and colored effects. Although the Arnheim line is the first of the prominent Eastern lines would be priced in the new twenty-four to the eight hours. The disposition on the part of the trade was to regard the prices made so far as very fair, especially in view of the present high cotton and general production costs.

Handbags for Spring.

Manufacturers of handbags are making a big play on those of silk for Spring in the small or pouch style. One maker yesterday, in speaking of the Spring business placed, said his orders last week for these bags alone amounted to thirty-seven. Fifteen frames in green gold and other finish colors are featured for this type of bag. The fabrics in the trade's motives, plain or satin stripe and Canton crepes. Tapestry effects in different shades are also offered. Beaded novelties are still to be coming back and embroideries on pleating suede and other bags with or of them, and other beaded effects. It is possible to buy the silk bags at from $18 to $36 per dozen wholesale. Leather bags are also in the call and will feature calf at this per dozen.

Features of Silk Market.

Cutters-up are calling for deliveries of the crops at the present time, while the mills are finding themselves in a difficult position to comply altogether with the demands made upon them. This is due to still the fact that they are out of the silks. The millinery trade is asking for considerable quantities of plaid taffetas. Prints are moving actively and the indications are that this will be further stimulated as the actual time draws on the opening of the Spring season's business. The view from a prominent manufacturer that the new silk market has about seen its top for a while to come and that a natural reaction might be expected about the middle of March. At that time, he explained, the jobbers would have most of their advance Spring business cleaned up, and a temporary lull may be looked for.

Two New Traffic Towers Working.

Another permanent ornamental traffic tower was placed in operation on Fifth Avenue last night and a third will go into service tonight, making them in operation on that thoroughfare. The first of master-towers was unveiled and turned over to the city as a gift from the Fifth Avenue Association early in January.

Wholesale Only

IMPRESSIVE VALUES!
IN 2 AND 3 PIECE
SUITS
SMARTLY TAILORED
IN HIGH GRADE
POIRET TWILL
$13.75 to $39.75

CAPES
COATS
WRAPS
IN Velours Polaire Poiret Normandy Velverette
$6.75 To $49.75
IN Brytonias Fashonas Mondaines Zamora Anwalaines

Sport Coats
IN ALL THE NEWEST STYLES AND FABRICS IN GREAT DEMAND
$6.75 to $16.75

STOCK ON HAND FOR DELIVERY AT ONCE
Weinberg Gratz & Parker
38 to 44 West 26th St.

Style at a Popular Price
Wholesale Only

Announcing

Style at a Popular Price
will be the motto and policy of the organization.

Today as ever the Eternal Feminine demands Style first and foremost, Style in character and in fabric.

But the vast majority of women can pay no more than average prices.

Hence the preponderance of demand for Style at a Popular Price.

Our Spring line is the best proof of our policy.

Spring Line Now Showing

Kitzinger Bros. & Karp Inc.

ELMORE KITZINGER
JOSEPH KITZINGER
BEN KARP

PHONE—BRYANT 5212

132-138 WEST 36th STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y.

Wholesale Only

Max Wiesen

Written On The Skyline Of the World of Style

IF the aviator who writes his message on the skyline of New York were to talk of style, his message would be MAX WIESEN DRESSES.

* * *

FOR in the World of Fashion, this house is the dominating factor. Max Wiesen dresses have made good style a household possibility in every one of the forty-eight states by placing good style within the reach of every woman of moderate means.

for

SPRING

Frocks in all the wanted materials to retail at
$10—$15—$25—$35 Stouts at $15—$25

MAX WIESEN INC.
500 SEVENTH AVENUE
GARMENT CENTER CAPITOL NEW YORK

PRINTS

Wholesale Only

PRINTED CREPE DE CHINE DRESSES
THAT WILL COVER THE COUNTRY FROM COAST TO COAST
To Retail at $15.00
in Corticelli Castle Crepes—Rogers & Thompson and Foremost Standard Houses

We state with absolute confidence that the values these dresses represent surpass even our celebrated "PRINT OFFERING OF LAST SPRING."

PHIL HYMAN & JACK GOLDSTON
MAKERS of WINDSOR COSTUMES
33 EAST 33rd ST. NEW YORK

STOUT DRESSES
For Spring
Thousands on the Racks
$9.75 to $35
LINDE & RUBIN
129 West 27th Str.

SALESMAN
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GemDressHouse

Wholesale Only

AGAIN WE ARE IN THE LEAD WITH THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY

VALUES in DRESSES

Flat Crepes, Canton Crepes, Satin-faced Cantons, Printed Crepes, Chiffon Taffetas, Poiret Twills

100 Styles of perfection to retail at

$25.00

Also a big assortment of incomparable Dresses
from 13.75 to 22.75

We want to apologize to our customers who have placed orders with us for not shipping with our usual promptness, as we have been unprepared for the enormous rush; but increased production facilities will enable us to give prompt shipments

Max Pasternack, Inc.
319 Fifth Ave., at 32nd St., N.Y.

Remember, "Pasternack has it!" Everything that's good in Dresses

Wholesale Only.

If you want to see beauty in Kimonos you MUST see this supremely handsome

ZAN-ANA Crepe KIMONOS

They are perfect in fabric, style and workmanship and sell with remarkable speed.

$24 to $66 a dozen

Ladies' sizes, 36 to 44; also Misses, 12 to 18 and Stouts, 46 to 56

The Barsa Corporation
148 West 23rd St.
New York City

Wholesale Only

THE easiest way" is to come here and choose from our great line of
Ladies' & Misses'
DRESSES
made on the premises. Finer fabrics, workmanship and styling, but lower prices.
SAMUELS & STONE
[illegible]

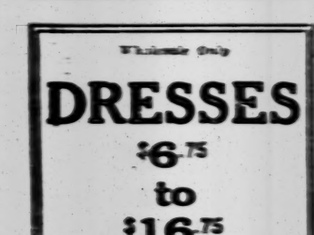
Wholesale Only

BRYTONIA CAPES
PICK THEM OFF THE RACKS.
MONARCH GARMENT CO.
16-20 West 32nd St.

Wholesale Only

DRESSES

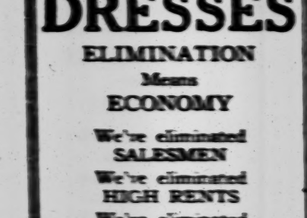
The greatest assortment of wonderful styles and fabrics on the market today



VALUES

that can't be equalled or even approached to retail at

$15.00 $20.00 $25.00 $35.00



DELIVERY

made instantly from the racks.

If you put off calling til tomorrow you miss one day of wonderful profit.

KITZINGER ENGEL CO. INC

Creators of Sterling Dress Values

45 West 29th St

New York

Wholesale Only

DRESSES

$6.75 to $16.75

Cantons, Flat Crepes, etc. In Making

DRESSES

ELIMINATION

Means

ECONOMY

We've eliminated SALESMEN

We've eliminated HIGH RENTS

We've eliminated LIVING MODELS

We've eliminated BIG PROFITS

THAT'S WHY YOU CAN SAVE MONEY ON VIRGINIA DARE DRESS PURCHASES

Call and pick them off the racks.

KING & APPLEBAUM

333 Seventh Ave. at 29th St.

Wholesale Only

"A Treasure!"

Our new line — a big money maker for you because it is positive in value!

You'll want these

CHIC COATS

$6.75 to $59.50

DASHING SUITS

$15.75 to $49.50

Materials, made and prices

Ladies', Misses' and Juniors' Suits, Coats, Wraps & Capes.

Also those new styles NOW Shown with our alluring Short Coats

36 West 37th St.

ADVANCE IN PRICES OF WOOLEN GOODS

Opening of Fabrics for the Fall Season by the American Woolen Company.

LESS RISE THAN EXPECTED

Overcoatings Average 16 Per Cent. and Suitings 12½ Per Cent. Above Last Year.

The American Woolen Company yesterday opened the larger portion of its men's wear lines for Fall at prices that surprised the trade. Moderation had been expected as the keynote of the company's showings, but conservative opinion had placed the extent of the advances on overcoatings at not more than 10 per cent. and on staple worsted suitings at 15 per cent. But prices announced were lower than these and are said to indicate the strong position of the company and its determination to maintain volume production.

In actual percentages the leading staple woolen overcoatings, comprising kerseys, meltons and beavers, were priced on the average 16 per cent. above those made last Fall. For upwards of over 30 leading staple worsted suitings the increase was 12½ per cent. above those made last Fall and only 4½ per cent. above those made for the Spring season last July.

Included in the offerings made yesterday were staple serges, unfinished worsteds, cheviots, cloths, French backs, staple and fancy worsted suitings, overcoatings, imported overcoatings, Lumbermen's shrunk serges, mackinaws and uniform and leather cloths.

The actual advances over those named for last Fall on a number of representative staple suitings ranged from 5½ cents to 20c. cents per yard. The full number of the serges, Fallon 21oz. was priced at $1.675, which compares with $1.50 at the opening for Spring and for last Fall. In view of the fact that the wool market all over the world and the passage of the operation of the new Tariff act and its effect on many leading weaves, the clothing trade had been prepared for even heavier weighting up to 25 per cent. But the prevailing sentiment among clothing manufacturers was strongly against any such advance, owing to the extreme difficulty on the part of retailers to pass on advances to the consumer. This attitude was unstintingly appreciated and the lines priced in accordance.

The subjoined list gives the new prices, that of last Spring and last Fall on leading numbers of staple suitings in the line, worsted overcoatings, meltons, beavers, kerseys, &c.:

No.	New Price	Last Spring	Last Fall
2102	(32 oz.)	$1.75	$1.50
2103	(30 oz.)	1.65	1.45
2104	(28 oz.)	1.55	1.35
2105	(26 oz.)	1.45	1.25
2106	(24 oz.)	1.35	1.15
2107	(22 oz.)	1.25	1.05
2108-20	(20 oz.)	1.15	1.00
2121	(18 oz.)	1.05	.95
2122	(16 oz.)	1.00	.90
2123	(14 oz.)	.95	.85
2124	(12 oz.)	.90	.80
2125	(10 oz.)	.85	.75

Besides comprising especially the pick of the key number, Fallon 2106, much attention was given in the trade to the price of $1.35 for the 24-ounce number of Washington chip offered at $1.35, or an advance of 10 per cent. over the opening figure. A French back serge, 56-inch weight, 2106-24, was priced at $1.675, and this was commented upon as a new figure in view of the Spring opening at $1.50.

It was noted that the 10 per cent. advance on overcoating openings over last Fall, as given out by the company, covered only staple numbers. It was explained that there was no intentional basis of comparison on the fancy overcoatings, owing to the change in styling and other considerations which applied.

An estimate yesterday, however, by a mature expert, from the company, was that the highest advance on the overcoatings was 20 cents per yard, while the lowest amounted to 12 cents per yard. This was on fabrics which offered a fair basis for comparison. One of the finer overcoatings made by the company was priced at $2.35, having been described as a "Whitney" medium or one having similar effects and unlike that of cinnchilla. It is made by the Sawyer mill.

The number of buyers in attendance yesterday was given as about 250, with a much larger number expected next week when the women's wear lines are opened by the company.

The following list gives the range by groupings, indicating the high and low prices at the fabrics by the mills named:

DEPARTMENT 1, DIVISION A—STAPLE WORSTED SUITINGS.

Mill.	Price.
Washington	$1.75 to $2.05
Wool worsted	1.67½ to 4.00
Arrow	1.45 to 4.00
Fulton	1.45 to 4.00

DEPARTMENT 1, DIVISION B—WORSTED OVERCOATINGS.

Washington Mill	1.60 to 2.25

DEPARTMENT 2, DIVISION A—FANCY WORSTED SUITINGS.

Forest Mill	1.35 to 1.75
Lewiston	1.35 to 1.60
Oakland	1.35 to 1.65
Hampden	1.37½ to 1.65
Rio	1.35 to 1.60
Newport	1.35 to 1.65
Lafayette	1.30 to 1.55
Tremont	1.40 to 1.65
Kenmore	1.40 to 1.65
Hanover	1.30 to 1.55
Antrim	1.30 to 1.55
Reading	1.35 to 1.60
Waverly	1.37½ to 1.65
Savoy	1.40 to 1.65
Clark	1.45 to 1.75
Westmount	1.30 to 1.60

DEPARTMENT 2, DIVISION A—FANCY WORSTED OVERCOATINGS.

Forest	1.35 to 1.75
Lewiston	1.35 to 1.60
Oakland	1.35 to 1.65
Hampden	1.37½ to 1.65
Rio	1.35 to 1.60
Newport	1.35 to 1.65
Lafayette	1.30 to 1.55
Tremont	1.40 to 1.65
Kenmore	1.40 to 1.65
Hanover	1.30 to 1.55
Antrim	1.30 to 1.55
Reading	1.35 to 1.60
Waverly	1.37½ to 1.65
Savoy	1.40 to 1.65
Clark	1.45 to 1.75
Westmount	1.30 to 1.60

DEPARTMENT 2, DIVISION A—STAPLE WORSTED SUITINGS.

Amador	1.35 to 1.55

STAPLE WORSTED OVERCOATINGS.

Amador	1.35 to 1.55
Burlington	1.35 to 1.55
Baltic	1.35 to 1.65

DEPARTMENT 2—FANCY WORSTEDS.

Bird Mill—Overcoatings	1.60 to 1.75
West suitings	1.50 to 1.65
Gage Mill—Overcoatings	1.45 to 1.65
West suitings	1.35 to 1.55
Puritan Mill—Serges	1.75 to 1.85

DEPARTMENT 8, DIVISION A.

Blackstones	1.30 to 1.60
Thorton cloths	1.45 to 1.75
Cadet cloth	1.60 to 1.85

With the showing made yesterday the company offered the bulk of its fabrics for the men's wear trade. Fancy worsteds in Departments 2 and 3, as well as some semi-staples in Department 1, Division B, embrace those which are not to be opened. It is not expected by the trade that these will be shown until about the first of next month.

The openings of numerous independent concerns will follow before long. At the offices of the United States Worsted Sales Company it was said yesterday that there is definite date had as yet been set for the opening of the company's lines, but that it would likely not be before

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Anything Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 3000.

Continued from Page Thirty-two.

PHILADELPHIA—Lansdowne Dry Co., J. Lansdowne, mgr., Hotel Traymore.

PHILADELPHIA—Max Smith & Co., Max Smith, owner, after 1:30, Hotel Adams.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Vivian & Sons, Harris Vivian, manager, Hotel Adelphia.

PHILADELPHIA—N. E. Mill & Co., W. Miller, children's wash dresses for Spring, Hotel Adelphia.

PHILADELPHIA—Feinberg & Cooper, A. & S. Cooper, A. Levin, vouchers, 22 W. 20th.

PHILADELPHIA—K. Schlesinger & Co., J. Siegel, Sales, Hotel Adelphia.

PHILADELPHIA—Pa.—Bode, Hugo F. Bode, children's coats, 2 W. 20th (Richmond Hotel).

PHILADELPHIA—Berg, Berg Bros., T. Grubb, asst. sales, 11 E. 20th (Metropolitan Hotel).

PHILADELPHIA—Blue—Fredericks, J. J. Fredericks, manager, Gotham.

PHILADELPHIA—McCreary & Co., W. McCreary, W. E. Wheeler, 42 4th Av. (D. C. Dillon).

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PHILADELPHIA—Pa.—Bode, Hugo F. Bode, children's coats, 2 W. 20th (Richmond Hotel).

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PHILADELPHIA—Blue—Fredericks, J. J. Fredericks, manager, Gotham.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store, Edward Rosenberg, manager, Hotel Astor

CALL SOUTH AMERICA FRIENDLY TO THE U. S.

Business Men Told Many Trade Ties Developed Between Two Continents.

Stories of unfriendliness on the part of South American countries toward the United States were branded as false at a luncheon of the Argentine-American Chamber of Commerce in the Lawyers' Club yesterday. The speakers were John L. Merrill, President of Abbott-Merrill Cables, Inc.; John F. Fowler, Vice President of W. R. Grace & Co., and Burgess W. Wesley, Secretary of the chamber. Arthur H. Titus, President of the First Federal Foreign Banking Association and President of the Chamber of Commerce, presided.

Despite foreign competition, American firms will find a good market for their goods in Argentina, said Mr. Wesley in his annual report. "I find that there seems to be no prejudice against American participation in business there, contrary to reports that are prevalent," he added. "The South Americans are willing and anxious for us to enter into commercial union with them.

"We are informed from many sources that there is a smoldering antagonism to the United States. When I was there recently I found nothing to substantiate these reports. And if there is any such feeling I am rather inclined to think that the feeling lies with us rather than with them."

"Throughout the world," said Mr. Fowler, "commercial conditions are still [illegible]

3 LAUNDRYMEN INDICTED.

Charged in Sabotage Case With Resisting Strike Property.

Three additional indictments charging criminal receipt of stolen property were returned by the Grand Jury yesterday in connection with the alleged conspiracy of certain members of the Wet Wash Laundrymen's Protective Association to put rivals out of business by setting fire to their establishments, destroying machinery, or robbing the plants.

The indicted men are: David Perman, age 31 years, of 1,023 Church Avenue, Brooklyn; Abraham Kanofsky, 31, of 30 South Third Street, Brooklyn, and Jacob Levitan, 32, who operates a laundry at 510 Fifth Street. Perman and Kanofsky also own laundries on that street. Each, when arraigned before Judge Mahoney in General Sessions, was released in $5,000 bail for pleading on Friday. Eleven men have been indicted thus far in connection with the alleged arson and sabotage plot, eight of them for arson.

The indictments charged Perman, Kanofsky and Levitan with receiving $5,500 worth of laundry and wet wash equipment which had been stolen.

Wholesale Only

Going Big!

FAIR

FLAT CREPE
CANTON CREPE
"ALLTYME" CREPE

DRESSES

SPRING PASTEL SHADES
and NAVY, BROWN, COCOA ETC.

TO RETAIL AT

$10 - $15 - $20

ON THE RACKS FOR DELIVERY

FAIR WAIST & DRESS CO. Inc.

1572-1578 BROADWAY cor. 47th St. N.Y.

Wholesale Only

THE GREATEST HIT OF THE SEASON

15 Beautiful Styles of Dresses Made of BANNER'S ALL TYME KNITTED CREPE

TO RETAIL AT

$10.00

Also a large variety of styles in extra fine quality of Chiffon and Taffeta to retail at..... $10.00 and $15.00

25 Styles of all the high class models made of fine quality Heavy Canton to retail at.. $15.00

Greatest Values of the Season
Every Order Has Brought Big Re-orders

Joe Howard V.

Kohn & Goldschmidt, Inc.

34-36 West 32nd Street
NEW YORK

Wholesale Only

ARONOW BROTHERS

announce their removal to

132-138 West 36th Street

where they are now showing a complete line of

SPRING COATS, CAPES and WRAPS

in "values" made possible by enlarged working space and increased facilities.

ARONOW BROS. COATS

132-138 West 36th Street
139-145 West 35th Street

A convenient location with two convenient entrances. Use them both.

Wholesale Only

CAPES of Brytonia & Flosette Camelair Suits

effective range of Styles and Prices

Immediate Delivery

H. B. RUBIN

Fifth West 35th St. New York

HBR

Wholesale Only

Unusual Display

Knitted Outerwear Creations

Comprising an exceptionally attractive and extensive collection of

Novelty Models

in Regular and Stout sizes of

Knitted Sport Dresses

(One and Two Piece Models)

Sweaters, Bathing Suits, Scarfs

Goldsmith Proctor Knitting Mills, Inc.

118-130 MADISON AVE. NEW YORK CITY

Wholesale Only

Individualized DRESSES for SHOPS

Catering to a particular Patronage
Particulars as to Style & Value

O. F. Grab & Co.

134-142 West 37th St. New York

d'Arcy

Wholesale Only

JOB LOTS OF GOOD DRESSES

Cohen & Rothstein

30 WEST 31st ST. N.Y.C.

Announcement

Charles A. Schwab
Now Representing
Knobel & Bloom
Manufacturers of
COATS—SUITS and WRAPS
229 WEST 36TH ST.

Wholesale Only

SHIRTS

RAINBOW SHIRT

3,000 DOZEN COTTON SHIRTS
2,000 DOZEN SILK SHIRTS
500 DOZEN FIBER SILK SHIRTS

These shirts will positively be sold this week at close out prices.

A Perfect Selection of Merchandise

Rainbow Shirt Corp.

Packed ¼ doz. to box in sets.

RAINBOW SHIRT

S. ENGLANDER & BRO.

583-587 B'way New York City

Wholesale Only

Bijou's

"LIGHTNIN' VALUES

Choicest Display of Spring Dresses

THOUSANDS ON THE RACKS for IMMEDIATE DELIVERY INCLUDING A

Special Showing of 3-PIECE SUITS

to retail at $25

BIJOU DRESS CO

303 FIFTH AVE AT 31ST STREET NEW YORK

Wholesale Only

"Your Selling Price Is Our Problem"

The proper price means quicker sales

Buy so as to sell at any easy-to-sell price. This is so simple that many buyers forget all about it!

Your selling price is our problem and we don't forget it.

As a result we offer you amazingly quick-selling

Women's, Misses' & Juniors' COATS & SUITS to retail from $22.75 to $69.75

AND CHILDREN'S HIGH GRADE COATS to sell from $5.75 to $15.00

The models that move swiftest ready for delivery without delay

Bloomfield Garment Co.

58 West 32nd St. New York.

Wholesale Only

The Strongest and Most Complete Line Shown of

COATS — CAPES and WRAPS

MADE IN NEWEST STYLES OF

POLAIRES
OVERPLAIDS
TWEEDS
VELOURS
TWILLS
NORMANDIES
BOLIVIAS
BRYTONIAS

From $4.50 to $37.50

Juliet Cloak Co.

151 West 26th Street

Wholesale Only

It will mean a great saving to you if you place your orders early on

IMPORTED and DOMESTIC

GINGHAM DRESSES

To Retail At

$2.88 up

MILLER BROS.

118 West 22d St., N. Y. C.

Wholesale Only

GOTHAM

With the Idea of Perfection as to Style and Workmanship we have grouped our many creations into Departments, which will hereafter be classified as follows:

KNITTED SPORTSWEAR
Suits and dresses of knitted materials that are individual in design and made under their own supervision, and which are correct as to price.

PURE SILK SWEATER DEPT.
Everything that is in demand both from a style, quality and price standpoint.

SWEATER DEPARTMENT
Sweaters of Fibre Silk Alpacas and other novelty wool yarns that are just a little different from the general trend of the market, including Silvertint, their newest knitted fabric and are low in price for quality merchandise.

GOTHAM Knitting Mills
11 EAST 26th ST. New York

Wholesale Only

Fairlady Dresses

For Parties — Dances — Weddings — Graduations Confirmations

20 years of specialization makes these uncommon Styles—uncommon Values at less than common Prices.

$8.75 to $59.50

B. SCHNEIDER & SON
Headquarters since 1902
118 Madison Ave. (cor. 30th St.)

Wholesale Only

THE STOUT Suits, Coats, Capes & Wraps

we show are made of the finest fabrics and are marked at prices irresistibly attractive.

Simon, Goodman & Lipshitz
305 7th AVE. Cor. 28 St.
New York City

Wholesale Only

LADIES - MISSES - JUNIOR COATS & SUITS

Come In NOW See Real VALUES

Goldstein & Falk
144-154 WEST 27th STREET

Wholesale Only

ALL IN 48 HOURS!

1—We started a new firm.

2—We assembled a complete line of the most wonderful values ever shown.

3—We booked several big orders.

4—We filled orders and shipped them.

ALL IN 48 HOURS.

We created a complete line of the best values in town in

POPULAR PRICED DRESSES

and have them on the racks for immediate delivery.

DAVE GRATZ & CHAS. HOFFMAN, Inc.

Popular Priced Dresses of Profitable Retailing

27 West 33d St., N. Y.

Wholesale Only

Inexpensive Dresses

Charmingly Designed

Every one a beauty!

Every one a quick, sure seller!

Every one with the ROSEBUD distinction of styling, fabric and workmanship.

Inexpensive, but not "cheap"!

Your most critical customer will approve them, and buy them!

$2.75 to $10.75

Pick them from the racks No salesmen on the road

Rosebud Mfg. Co.
Quality Merchandise at Quantity Prices

37 West 26th St., N. Y.

Rosebud COTTON DRESSES

GET A RELIABLE MAN FOR YOUR OFFICE

Have had over ten years' experience with leading Dress House; will check your credits, watch your accts. carefully, and run your office on economic basis. S 369 Times.

Complete for Every Need **BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS** Telephone Bryant 1000

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen words per word each insertion.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Salesmen, $50, $60, $75 a week to keep stocked; all trades. Ott, 31 East 17 St.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—All colors, $36, quantity for cash. Superior Garment, 1,370 Broadway.

BOLIVIAS, Bartleys, Stevens, Wyandottes, Alix, Cliffs and Exclusive Wanted. Shipment 30th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—$36, Gunmetal, mole, velvet, tans; cash or 4 pcs. Hallmark Sample Shop.

BOLIVIA Wanted—$36, $42, black, navy, brown, green, 22nds, wine, $48, all colors; prompt del. Regina, 24 East 27th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—$36, $42, Spring shades. Bernstein Bros., 49 West 24th. Watkins 2396.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—$36, $42, shades; all sizes; quantity. Lightcraft Bros., 124 West 28th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—$36, all shades, or will exchange black and navy $42. for light shades. Longacre 2886.

BOLIVIA Wanted—$36, $42 or similar; tan, jet, fox, navy and black. Longacre 4841, 31 West 31st St.

BOLIVIA, Polaires and Velours Wanted—Attractive $36, $39.50 or similar. Watkins 4335.

BOLIVIA Wanted—$36, $42, 22nds, Earthtone, 22nds, $36, black, tan. Ashland 2546, Algon.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—$36, $42, and $39.50, Attractive, for cash. Progressive 7454.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Serpents 101, all shades. Pt. Bent Chain Co., Watkins 6488.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Duchess 101, all colors, any quantity. Longacre 6756.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Attractive $42, all shades. Watkins 4335.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—All shades, navy $36, Wombats, Cloth Bolivias, 124 West 28th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—$36, or similar, medium and dark Bolivias. 31 West 28th.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted—Duke and Imperial Jaffrays, 236, Old Madison Square 1835.

BRYTONIA and Sultana Wanted—for stock. Bernstein Bros., 49 West 24th. Watkins 4335.

BRYTONIA, Sultana Wanted—Bernardine's Knockabouts, other fancy plushes. Ashland 7846.

BRYTONIAS Wanted—$42, big Inventories; advise all grades, patterns, season's best selling. Cohen & Edelman, 1,370 Broadway.

BRYTONIAS Wanted—Quantity and cash. Delaplaine Longacre 6756.

BRYTONIAS Wanted, or similar; 1 Knock, 46 West 27th. Watkins 4335.

CAMEL'S HAIR Wanted—Gowns or similar quality. Phone Madison Square 2868.

CAMEL'S Hair Wanted—Coats 36, any quantity. Jack, 1,370 Broadway.

CAMEL'S Hair Wanted—Coats 34-42. Long Bros., 46 West 27th.

CAMEL'S Hair Wanted. Levy Brothers, 6 West 27th.

CANTONS Crepe Wanted—Tan over $2.50 per yard, good quality. Oxford Dress, 1 West 38th.

CAPES and Detail Hair Cloths Wanted—Jobbing or in quantity. Bernstein Bros., 49 West 24th. Watkins 4335.

CAPES Wanted—Plaiting orders or Spring samples. Rosenfeld Bros., 31 West 27th.

CAPES Wanted—For trimmed and plain; jobbing orders. 12th floor, 28 West 32.

CLOTH Wanted—Line mill or jobber, for men's clothing trade. Philadelphia, with buyer in this territory. Address Textile, 56 East Somerset Blvd., Philadelphia, Pa.

CLOTH Wanted—American velour and jersey, heavy and light weight, any quantity spot cash. 31 Prince & Sts., 231 West 29th.

CLOTHS Wanted—$2.25 American, all shades, below 56 inches cash. Importation, Trade Exchange, 253 4th Av. Stuyvesant 8861.

CLOTH Wanted—Polaire, brushwools, for Jersey suits at a price, cash. Bloomberg, 6 West 28th.

CLOTH Wanted—American, 36-inch, 12-24 ounces 24, 25, 30, 34, 40, 42, 46. Spring 4335.

CLOTH Wanted—American 12-24, 36-inch, 40 ounces, 24 West 25th. J. J. Lansing, Watkins 7838.

CLOTH Wanted—American 12-24, 36-inch, 40 ounces, 24 West 25th, shades 1, 2 and 3. Spring 4335.

CLOTH Wanted—Blacks, style 201, tan. Phone 7897, look for Klein.

CLOTH Wanted—Brown's 201 tan and 2155 grays. Phone 4335.

CLOTH Wanted—Cut, 12-24, 36-inch, Tan, Navy, Green, Wine, Black, tan. Ashland 2546, 6th floor.

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CLOTH Wanted—Serpents 101, all shades, any quantity. Longacre 6756.

CLOTH Wanted—Attractive $42, all shades. Watkins 4335.

CLOTH, Crepes and Wraps Wanted—Spring, better grades especially convenient, accepting orders for Spring, Bernstein, 49 Broadway after 2 P. M., or West 24th, 24th floor.

CLOTHS Wanted—1,000 Spring also Gunmetal navy, black for cash. 1,370 Broadway, Room 308.

CLOTHS, Satin, Trimmers Wanted—Also for cash, in quantity, no jobbers. Write the manufacturer, Old Madison Square 6210.

CLOTH Wanted—Jobber handling at 1650 grade ordered, and quantity ready to place orders, 129 West 29th, 5th floor.

CLOTHS—Wraps and Capes Wanted—Jobbing orders for sample lines, Bernstein, 49 West 24th. Watkins 4335.

CLOTHS Wanted—Cut, 12-24, 36-inch, Tan, Navy, Green, Wine, Black, tan. Ashland 2546, 6th floor.

CLOTHS and Suitings Wanted—For spot cash, any quantity. Longacre 6756.

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CLOTHS—Wraps and Capes Wanted—Jobbing or sample lines

GBG

Suits
$12.75 to $36.75
Coats Capes and Wraps
$6.75 to $45.00
For Immediate Delivery
The G.B.G. Mfg. Co. Inc.
Garment Center Capitol
498
SEVENTH AVE.
NEW YORK CITY

OUR BRANCH OFFICES AND STOCK ROOMS ARE IN CHARGE OF
MARTIN J. HILL
315 S. WABASH AVE. CHICAGO
WM. J. ALTIMAS
148 CHAUNCY ST. BOSTON
SANGER BROTHERS DALLAS

Wholesale Only
Infants' and Children's Colored DRESSES
SIZES 2 to 6x; 7 to 14
GINGHAM & NOVELTY CLOTHS
$9.00 to $36.00
per Dozen
FOR FEBRUARY DELIVERY
Panty Dresses Our Specialty
BUDDY DRESS CO.
15 West 18th Street.

Wholesale Only

COLUMBIA GARMENT CO.
35-37 West 31st St.
New York.

ATTENTION OF SALESMAN AND DRESS TRADE
Established Manufacturer & Jobber of popular-priced shirts, one who is thoroughly versed in every branch of the Misses' and Ladies' Coat business desires to connect with a competent Salesman, with Capital to invest as partner or a well rated dress house who wish to entertain a proposition to enter the Coat business. Correspondence strictly confidential. References exchanged. B 251 Times.

BUSINESS RECORDS

RECEIVERS IN EQUITY.

EDWARD STEINMETZ, Cl—Order R. Johnston, former Commissioner, now Register of office of the Federal Court, Brooklyn, is appointed receiver in equity in action to collect assets of the bankrupt corporation, which was formerly known as the Edward Steinmetz Co., Inc., of Cleveland, O., and has a factory at Avenue and Dean Street, Brooklyn. The bond for which action was brought by Joseph Steinmetz, trustee in bankruptcy, against the corporation and has assets of $50,000 in which $25,000 is outstanding accounts, $5,000 is merchandise, $12,000 is real estate and $7,000 is machinery and fixtures. Johnston gets bond of $15,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22—A temporary receiver was appointed by Common Pleas Court here today for the Quaker Knitting Mills on a bill in equity filed by creditors. The company formed by the consolidation, in 1920, of the Quaker Knitting Mills and the Quaker Knitting Mills, Inc., is capitalized at $1,000,000. The bill in equity set forth that an insolvency of the corporation existed. Judge Audenried, in appointing Charles J. Rhoads, president of the Commercial Trust Company, receiver, fixed the bond at $25,000.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed.

WEST EIGHTIETH STREET GARAGE—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against William J. Burns and Joseph H. Day, doing business as the West Eightieth Street Garage, at 45 West Eightieth Street. The petition states that the firm conducted the garage in a warehouse owned by the bankrupts and that it has been unable to meet its obligations. Liabilities are placed at $15,000 and assets at $10,000, value of garage to be sold.

SARDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Sardian Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of lubricating oil, at 25 Broadway, by Frank Lasecki for $500, Gerson Mitchell & Co., Irving Pfeiffer, $250, whose bond appeared. Mervilla Bard, creditor for $1,000. Liabilities are over $10,000; assets about $5,000.

HERSCH'S SPECIALTY SHOP, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Hersch's Specialty Shop, Inc., at 1364 Broadway, by Irving Miller for $2,000, Sharon Dress Co., 1364 and George Jacobson $250. Judge Knox appointed Joseph Jacobson receiver under $5,000 bond. Liabilities are about $15,000, assets $10,000.

C. J. F. CONFECTIONERY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the C. J. F. Confectionery, Inc., of 24 West Houston Street, by Paper Box & Tube Co., Inc., of 37th Street and Barnes Ave., for $1,000. Liabilities are about $15,000, assets about $5,000.

WILLIAM WEINSHIFT—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against William Weinshift, trading as Weinshift & Co., at 1 Union Square, by Max Gastfreund for $1,500, Sherman Dress Co., 1364 and George Jacobson $250. Judge Knox appointed Joseph Jacobson receiver under $5,000 bond. Liabilities are about $15,000, assets about $5,000.

HARRY R. HOFFMAN—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Harry R. Hoffman, dealer in leather and skins at 1440 Ogden Avenue, the Bronx, by Benjamin Bernstein & Co., Inc., for $1,000. The petition states that the firm conducted its business under the name of Hoffman & Co. and has assets of $5,000 in outstanding accounts, $5,000 in merchandise, $1,000 in real estate and $2,000 in machinery and fixtures. Jackson gets bond of $2,000.

CAROLA WITASEK CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Carola Witasek Corp. of 111 East Eighty-seventh Street, a Lodge Harrison, Inc., by Samuel Spitzer for $500. Liabilities are $5,000; assets, $2,000.

SAMUEL SPITZER—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Samuel Spitzer, doing business as Spitzer Brothers, by Thomas & Co. for $1,000. Liabilities are $5,000; assets, $2,000.

EIGHTIETH HEATING CORPORATION, of 1358 Broadway—The petition in bankruptcy yesterday, before Referee Hamilton of 32 and agents of $1,000. Principal creditor listed is Sidney Bros. Inc., $1,000.

CARL ENTZ, trading as 68 West 126th Street—Filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, before Referee Hamilton of $1,000, and no assets of $1,000. Principal creditors listed are C. J. Gas Heaters & Stove, $1,000; Anderson & Davis, Inc., $1,000; H. Bruce Morgan, $1,000.

JOSEPH BARBERIAN, trader of 1,000 Third Avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, before Hamilton of $1,000 and no assets of $500.

EUGENE W. STERNBERGH, trader and proprietor of 31 West 31st Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, before Hamilton of $1,000, and assets of $1,000. Principal creditors listed are Lord & Taylor, $1,000.

LOUIS —A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Louis Abrams, trading as Louis Abrams & Co., at 1 Union Square, by Frank Weil for $250. Judgments were entered against Abrams and Louis Abrams. Judge Garvin has appointed Joseph Weiner receiver in bond of $1,000.

LOUIS BRUN—A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Louis Brun, individually and as proprietor, trading as Louis Brun, Tuscarora Dress and Cloak Co., and Tuscarora Dress and Cloak Co., by Louis & Schlesinger, Attorneys for Louis Brun, Tuscarora Dress and Cloak Co., and Tuscarora Dress and Cloak Co., Inc., by Louis & Schlesinger, Attorneys for Louis Brun, Tuscarora Dress and Cloak Co., and Tuscarora Dress and Cloak Co., Inc.

THE NEWARK ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.—Against Electric Light and Power Company, 112 Market Street, Newark, by Charles H. Smith, Jr., for $1,000. Liabilities are about $5,000; assets about $1,000.

CLAYTON A. SUMNER, creditor, 405 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,000 and assets of $1,000. Judge Garvin has appointed Louis J. Cassidenti receiver in bond of $500.

Receivers Appointed.

HERMAN LAUFFENANT AND FELIX CHEDDIER—Judge Knox yesterday appointed Oscar S. H. Dreyer receiver for the bankrupts, at 31 Whitehall Street. Judgments of $1,000 and over, $1,000; assets about $1,000. Liabilities not given; assets about $1,000.

GIRARD CHOCOLATE COMPANY, INC.—Judge Knox yesterday appointed Morris T. Ely ancillary receiver for the Girard Chocolate Company, Inc., of 470 Wyoming Avenue, Brooklyn, under $1,000 bond. The company has assets of the value of about $1,000 in Manhattan.

WILCOX WAIST STORE—Judge Knox yesterday appointed Benjamin Hillman receiver for Miss Schaefer, doing business as the Modern Waist Store, at 1367 Broadway, under $1,000 bond. Liabilities are about $10,000; assets about $5,000.

SHEINBAUM & PEIPERSBERG—Judge Knox yesterday appointed Joseph T. Shapiro receiver for Sheinbaum & Peipersberg, bankrupts, at 1 and 3 West 125th Street, under $1,000 bond. Liabilities are about $10,000 and assets about $5,000.

NATIONAL CEREAL & FOOD PRODUCTS CO.—Justice Garvin has appointed Walter S. Gifford receiver in bond of $1,000 in the case of Commercial C. D. & C. Co., Inc., and National Cereal & Food Products Co.

Voluntary Filed.

U.S. METAL SALES CO., INC., of 292 Madison Avenue, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, showing liabilities of $22,326, and assets of $1,000, made up of accounts, $1,000; stock, $1,000. Principal creditors listed are Metal Goods Corp., $1,000; H. H. Rand Co., Inc., $1,000; Lewis, Conger, Bell, Inc., Chas. H. Augustine, $1,000; Independent Metal Co., $1,000.

JOHN PHELPS & CO., drapers in front of 233 Washington Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, before Hamilton of $27,382, and assets of $27,382. Principal creditors listed are accounts, $10,000 and embroidered cotton, $1,000. Principal creditors listed are United States, $1,000 for taxes for 1922; Dr. Thomas A. Edison, Inc., $1,000; Hills Bros. Co., $10,000; Connelly Iron Co., $1,000; Prest-O-Lite Co., $1,000; Independent Pneumatic Tool Co., $1,000.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, Jan. 22—Abraham Wunder of Albany filed a petition in bankruptcy in Federal Court today, with liabilities of $12,000, and no assets.

Joseph Weiner, real estate and insurance dealer of Utica, filed a petition in bankruptcy today in Federal Court here, with liabilities of $100,000 and no assets.

Max Wasserman, grocer and commission dealer, filed a petition, with liabilities of $10,000 and no assets. The bankruptcy is the direct result of S. Wunder & Sons Commercial Company, a bankrupt.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22—The Victory Manufacturing Company today filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $48,292 and assets of $40,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

Aaron, Louis—E. Aaron $1,326.48
Aaro Bros. Inc.—A. Wilson $1,000.00
Albert—Cohen Textile Co., Inc. ..... Unsatisfied
Amusement Supply of New York $250.00
Alfred J. Berg vs. Automobile Co., Inc., and Alfred J. Higgins—Sheriff of Washington Heights $1,076.00
Adler, A. Bloch—L. B. Wiener $1,000.00
Arnold, Harry A.—Ann $1,000.00
Arnold, Harry E.—E. F. Lawrence $1,000.00
Bradley, Arthur E.—E. A. Adams $1,000.00
Bradley Underwear Mercantile Agency, N.Y. Inc.—Domestic Lumber Corporation $1,000.00
Bradshaw, Arthur L.—Lord & Taylor $1,000.00
Brady, Eliz.—L. C. Bloch $1,000.00
Brennan, Lawrence, trustee—Bloch $1,000.00
Cohen, Harry A.—P. J. Verdi $1,000.00
Cornelius, Jacob—A. Cohn $1,000.00
Cornelius, A. Phelps—A. Cohn $1,000.00
Cornelius, P. C.—Fischer Hill Golf Club, Inc. $1,000.00
Cox, Lucien, Inspector—Secretary of State of New York $1,000.00
Cramer, Abbe E.—C. $1,000.00
Cromwell Shoe, Inc.—C. Bagnall et al. $1,000.00
Cubellon, Elie, X. and James E. Cubellon—Cubellon Bank Co.—R. V. Hoagland $1,000.00
Dance, Jane $1,000.00
Davis, Albert S.—Lord & Taylor $1,000.00
Davis, David and Mary—W. Hoag $1,000.00
Decree Price $1,000.00
De Lorenzo, Bruno, and Chas. $1,000.00
Denoff Co. of N.Y.—People & $1,000.00
Dietrich, Charles—F. Hamm $1,000.00
Di Prisi, Jules or John—E. E. Russell $1,000.00
Dixon, Wm. C.—Kansas Investing Syndicate, Inc. $1,000.00
Dolan, Inc. $1,000.00
Dorfman Terminals Co., Inc.—Bronx-Dorfman Terminals Co. of N. Y. $1,000.00
Fidelity Cab Co.—C. E. & E. S. Cab, Inc. $1,000.00
Ford, Harry and Aurelious L.—Smith, Inc. $1,000.00
Fraser, Harry—E. E. Hann & Co., Inc. $1,000.00
Frank, Harris—L. S. Fuller $1,000.00
Gerstman, Herman—Bond of Director, Corp. $1,000.00
Gilmore, William, Howard E. F. Smith and Wm. L. Gilmore—Gilmore Bros. & Co. $1,000.00
Goodman, Aaron—Gibbs Specialty Co., Inc. $1,000.00
Gordon, Morris, J.—A. Fred Co. $1,000.00
Gutman, Daniel—E. Greenberg et al. $1,000.00
Gwin, Christian L.—Walker Motors, Inc. $1,000.00
Hagan $1,000.00
Hagan, Andrew—J. Rosen $1,000.00
Hanson, Harris—Paul Gardner, Inc. $1,000.00
Hanson, Harris—Paul Gardner & Son $1,000.00
Hoffer, Harry—New Amsterdam Co. $1,000.00
Holly Co.—People, A. $1,000.00
Hoo, Martin C.—E. L. Sherman $1,000.00
H. V. Pelze & Co., Inc.—A. Schaefer & Co. $1,000.00
Hoppe, Fred.—A. S. Schaefer Co. $1,000.00
Industrial Ins. Co. of North America and Arthur Dixon—Dixon, Jr. $1,000.00
Jacobs, Perla and Perla Bros. Inc.—Jacobs Bros. $1,000.00
Jacobson, Jacob—E. H. Brown $1,000.00
Kaufmann, Alfred, Gerhard Simon and Lina Gut, trading as Kaufmann Bros. $1,000.00
Kenner, Inc.—A. Tarlow & Co., Inc. $1,000.00
Kent, Jacob—S. Gross $1,000.00
Kirby, Allen & Co. of N. Y.—Kirby, Allen & Co. $1,000.00
Klein, Achille—Engravers Inc. Co. $1,000.00
Kline, Catherine—Gil Wax Gift Shop, Inc. $1,000.00
Kobrinsky Stevedoring Co.—Progress Stevedoring Co. $1,000.00
Kosenkoff, Thomas De Harton, Inc. $1,000.00
Kosenkoff, Spiro and Flora Bessinger—Kosenkoff $1,000.00
Kramer, Max—Kramer Express Co., Inc. $1,000.00
Kraus Dress Lines—P. Barber $1,000.00
Kraus, William—Barnes Paris Products Co., Inc. $1,000.00
Kuhlmann, Walter D.—E. C. Schaefer $1,000.00
Lange-Gorman, William—Barnes Paris Products Co., Inc. $1,000.00
Lehmann—Hermann W. Barnes $1,000.00
Levy, Albert I.—Industrial Co. State N. Y. $1,000.00
Lieber, Samuel—H. Bender $1,000.00
Lieberman, Walter—A Goldsmith et al. $1,000.00
Manhattan Trading Co. $1,000.00
Manufacturers Trust Co. $1,000.00
Marcus, Jacob—D. W. Gregory $1,000.00
Marcus, Peter, Sanitary Co., Inc.—Hall & Co. $1,000.00
Marcus, Samuel—F. Kaufmann $1,000.00
Marquis Gas Co.—E. E. Thompson et al. $1,000.00
Mayer, Edward C. and—E. D. Whitehead $1,000.00
Meyer, Philip—H. Harvey $1,000.00
Mitchell, Frank—Hoffman $1,000.00
Mitchell, Samuel—Mitchell $1,000.00
Mitchell Vocational School, Inc.—Mitchell $1,000.00
Mitchell, Richard Dee—Hoffman $1,000.00
Mitchell Realty Co.—Mitchell $1,000.00
Mitchell, Chas. Edward Realty Co.—Mitchell $1,000.00
Mitchell, Louis—Arthur Mfg. Merrill Co., Inc. $1,000.00
Mitchell, Louis—Mitchell $1,000.00
Mitchell, W. Hoffman Trucking Co. $1,000.00
Mitchell, Wm. J.—National Importers Co. $1,000.00
Mitchell, Wm. J.—National Importers Co. $1,000.00
Mitchell Building Corp. $1,000.00

In Bronx County.

Eisenstein, Leon—J. Lehman $1,000.00
Finkelstein, Frederick—W. B. Martin, Inc. $1,000.00
Compton, Jacob—J. Bagnall $1,000.00
Cook, Wm. W. et al. $1,000.00
Cooper, Wm. W. et al. $1,000.00
Cornelius $1,000.00
Cornelius, Jacob—E. Phelps $1,000.00
Cornelius, Jacob—E. Phelps $1,000.00
Cornelius, Jacob—E. Phelps

EDISON TEST SIMPLE FOR THESE WOMEN

Never Say "I Can't Tell You" to Persons Who Are Seeking Information.

PAID TO ANSWER QUERIES

Forty-Three in Score of Cities Ready to Arrange a Honeymoon or Purchase of a Zoo.

Scattered about in a score of the larger cities there are at these United States forty-three young women who would "earn the honor of Thomas A. Edison and confirm his belief, should any confirmation be necessary, that a college education and efficiency are not bound but merely chance relations. They would pass an Edison examination with a 100 per cent. mark and answer questions that would stump this stickler for practical knowledge. Their business is answering any and all questions that are fired at them, and their boast is that they always have a direct answer, or one that will solve the problem confronting the questioner. In some cities there are three of them, in others two, and in others one, and their habitat is a hotel or a department store. The sign over their desk reads "Ask Mr. Foster Service."

Their primary duty, the first object of their service, is to furnish information about travel, either at home or abroad. If you are intending to spend the Winter in California and are fussy about conforming your clothing to climatic conditions on the Pacific Coast they will give you thermometer and barometer readings for any month of the year and the weight, texture, material and cost of the apparel best adapted to meet the changes. They will also tell you where to buy it.

They will map out for you a trip from Saskatchewan, Sir., to Medicine Hat, Alberta, reserve your hotel rooms for every stop you may want to make, give you a schedule of hotel rates and the floor location of southern exposure rooms, tell you where you can board with horse cooking, the distance from your stopping place to the shopping center, what car lines to take to get there, the names of the Pullman cars which have sections or ebony porters (if you have a preference), and whether or not there is butter on the bread of the sandwiches at the railroad station restaurants.

You simply say, "I'm from Kansas, Sandpoint and I want to go to Alberta." They tell you when to call for your tickets and hand them to you with a schedule of your itinerary.

Or, if you wish to make a trip to Europe, the procedure is the same. You ask a puzzling question and they do the rest. They will tell you what color of spats are the best form in Piccadilly and what song is Paris will supply you with the latest vaudeville hearts. They will tell you how many francs you get for a gold dollar will pay at the exact moment you inquire, and if you insist on going to Russia and are curious as to the number of hairs in a muzik's chin dragonette they will give you an average approximation.

Groups Exchange Information.

They are verbal Baedekers and they are always up to date. They will tell you when to wear flannels at Monte Carlo, and the sizes in which union suits are sold in Vienna. They have at their inquirer's end an analysis of London fog and the Egyptian dynasties represented in the mummy population of the British Museum. They will get rooms for you in a Swiss chalet in Tyrol, a lodging house at Hammersmith, or an apartment in a remodeled castle in Angora, or rent a tent for you under the lions of the Sahara.

They acquire their information at first hand. One group of them will start from the Pacific Coast for the White Mountain resorts, another from Boston for the Pacific Coast, others from New York for the Winter resorts. They are in touch every day or so, by mail, telegraph or with a time table report for all information which could by any chance be required, missed or valid in the traveling line. This information is recorded and exchanged among the groups, so that each person has access to them disseminated to the different stations and imparted as required.

Just supplying this sort of information, while it is their principal business, is only a small part of the service they perform. Their motto is "the customer is never the wrong question," and to their efforts to live up to it they go far afield from the regions of travel. For example, the young woman who is "Mr. Foster" at Bamberger's, Newark, N. J., the other day was called to the telephone by a woman occupying a room on the seventeenth floor, who wanted to know the rate for rooms on that floor. The card on the inside of your door gives you the rates," was the reply, "that the higher up you want the more you pay."

On the day before the Harvard-Princeton football game a patron rushed to "Mr. Foster" desk and inquired what kind of a costume would be likely to have a vogue at the game.

"Some," he was told, "there isn't a hard rooter to be had."

"What shall I do?" he fumed, "I have my ticket and I must see that game."

The resigned the address of a private house where he could obtain a room for the night for $10.

"But that's robbery," he exclaimed.

"Might as well give up."

"But why not go to Providence?" was suggested. "There's room there, and you are only an hour from Boston."

Simple and obvious, but he hadn't thought of it. That's what these young women are trained to do—see the answer when seems so difficult and yet is so commonplace when it is found.

Not so long ago a department worried people approached and, after much bemoaning and bawling, inquired about a trip to Canada. The astute president of information, accustomed to mad executive orders, the accuracy of a psychologist, knew that this trip was to be a honeymoon. But she was surprised, when the first ultimatum issued from the fiancé in the form of the question, "How would arrangements in New York do about it as a honeymoon?" Mr. Foster was only aware that she was not selling advertising or equipment, "Mr. Foster" not only gave the required information, but arranged for the ceremony at a church, saw that modest decorations were provided, and stopped over the honeymoon.

Help Miss Fixed Mother.

"Where can I find my mother?" asked an excited young man. "I've lost her."

Then said Service supervisor at the mechanism of traffic at the Grand Central Station. "Then she stands in New York." the woman at the desk said, and the bewildered found the missing parent at the home of one of them.

"Where can I buy a number?" asked a woman, in the presence of an attendant who was given to jocularity. A man wanted a particular brand of Scotch, somewhat of a rarity in New York these days. So who that where to make purchase etc. A Pittsburgh woman wanted a line for Texas in that region. Mr. Foster" wheedled and he could get one. He was directed to the proper address and told how to ship his collection when he had it assembled.

Tales of an evening a much-flustered inquirer wanted over the week end and

"Where can I get some red fire? It's a matter of life and death." I am in the medical service and we are leaving on a special train. There's a man in the car who is dying due to lead poisoning and unless we can get some red fire at once he will have passed away before the landing field in New York is reached."

Service was given in this instance, also in the case of the man who wanted to know "Is there a church in the city closed."

"Why that way the Republican Party Ended" was the answer. "They've gone to three Chinese signal towers there."

The husband of four children for a summer, and then bagged the Turkish bath, wanting the further data regarding there was an unoccupied house for rent.

The couple from St. Louis asked a lot of questions about exactly what kind of a property it was. Finally they said, on handing it somewhat timid, agreed, disappointingly, that he couldn't help them out. "But what is it you want to be helped about?" they were asked.

"Well, mother and I thought we would like to adopt a child," said the couple. "The idea came to us the other night while we were watching some city youngsters playing about the lobby, and we thought we might take one home with us."

"That's not difficult," they were answered, and the machinery which fulfilled their desire in a few days was at once set in motion.

The lobster's nose who wants to send his family to a Summer resort without consuming distances of his office can get all the information he needs, as can the gentleman who is looking for a Riviera manner, a cure bath, an old master or a health-mud bath. The citizen of the Antipodes who wants to see at the longest end of the answer provider and the Septuagint in a strange city will receive ready to be directed to the nearest "Here" to hold here to reach "There" to be told how to reach "There" without golf courses and the poems or beauties of its sudden.

At Western Stanford with millions invested in oil fields and mines gave information which he deemed unobtainable, just to test her. He got it. He tried again, and lost. She is now his secretary, and her salary runs into five figures.

There is no charge for the information these women give, or for the trouble they take to alleviate the worries of bewildered seekers and careless bridegrooms.

"What puts salaries?" you ask.

"Ask Mr. Foster."

STEAMBOAT SERVICE WORK.

Total Number of Lives Lost Last Year Was 266.

The United States Steamboat Inspection Service, a bureau of the Department of Commerce, has, in its primary duty or function, the administration of the laws of the United States enacted for the purpose of safeguarding the lives of passengers on steamboats and other vessels engaged in maritime transportation. In the performance of this important function, the service is chiefly engaged in three types of work: (1) The inspection of the hulls, machinery and equipment of vessels of the merchant marine of the United States made subject to such inspection by acts of Congress; (2) the licensing of the officers and certificating of the crews of such vessels. (3) The conduct of trials and investigations to ascertain violations of the steamboat-inspection laws and of the rules and regulations for their proper administration. The work of the service is by this branch of the Government, serves that quantity of good made public in a report issued from Washington.

The force inspected and certificated during the year, with a total gross tonnage of 11,818,57, of which 1,750 were of steam vessels, with a total gross tonnage of 10,227,207, and 107 were for motor vessels, with a total gross tonnage of 2,591,220. Of the steam vessels, 1,643 were for freight and passenger service, with a total gross tonnage of 9,636,987. There were 107 steam vessels examined for the first time, with a total gross tonnage of 2,800,220. Of the motorship vessels, there were 1,466 steam vessels, there were 284 barges and 107 were for freight and passenger service, with a total gross tonnage of 2,591,220. In the total gross tonnage of vessels inspected as compared with the previous fiscal year there were 400 cargo vessels examined to carry persons in addition to crew, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 20, 1918. Letters of approval or changes of hulls, engines and other machinery were granted to thirty-one new boats. There were inspected for the United States Government, fifty-six hulls and 1,840 boilers. There were 2,391 re-inspections of steam vessels, under the provisions of law.

Licenses were issued to 38,648 officers of all grades. There were examined for visual defects 1,877 applicants for licenses of various grades. Seventeen were found color blind or with other vision defects and refused licenses. Certificates of service were issued to 31,339 able seamen, and 824 ordinary seamen. Certificates of efficiency were issued to 21,886 lifeboat men, and 8,453 firemen.

Steps were taken for the examination of various boilers by the number of 2,129 were inspected at the mills, and a large amount of other boiler material was inspected. There were examined and tested 300,984 new lift preservers, of which number 1,272 were rejected. There were 3,981 lifeboats and 1,184 inspected, of which number two were rejected. There were inspected 4,333 life rafts, of which number 238 were rejected. There were inspected at the factories 1,000 life buoys, of which number four were rejected. There were inspected and approved at factories eighty-seven new life rafts, all of which passed. There were tested by firing 302 line-carrying guns, all of which passed.

The total number of seamen employed in the trade in 1922 was 250. The total number of lives lost was 266, of which ninety-five were passengers. Of the lives lost, 178 were from suicide, accidental drowning and other causes incident, leaving a loss of eighty-eight by fire, foundering, collision, stranding, explosion, contact, thunderbolt etc. There was a decrease of sixty-four in the number of lives lost as compared with the previous fiscal year. The number of persons on board vessels involved in casualties was 10,885. There were involved on vessels operated by law to make a report of the number of passengers carried. Dividing this number by ninety-five, the total number of passengers lost above their 2,467,332 passengers were carried the said passengers lost.

HUMAN EFFICIENCY.

An Explanation of Some of the Facts That Influence It.

In his presidential address before the Section of Physiology at the Hull meeting of the British Association, E. P. Cathcart of Glasgow called attention to the importance of distinguishing clearly between mechanical or muscular efficiency, and industrial or productive efficiency. In discussing of human production, according to The Journal of the American Medical Association. Both features involve physiologic factors, so that they are fundamentally related. The proportion of energy converted into mechanical efficiency in the various work in the case of the commercially trained men often been measured under a variety of conditions of performance.

Generally speaking, says the writer, the efficiency with which work is done increases with the energy expenditure is about 25 per cent. Industrial efficiency involves something more—usually a consideration of the output. Some of these aspects of human endeavor can be investigated scientifically from the standpoint of motion study, as developed by Gilbreth, and of fatigue study, as developed by Josiah Stamp. Others involve the application of psychologic principles, as in the case of the selection of workers, and the determination of the engineering, and of the physi

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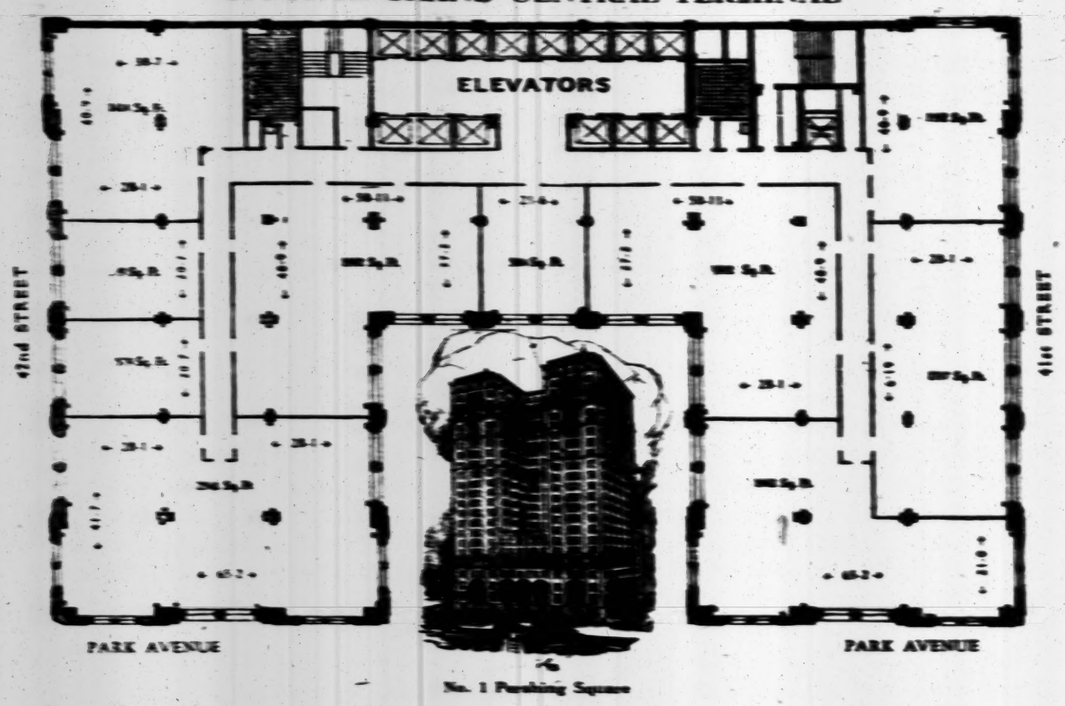

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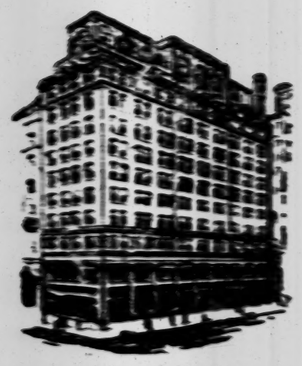

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1000 Ft.	2 rooms	2400
1200 Ft.	3 rooms, unfurnished	2400
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Desirable Corner Space, 2,064 Sq. Ft.
10 Windows
Excellent Light and Air
Possession Feb. 1st, 1923
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.
ASSOCIATES
STEPHEN H. TYNG, JR., & CO.
12 East 44th Street Murray Hill 1100

1115 BROADWAY
S. W. Cor. 25th St.
Facing Madison Square

Unusual Loft
In Most Desirable Section
Entire Top (12th) Floor
21,000 sq. ft.

Light on all sides. 9 elevators, additional entrances from 24th & 25th Sts. for passengers and freight

Possession February 1st, 1923

M. J. WHITTALL ASSOCIATES
Tel. Lexington 2730 295 Fifth Ave.

Osann Building

245 7th Ave.
N. E. Cor. 26th
8th and 10th lofts available for rent from
February 1st

Each floor contains 6,600 sq. ft. and has light on four sides. Building is modern in every respect, has two passenger elevators, one freight elevator and modern sprinkler system.

Rent $6,500 per Floor

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar St.
Tel. John 5700

Offices 100 & 104 5th Ave. N. W. Cor. 15th St.
& Showrooms
250 to 1,200 Sq. Ft.
Single Offices
$55 to $75 Per Month & Up
Double Rooms
$80 to $850 Per Month & Up
All space desirable spaces in modern high class fireproof buildings.
LOFT
One Entire Floor, 6,500 Sq. Ft.
Basement, 11,000 Sq. Ft.
Available for mercantile, storage or manufacturing purposes.
Apply on Premises to
Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co., Inc.
100 FIFTH AVENUE
Watkins 6867
BROKERS PROTECTED

LOFTS SHOWROOMS

15-19 E. 26 Running through to 10-14 E. 27th ST.
Modern 20 Story Office and Loft Building Facing Madison Square Park
Exceptionally Desirable Space
ALSO CHOICE OFFICES
Available Feb. 1st
Applicants may have offices designed to their own requirements
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
ALSO 11-12-13th FLOORS
With 16,800 Sq. Ft. Per Floor
POSSESSION FEB. 1ST
100% Sprinklered, Modernistic Front.
Apply Mr. HERTER, LENOX 9000

Large and Small Offices and Lofts For Rent

147 E. 125TH ST.
N. E. COR. LEXINGTON AVE.
Second floor particularly suitable for Dentist.
Must be seen to be appreciated.
CHARLES A. ADRIAN
2270 Broadway. Tel. Endicott 2840

LARGE BASEMENT

11,500 SQ. FT.
73x160—13 ft. ceiling
Will Divide
SUITABLE FOR
Restaurant,
Storage or Manufacturing
Ventilating System, Sprinklers, Steam Heat, &c.
APPLY ON PREMISES TO
Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co., Inc.
100 FIFTH AVENUE
Watkins 6867
BROKERS PROTECTED

FINANCIAL & SHIPPING DISTRICT

Large plot in the financial and shipping district, available for immediate improvement with a modern office building. Owners might help finance.

EDWARD J. HOGAN
Woolworth Building
Barclay 3253 New York City

OFFICES FOR
DOCTORS AND DENTISTS
CLUNY PROFESSIONAL BUILDING
133 West 72nd St.
SIDE SUPERINTENDENT

COLUMBUS CIRCLE OFFICES SHOW ROOMS
Huberth & Huberth
No. 2 Columbus Circle
Phone 5940 Circle

EIGHTH FLOOR
15,000 sq. ft.
4 SMALLER UNITS
320 to 2,880 sq. ft.

Ashland Building
315 FOURTH AVE.
(S. E. Corner 24th St.)

One of the best locations in the city, with every convenience. 6 passenger elevators—4 freight. Sprinkler equipped. Non-manufacturing building.

Eighth Floor (Entire)—15,000 Sq. Ft.		
Room 1712—	320 Sq. Ft.	$1,080
Rooms 1802-3—	2090 Sq. Ft.	$3,750
Room 1809—	867 Sq. Ft.	$2,250
Room 1808—	1352 Sq. Ft.	$3,000

Possession Feb. 1, 1923
BROKERS PROTECTED
MAX N. NATANSON
522 Fifth Avenue
Vanderbilt 8586

4TH AVE.—432
N. W. Cor. 29th St.
Modern 16-Story Office Building
Offices & Showrooms
All Front Space
From 600-1300 Sq. Ft.
ONE ENTIRE FLOOR
80 x 108—No manufacturing
100% sprinklered—Possession Feb. 1st
Inquire of Sup't or
Phone Lenox 9000, Mr. Herter

FOR RENT
Lofts & Showrooms
For Light Manufacturing
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
648 Broadway
Supt. on premises or
J. Romaine Brown Co.,
20 E. 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 1100

Loft For Rent
40x100
9-10 W. 13th St., adjoining 5th Av. Passenger and Freight Elevators and Steam—Fine light—low rent.
ADAMS & CO.
Full Commission to Brokers.

Offices for Rent
Haskins & Sells Building
37 W. 39 Street
200 TO 1720 SQ. FEET
REASONABLE RENTALS
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
INQUIRE ROOM 200.

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491 BROADWAY
Store and Basement.
Warren & Shillin, 38 Park Row

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED
75,000 to 100,000 Sq. Ft.
IN BROOKLYN
Building Must Be Sprinklered
Convenient to Subway.
Immediate possession.
THOENS & FLAUNACHER
Incorporated
25 West 33rd Street
Phone Pennsylvania 3241

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

100% Newark Factory
For Sale—Low Price

OVER 115,000 sq. ft. 6-story reinforced concrete building. Daylight on all sides. Best modern equipment—sprinkler, passenger elevator, freight elevator. Splendid location for shipping, labor and convenience. Sacrificed way under replacement cost. Will consider renting. Call up

FEIST & FEIST, Sole Agents
250 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Market 5073

MORTGAGE LOANS

WE HAVE FUNDS TO INVEST
In 2d mortgages on 1, 2 and 3-family houses, Brooklyn, low rate.
EQUITY MORTGAGE CO. (INVESTORS), Cortlandt 4258. 92 Nassau St.

FIRST and second mortgages, money to loan, any amount, on all type of property; reasonable rate. Adlyper & Black, 1440 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 2090.

FIRST and second mortgages; reasonable charges. Durnan Co., 261 Broadway. Barclay 3558.

HAVE $25,000 to loan at 7%% in Greater New York; will divide. Attorney, 302 Times Downtown.

WE have clients who will purchase or finance well located, suitable first-class garages, apartments, hotels and Lofts. Francis Mahon, Inc., 20 West 34th. Phone 3894.

MONEY to loan on first and second mortgages; any amount, large or small. Apply 202 Butler Bldg., 241 Broadway.

MORTGAGE MONEY—City and country; 1st and 2d. Burke Bonn, Inc., 41 East 42d.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

WANTED to lease or purchase small farm on main highway, commuting distance; modern house necessary. C-488 Times.

HOUSES.
Manhattan For Sale.

25TH, 25 EAST—Private house for sale, $37,000; east side, in the 60s. Gallatin, Van Vechten & Morrison. Madison Square 6337.

706 West Riverside—Unusually artistic modern dwelling; great bargain. Murray Hill 4870.

80TH, 242 WEST—3-story dwelling, parquet floors, electricity; price right. Caretaker.

110TH, 222 WEST—4-story house, 11 rooms, 2 baths; vacant; sale or rent. Lenox Av. subway station, corner.

157TH ST. AND PARK TERRACE WEST—For sale, 2 new 2-family houses, 11 rooms, and 2-car garage; two blocks west of Broadway on 155th St.; west side subway, 157th St. station, one block from Jahnen Park and overlooking the Hudson; reasonable and easy terms.

WEST 90S—Four-story and basement, near Central Park West; 20-footer; price $28,000; cash $5,000. Chas. K. Cluley & Co., 129 West 72d St.

PRIVATE HOUSES
On West End Av., Riverside Drive and adjacent streets. At low prices, and easy terms.
Some altered into small apartments suitable for rooming house purposes, at particularly attractive prices.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 342 W. 72D ST.

PRIVATE house, 34th St., West side; 4-story and basement, 11 rooms, strictly private block. Geo. Mayer, 172 2d Av.

HOUSES
Manhattan For Sale.

FEW doors from Central Park, 4-story and basement private dwelling; 20x100, in perfect condition; modern improvements; can be purchased furnished or unfurnished; price $24,000; cash $6,000. Coughlin & Co., Inc., 249 West 72d.

FOUR-STORY and basement, West 70s, twelve large rooms, three baths, electric lights, free and clear; asking $25,000; easy terms. Chas. K. Cluley & Co., Inc., 129 West 72d St., Columbus 1710.

CHEAPEST house in the West 70s; steam heat, electric lights; price $20,000; small amount of cash. Chas. K. Cluley & Co., 129 West 72d.

PRIVATE HOUSES, furnished and unfurnished, 12-14 rooms; good locations; $3-4,000-$20,000; easy terms. Wieboldt, 192 Lafayette.

Manhattan For Rent.

107TH bet. 4th-5th Avs.—Remodeled house; upper floors as apartments; stores below; $50,000 year; long lease. Ellerman, 27 West 42d.

CHELSEA SECTION—Three block two 4-story connecting houses, containing 35 rooms, 3 baths; 21-year lease; ideal for clubs or hotel or furnished room house; $2,500 net returns. Young, 323 High Street, Yonkers. Phone 3221 Yonkers.

LOWER EAST 70s—For rent, century American basement, short or long lease. Calhoun, Van Vechten & Morrison, 27 East 28th St. Tel. Madison Square 4277.

LENGERS—Have several attractive properties to offer. Browning, 75 West 81st St.

Continued on Following Page.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET

Jackson Heights

22 Minutes from 42nd St. Subway Station
New Elevator Garden Apartments
5 to 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths
Tenant-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms Artist and Business References Required
Children's Playgrounds, Golf, Tennis, etc.
Take Subway to Grand Central, Transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th Street (Jackson Heights) Station—(Office Opposite Station)
By Motor—59th via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.
The Queensboro Corporation
Showroom Office—50 East 42nd St. Telephone, Murray Hill 7097

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300 West End Avenue
Northeast Corner 74th Street
12 Rooms and 4 Baths
Corner Apartment, Southern Exposure
Immediate Possession
Apply on Premises or
Mark Rafalsky & Company
23 EAST 40TH STREET. Telephone Vanderbilt 2027

Ready This Month
39 Fifth Av.
Bet. 10th and 11th Sts.
New 14 Story Fireproof Building
LIVING ROOM
BEDROOM
SERVING PANTRY
and BATH
$2,200—$3,000
Unfurnished
Apply on premises or
Bing & Bing
Corporation
119 West 40th Street
Pennsylvania 4480

Just Completed
Ready for Occupancy February 1st
High Class Elevator Apartments
Arrowhead Arms
276-286 Haven Ave.
Bet. 172th and 173th Sts. Overlooking Palisades and Hudson River.
A few steps walk to 181st St. Subway. One of the finest apartment houses on Washington Heights, containing every modern appointment.
At Rents Impossible to Duplicate.
3-4-5 Large Rooms
Rental $75 to $130
Agent on premises Daily and Sunday.

Unfurnished—East Side.

151 E. 80th St.
North East Cor. Lexington Ave.
New 13-Story Fireproof Building
IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
3-4-5 Rooms
1-2 Baths
Wood Burning Fireplaces
$1700 to $2950
All 3 & 4 Room Apartments Rented
A few 5 Room Apartments Still Available
Some Rented Furnished If Desired
Agents
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
15 East 49th Street
Plaza 9200
GRESHAM REALTY CO., Inc.
582 Fifth Avenue
Or Your Own Broker

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290 Park Ave.
Apartment for Sale

11th Floor, facing Park Ave., one of the finest apartments in the building. Owner, by an estate, must be sold; exceptional terms arranged. Shown by appointment only.

HORACE G. KNOWLES
Murray Hill 8194. 342 Madison Ave.

Unfurnished—East Side.

114 E. 40th St.
New Apartment—Near Park Ave.
2 & 3 ROOMS
WITH KITCHENETTE
2 Doctors' offices with separate entrances.
RENTALS $1,000—$2,250
Renting Agent on Premises
Consult your own broker or
FRENCH & FRENCH, Inc., Agents,
350 Madison Ave., at 45th St.
Tel. Vanderbilt 3237

Unfurnished—West Side.

Non-Housekeeping Suites of
3 ROOMS
Overlooking Central Park
ELDORADO
Central Pk. West, Cor. 91st St.
AN APARTMENT HOTEL
WITH ROOF GARDEN RESTAURANT
An unusually desirable residential location. Maid and porter service included. Rented from high treasurer here advertising, all conveniences of a private home with unrestricted service.
Exceptionally Attractive Prices.
SHARP & CO.
Bryant 8161 Tel. 3020 Bryant.

In the Elite Plaza Section
Apartments De Luxe
Splendidly Appointed
Superior Service
36 W. 59th St. Central Park South
2 to 5 Rooms and 2 Baths.
$2,400 to $4,000.
47 East 57th St.
2 Rooms and Bath, $1,400 to $2,200.
RESIDENT MANAGER ON
Huberth & Huberth
2 Columbus Circle Phone Circle 4800

New High Class Elevator Apartments
NOW READY
860-870 West 181st St.
Overlooking Riverside—Hudson—Palisades
3-4-5-6 Rooms $75 to $105
TELEPHONE BILLINGS 9874, or
Nehring Brothers 60 St. Nicholas Ave. Cor. 183rd St.

THE ROGER MORRIS
Elevator Apartments
FOUR ROOMS
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
400 WEST 160th ST.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS
Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations.
PHONE WADSWORTH 6700.

94th St., 321 West
YEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High-Class Elevator Apartment.
4 & 5 Light Rooms and Bath $1200-$1600
Front Apartments, Southern Exposure.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

HOUSES

Continued From Preceding Page.

Bronx, For Sale.

$1,250 CASH.
Detached, Colonial, Arch., 5-family, rent $870; these 5 rooms apartments; owner lives; must be sold at once; or will trade for 2 family house; rent not over $1,250; Bronx or Manhattan. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

NEAR Concourse (1,000): corner brick, 6% INC.; exclusive modern corner dwelling; 10 rms., garage; price $22,500; might consider exchange; this offering only. White Owner, 2,000 Grand Av.

TWO-FAMILY TAX EXEMPT.
Brick, 2 story, detached; 3-car garage; lot runs through to Grand Concourse; under $10,000. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse.

BARGAIN—Two-family house; buy this and live rent free. Columbus 4134.

Brooklyn For Sale.

TWO-FAMILY BRICK, 12 rooms, all improvements, detached, well arranged, in the heart of Flatbush; suitable for physician; Prospect Park within 5 minutes walk; $12,500. Apply to owner, M. Schapiro, 1,211 Avenue J, Brooklyn.

Long Island For Sale.

BALDWIN, Prospect, Rockville Centre, Oceanside Place & Co., Baldwin, L. I., near depot. Phone 2 Prospect 1000.

GREAT NECK, DOUGLASTON, BAYSIDE. Our listings of superior homes are very complete; let us know your requirements. I. V. MAXWELL, 12 East 22d St. Madison Square 9000. New York 10.

NORTH SHORE—Among the hills magnificent country estate, 10-acre, beautifully furnished, for sale or rental; half value; to close an estate. 2 2100 Times Annex.

A BARGAIN EXCEPTIONAL.
High-class stucco Bronx section of 1 acre; 2 story and attic 9-room house; attractive old Colonial house at hilltop; 12 rooms, 4 baths, hot water heat, fireplaces, 2-car garage; large shade trees, lawns, wonderful view; convenient and large apartment opportunity; $42,500; terms; premises value at Manhattan. For particulars and photos apply to FRANCIS P. DILLARD, 47 West 34th St. Phone Pitcher 4040.

Long Island For Rent.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
For rent, beautiful new brick house, 7 rooms, 4 baths, garage; best residential, real to refuse. Phone Boulevard 6400 or call 31 Dyer St.

GREAT NECK BARGAIN.
House, Arcadia Road, Kensington, 9 rooms, 3 baths, garage; $85.00 must be sold. Inform Klewin, 342 Madison Av.

NEW GARDENS, 20 minutes from Penn. Station; Station, Stratford, Avenue; house; 7 rooms; 2 baths; hot water heat; coal garage. Call Parkwood 3111 10-6.

NEW GARDENS—Furnished 4-room house; 2 baths; hot water heat; all modern improvements. Call Parkwood 3111 10-6.

Westchester For Sale.

MOUNT VERNON BARGAINS.
One and two family houses, easy terms; 2 Block CP, Highland Av., Mount Vernon.

NEW ROCHELLE—A beautiful home, 10 rooms, 3 baths; hot water heat, open fireplaces, 2½ acres of land; 1-car garage with chauffeur's living quarters; price for quick sale $1,600. Home 2 Palmer rd Orchard St., Harrison, N. Y. Telephone Harrison 1000.

PLEASANTVILLE properties for rent and for sale. Archer, 31 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1000.

RYE—Compact, little country home, 2 bedrooms, 1 maid's room, 2 baths, 2 servants' rooms and bath; about ½ acre of ground; all conditions; shade; residential district; in fine order; $16,000; a lot of money and attractive terms to the right party; owner must sacrifice; leaving for Europe. A. Sherman, 42 East 42d St. Murray Hill 3870.

HOME BEAUTIFUL.
A beauty with creation of 6 rooms and bath, within sight of station and overlooking picturesque valley; owner must sacrifice; garage built in; corner plot 60x100; modern improvements; only $9,000; terms arranged. Victoria Annex Realty Corp., 1 Madison Av. Phone Madison Square 9000.

STONE STUCCO, SEVEN-FAMILY HOUSE.
Rent, $3,600; income justifies high rent; 2-car garage; corner lot; owner must sell; price $30,000; terms arranged. Victoria Annex Realty Corp., 1 Madison Av. Phone Madison Square 9000.

Rent & Co., 342 West 125th.

$25,000 WILL BUY exceptional house in Washington Heights; price $35,000; modern, 4 families; a real investment. Rent & Co., 342 West 125th.

$30,000 Cash.
Five-story, double 3-flat, 20x75 ft.
Near 7th Av. and 116th St.
Lease 21 yrs. @ $7,200 per annum.
Rents $7,200. Price $30,000.
ARLEN REALTY CORP.
1,267 7th Av. (Opposite 58th St.)

A QUICK PROFIT.
Three-room builder's cottage, 1 year old; corner apartment; 2 floors; lease 2½ yrs.; rent $30.00; every improvement; vacant; $12,500; price $10,500; cash $2,500. Attorney Brothers, 277 East Fordham Road. Tremont 6000.

INVESTMENT $21,000.
Six-story 20-foot new flat. One store, 5-2, 5-4 and 5-5 room apts. each floor. All improvements. 20% net income after payment of mortgage. Victoria Annex Realty Corp., 1 Madison Av. Phone Madison Square 9000.

Rent & Co., 342 West 125th.

$25,000 WILL BUY exceptional house in Washington Heights; price $35,000; modern, 4 families; a real investment. Rent & Co., 342 West 125th.

M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO.,
EVERETT M. SHIKAS CO.,
Consolidated.
Bryant 6400. 130 West 42d St.

A QUICK PROFIT.
Three-room builder, fly-story two-corner apartment containing 42 families; rental $12,000; every improvement; only $20,000; price $18,000. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

BARGAIN—HOUSE.
124 St., between 2d and 3d Aves., for sale or $12,000, with $5,000 cash, as other will be taken over. Apply to owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx, A. White & Sons, 45 Cedar St. Tel. John 3700.

SIX-STORY corner, high-class elevator apartment in the Heights; 100 FEET; rents at a figure; $70,000 cash; mortgage for 10 years; $45,000 cash; rent $900; price $115,000. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000. Apply to office of Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

LEASE that 5 times the rent, 6-story brick new apartment house, two doors from Broadway; Bronx 3-4, 3-3, all modern improvements; rental for $17,280 gross $6,000; cash $12,000. Completion & Company, Inc., 200 West 72d.

AN OPPORTUNITY to purchase 24-story fire-proof apartment house near Fordham; rent $50,000; 20% net income; $250,000 cash; $1,000. Accounting Brothers, 277 East Fordham Road. Tel. Tremont 6000.

CHOICE 12-APT.
elevator apartment, west side, with equity of $30,000; owner will accept Manhattan or Bronx property in part payment. Goodhart & Co., 37 Cortlandt St.

25 PER CENT on investment of 20 three and 2 five-story apartments, 1 three and 2 five-family houses. Dreyfuss & Kaufman, 25 Vanderbilt Av. Lexington 8000.

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN.
Five-story 24-family 2s and 3s all improvements; rent $12 per room; price $60,000; terms. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000.

INVESTMENT $21,000.
Six-story 20-foot new flat. One store, 5-2, 5-4 and 5-5 room apts. each floor. All improvements. 20% net income after payment of mortgage. Victoria Annex Realty Corp., 1 Madison Av. Phone Madison Square 9000.

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25 PER CENT on investment of 20 three and 2 five-story apartments, 1 three and 2 five-family houses. Dreyfuss & Kaufman, 25 Vanderbilt Av. Lexington 8000.

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN.
Five-story 24-family 2s and 3s all improvements; rent $12 per room; price $60,000; terms. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000.

Brooklyn For Sale.

FLATBUSH—Corner, little country home, 2 bedrooms, 2 maids, 2 baths, 2 servants' rooms and bath; about ½ an acre of ground; all conditions; shade; residential district; in fine order; price $16,000; a lot of money and attractive terms to the right party; owner must sacrifice; leaving for Europe. A. Sherman, 42 East 42d St. Murray Hill 3870.

Long Island For Sale.

ALBERTSON, L. I.—Modern 8-room house, 2 baths, garage, price $15,000; terms. Inquire Albertson Realty Corp., 4 West 40th St. Phone 2270.

ALBERTSON, L. I.—Modern 8-room house, 2 baths, garage, price $15,000; terms. Inquire Albertson Realty Corp., 4 West 40th St. Phone 2270.

ALLEY PINNER—Attractive 8-room house, 2 baths, garage, price $15,000; terms. Inquire Albertson Realty Corp., 4 West 40th St. Phone 2270.

ALLEY PINNER—Attractive 8-room house, 2 baths, garage, price $15,000; terms. Inquire Albertson Realty Corp., 4 West 40th St. Phone 2270.

Westchester For Sale.

MOUNT VERNON BARGAINS.
One and two family houses, easy terms; 2 Block CP, Highland Av., Mount Vernon.

NEW ROCHELLE—A beautiful home, 10 rooms, 3 baths; hot water heat, open fireplaces, 2½ acres of land; 1-car garage with chauffeur's living quarters; price for quick sale $1,600. Home 2 Palmer rd Orchard St., Harrison, N. Y. Telephone Harrison 1000.

PLEASANTVILLE properties for rent and for sale. Archer, 31 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1000.

RYE—Compact, little country home, 2 bedrooms, 2 maids, 2 baths, 2 servants' rooms and bath; about ½ an acre of ground; all conditions; shade; residential district; in fine order; price $16,000; a lot of money and attractive terms to the right party; owner must sacrifice; leaving for Europe. A. Sherman, 42 East 42d St. Murray Hill 3870.

HOME BEAUTIFUL.
A beauty with creation of 6 rooms and bath, within sight of station and overlooking picturesque valley; owner must sacrifice; garage built in; corner plot 60x100; modern improvements; only $9,000; terms arranged. Victoria Annex Realty Corp., 1 Madison Av. Phone Madison Square 9000.

RYE—Compact, little country home, 2 bedrooms, 2 maids, 2 baths, 2 servants' rooms and bath; about ½ an acre of ground; all conditions; shade; residential district; in fine order; price $16,000; a lot of money and attractive terms to the right party; owner must sacrifice; leaving for Europe. A. Sherman, 42 East 42d St. Murray Hill 3870.

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LOTS.

Westchester For Sale.

BRONXVILLE MID-WINTER BARGAIN!
Choice of several preferred plots, 5, 6, 7½ acres; elevated, sightly, restricted, preferred entry; quality considered, lowest prices ever quoted; terms arranged for quick liquidation. Wood, Osborn & Co. (established 1870), 1 Wall St. Phone Rector 9700. N. Y. Tel. 7047 W. 1.

FAIRDALE (Edgemont Estates)—Building plots available in this beautiful restricted section. Fairdale Edgemont Corp., 4 West 40th. Phone 2270.

Lots Wanted.

ACREAGE for subdivision, large or small; Bronx or suburbs. Vanderbilt 1000.

APARTMENT HOUSES & HOTELS

Manhattan—Bronx, For Sale.

ELAST 62d, 12th and 13th—4-story walk-up, 24x50, premises, store and flat, 20x50, rear addn., also one old annex, 20x50; 2 flats, 4-4-6 rms. each; 4-6-6 rms. each; 4-6-6 rms. each; 4-6-6 rms. each; rentals $4,800; assessed $45,000; taxes $1,200. Edwin J. Beer, 342 5th Av. Phone 1700 Vanderbilt.

2ND ST., near Lexington—Double 3-story and basement dwelling, 20x75; rents $1,800. Apply to owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

AMSTERDAM AVENUE NEAR COLUMBIA.
Small corner,
Small store,
Will make you them
Reasonable terms to any person.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 342 WEST 72D ST.

AMSTERDAM AV., brown with stores, 4-story DWLGS.; selling Equity. Bronx, Box 1,000 Times Annex.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, two 3-story walk-up, 24x50, all modern improvements; rentals $3,600; 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th AVENUES, 20th and 21st STREETS. H. MORGENTHAU JR. CO., EVERETT M. SHIKAS CO., Consolidated. Bryant 6400. 130 West 42d St.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY
to purchase two-corner 24-story apartment house near University Av., containing 32 families; rental $30,000; only $100,000 cash; $1,000. Accounting Brothers, 277 East Fordham Road. Tel. Tremont 6000.

SPECIAL BARGAIN.
Riverside Drive, corner, 6-story, 20x75, fire proof apartment; shows 20 per cent.; income at $30,000 investment; after paying expenses and mortgage; satisfactory suitable terms; prompt sale. Apply
J. MARTIN & CO.,
342 MADISON AVENUE.

$2,000 Cash.
Five-story, double 3-flat.
Near 7th Av. and 116th St.
Lease 21 yrs. @ $7,200 per annum.
Rents $7,200. Price $30,000.
ARLEN REALTY CORP.
1,267 7th Av. (Opposite 58th St.)

A QUICK PROFIT.
Three-room builder, fly-story two-corner apartment containing 42 families; rental $12,000; every improvement; only $20,000; price $18,000. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

BARGAIN—HOUSE.
124 St., between 2d and 3d Aves., for sale or $12,000, with $5,000 cash, as other will be taken over. Apply to owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx, A. White & Sons, 45 Cedar St. Tel. John 3700.

SIX-STORY corner, high-class elevator apartment in the Heights; 100 FEET; rents at a figure; $70,000 cash; mortgage for 10 years; $45,000 cash; rent $900; price $115,000. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000. Apply to office of Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

LEASE that 5 times the rent, 6-story brick new apartment house, two doors from Broadway; Bronx 3-4, 3-3, all modern improvements; rental for $17,280 gross $6,000; cash $12,000. Completion & Company, Inc., 200 West 72d.

AN OPPORTUNITY to purchase fire-proof apartment house near Fordham; rent $50,000; 20% net income; $250,000 cash; $1,000. Accounting Brothers, 277 East Fordham Road. Tel. Tremont 6000.

CHOICE 12-APT.
elevator apartment, west side, with equity of $30,000; owner will accept Manhattan or Bronx property in part payment. Goodhart & Co., 37 Cortlandt St.

25 PER CENT on investment of 20 three and 2 five-story apartments, 1 three and 2 five-family houses. Dreyfuss & Kaufman, 25 Vanderbilt Av. Lexington 8000.

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN.
Five-story 24-family 2s and 3s all improvements; rent $12 per room; price $60,000; terms. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000.

Other Suburbs For Sale.

ZION COUNTRY ESTATE.
10 rooms, with all modern improvements; within one hour from New York; suitable for high-class all-year home; for sale or rent; would make a good proposition to an institution; 2 miles from Nyack; 30 miles from Grand Central Terminal. Apply to
S. A. H.
NICE HIGH, SEVEN-FAMILY HOUSE.
No. 4,000 square feet; leather; lots; rent, $3,000; assessed; $30,000; for sale; price $40,000; rent $4,000 per year; apply 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

WILL buy or rent any five-room private house; must be bargain. Harry Cohen, 70 Lenox Av.

LOTS.

Manhattan For Sale.

IN THE automobile district, West 74th St., between Broadway and Columbus Av.; just sold; specially suited for automobile accessories or any thing, with possession in 60 days. Wm. A. White & Sons, 45 Cedar St. John 3700.

Bronx For Sale.

CORNER, 26x100, Bronx Park section, opposite public school, 10 rooms, ready for occupancy; house unencumbered. Will sacrifice; must sell immediately. E. H. Lord, Attorney, 2 Rector St.

FOR SALE or exchange for income property, the northwest corner, 180th St. and Grand Concourse, 200x100, Pennington, 240 Willis Av. Melrose 7000.

EAST 142d, facing Cortlandt Park South, small lot, particularly well suited with garage, Address T. E. ROGERS, 1,265 Lexington Av.

3 FT. from Grand Concourse, 37 ft. South of 204th St., overlooks depth 90 ft. Bishop, 1 Park Pl. Norwalk, Conn.

Long Island For Sale.

LONG BEACH—Ocean front, corner Lexington Preparatory and Walnut St. Whether you buy or sell, Cantwell, Inc., 1 East 42d St. Telephone 4400 Murray Hill, or Shelhamer Realty Co., Long Beach.

A DEN OF A BUNGALOW
278 acres cultivated land, trees and bushes, some permanent; 2 miles out, different at that value; 41 E. Actively A Bet. 342 Madison Av. New York City.

OCEAN AND BAY FRONT LOTS.
WINTHROP-BEACH.
$250 and up.
J. Rosenbaum, 261 Broadway, New York.

New Jersey For Sale.

ROCKAWAY—Bargain, 2 only in 20 days, choice corner lots, 50 x 125, 2 streets, sewers, water, gas, 7 to 8 fare 30m. Pabst-castle, N. J.

50 LAKEWOOD Avenue Lots, high ave. 6-r cottage and, easy payments. Williams Realty Co., 261 Times Building. Bryant 7000.

Connecticut For Rent.

STAMFORD, CONN.—Furnished and unfurnished houses to the amount or need of $5,000 to $50,000. Stamford Walker's Place in early selection is advised.
HARRIS CONSTRUCTION CO., INC.,
Tel Atlantic 2, Stamford, Conn.
Stamford 2-0.

Houses Wanted.

LONG ISLAND—Will not waterfront property unless it is unfurnished; preferably South Shore over 100 particulars with lowest cash price in letter. 9 East 40th St. Murray Hill 3870.

GENUINE inquiries for purchase of income property or apartments to rent for client; action. J. Frank, 40 West 57th St. Circle 1000-J.

WILL buy for cash any five-room private house; must be bargain. Harry Cohen, 70 Lenox Av.

LOTS.

Manhattan For Sale.

IN THE automobile district, West 74th St., between Broadway and Columbus Av.; just sold; specially suited for automobile accessories or any thing, with possession in 60 days. Wm. A. White & Sons, 45 Cedar St. John 3700.

Bronx For Sale.

CORNER, 26x100, Bronx Park section, opposite public school, 10 rooms, ready for occupancy; house unencumbered. Will sacrifice; must sell immediately. E. H. Lord, Attorney, 2 Rector St.

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50 LAKEWOOD Avenue Lots, high ave. 6-r cottage and, easy payments. Williams Realty Co., 261 Times Building. Bryant 7000.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

WEST 37TH ST. 18 WEST—Four-story and basement building, 20x100 ft.; excellent opportunity for investor to make alterations or improvements to display business; rapidly growing section; low taxes; rental $3,000; 3 years to run; to be leased for 5-year period, with renewal. Peter Grimm, Cortlandt 7447.

LOFT with power to rent to two tailors between 9 and 4; possession June 1st; rent $1,000 per annum. Apply Superintendent, 1 Park Place, Phone Worth 3600.

BUSINESS wishing to dispose of business property and equipment is open for quick action. J. Frank, 40 West 57th St. Circle 1000-J.

5-YEAR LEASE business building, west Manhattan and Bronx; rental $7,000; about $2,000 annual profit. Build, 30 West Broadway.

SACRIFICE—6th Av., near 34th St., 4-story and basement dwelling, 20x98.5; suitable for store and apartments; rent $2,400; price $30,000. Apply 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000.

WEST END ST. corner, exclusive business opportunity, 4311 Columbus.

TO LEASE—Fireproof 4-story building, 75x100 ft. 3 West 46th St. Logan 23 East 40th St.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT—Large factory, 40,000 sq. ft. Apply Superintendent, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

CHOICE STORE, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Apply Superintendent.

Real Estate—Other Cities and Towns.

FLORIDA'S most productive section; magnificent grapefruit, orange groves, newly planted and coming into bearing; exclusive sales agency for participation. Hudson Co., 709 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

PROPERTY OWNERS—Make your income secure; I could take your property to trade for Broadway, Manhattan or Bronx business property. Box 1,000 Times Annex.

CHOICE OPERATING OFFERING.
We have clients to EXCHANGE each.
HATFIELD REALTY CO., INC.
342 West 42d St. Bryant 9401.

ESTABLISHED real estate office desires property in lease or management; 25 years' relation, security. Walter, 2 West 104th.

CASH buyer waiting for any property income check, quickly leave your side. Henry Pearce, 32 West Broadway.

BROOKLYN REALTY quickly converted into cash. Henry Pearce, 32 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

FACTORY LOFTS of any size for sale or exchange. Vanderbilt, 20 Broadway.

TWO-FAMILY brick dwelling, West Bronx section, to brokers. H. K., 175 Times.

WE have your property with us, quick action. National, 76 Lexington. Plaza 7661.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE

FOR EXCHANGE—Large acreage in developed section of New Rochelle, N. Y.; clear $1,500,000 for investment property. Annex Lexington, 342 Broadway, Manhattan.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE, fully furnished, telephone, 30th St. and 4th Av., rent reasonable. Daniel 2000, Gramercy.

2 ADJOIN. FLOOR, near 7th Av., especially attractive for high-class retail business; immediate possession. 20 West 46th.

BURROUGHS BUILDING corner exhibition room, 2d floor, 20 ft. Av.

MADISON LANE, 12E—New building, elegant store, suitable for automobile accessories, etc.; $250 per month. Owner, Longacre 4000.

STORE, 20x50, with or without basement; rear, 250-252 W. 26th near 7th Av. Watkins 8972.

LOFT space, floor and basement; rent reasonable. F. J. Durnan, Inc. Vanderbilt 4000.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE, 342 PARK AV., desk room and telephone for engineer or consultant; Room 4th.

DESIRABLE light private office, with or without service, to accountant's suite; rent reasonable. 20 West 46th St. Suite 217.

LOFT—34 East 23d St., 7th floor, new building, roof garden, immediate possession.

LOFT, 125 Greene St.—Low rent. Owner, Washington Chas Co., 25 East St. Cortlandt 2264.

LOFTS, 4c. northwest corner 126th St. and 5th Av., 10,000 sq. ft.; two stores for lease. Inquire 420 1st Av.

SPACIOUS to sublet, part time centrally located, equipped for classes, lectures, dancing; rates reasonable. Circle 6138.

20 ST., 9 WEST—Basement, 2nd, contains all modern improvements, electric light, elevator; $40 monthly. Inquire on premises.

OFFICES to let, furnished, unfurnished, at short notice. Sanitary Filter Co., 1,674 Broadway.

WAC 1818 AV., nr. 125th—Large loft basement, very reasonable. Columbus 8036.

1,200 sq. ft. over 4 floors, desk room, telephone service; one or both. Immediate. 9 Grand St.

SPACE 25', 126 WEST—Space with showroom to agency responsible, gentlemen; service optional. Austin.

WILL subdivide store front offices, one flight up; good for showroom, also small units. 20 East 27th.

40th 5th Av., part loft to or desirable for high-class millin'ry; particulars Wells & Co. Plaza.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, 6A—Store and basement to rent, low rent, to bright tenant. Owner, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000.

LOFT—Part of 6th floor left, to modern building for rent. Harrison Bros. 122-144 West 26th.

TO SUBLET furnished executive office in East 42d St. Apply room 708 or building opening office.

FOR RENT, large unfurnished brick, first floor, 40x100 feet, suitable for automobile, garage, manufacturing purposes. Apply 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000.

OFFICE to let with the Notre service; room 722 42d St.

STORE, lower side, 1000 B. Way, excellent location, Williams, 220 West 125th.

THREE-EIGHTH suite for executive offices. Capitol Theatre Building, 1,470 Broadway.

OFFICES, large, small; also skylight studio room. Apply Superintendent, 170 East 70th.

CHELSEA—Private office, furnished, with service, 23 West 42d St. Bryant 2000.

BROADWAY, 38—Light office with telephone service. Call Stuyvesant 7.

STORE, 25x75, northeast corner 125th St. and 6th Av., immediate possession.

LOFT, 27 x 100, 7th floor, 342 W. 15th. Call 4th floor. Telephone Longacre 4000.

FURT FURNISHED office, reasonable, with services. 25 East 21st St. Room 607.

FLAT of basement, Manhattan property, 3 bedrooms from owners only. C 42 Times.

WANTED Fireproof Apartment with $20M, 6% and equity; subject our mortgage Belville, 31 Court St., Brooklyn.

CITY REAL ESTATE

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FOR EXCHANGE—Large acreage in developed section of New Rochelle, N. Y.; clear $1,500,000 for investment property. Annex Lexington, 342 Broadway, Manhattan.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE & FACTORY.
29 Rear 124 E. 24x80
LOFTS
2 Rear 124 E. 24x80
2 Rear 124 E. 24x80
BEDFORD PUBLISHING CO.
42 Rear 426 E. Vanderbilt 3971.

FOR RENT—NO FREIGHT.
Cellar office,
approximately square foot,
two stores,
Immediate possession,
Mother Gaston Building,
Rear 1 Times Sq.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE IN
NEW HARKNESS PROFESSIONAL BLDG.
10 EAST 60TH ST.
2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES,
with or without service.
CHARLES B. FERGUSON, Agent,
489 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 3000.

OFFICE, over 5th Av., in the 30's; opportunity for doctor, dentist, desire to sublet; unusual location; rent reasonable; will furnish; telephone; possession immediately. Apply Room 4, Bryant 6000, Inc., 20 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 3000.

FOR RENT—Parlor floor, 20 ft. front, 2 and 3 room suites, with or without furniture; private entrance; Murray Hill district; references exchanged. Address Box 1,000 Times Annex.

FOR RENT—Floor loft, 30, 7th Av., near 23d St.; one 30-ft. and one 20-ft. passenger elevator; rent $1,200 per month. Apply Bryant Realty Corp., 1 Madison Av. Phone Madison Square 9000.

FOR RENT—JASPER BUILDING.
7th and 8th floors, 10,000 square feet each, with night elevator service; sprinklered; well lighted; steam heat. Apply 1 Madison Av. Harry B.

LOFT, 31 Columbus Av.—Large, light front loft, fresh steam heat, electricity; industry preferred; $35; janitor on premises. I. E. Ehrich, 225 West 39th St. Circle 6000.

Brooklyn.

VERY DESIRABLE SALESROOM and office for rent, 1218 Fulton Albee, nearly Broadway; fronting Fulton Park; 2 floors, 20x100; 2 floors, 20x50; Adjoining Bldg. Broadway and 34th St.

Queens.

SMALL OFFICES.
Desirable suite, modern rents, South Boulevard, 37-18 West 65th St. Astoria Queens, New York.

Suburban.

DARLINGTON EXCEPTIONAL LOFTS.
40-42 West 27th—Factory space.
44 West 27th St.—Stores, $1,200.
Also lofts and factory space.
Apply Supt. or Rhinelander Real Estate Co., 250 Park Av.

TWO lofts to let, 30x80, light on four sides; suitable for any business; will alter to suit tenant; 2,400 per year. Inquire between 10 and 12, Kirkwood, Telephone Bryant 2000.

37 WEST 57TH ST.
Smooth floor shop, very light, for rent, 2,000; immediate possession; reasonable rent; apply on premises. Apply on premises or R. H. Brokaw, 18 West 45th St. Vanderbilt 6200.

OFFICES.
Lofts,
206 West 23d Street,
Apply to Janitor.
Also 1 floor completely furnished.

LOFT, 19 WEST—Splendid store, 20x80, with large light basement, plate glass front; immediate possession; business must sell; move to high-class building. Madison Square 6400.

STORES AND LOFTS
for rent,
LIVE STEAM AND POWER.
Corner of Spring St. and Crosby St., or Charles Klein, Cortlandt 4000.

40-42 WEST 38TH ST., part light loft, 40 x 100 ft. West 38 St., basement and first loft, 107-109 Grand St., excellent rent, $1,800. Apply Supt. or owner, Rhinelander 3000.

LARGE store, good for reselling quantity goods; opposite Gimbels; Chelsea and east side to Saturday. Further particulars, Wayne 4134.

LIGHT and airy furnishings of nine-room apartment, heart of financial district; thoroughly equipped, elegantly furnished; suitable for lawyers or investment security holders. 2 67 Times Downtown.

LOFT.
Macfadden Publications, Inc.,
Macfadden Building,
Madison Square 7900.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE IN
NEW HARKNESS PROFESSIONAL BLDG.
10 EAST 60TH ST.
2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES,
with or without service.
CHARLES B. FERGUSON, Agent,
489 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 3000.

STORE, over 5th Av., in the 30's; opportunity for doctor, dentist, desire to sublet; unusual location; rent reasonable; will furnish; telephone; possession immediately. Apply Room 4, Bryant 6000, Inc., 20 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 3000.

FOR RENT—Parlor floor, 20 ft. front, 2 and 3 room suites, with or without furniture; private entrance; Murray Hill district; references exchanged. Address Box 1,000 Times Annex.

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FOR RENT—JASPER BUILDING.
7th and 8th floors, 10,000 square feet each, with night elevator service; sprinklered; well lighted; steam heat. Apply 1 Madison Av. Harry B.

LOFT, 31 Columbus Av.—Large, light front loft, fresh steam heat, electricity; industry preferred; $35; janitor on premises. I. E. Ehrich, 225 West 39th St. Circle 6000.

Queens.

ELMHURST APARTMENTS TO LEASE.
New, every modern improvement, combining living and dining room, kitchenette, Murphy door bed and tiled bath, shower, hot water supplied, $70. 3 rooms and bath, hot water supplied, $75. 4 rooms and bath, hot water supplied, $90; reference required. Inc. Corporation, 1,000 Grand Concourse, Bronx. Phone Tremont 6000.

Suburban.

Corner Columbus College entrance, immediate possession lease.
DWIGHT, ARCHIBALD PERRY, INC.,
111 WEST 23D. WATKINS 2240.

LOFTS—1ST BROADWAY.
30x104, 4th and 5th floors, are now.
Three Building. Bryant 4000.

DAYLIGHT LOFTS 10c. Modern light floor; 2 elevators; 4 stairs; will divide; 2,000 sq. ft. upward; watchman; elevators, heat. Call 10-12 or 2-3. 342 W. 39th, near 7th Av. Watkins 8972.

LOFT to rent, up to 6,000 sq. ft., corner 125th St. and 5th Av.; 2 elevators; steam heat; electricity; immediate possession. Apply Bernhard & Lerner, 1,265 5th Av.

RETAIL LOFTS—OWNER, PHYSICIAN 46C.
10 West 30th St. 30x 80
10 West 30th St. 30x 80
125-129 Bank St. 25x100

BROADWAY OFFICES.
Rent up to $20

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Uptown-East Side.

Uptown-West Side.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Unfurnished.

MOVING, TRUCKING, STORAGE.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

Uptown-West Side.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

BOARDERS WANTED

Rate, if Costs Per Apply Blks.

West Side.

Uptown-West Side.

BOARD WANTED.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New Jersey.

Westchester County.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Ma.

(Continued from Eighth Page.)

BOY, middle aged, clerical, desires position with modern firm. C 438 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, high-class head, 20 years experience in wholesale grocery business, will consider connection. Box 1,000 Evening Post Office.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced accountant manager wishes full charge position, best references, 9 years present position. X 229 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Licensed, 1911, thoroughly experienced in payroll computation, will undertake to prepare payrolls. 127 West 42d St.

BUTLER, Graduate Battle Creek Sanatorium, several languages, wishes position with family of refinement. 127 West 42d St., Chelsea.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, value ability, would like permanent position. L 229 Times.

OFFICE MAN, experienced, knowledge of importing, exporting, financing, traffic, handling, wants connection reliable concern. F 845 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN, accountant, business expert, desires position of responsibility. C 230 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, good credit man, understands bookkeeping, A1 references. X 230 Times.

PRINTER, 12 years' practical experience, wants occupation of effective typography, a clear knowledge of advertising, can come to terms with person firm. C 438 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, competent buyer, machines, supplies, chemicals, &c., executive ability, wishes position offering opportunity for advancement. Z 230 Times Annex.

PURCHASING AGENT for four years with cement, thorough knowledge of printing and stationery, would change position with responsible concern. Z 230 Times.

REAL ESTATE COLLECTOR and salesman of apartment houses, thoroughly experienced, references. A Boss, 12 Piedmont Av., City.

SALES ENGINEER, young man, 27, thoroughly practical, possessing sales and executive ability, wishes to connect with reliable concern. H 431 Times.

SALES ORGANIZER.

top-notch executive, 34, of pep, college graduate, 12 excellent personality, with usual record of achievement, open for proposition. Feb. 1. C 46 Times.

SALESMAN, Christian, with office and display room at 30 Av. wishes Eastern representative and export agency for a going concern; specialize as an active, hustling, interview salesman in specialties, toys, novelties, &c. C 439 Times.

SALESMAN—High-grade specialty man, open for change, well known automobile and hardware jobbers in East, prefer small-line factory own automobile; 5-year sales record; earning $7,000. Z 229 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, EFFICIENT, OWNING CAR, WILL GIVE HIGH-CLASS LONG-ISLAND RESIDENTIAL REFERENCES TO WELL-RATED FIRM. PROMISE EFFICIENT SERVICE. WRITE Z 2290 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN 27, married, responsible personality, excellent mixer, would like to connect with reputable firm. H X Y Times Uptown Branch.

SALESMAN, with seven years experience calling on cutting-up trade; excellent following and reputation; desires to locate with reputable firm. E 244 Times.

SALESMAN, 30, personality, ability, desires permanent connection; exhausting concern. L 66 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with car, Eastern New York, Connecticut territory, any line of goods, with reputable concern. Z 222 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced hosiery, underwear, etc., desires territory to cover. C 439 Times.

SALESMAN, head executive, creative constructive with live, reliable firm; age 40, character and ability. E 42 Times.

SECRETARY desires no social work; knowledge city invaluable; housekeeping account; no domestic duties. Z 229 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, willing to work anything. George Siebert, 211 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-CLERK, 20, knowledge all phases of traffic, at present with railroad, desires position with industrial concern in N. Address Z 2290 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly experienced, desires position of responsibility where services will be appreciated. 2 Av. A, apt. 2, E. 4th st.

STENOGRAPHER, good conditions, rapid and accurate, capable, student mentality. 2 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, all round office work, 2 years' experience. C 437 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST desires night position, 2 to 12. Fowler, 251 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST desires work evenings. 5 Rose. 127 Hart St., Brooklyn.

STENO desires position; country club convenient; new accommodations. 6, 1,227 Broadway.

TRADE paper newspaper editor, reporter desires Jr. permanent position. C 2 Times.

TRAVELER—Young commercial promoting traveler seeks California connection, salary or commission. H 431 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 4 years retail experience, desires to connect with reliable silk house having prospects of advancement. S 431 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, clerical, good figure familiar postal and stationery work, $30 consider moderate. M K. 224 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25c with 7 years in shoe trade selling experience, desires connection with reliable firm will change line for satisfactory proposition. J 229 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires connection in retail goods line; good music experience in music office and showroom work. S 226 Times.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge bookkeeping, expert typist, capable correspondent, wishes to change; salary future a minimum. J 227 Times.

YOUNG MAN, willing and quick stenographer, shipping, general office work. Phone Tremont 7,000.

YOUNG MAN, 27, experienced, good appearance, pleasing personality, ability, wishes position, has typewriter. Bernet, 45 Hoyt st., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 27, experienced cost, payroll, progress, stock reports, billing, voice, correspondence; experience 7 yrs. Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, good position, Columbia grad, efficient C. P. A. Director Times Uptown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, desires connection with clean house, any capacity 4 years textile experience. Z 2290 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, attending college evenings, seeks position with advancement. C 438 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced position, wealth and executive ability, desires position. Box 1,000 Evening Post Office.

YOUNG MAN—Interpreter Russian, Hungarian, Polish, German; investigator naturalization. S 94 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position with private family; can handle car; will accept small salary. L 224 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 2, desires clerical position; 4 years' knowledge of bookkeeping. C 437 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school graduate desires position with future in corporation. D 230 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, conscientiously inclined, knowledge of executive references. J. Freeman, 247 East 72d St.

YOUNG MAN, 23, speaks English, Spanish, German, some French, wishes position; references, salary least. H 230 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, experienced clerical worker; prefer Downtown. F 437 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 5, ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT, BLAND MANNER, MEET PRESENTABLE. F 207 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position with reliable firm, salary no object, has references. D 230 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wants outdoor work for gentleman; references. C 431 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, evening meeting position, any line. J 230 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position; experienced stock clerk; references. C 437 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, desires position. S 437 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, has night school graduate, desires permanent connection. L 224 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, position evenings in store, office; theatre. F 230 Times Uptown.

YOUNG MAN, French, 23, high school education, speaking English, J 229 Times.

YOUNG MAN, wishes position, night work preferred. L 227 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position with reliable firm; references. D 231 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position with growing concern; selling experience. D 232 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, three years' Social Service position, college trained. D 232 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position under owner. J 227 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, good penman and figurer, wants position. C 431 Times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADVERTISING, experienced phone workers, $18 week. 1123 Broadway, at 25th st.

ADVERTISING agency has opening for young woman; 24 contract and up to 30; steadier with monthly or weekly salary; permanent position; state age and experience. Z 227 Times Annex.

ARTIST—Millinery sales advertising detail; $18 week to start. Call after 4 P. M. 10th floor, 19 West 24th.

ARTISTS for high-class commercial photography studio; position open; state salary desired. Y 230 Times.

BILL CLERK—Must be quick, accurate and thorough; operate Underwood typewriter; hours 9 to 4; salary $15 to start. 2 429 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced young lady with knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting; must be quick and accurate; apply by letter only giving experience, age and salary expected. Room 2210, 149 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; experienced in the house furnishing line; must be accuracy in figuring; state qualifications. Box M, 2081 West Street Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER for Christian manufacturing jewelry house; must write well, keep accounts, &c.; state age, salary expected. Box 122 to start; advancement after 6 months. E. Ermold, 39 West 38th.

BOOKKEEPER, to take complete charge of books for advertising firm; must have executive ability to supervise men; to $40 to start; permanent position to the right party. Address Box 2,000 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-Stenographer; must have knowledge of shorthand and typewriting; state salary expected. Call Planter Advertising Co., 29 Park Row.

BOOKKEEPER—Accounts receivable, help-ers, private Burroughs bookkeeping machine; Bureau of Engraving, 10th floor, Postal Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, advertising experience necessary; Christian; 9 to 5; 24th st. and 5th Av. Apply by mail. S 244 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for hosiery work, wages $2 a day. Apply 1 P. M., 7 E. Madison Av., 6th floor, Metropolitan Tower Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; knowledge of stenography preferred. Call 767 Broadway, 10th floor.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, and stenographer; experienced manufacturing line Christian girl; $20 to start. 270 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, also to wait and assist in office. Kuhn & Stein, 248 West 54th st.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; state experience, references, age and salary. S 435 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced; $25 class qualifications. E. S., 225 Times.

BOOKKEEPER adding machine operator, assistant packer, required by large department house; salary $1,200 a year and increase. Address Box 32, Wall Street Station.

CASHIER, EXPERIENCED, NEAT APPEARANCE, PERMANENT; 30 SUNDAY WORK. SCHRAFFT'S, C WEST 22D.

CASHIERS, experienced 2, retail summer resort salary. 5 C Times.

CLERICAL WORKER, typist, good at figures. Apply Cashier's Department, Wm. Skinner & Co., 22 Gold St., New York.

CLERK AND GENERAL OFFICE WORKER FOR LARGE LIBERTY HOUSE.

MUST BE ACCURATE

GOOD HAND WRITING.

KNOWLEDGE OF FACTORY PAYROLL, STENOGRAPHY AND BOOKKEEPING ESSENTIAL.

BOX 208, 2081 WORLD TOWER BLDG.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS.

A large financial institution desirous to obtain several young women, 21 years of age or over, for permanent positions. High school education with an interest in finance also essential. Those who are ambitious and who are willing to work will find opportunities for rapid advancement open to them. Apply in person to Room 1,000, 49 Wall st., 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Ask for Miss Evans, room 1. Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Av., at 23d st. New York City.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Unusual opportunity for young woman, 20 to 25 years of age, as correspondent with progressive concern; three positions are permanent and require high school education, typewriting and correspondence ability; if you are interested in locating a position where advancement is based on actual results, apply after 9 A. M.

NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO., 247 WEST 36TH ST.

DEMONSTRATORS — Clean-cut, intelligent, with executive ability to handle high-class health food; knowledge of dietetics preferred but not essential; age 25 to 40; good salary to right party.

DENTAL NURSE, experience not necessary; reference required; salary $15 per week. S 202 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

Must be experienced; stenographic and secretarial experience preferred; salary commensurate with ability; good chance for advancement; state age, education, experience, salary desired and telephone number. F position, Box 234, 2081 World Tower Building.

DICTAPHONE operator with knowledge of stenography, experienced, for high-class office; state salary and references. Y 222 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR. 6 Kenyon & Eckhardt, Jackson and Sherman Ave., L. I. City.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, of stenographer for the sales department of large job printing house; must be quick, accurate and neat in appearance. Call 9:30 A. M., 1,200 Metropolitan Av.

DICTAPHONE, Graduates or Operators desiring position; steady work and good remuneration. Phone Bryant 3,000, 225 West 39th st.

FILE CLERK.

and office assistant for secretary's room; exceptional opportunity; permanent position; state salary expected. Box 2K, 2081 World Tower Bldg.

GIRLS

STEADY WORK

AS

TELEPHONE OPERATORS

ON

DURING THE

FIRST MONTH.

FREQUENT INCREASES

IN SALARY

THEREAFTER.

NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.

APPLY

1,120 BROADWAY, COR. 27TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

270 EAST 149TH ST., BRONX.

29 WEST HOUSTON ST., N. Y. CITY.

81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRLS, 16-25.

Well recommended, for finishing of high-class outer goods. Apply between 9 and 10 o'clock, at 102 West 7th st., 6th floor office.

GIRL, between 18 and 20 to assist schoolchild and learn to work on machine. Call between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. The College Book Store, 1,220 Amsterdam Av.

GIRL, 16-18, for office of manufacturing jewelers; no experience required; must write good hand and be quick at figures; $7 per week to start. 2 Times Annex.

GIRLS, experienced simplified bookkeeping, good, at figures, small; Brunswick Hotel, room 1,510 to 1,520 7 E. 17 Bet Times.

GIRL, for Christian firm, as general worker; 2 in family; $20 to start. 4,207 Fleetwood Hall, three blocks west of Broadway, 231st St. Tuesday.

HOUSEKEEPER, competent, good cook; sleep in; $25 week; small apartment; references required. Telephone Murray Hill 4,000 before 11.

HOUSEKEEPER, general, plain cooking; Christian family, no washing; own room and bath; good wages. 102 W. 87 St. Apt. 6L.

HOUSEKEEPER—Competent; references required; vicinity of 100th Washington Square, Wednesday.

HOUSEKEEPER—Or, young white, refined girl; wages $20. Apply Dean Gray, 31 West 72d.

HOUSEWORKER, GOOD COOK, EXCELLENT HOME, TWO IN FAMILY. TELEPHONE PROPRIETOR, 8004 BELMONT.

HOUSEWORKER—Girl (colored), few hours daily; moderate wages. Riverside 6201, No Sundays.

HOUSEWORKER, young plain cooking, sleep out, small apt. 1 in family. Bowers, 64 East 48th. Phone 1407 Lenox.

HOUSEWORKER, Scandinavian, unexperienced, three adults; wages $25. Fredericks, 601 West 160th st.

HOUSEWORKER, plain cook, white, call mornings, 709 West End Av., Apt. 3D.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white; part time; good pay. 304 West 75th. Columbus 8214.

LAMP MAKER

Global Brothers,

302 E. 3rd Broadway.

wants the services of a young woman who has had experience in selling lamp shade material.

Apply Employment Department, 5th Floor, 9 A. M. to 1:30 P. M.

LAMP SHADES PIECE-LADY

FOR ONE OF THE LARGEST FACTORIES; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; WAGES ARE DESIRABLE AND CAPABLE OF SUPERVISING; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY AND GOOD SALARY FOR ONE QUALIFYING. E. L. 242 EIGHTH.

LAMP SHADE MAKER, experienced, only those with experience need apply. 3 216 Times.

LAMP SHADE EXPERT HAND SEWERS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; WAGES ARE DESIRABLE AND CAPABLE OF SUPERVISING; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY AND GOOD SALARY FOR ONE QUALIFYING. E. L. 242 EIGHTH.

LAMP SHADE MAKER, experienced, only those with experience need apply. 3 216 Times.

LAMP SHADE EXPERT HAND SEWERS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY AND GOOD SALARY FOR ONE QUALIFYING. E. L. 242 EIGHTH.

LAMP SHADES PIECE-LADY

FOR ONE OF THE LARGEST FACTORIES; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; WAGES ARE DESIRABLE AND CAPABLE OF SUPERVISING

Closing Hours for Advertisements Sunday Edition

FRIDAY, 5 P. M.
Display classified advertisements (Business Opportunities 11 A. M.).

THURSDAY, NOON.
Display Schools, Dancing, Resorts, Hotels and Amusements.

THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT
Display Automobile and Real Estate advertisements for Sunday edition; copy, plans or instructions should be received earlier if changes are desired.

Daily Edition

If received after 6 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified advertisements will be inserted in the next issue, if space permits.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line. (Minimum space two lines.)

Situations Wanted 6c
Help Wanted 6c
Business and Real Estate 6c
Help Wanted 6c
Schools and Colleges 6c
Country Board 6c
Rooms and Board 6c
Board Leads 6c
Rooms 6c
Automobile Exchange 6c
Agents Wanted 6c
Miscellaneous Agencies 6c

Business Opportunities (Copy, Display) 25c
Money Wanted—(Offerings to Borrow) 25c
Real Estate for Sale (Display) 25c

Lost and Found, Personal, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted for the Sunday issue only. Deaths accepted for following day's issue. Memorials will be inserted in advance of closing date.

MALE HELP WANTED.

PRINTING AND STATIONERY.

Fully thoroughly experienced cutting and ruling cylinder embossing, for steam operated plant; excellent opportunity for worker. C 24 Times.

RECOMMENDATIONS of personality, character and integrity for membership conditions of high financially known organization of high standing; effective January 1; permanent position for man of ability; \$ 1,200 to start. Address Box 37, Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER to a Section Chief in publicity bureau; must be able to take dictation at high speed and transcribe rapidly and accurately; \$ 25 Times Downtown.

SPRINKLER engineer and estimator to head sprinkler contractor; Address, stating full particulars, \$ 30 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, M-N, high school graduate with accounting experience preferred; steady position; state salary expected. Intelligence worker, state salary expected. C 42 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, married woman preferred. Chelsea 2366.

SUPERINTENDENT for owner with 40-room apartment house; steam heat, hot water; state salary expected. Box 2, 1,367 W. 2d st.

ST MOTOR, experienced, bookkeeping, typewriting; state age, references salary. F 47 Times Downtown.

STYLE consultants for custom and wholesale men's furnishings; state experience, salary expected. The Outfitters, 1133 B'way.

SUPERINTENDENT, with wife, for apartment house; must be experienced; apply 9 to 11 A. M. or 2 to 4 P. M. Room 1, 1 Broadway, Long Island City.

SUPERINTENDENT, with wife, to take charge of apartment house; must be experienced; state salary. Address Box 1, 1,367 W. 2d st.

SUPERINTENDENT, with wife, for apartment house; must be experienced; state age, salary expected. Address Box 1, 1,367 W. 2d st.

SUPERINTENDENT, with wife, for apartment house; must be experienced; state age, salary expected. Address Box 1, 1,367 W. 2d st.

SUPERINTENDENT

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Rate 15 cents per word.

Bank and business references required under this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

CAPITAL WANTED.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

FOR SALE.

BUSINESS LOANS.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

ALL SUNDAY SHOWS BARRED IN JERSEY

Vice Chancellor Bentley, Dismissing Injunction, Upholds State's Blue Laws.

HITS FIREMEN'S CHARITY

Will Prevent Performances Scheduled for Jan. 28—Lifayette Threatens to Enforce All Closes.

The blue law forces won a victory in Jersey City yesterday when Vice Chancellor John Bentley decided that it was illegal to hold theatrical entertainments on Sunday, even though part of the proceeds went to charity. He vacated an injunction that had been obtained Saturday restraining William S. Quirk and other officials from interfering with six motion picture shows and vaudeville entertainments.

The Society for the Suppression of Vice and Immorality, an organization of Hudson County clergymen, has been attempting to have the theatres closed permanently on Sunday, regardless of the auspices under which the entertainments were held. It has been the custom to hold a series of entertainments before and after Christmas to raise money for the Firemen's Relief Fund. The firemen spent $30,000 in caring for 25,000 children and 400 poor families on Christmas Day and a deficit of $5,000 remained. A series of entertainments were scheduled to make up the deficit, but the clergymen went before Supreme Court Justice Swayze and obtained a warrant charging Quirk, as Director of Safety, with misfeasance for failing to keep the theatres closed. Under the injunction, obtained by the theatrical interests, the entertainments were held last Sunday.

Vice Chancellor Bentley, in dissolving the writ, in effect upheld the contention that the Sunday performances, even though part of the proceeds went to charity, violated an ordinance recently passed by Vice Chancellor Backes in Newark in a similar case. The vacation of the injunction will prevent the holding of performances scheduled for next Sunday under the auspices of the Firemen's Relief.

Commissioner Quirk attempted yesterday that if the clergymen who had acted in the case wanted the New Jersey blue laws strictly enforced they might get into trouble themselves. "In my opinion," he said, "the clergymen themselves are violating blue laws. Outside of going to church, I don't know of anything that can be done legally on Sunday. It might be very funny if some of them were had before a magistrate arrested on charges for violating the very same laws which they are so enthusiastic about having enforced."

For Liquor Control in Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 22.—The Moderation League of Manitoba announced today that it would present to the Provincial Legislature a petition signed by more than 15,000 persons, asking the Government control of the sale of liquor.

W. & J. SLOANE

FIFTH AVENUE AND FORTY-SEVENTH STREET NEW YORK

ORIENTAL RUGS AT NEW PRICES

We have just received a small shipment of genuine handwoven ORIENTAL RUGS that we are able to offer at exceptionally moderate prices. These rugs range in size from 9 ft. x 6 ft. to 13 ft. x 10 ft., in attractive colorings and designs. They are absolutely new, of good quality and have our usual endorsement.

12 ft. x 9 ft. size $125.00

Other sizes at proportionate prices

We also have an exceptionally large selection of other ORIENTAL RUGS 12 ft. x 9 ft. size at $225, 295 and 360

SMALL ORIENTAL RUGS comprising the more desirable weaves in a range of sizes up to 7 ft. x 4 ft. at $25, 30, 35, 40, 50 and up

DOMESTIC RUGS, CARPETS AND LINOLEUM.

Our stock of Domestic Rugs, Carpets and Linoleums is of such a size that it assures one of getting exactly what is desired and eliminates the necessity, so often met with, of accepting a substitute.

RUGS (9 ft. x 12 ft.)		CARPETS (27 in. wide)	
Wiltons	$80 to 135	Wool Velvet	$3.25 yd.
Chenilles	75 to 110	Wilton Velvet	4.75 yd.
Axminsters	44.75 to 82.50	Axminster	3.75 to 7.75 yd.
Velvets	40.00 to 81.50	Wilton	4.25 to 6.75 yd.
Reversible Wool	36.00		

Other sizes at proportionate prices.

LINOLEUM

Plain . $.95 to 3.25 sq. yd. Inlaid . $1.25 to 3.00 sq. yd.

The store will remain open until 5.30 P.M. Opens 9 A.M.

20% off

in our Storewide Sale of Wallach Hats Haberdashery and Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

Excepting only Dress Clothes, Stetson Hats and a few other items

Wallach Bros

Broadway, below Chambers — 246-248 West 125th
Broadway, cor. 29th — 3d Ave., cor. 122d

ESTABLISHED 1887

ADVERTISEMENT.

Film Does That

Clouds the beauty of the teeth

Watch the change when you combat it

Film on teeth costs countless men and women one of their chief attractions. They never permit it when once they know how easily they can end it.

This is to tell you the way—to offer you a test. And to urge that, for your sake and your family's sake, you find out what this new way means.

The results will be a revelation.

Film is offensive

You feel on your teeth a viscous film. It clings to teeth, enters crevices and stays. Food stains, etc., discolor it, then it forms dingy coats. Tartar is based on film.

Most teeth cleaned in old ways are more or less clouded by film.

Film also holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay. Germs breed by millions in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea.

Most tooth troubles are due to film. Under old methods, they were constantly increasing. Very few escaped. So dental science has for years been searching ways to fight that film.

Two ways discovered

After long research, two ways were discovered. One acts to curdle film, one to remove it daily, and without any harmful scouring.

Able authorities proved these methods effective by many careful tests. Then a new-type tooth paste was created, based on modern research. It corrected several serious mistakes. In this tooth paste were embodied those two great film combatants.

That tooth paste is called Pepsodent. Dentists everywhere are now urging its adoption. To the people of some 50 nations it is fast bringing a new dental era.

Two other essentials

Research also proved two other things essential. Pepsodent multiplies the alkalinity of the saliva. That is there to neutralize mouth acids, the cause of tooth decay.

ADVERTISEMENT.

We Offer

You a 10-Day Tube

See Coupon

Avoid Harmful Grit

Pepsodent curdles the film and removes it without harmful scouring. Its polishing agent is far softer than enamel. Never use a film combatant which contains harsh grit.

It multiplies the starch digestant in the saliva. That is there to digest starch deposits which may otherwise ferment and form acids.

These are Nature's great tooth-protecting forces in the mouth. Some old-time tooth pastes, based on soap and chalk, reduced their power. Pepsodent, with every use, gives them manifold effect.

You see prettier teeth now everywhere

Note how many prettier teeth you see everywhere today. Note how people smile to show them. You will see that a change has come.

So it is the world over. Careful people are using Pepsodent, and largely by dental advice.

Learn how much it means. New beauty, new charm, a new feeling of cleanliness, an increased sense of safety.

To children it may mean lifelong benefits. It means better protection against troubles which you suffered.

This test will convince you. Just watch what it reveals.

Pepsodent

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

The New-Day Dentifrice

A scientific tooth paste based on modern research, free from harmful grit. Now advised by leading dentists the world over.

Make this test

Send the coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coats disappear.

The change in a week will surprise and delight you.

Cut out coupon now.

Ten-Day Tube Free

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY
Dept. A, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

Only one tube to a family.

"Built Like a Skyscraper"

Jump into the open drawer! It will coast in or out at a touch.

SHAW-WALKER

Steel Letter Files

Built like a skyscraper—with uprights, cross-pieces, girders, etc., of channel steel all welded into one solid piece.

No nuts, no bolts, no rods, no rivets, no screws. Silent, speedy drawers.

Warning: *The ONLY genuine "Built Like a Skyscraper" file bears the name Shaw-Walker. Let nobody sell you a substitute!*

60 Franklin Street

PHONE FRANKLIN 2261 NEW YORK, N.Y.

DR. PATTON 80 YEARS OLD.

Princeton Alumni Felicitate Ex-President of the University.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 22.—Dr. Francis Landey Patton, President of Princeton University from 1888 to 1902, celebrated his eightieth birthday today at his birthplace, Warwick, Bermuda. Many hundred congratulatory telegrams and messages were sent to him by Princeton Alumni all over the country.

Dr. Patton is now Stuart Professor of Ethics and the Philosophy of Religion, Emeritus. From 1881 until 1913 he was head of the Princeton Theological Seminary. Dr. Patton is a graduate of Knox College, Toronto, and the University of Toronto. After graduate work at Princeton Theological Seminary in 1868, he was ordained a Presbyterian minister and became pastor of the Fourteenth Street Church in New York. In 1872 he resigned the Cyrus H. McCormick professorship at the Theological Seminary of the Northwest in Chicago. Three years before Dr. Patton came to Princeton he was Moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly.

In 1902 the late Robert Stewart created the chair of "Relations of Philosophy and Science," especially for Dr. Patton, in the Theological Seminary. He continued in that chair until he became President of Princeton.

A PRACTICAL audit report must be more than a photograph of the exterior of an organization as evidenced by merely a balance sheet and statement of earnings. Only when it lays bare the vitals of a business in a manner to facilitate planning ahead has it really fulfilled its purpose.

SEIDMAN & SEIDMAN
Certified Public Accountants
11 PARK ROW
New York
Chicago Washington Grand Rapids
Rockford Newark Jamestown